

Introduction to NBEMS

Integrating NBEMS with Broadband Hamnet



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Why Digital EmComm?

- Think back to your last public service event, drill, or deployment.
- You probably passed a lot of traffic best suited for voice communications but...
- What if you had been asked to pass
 - Roster of evacuees
 - Required prescription medications
 - Directions to a disaster scene

Why Digital EmComm?

- The needs of our Served Agencies have changed.
- They still need voice communications but...
- There's an increasing need for data communications.
- We need to be able to provide more than just voice communications from a ham with an HT.

What is NBEMS?

- Narrow Band Emergency Messaging System
- Consists of several programs:
- Fldigi – Fast Light Digital modem application
- Flmsg – ICS forms, Radiogram, text, CSV
- Flamp – Amateur Multicast Protocol
- Can download from <http://www.w1hkj.com/>
- Runs on Windows, Linux, and Mac.
- Released under GNU Public License, so is completely FREE.

NBEMS philosophy

- Keep it cheap.
- Keep it simple.
- Use Open Source software.
- Don't depend upon infrastructure.
- Make it fun to use between drills and disasters.
- Any computer, any radio.

Fldigi

The screenshot shows the Fldigi software interface. At the top, there is a menu bar with 'File', 'Op Mode', 'Configure', 'View', and 'Help'. Below the menu bar, the current mode is 'RigCAT - IC-7000'. The main display area is divided into several sections:

- Frequency Display:** A large green digital display shows '3582.500'.
- QSO Log Table:** A table with columns for 'QSO Freq', 'On', 'Off', 'Call', 'Name', 'In', 'Out', and 'Notes'. The first row shows '3583.500', '0158', and empty fields for 'Call', 'Name', 'In', 'Out', and 'Notes'.
- QTH Fields:** Fields for 'QTH', 'St', 'Pr', 'Cnty', 'Loc', and 'Az' are visible.
- Waterfall Display:** A spectral display showing frequency from 3583.0 to 3585.0. A red vertical line is positioned at 3583.5, and a yellow vertical line is at 3584.5.
- Control Panel:** A row of buttons for 'CQ', 'ANS', 'QSO', 'KN', 'SK', 'Me/Qth', 'Brag', 'PSK31', 'Tx', 'Rx', 'Olivia', and 'MT63'. Below this is a row of controls including 'WF', '-20', '70', 'x1', 'NORM', '1000', 'QSY', 'Store', 'Lk', 'Rv', 'T/R', 'AFC', and 'SQL'.

How it works

- Fldigi uses your computer's sound card to generate and decode digital signals.
- Flmsg talks to Fldigi to send and receive messages.
- All work is done by your computer, don't need an external Terminal Node Controller (TNC).
- Audio from your computer speakers go into your radio's mike input for transmission.
- Audio from your radio goes into your computer's mike or line-in for decoding.
- Don't need an extremely powerful new computer, older machines work just fine.

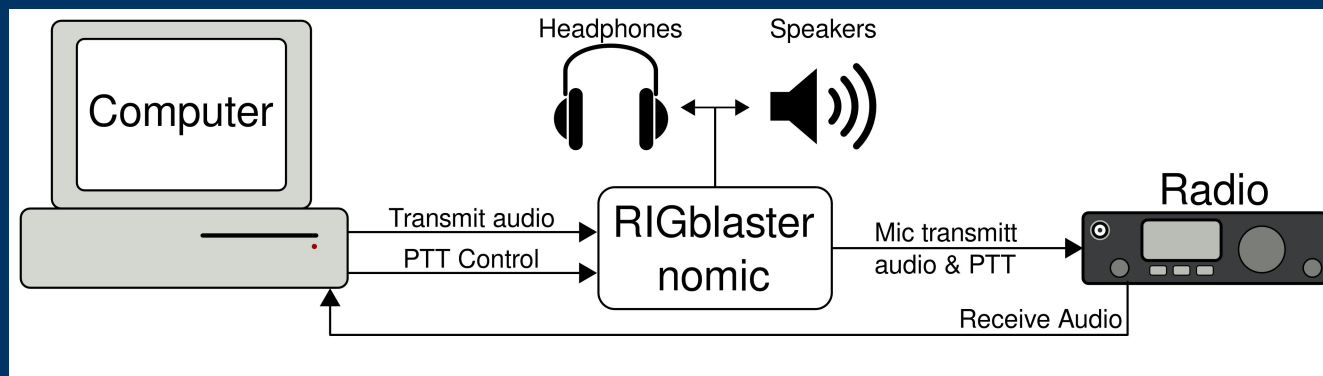
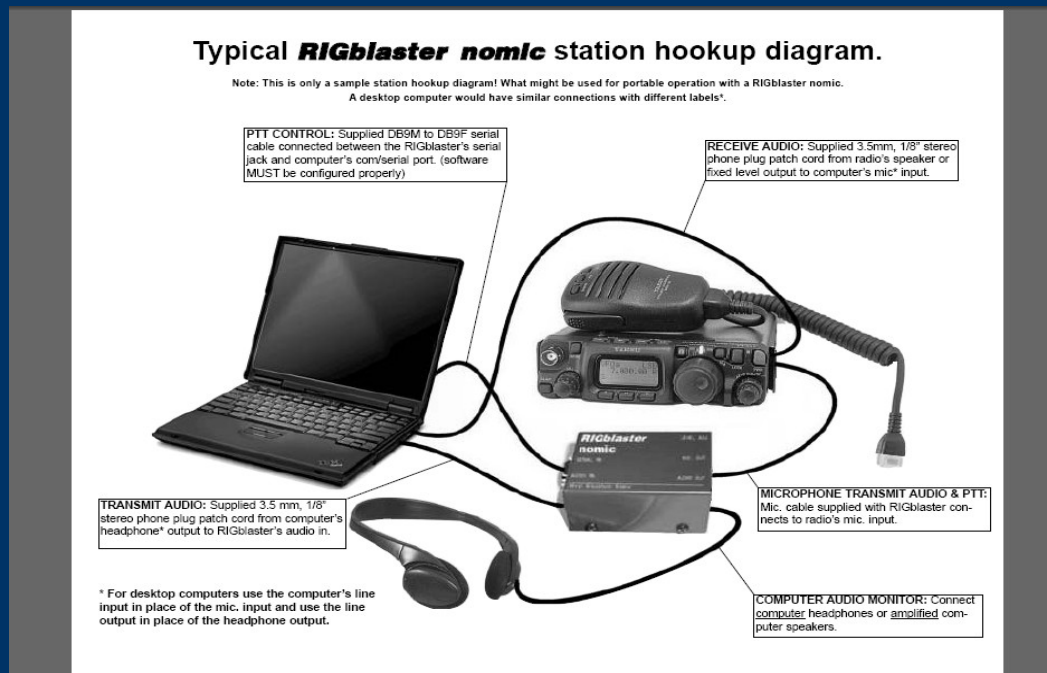
Interfacing with computer

- Many ways to interface with computer.
- Rigblaster
- Signalink
- USB for newer HF radios.
- But, if necessary, hold radio mike up to computer speaker and...
- Hold radio speaker up to computer mike!
- In an emergency, don't really need hardwired interface.
- Disable all DSP “enhancement” programs on mic.

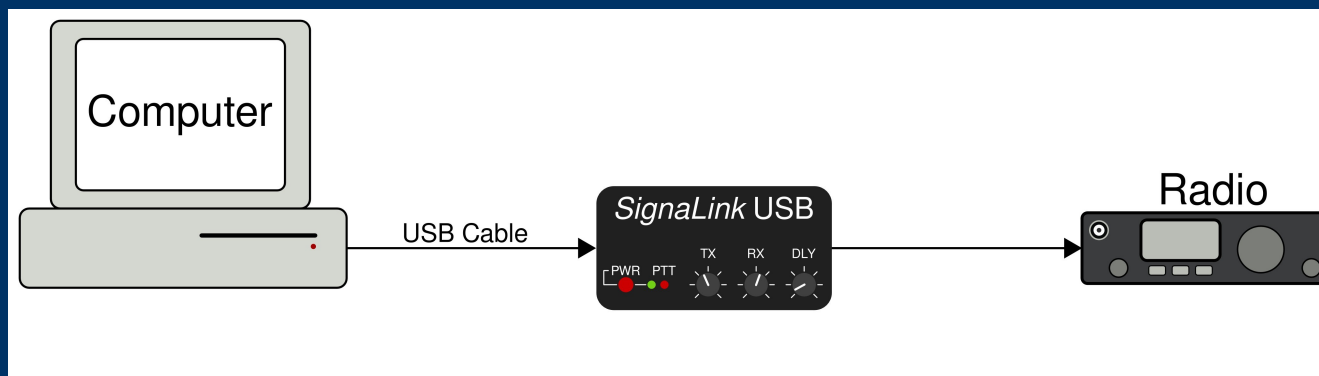
Acoustic Interface

- Easiest way to interface radio to computer is to...
- Hold radio mike up to computer speakers.
- Hold radio speaker up to computer mike.
- You do PTT manually.
- Works especially well with VHF/UHF FM.
- Real gamesaver during emergencies.
- Allows you to easily send data using any radio.
- Hams can participate who do not have a soundcard interface.
- MT63 is sufficiently robust to deal with background noise, even in a noisy EOC or field site.

