BRIGHT FUTURES HANDOUT ▶ PARENT

12 MONTH VISIT

Here are some suggestions from Bright Futures experts that may be of value to your family.





HOW YOUR FAMILY IS DOING

- If you are worried about your living or food situation, reach out for help. Community agencies and programs such as WIC and SNAP can provide information and assistance.
- Don't smoke or use e-cigarettes. Keep your home and car smoke-free. Tobaccofree spaces keep children healthy.
- Don't use alcohol or drugs.
- Make sure everyone who cares for your child offers healthy foods, avoids sweets, provides time for active play, and uses the same rules for discipline that you do.
- Make sure the places your child stays are safe.
- Think about joining a toddler playgroup or taking a parenting class.
- Take time for yourself and your partner.
- Keep in contact with family and friends.



ESTABLISHING FOUTINES

- Praise your child when he does what you ask him to do.
- Use short and simple rules for your child.
- Try not to hit, spank, or yell at your child.
- Use short time-outs when your child isn't following directions.
- Distract your child with something he likes when he starts to get upset.
- Play with and read to your child often.
- Your child should have at least one nap a day.
- Make the hour before bedtime loving and calm, with reading, singing, and a favorite toy.
- Avoid letting your child watch TV or play on a tablet or smartphone.
- Consider making a family media plan. It helps you make rules for media use and balance screen time with other activities, including exercise.



FEEDING YOUR CHILD

- Offer healthy foods for meals and snacks. Give 3 meals and 2 to 3 snacks spaced evenly over the day.
- Avoid small, hard foods that can cause choking—popcorn, hot dogs, grapes, nuts, and hard, raw vegetables.
- Have your child eat with the rest of the family during mealtime.
- Encourage your child to feed herself.
- Use a small plate and cup for eating and drinking.
- Be patient with your child as she learns to eat without help.
- Let your child decide what and how much to eat.
 End her meal when she stops eating.
- Make sure caregivers follow the same ideas and routines for meals that you do.



FINDING A DENTIST

- Take your child for a first dental visit as soon as her first tooth erupts or by 12 months of age.
- Brush your child's teeth twice a day with a soft toothbrush. Use a small smear of fluoride toothpaste (no more than a grain of rice).
- If you are still using a bottle, offer only water.

Helpful Resources: Smoking Quit Line: 800-784-8669 | Family Media Use Plan: www.healthychildren.org/MediaUsePlan Poison Help Line: 800-222-1222 | Information About Car Safety Seats: www.safercar.gov/parents | Toil-free Auto Safety Hotline: 888-327-4236