

## — FABRICATION &amp; INSTALLATION MANUAL

# For *fabricators,* *installers & trade.*

This manual outlines professional fabrication and installation guidelines for **Viana Quartz** and **Viana Sintered Stone** slabs. These guidelines apply to all qualified stone fabricators and installers. Adherence to these procedures is required to maintain the Viana product warranty and ensure long-term performance for the end customer.

*Note: This document assumes familiarity with standard stone fabrication practices, safety protocols, and shop equipment. All work must comply with local codes and OSHA / HSE requirements. Always refer to the product-specific Safety Data Sheet for health and safety considerations, particularly regarding respirable crystalline silica exposure during fabrication.*

## — 01 · RECEIVING &amp; STORAGE

## On delivery.

**Inspect each slab on delivery** for transit damage — chips, cracks, or surface defects. Document any damage with photographs before signing the delivery receipt. Contact Viana within 48 hours for any damage claim.

**Storage requirements:**

- Store slabs vertically on A-frames or approved slab racks
- Maintain slab spacing of at least 2 inches between slabs using rubber or foam spacers
- Store indoors or under weatherproof cover — protect from prolonged direct UV and precipitation
- Keep storage area clean and free of dust, debris, and chemical contamination
- Never stack slabs horizontally — risk of cracking from weight load
- Temperature range: 50°F to 95°F (10°C to 35°C) for optimal handling

## — 02 · HANDLING &amp; LIFTING

## Safe slab movement.

Viana slabs are heavy — a full 127 × 63 inch slab in 20mm weighs approximately 400–700 pounds depending on material. Proper lifting equipment is essential for safety and slab integrity.

**Required handling equipment:**

- Vacuum lifters rated for the specific slab weight and dimensions
- Forklift or crane for larger slabs with appropriate slab clamps
- Minimum 2 qualified personnel for any manual handling

- Steel-toed safety boots, cut-resistant gloves, safety glasses
- Hard hat when working under suspended loads

**Transport slabs vertically, never flat.** Flat transport greatly increases risk of cracking under dynamic loads.

## — 03 · CUTTING &amp; FABRICATION

*Required tooling & technique.*

All cutting, profiling, and drilling of Viana slabs must be performed using **diamond-edge wet tooling**. Dry cutting is strictly prohibited due to both material damage and respirable crystalline silica exposure.

**Recommended tooling:**

<b>Straight cuts</b>	Bridge saw with diamond blade rated for engineered stone / porcelain, wet cut only
<b>Curved cuts &amp; shapes</b>	CNC router or waterjet with diamond tooling
<b>Edge profiling</b>	CNC router with profile-specific diamond bits
<b>Sink &amp; faucet holes</b>	Diamond core bits, wet cut, pre-drill pilot hole
<b>Mitered edges</b>	CNC router with 45° profile, dry-fit before bonding
<b>Surface polishing</b>	Diamond polishing pads, grits progressing from 50 to 3000

**Critical cutting guidelines:**

- Always use a continuous water supply during cutting — prevents overheating and silica dust
- Reduce feed rate for hard materials (Viana Sintered Stone at Mohs 8 requires slower cuts than Viana Quartz)
- Support the slab fully during cutting — avoid stress fractures from unsupported ends
- Use a sacrificial backing material for intricate cuts to prevent chipping on the exit side
- Always pre-drill a pilot hole before any cutout — never start a cut with a diamond blade on an interior point
- For corner cutouts (e.g., sinks): use a minimum 10mm radius — sharp internal corners are stress risers and will crack

## — 04 · EDGE PROFILES

**Standard edges.**

Viana supports a range of edge profiles. Selection depends on the design aesthetic and the thickness of the slab.

<b>Eased edge</b>	Clean 90° corner with slight radius — contemporary standard. Recommended for all thicknesses.
<b>Straight edge</b>	Full 90° corner. Used for minimal modern designs — typically 30mm slab.

**Mitered edge**

Two pieces joined at 45° to create built-up visual thickness. Popular for 3cm→6cm visual depth.

**Bullnose / half-bullnose**

Traditional rounded edge. More common with quartz than sintered stone.

**Ogee**

Decorative S-curve profile. Rare with modern designs; available on request.