Rigblaster nomic setup



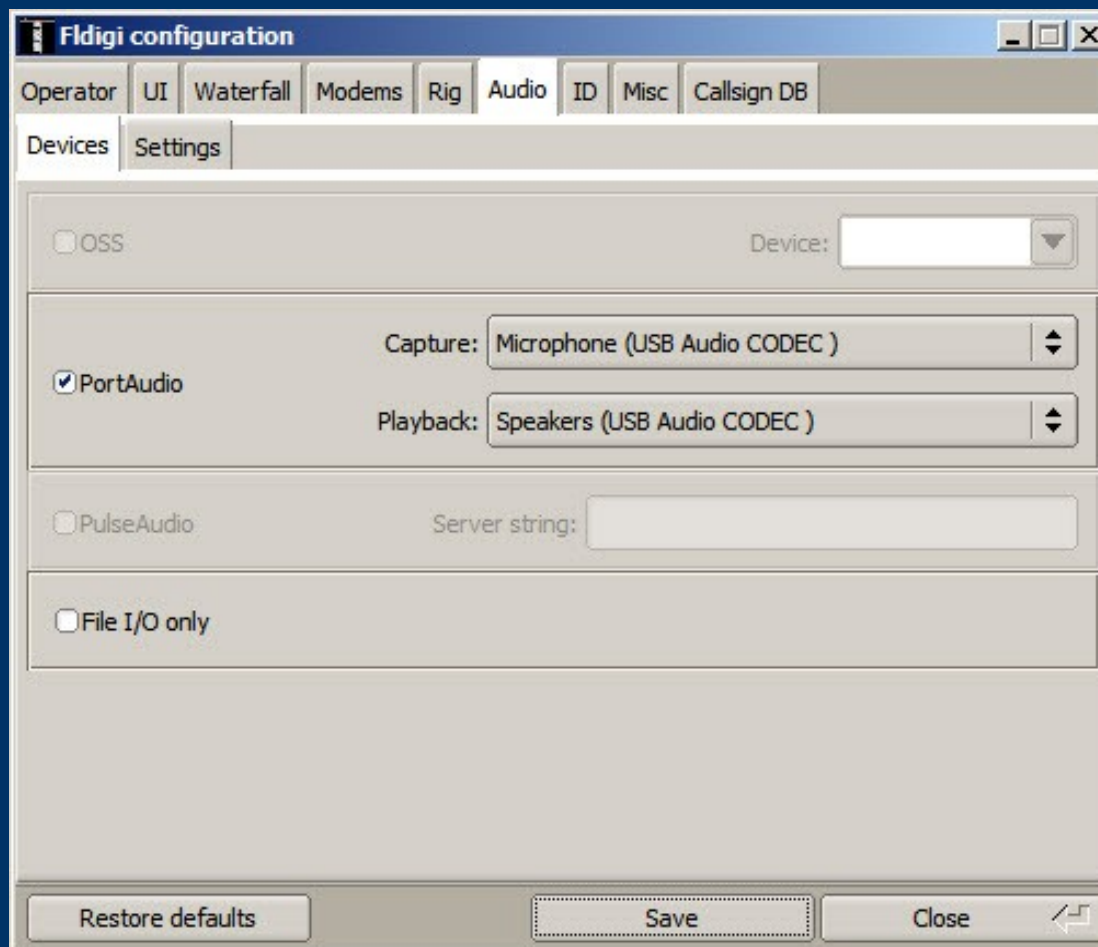
Signalink USB



Signalink Configuration

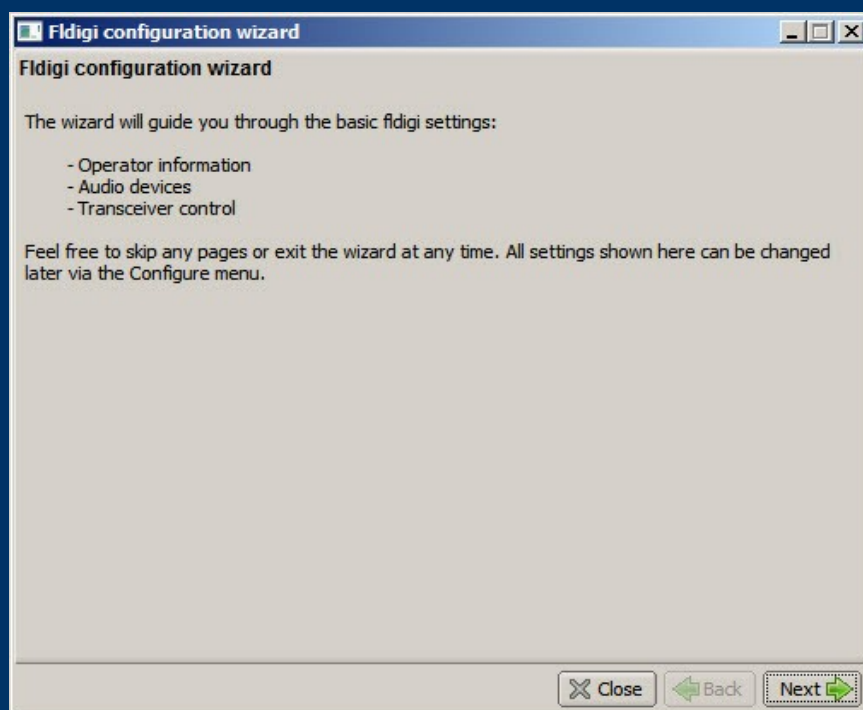
- Signalink is very easy to configure.
- Just connect to computer via USB.
- Configure Fldigi to use Signalink USB sound card.
- Generate just enough audio from computer to trigger Signalink vox.
- Use volume controls on Signalink and don't touch computer audio settings

Signalink Configuration



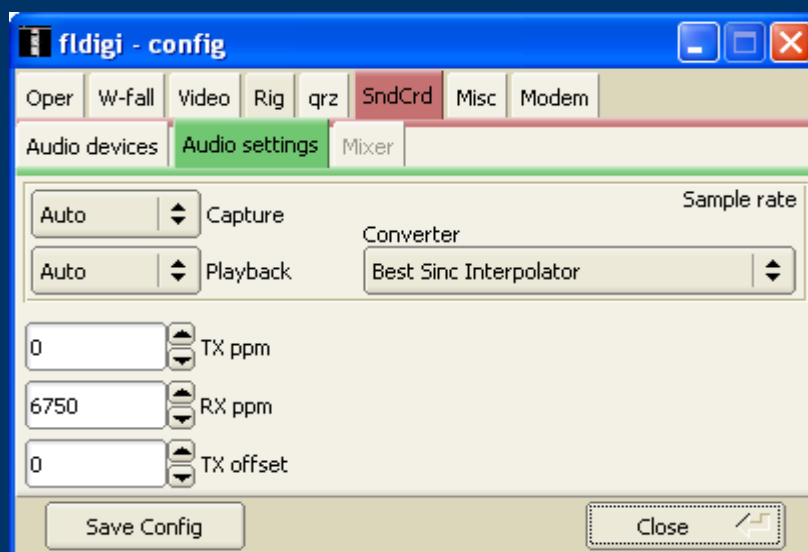
Configuring Fldigi

- First time through, wizard is run.
- Enter your personal info.
- Also configure soundcard, radio interface, and modems.



Soundcard Calibration

- If possible, calibrate your soundcard.
- Especially necessary for narrowband HF modes.
- Can use fldigi WWV mode or CheckSR.exe.



