THC HIGH CONCENTRATE





Cannabis and Marijuana today are unlike cannabis and marijuana from 20 years. The average THC content was a lot less (usually between 3-6%). Today's THC content has been recorded as high as 85% in the plant form. If a cannabis plant is altered (i.e., Butane Hash Oil), the THC content is extremely high (some companies report 99.9%), and can have a different type of effect on an individual. The following are some facts to know about high concentrate THC:

- All studies of smoked medicinal cannabis showing benefit done with less than 10% THC
 - (Whiting PF, Wolff RF, Deshpande S et al. Cannabinoids for medical use a systematic review and meta analysis. JAMA 2015;313:2456 2473)
- No legitimate science exists to validate medicinal cannabis greaterthan 10% THC
 - (Elizabeth Stuyt, MD Addiction Psychiatrist Salida, Colorado, June, 2022)
- There is no research that shows high potency products are safe or effective for any medical condition.
 - (Mahmoud A. Elsohly (2014) Potency Monitoring Program, Supported by NIDA, years 1960 2015, and Colorado Department of Health and Environment, THC Concentration in Colorado Marijuana (year2020)
- "Pharmacologically, regular use of high concentrations of THC represents higher risk of developing cannabis misuse or abuse complications."

(Romero Sandoval EA et al. Pharmacotherapy 2018;38(6):651 662)

Drug use problems can be complex and often vary from person to person. It is important to note that the information provided is to be used as a guide only and may not be suitable for your own situation.







PHYSICAL EFFECTS:

- Euphoria
- Bloodshot Eyes
- Odor of Marijuana
- Dry mouth
- Body Tremors
- Increased Appetite
- Possible Paranoia
- Relaxed Inhibitions
- Eyelid Tremors
- Sedation

RODRIGUEZ

COMMON SIGNS OF USE:

- Brief Attention Span
- Divided Attention Impairment
- Depression/Anxiety
- Paranoia

METHODS OF INGESTION:

- Inhaling/smoking/vaping
- Ingesting/Swallow (edibles)

NEW STUDIES:

• THC potencies above 15% should be considered a hard drug, like cocaine

(Laar MV et al. Limitations to the Dutch cannabis toleration policy, assumptions underlying the reclassification of cannabis above 15% THC. In J Drug Policy 2016;34:58 64.)

- People who begin using marijuana before the age of 18 are four to seven times more likely to develop a marijuana use disorder than adults. https://nida.nih.gov/publications/researchreports/marijuana/marijuana-addictive
- The Bradford Hill Analysis of Causation
 Applied to Cannabis Use and the Development
 of Chronic Psychotic Disorders demonstrates
 high potency THC can cause chronic psychotic
 disorders.

(Christine L. Miller, Ph.D., Catherine Antley, MD and Dean Whitlock (editor with a review and contributions from Carsten Hjorthoj, Ph.D., Associate Professor, Copenhagen Research Center for Mental Health, University of Copenhagen)

Suicide is associated with cannabis use.

(Kimbrel NA et al. J Psychiatric Research 2017 :89;15) (Colorado Public Health and Environment,

Colorado Violent Death Reporting
System, 2019) (Gobbi et al.
Associations of cannabis use in
adolescence and risk of depression,
anxiety, and suicidality in young
adulthood: a systematic review and
meta analysis. JAMA Psychiatry. 2019)