— 05 · SEAMING

## Joining slabs.

Seams are joined with **color-matched epoxy adhesive** formulated for engineered stone. Proper seaming is critical — poor seams are the most common installation failure.

### Seaming procedure:

- Dry-fit both slab edges to ensure they meet cleanly with no gap
- Clean both edges with isopropyl alcohol to remove dust, oils, and residue
- Apply color-matched epoxy to both edges evenly
- Bring slabs together under consistent pressure using seam pullers or clamps
- Maintain pressure until epoxy fully cures (typically 20–40 minutes; check manufacturer)
- Remove excess epoxy with a razor scraper while still soft — never grind after full cure
- Polish the seam lightly to match the surrounding surface finish

### Seam placement guidelines:

- Place seams away from heat sources (cooktops, ovens) when possible
- For bookmatched slabs, align veining carefully — test the match before bonding
- Avoid seams directly adjacent to cutouts (minimum 6 inches from sink, cooktop, or other penetrations)
- Target seam width: less than 1/16 inch (1.5mm) for a professional-quality join

— 06 · INSTALLATION ON CABINETS

## Support & leveling.

### Before installation, confirm:

- Cabinets are level across the entire run (tolerance: 1/8 inch over 10 feet)
- Cabinet boxes are structurally sound and plumbed properly
- Any shimming required is completed before slab placement
- Electrical, plumbing, and gas rough-in is complete and verified
- Subfloor and cabinet installation is documented by the general contractor

### Overhang support requirements:

<b>20mm (¾") — Quartz / Sintered</b>	Unsupported overhang: up to 10" (254mm)
<b>30mm (1¼") — Quartz / Sintered</b>	Unsupported overhang: up to 14" (356mm)
<b>Beyond 14 inches</b>	Requires steel brackets, corbels, or knee-wall support — engineered per load

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**Waterfall edges**

Bond with epoxy at miter; support vertical panel along full cabinet edge

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**Adhering slabs to cabinets:**

- Use 100% silicone adhesive — continuous beads on cabinet tops along all edges
- Never use construction adhesive (PL400, Liquid Nails) — can discolor or damage the slab
- Place the slab, check level in both directions, adjust before silicone cures
- Do not over-fasten — silicone allows minor thermal expansion/contraction

## — 07 · FINAL INSPECTION & HANDOFF

### Before client walkthrough.

#### Complete pre-handoff inspection:

- Verify all seams are tight, polished, and color-matched
- Check all edges for chips, cracks, or tool marks — touch up as needed
- Confirm faucet, sink, and cooktop openings are clean with smooth edges
- Seal perimeter gaps with color-matched silicone (between backsplash and countertop, countertop and walls)
- Clean the entire surface with soap and water — remove all installation residue
- Apply first-use protective wax or polish only if specifically requested by customer (generally not recommended)

#### Customer handoff:

- Provide the customer with the Viana Care & Maintenance Guide
- Demonstrate basic cleaning (soap and water only)
- Review what NOT to use (abrasives, strong chemicals, sealers)
- Confirm warranty activation — provide warranty documentation
- Record final installation photos for your records and for Viana warranty validation

## — 08 · SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

### Shop & job-site protocols.

**Respirable crystalline silica (RCS)** is generated during any dry cutting, grinding, or polishing of engineered stone. RCS exposure is a serious occupational health hazard. Compliance with OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1926.1153 (construction) or 29 CFR 1910.1053 (general industry) is mandatory.

#### Required controls:

- **Always wet-cut** — dry cutting is prohibited in most jurisdictions and voids the Viana warranty
- Continuous water suppression during all cutting and grinding operations
- Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) at all fabrication stations
- NIOSH-approved respirators (minimum N95, often P100) as required by exposure assessment
- Written exposure control plan on file, reviewed annually
- Medical surveillance and respiratory fit testing for all affected workers
- Shop cleaning protocols that prevent dry accumulation of silica dust

*Refer to the product-specific Safety Data Sheet for complete hazard information.*

## — 09 · WARRANTY & SUPPORT

Viana's 15-year comprehensive warranty is conditional on installation by a qualified fabricator following the procedures in this manual. Improper fabrication, improper handling, or non-approved adhesives void the warranty. For technical questions, fabricator certification, or project support, contact Viana Surfaces directly at [vianasurfaces.com](http://vianasurfaces.com).