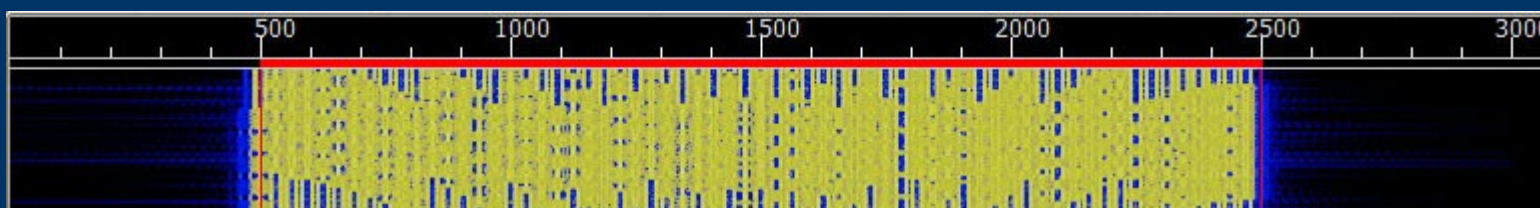
Modes

- Lots of modes, most popular ones are...
- MT63 (500, 1000, 2000)
- Olivia
- “R” PSK modes...fast with FEC
- Popular PSK31 OK for making non-emcomm contacts, but has no error correction.

MT63 – Most Versatile Mode

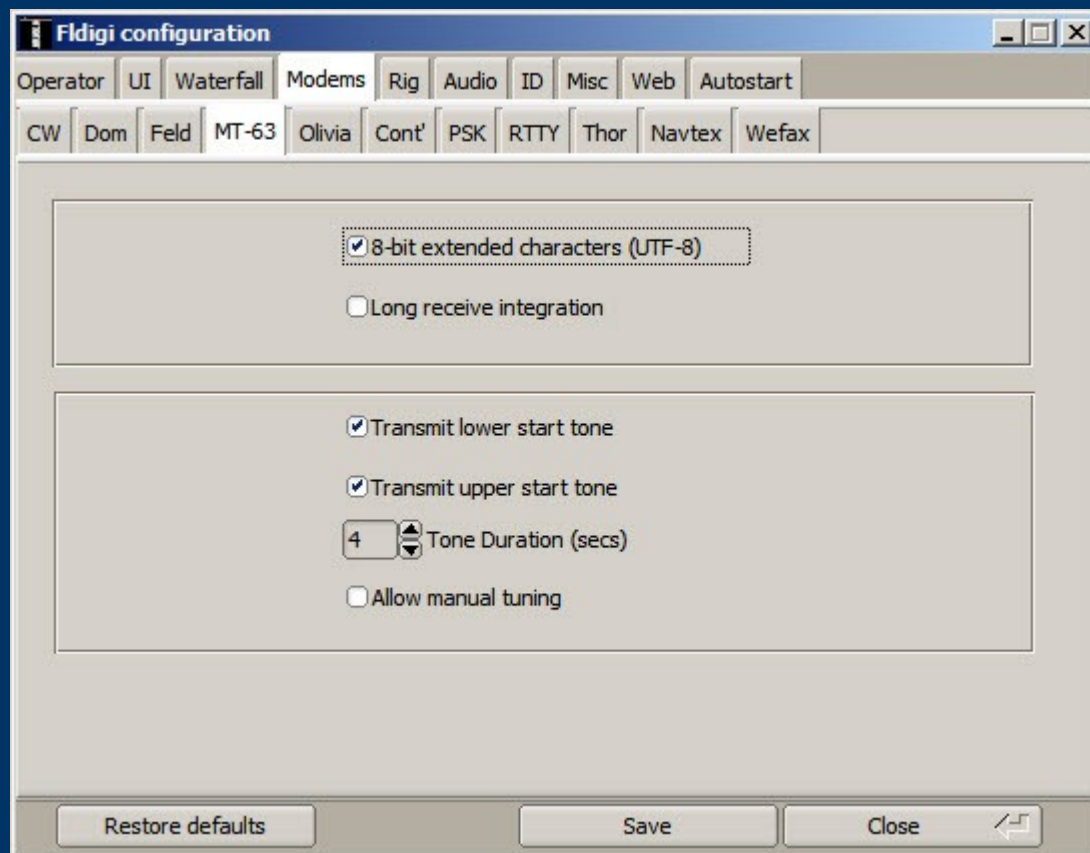
- MT63-2000L great choice for FM EmComm.
- Fast – less than 2 min to send 2kb text file.
- Data redundancy in time and in frequency.
- Very resistant to noise – can lose up to 25% of signal and still copy.
- Be sure to use L version...long interleave
- Long interleave provides better error correction
- Works well with holding mike up to speaker.
- Used in WPA ARES SET and Red Cross drills.

MT63-2000L Waterfall



- 64 tones sent at same time.
- Signal width is 2000 Hz.
- Offset frequency is always fixed at 1500 Hz.
- Fixed low frequency eliminates tuning errors.
- Sounds like a giant buzzsaw.

Important MT63 configuration



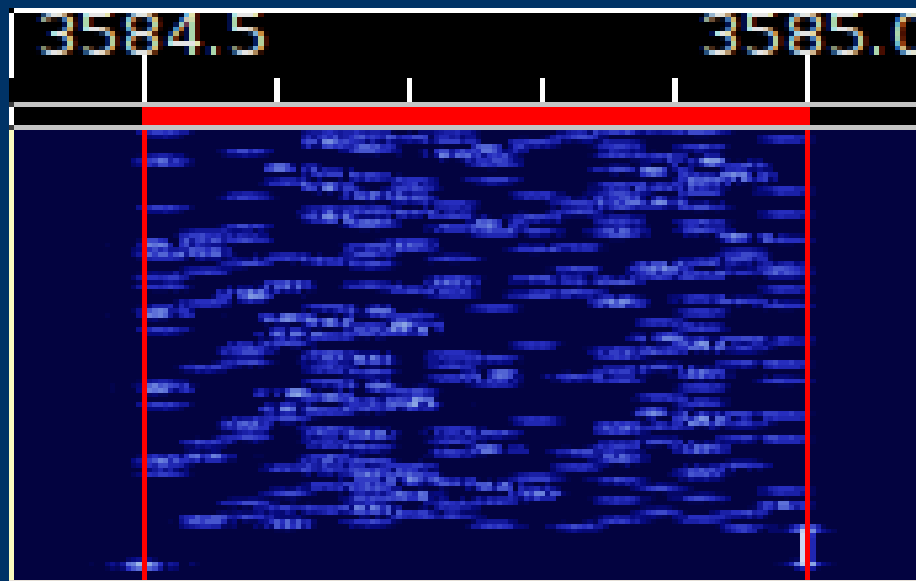
- Check use of 8-bit extended characters
- Uncheck manual tuning for VHF/UHF.
- Check manual tuning for HF...important!

HF modes

- Preferred HF mode is Olivia.
- Olivia is great for poor HF conditions.
- Will get through when no other mode will.
- Can make contacts below noise floor!
- Does not require precise tuning.
- We use 8/500 when possible – 8 tones in a 500 Hz bandwidth.
- When conditions are poor, we go to 16/500 – 16 tones in a 500 Hz bandwidth.
- 16/500 is slower, but will get through.
- Fine article in Dec 2008 QST by WB8ROL.

Olivia waterfall

- Screenshot of Olivia 16/500 signal in waterfall



- Unmistakable sound...like a flute!

HF Tips

- A few things to remember for HF operation.
- Always use upper sideband (USB), even on 40M and 80M.
- Don't overdrive your audio.
- Disable speech compressor, noise blanker, and all other audio processing.
- Adjust mike gain so that ALC just moves a little.
- Digital modes are 100% duty cycle so...
- 50 watts is plenty!
- RF kills touchpads...use an external mouse!
- Don't need high power for digital modes anyway.

Data Verification with Checksums

- Checksums allow you to be 100% sure your message was received accurately.
- Checksum is inserted into a file by Flmsg.
- Receiving station computes the checksum on the incoming file and...
- If the two checksums are identical, the file was received without error.
- Allows multiple stations to receive and confirm data 100%.
- Great for bulletins like situation updates, weather reports, road closures, lists of contact info.

Example

This is an example of a file with a checksum:

```
[WRAP:begin][WRAP:crlf][WRAP:fn example.txt]This is an example of a wrapped file.  
Here's what happens when we wrap something.[WRAP:checksum B71E][WRAP:end]
```

- Note the WRAP beg and end delimiters.
- Also note the checksum, it's B71E.
- Flmsg automatically generate checksums.
- Flmsg also computes checksums on incoming messages.

Flmsg – send/receive messages

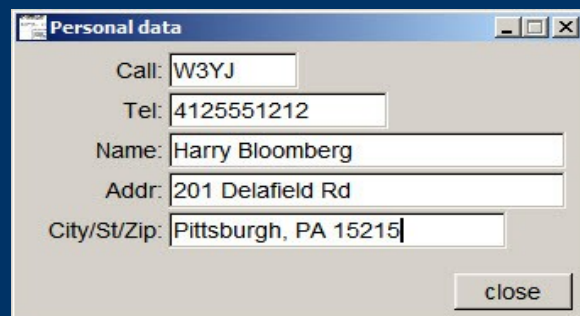
- Flmsg used to send formatted messages:
 - ICS forms like ICS-213
 - ARRL Radiograms
- Blank text
- Easy workflow for CSV spreadsheets.
- No need for use of text editor like Notepad.
- Starts transmission automatically.
- Eases importing and checksum verification of incoming message.
- Can have incoming messages automatically opened!

Flmsg screenshot

The screenshot shows the FLMSG 1.1.25 application window. The title bar reads "FLMSG: 1.1.25". The menu bar includes "File", "Form", "Template", "Config", "AutoSend", and "Help". The main area contains a form for creating a message. At the top, there is a text field with "ICS-213 report" and a "file:" field with "new.213". Below this are two tabs: "Originator" (selected) and "Responder". The form includes fields for "To", "Fm", and "Sub.", each with a corresponding "Pos." field. There are also "Date" and "Time" fields with calendar and clock icons. A large "Message:" text area is in the center. At the bottom, there are "Sig." and "Pos." fields, and a "Comp" checkbox with a dropdown menu set to "base64" and another dropdown menu set to "MT63-2K".

Flmsg - configuration

- Click on Config menu.



Personal data

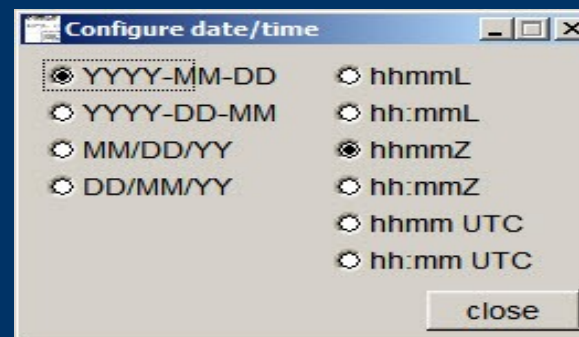
Call:

Tel:

Name:

Addr:

City/St/Zip:



Configure date/time

YYYY-MM-DD hhmmL

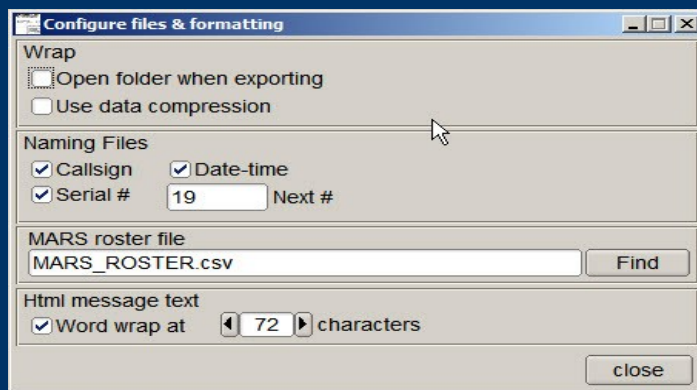
YYYY-DD-MM hh:mmL

MM/DD/YY hhmmZ

DD/MM/YY hh:mmZ

 hhmm UTC

 hh:mm UTC



Configure files & formatting

Wrap

Open folder when exporting

Use data compression

Naming Files

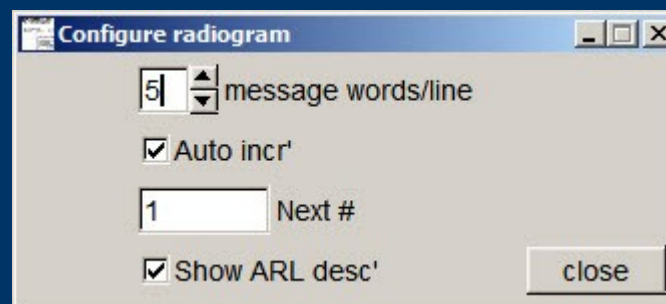
Callsign Date-time

Serial # Next #

MARS roster file

Html message text

Word wrap at characters



Configure radiogram

message words/line

Auto incr'

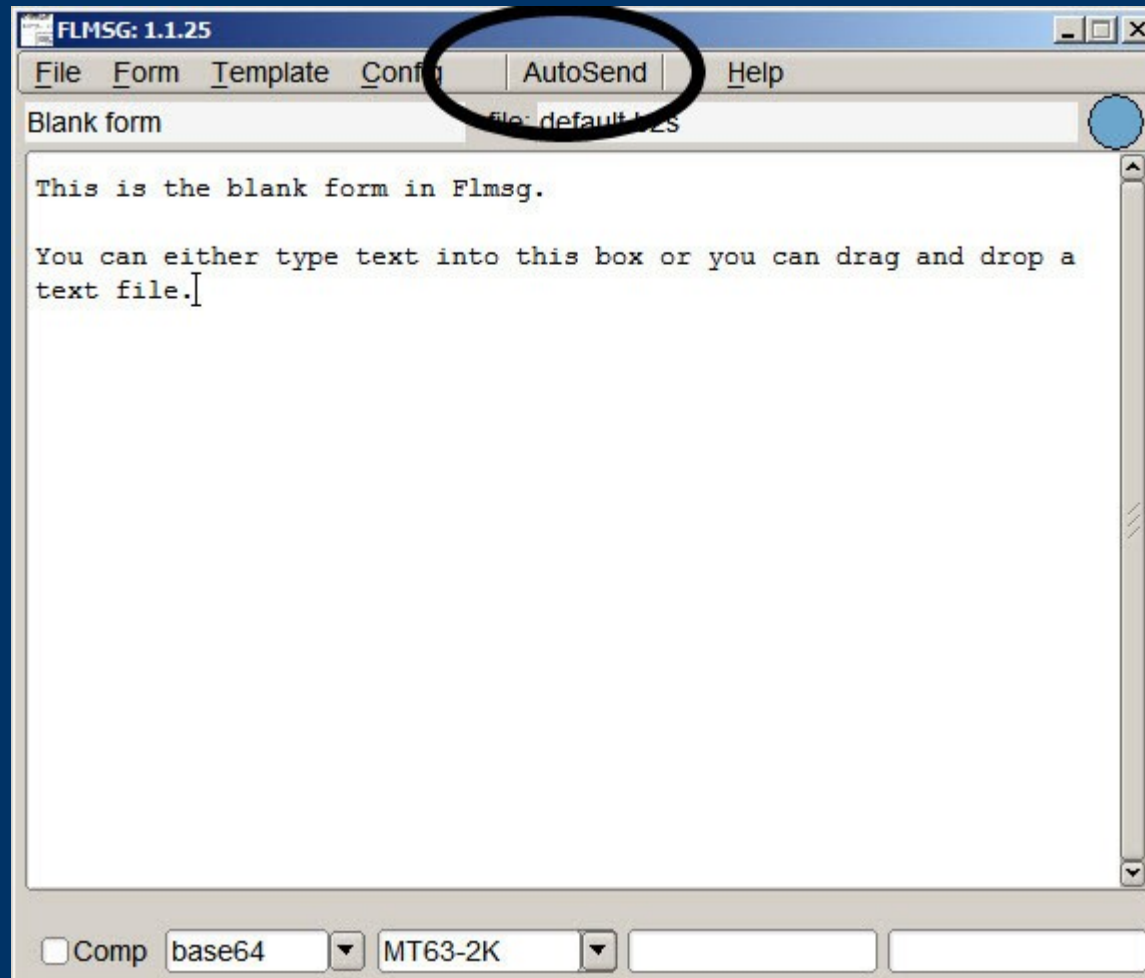
Next #

Show ARL desc'

Flmsg – Autosend workflow

- One click sending!
- Enter text directly into large empty box.
- Can also drag-and-drop text file into box.
- Push the AutoSend menu at top.
- Will be prompted to save file with automatically assigned unique filename.
- Flmsg will cause Fldigi to automatically send message.

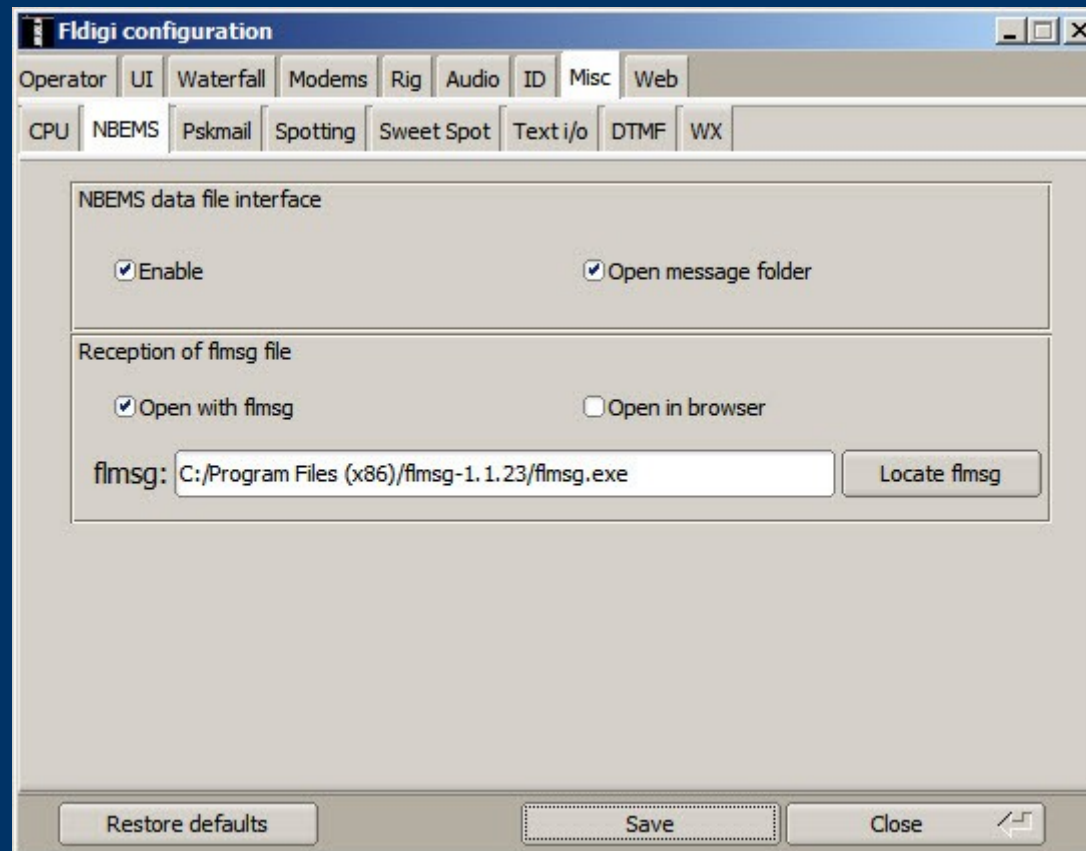
Flmsg – Autosend Blank Text



Flmsg Auto Display of Messages

- Incoming messages can be automatically opened in Flmsg.
- Can also auto open messages in browsers.
- Can walk away and come back to see messages displayed.
- Display in browser great for EOC or Served Agency facility.
- In Flmsg, Config->Misc, hit NBEMS tab.
- Check appropriate boxes.
- Must check box for Enable NBEMS data interface.
- Important: must enter complete path to flmsg.exe.

Configure Fldigi for Incoming Data



CSV Files for Spreadsheets

- Flmsg simplifies sending and receiving Comma Separated Value (CSV) spreadsheets

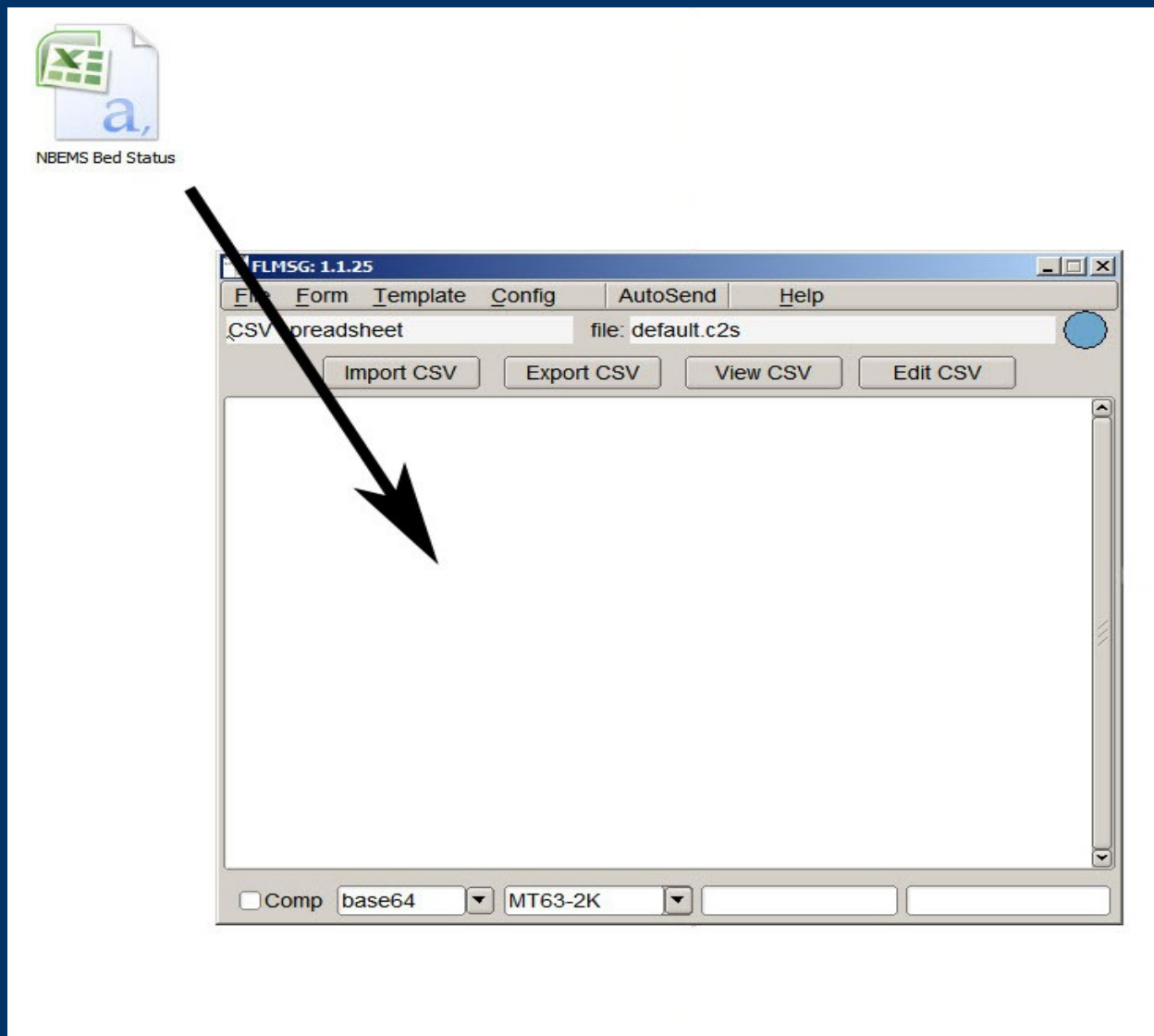
To Send:

- Form->CSV menu
- Drag-and-drop CSV file into the large text box.
- Push Auto Send.

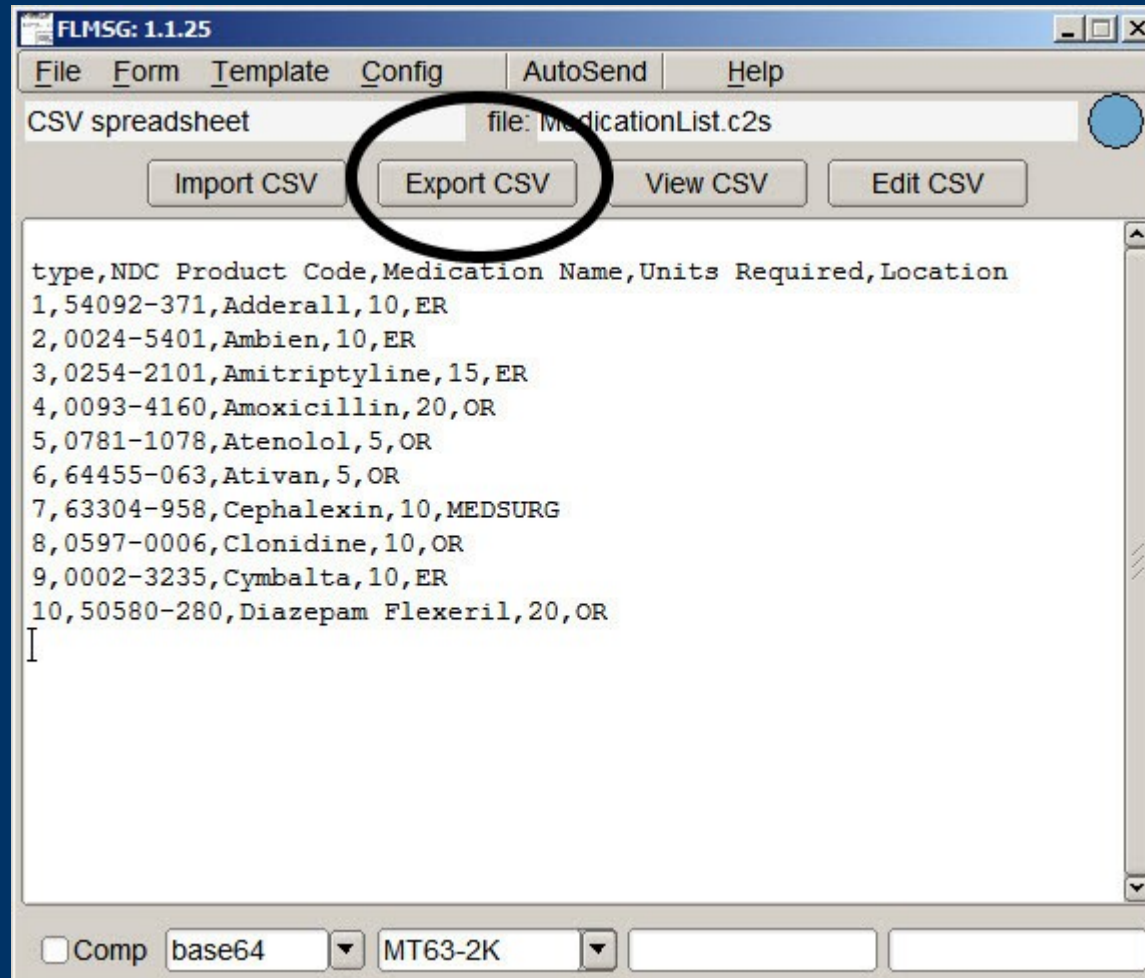
To Receive:

- Incoming CSV file will auto open in Flmsg.
- Push Export CSV button.
- Save to Desktop or USB drive.

Drag-and-Drop to Import CSV File



Extract Incoming CSV File



NBEMS Data Guidelines

- We send only text files, no binary files.
- We do not send Word Documents, save as text.
- Excel spreadsheets must be exported as CSV.
- We do not send images.
- Limit file size to 3KB to avoid repeater timeouts.
- **CRITICAL:** Meet with Served Agency beforehand to set expectations.
- Encourage Served Agency to give us data electronically.
- Remember, we have limited bandwidth.

The Need for Speed

- NBEMS is a great suite for sending data but...
- It is slow...MT63-2000L is only 1 kb per sec
- 3 min to send a modest 3000 byte file
- Can send only text
- Even low res photos are impractical to send
- Forget about sending video
- Would like to send rich multimedia data
- Live streaming video
- Large spreadsheets and documents

The Solution: Broadband Hamnet

- One solution is Broadband Hamnet (BBHN)
- Was known as High Speed Multimedia (HSMM)
- Take an inexpensive off-the-shelf wi-fi device...
- Install ham-developed firmware and...
- We can easily create high-speed networks
- Networks are self-discovering and self-configuring
- Hams don't need to be IT personnel to create networks
- Limitation...line of sight range
- But, in the clear and with high-gain antennas, range of miles

BBHN Integration with NBEMS

- Goal: Send data from an aid station to an NBEMS station for long-haul relay
- Set up an anon FTP server and attach to the mesh
- Use Flmsg to write and read forms
- Will send Flmsg messages to our NBEMS station using the mesh and the FTP server
- Frees up NBEMS station for communication with outside the scene
- Can setup Windows or Linux FTP server
- Good Windows FTP server is FileZilla:
<https://filezilla-project.org/>

Advertising an FTP Service

The screenshot shows the W3YJ-2 setup web interface in Internet Explorer. The browser title is "W3YJ-2 setup - Windows Internet Explorer" and the address bar shows "http://w3yj-2:80". The navigation menu includes "Node Status", "Basic Setup", "Port Forwarding, DHCP, and Services" (highlighted), and "Administration". Below the menu are buttons for "Help", "Save Changes", "Reset Values", and "Refresh".

DHCP Address Reservations

Hostname	IP Address	MAC Address	Del
W3YJ-ftp	10.111.244.3	14:fe:b5:a9:8a:af	Del
W3YJ-video	10.111.244.5	28:10:7b:1b:c5:78	Del
	- IP Address -		Add

Advertised Services

Name	Link	URL	Del
W3YJ-ftp	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ftp	://W3YJ-ftp :21 /	Del
W3YJ-vid	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> http	://W3YJ-video :80 /	Del
	<input type="checkbox"/>	://W3YJ-2 : /	Add

Current DHCP Leases
there are no active leases

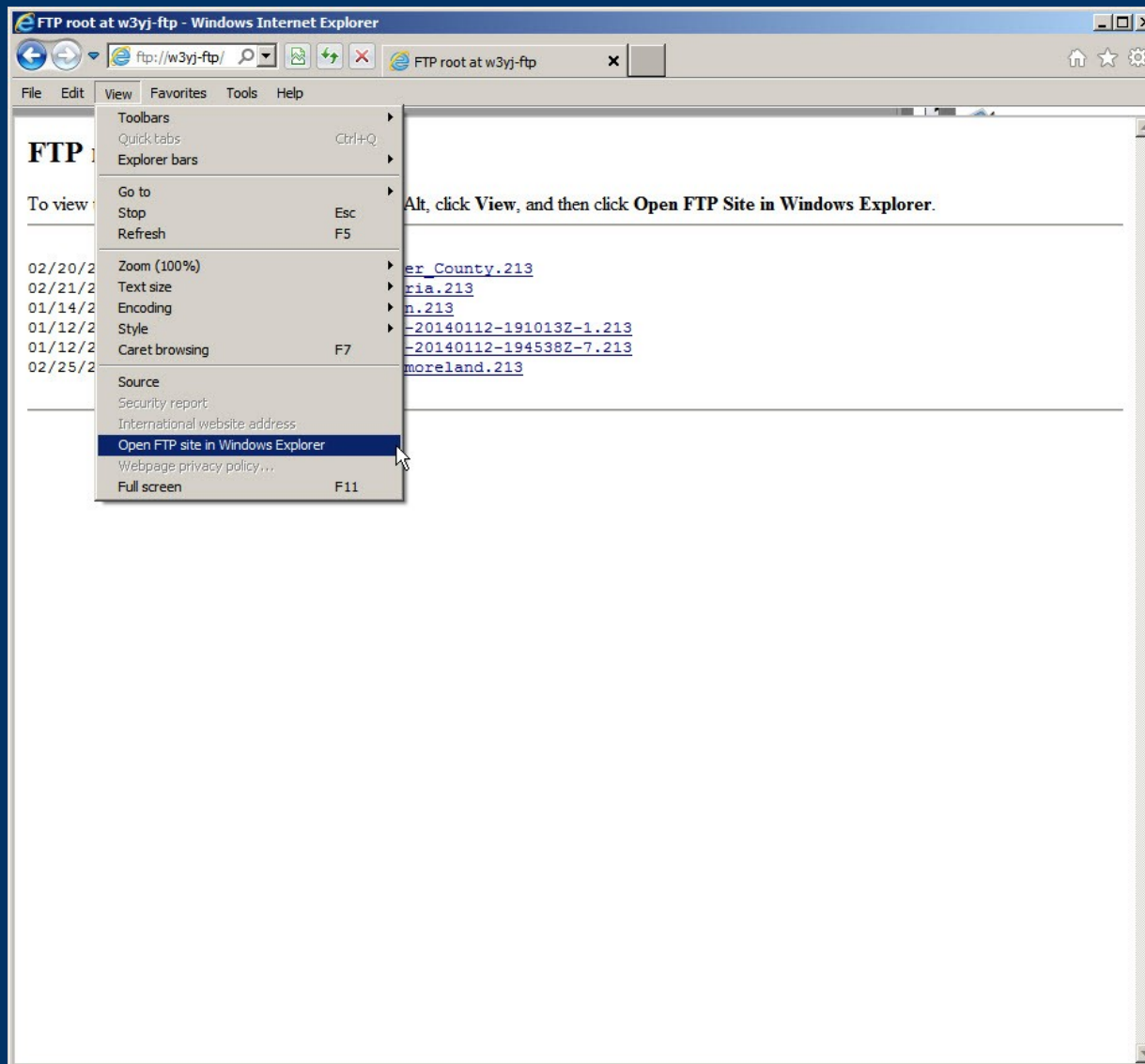
Port Forwarding

Interface	Type	Outside Port	LAN IP	LAN Port	Add
WAN	TCP		- IP Address -		Add

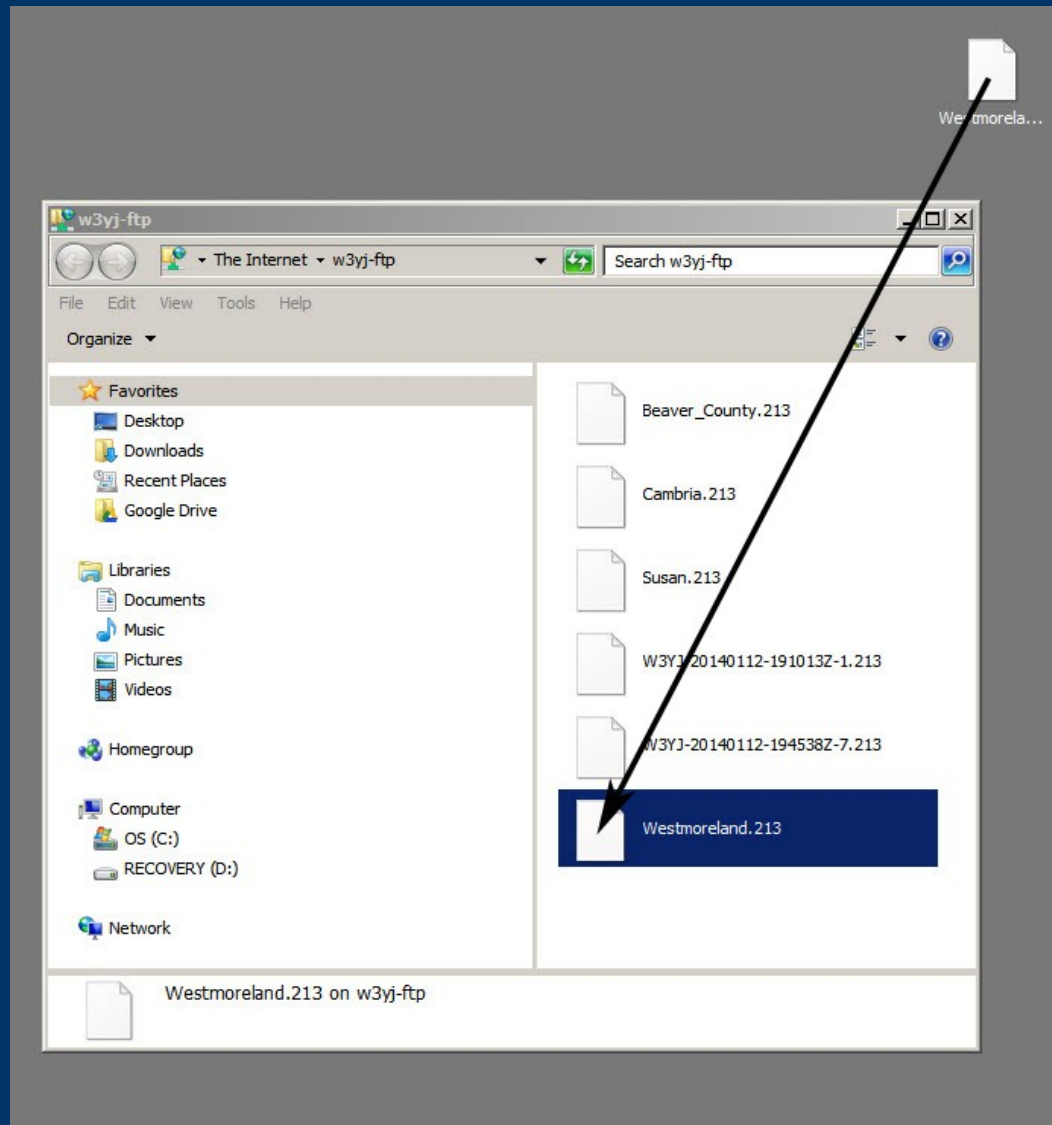
FTP to NBEMS Workflow

- Entire workflow uses point-and-click, drag-and-drop from end-to-end
- For the ham at an aid station...
- Create message with Flmsg
- Save file to desktop
- Open IE
- Go to advertised FTP service on mesh
- Click on link
- In IE, View-> Open FTP Site in IE
- Drag file from desktop into FTP window

FTP to NBEMS Workflow



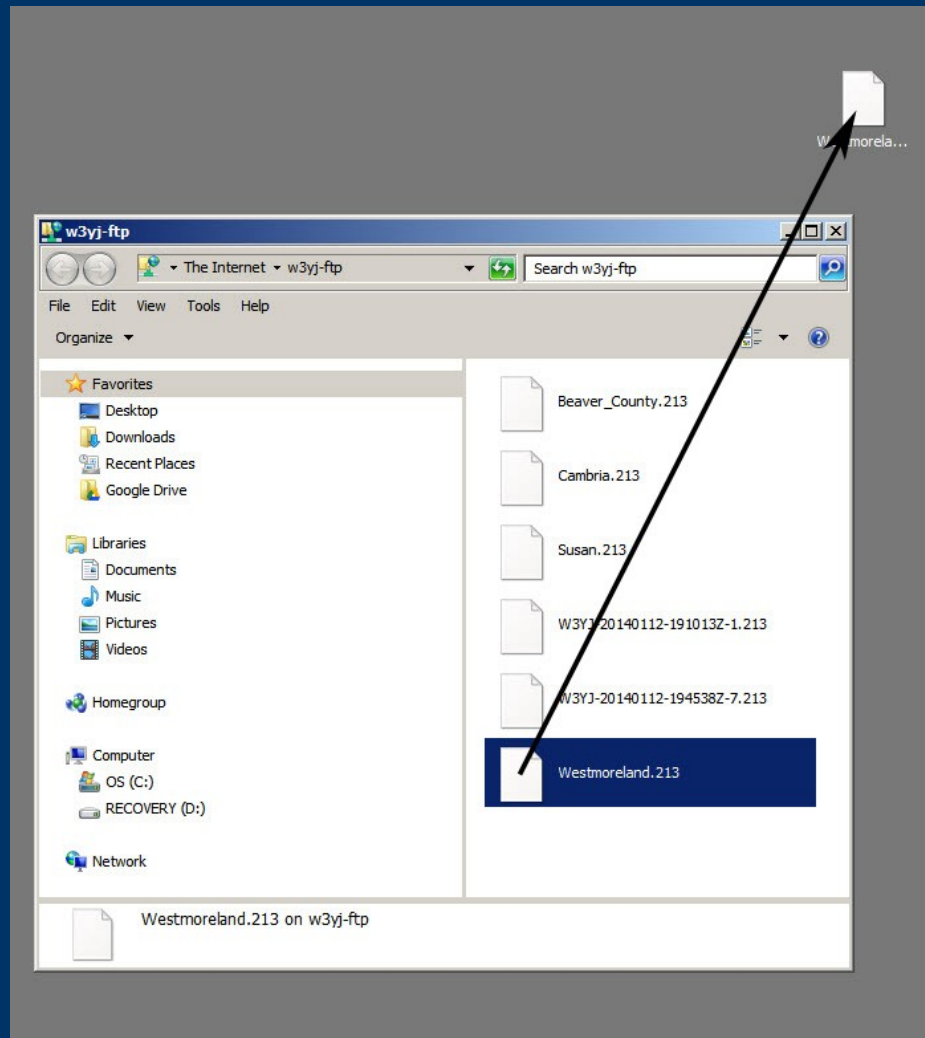
Drop Flmsg file into FTP window



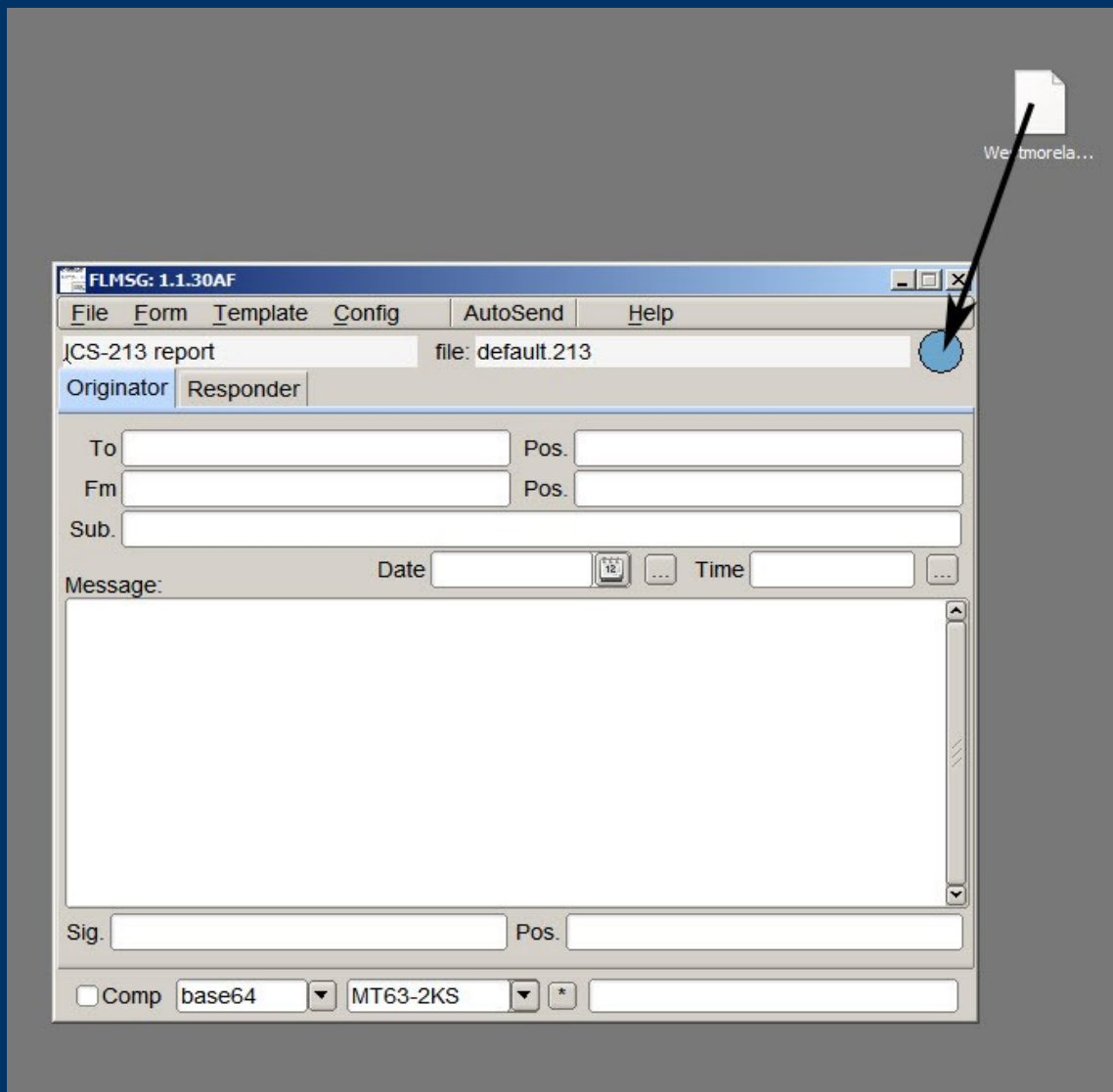
FTP to NBEMS Workflow Cont...

- To retrieve Flmsg file from FTP server for NBEMS transmission...
- Go to advertised FTP server, open FTP window as before
- Drag file from FTP window onto Desktop
- Open Flmsg
- Drag file into little blue circle at top right of Flmsg
- Save file, hit AutoSend
- The file is on the way!

Obtain Flmsg file from FTP Server



Drop file into Flmsg

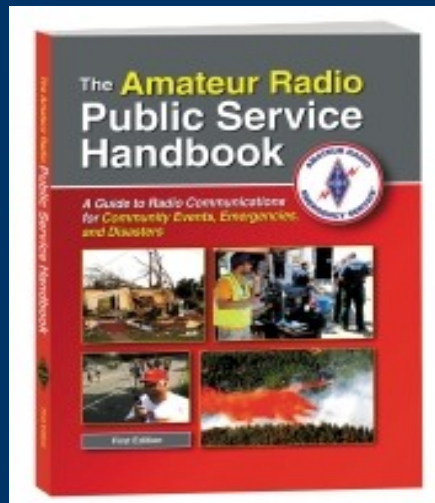


Next steps

- Our strength is the ability to turn fun amateur activities into powerful emcomm tools.
- So, download NBEMS, and make lots of contacts!
- If you're ready for your daily hamming, you're more prepared for emergency than you think.
- Be active, and on the day you're needed, you'll feel right at home.

Resources

- Western PA ARES Website:
<http://wpaares.org>
- Docs available as well as membership sign up page
- wpaares-digital Yahoo group for WPA hams only
- NBEMSham Yahoo group
- ARRL's Public Service Handbook

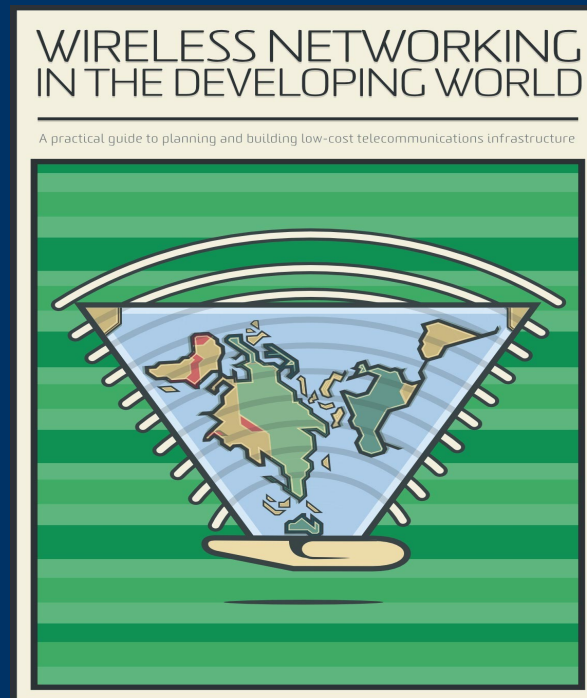


Resources

- W1HKJ (author of Fldigi)
<http://www.w1hkj.com>
- MT63 Wikipedia page
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MT63>
- Aug 2009 QST
- June 2010 QST
- Sept 2012 QST
- ARRL NBEMS Page
<http://www.arrl.org/nbems>

References

- BBHN website
<http://broadband-hamnet.org>
- Wireless Networking in the Developing World
<http://wndw.net>
Free book!



Acknowledgments

We'd like to thank the following:

- W1HKJ, Dave Freese, lead NBEMS developer
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- NA0B, Juan Manfredi, University of Pittsburgh
- KB3JXG, James Farringer, Superintendent of Police, O'Hara Twp, PA

Current and former ARRL Leadership:

- N3LLR, Bill Edgar, Atlantic Division Director
- N3MSE, John Rodgers, Western PA SM
- AB3ER, Larry Keller, Former Western PA SEC
- N3SPW, John Szwarc, former Western PA SEC