



ANGEL'S PUBLIC SCHOOL

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION

(SAMPLE PAPER)

SESSION 2026 – 27

SUBJECT : POLITICAL SCIENCE

TIME : 03 HRS

GRADE –XII

M.M:80

General Instructions:

- (a) The question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D and E) with 30 questions in total.
- (b) All questions are compulsory.
- (c) Question numbers 1–12 are multiple choice questions of one mark each.
- (d) Question numbers 13–18 carry 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50–60 words each.
- (e) Question numbers 19–23 carry 4 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 100–120 words each. There is an internal choice in two of the 4 marks questions
- (f) Question numbers 24–26 are passage, cartoon and map-based questions of 4 marks each. Answer accordingly.
- (g) Question numbers 27–30 carry 6 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 170–180 words.
- (h) There is an internal choice in 6 marks questions.

SECTION – A

(12x1=12)

1. In which year was the Election Commission of India setup up?
(a) 1949 (b) 1950 (c) 1951 (d) 1952
2. When did the idea of global security emerge?
(a) 1990 (b) 1992 (c) 1991 (d) 1995
3. People who seek better economic opportunities abroad are called _____.
(a) Immigrants. (b) Refugees. (c) Migrants (d) Non-residents

4. **Assertion:** The Nizam of Hyderabad never negotiated with Sardar Patel. He did not agreed to accept any offer to join India.

Reason: The Nizam wanted an independent status for Hyderabad.

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

5. **Assertion :** In developing nations, more than three million children die each year.

Reason: About a billion people do not have access to sanitation or clean drinking water.

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

(b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

(c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.

(d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

6. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan ,the undisputed leader of the North Western Frontier Province was known as_____.

(a) Father of Pakistan

(b) Frontier Gandhi

(c) Staunch Muslim

(d) Russian Revolution

7. Which of the following from the North–East states become a state before 1972?

(a) Meghalaya

(b) Manipur

(c) Tripura

(d) Nagaland

8. How many UN members were there by 2011?

(a) 195

(b) 180

(c) 193

(d) 190

9. Arrange the following events in chronological order:

(a) Establishment of the World Bank

(c) Establishment of the UNO

(b) Establishment of the WTO

(d) Establishment of IAEA

(i) a,c,d,b

(ii) b,a,c,d.

(iii) c,ba,d

(iv) c,a,d,b

10. The first Chief Election Commissioner of India was_____.

(a) S.L Shankar

(b) Sukumar Sen

(c) Mohan Lal

(d) R.K Trivedi

11. Narmada Bachao Andolan was_____.

(a) Anti– Rivers Movement

(b) Anti–Forest Movement

(c) Anti –Dam Movement

(d) None of these

12. Which of the following states initially refused to join the Indian Union?

(a) Manipur

(b) Kashmir

(c) Punjab

(d) Both(a) and (b)

SECTION – B

(6x2=12)

13. How is the balance of power a component of traditional security?

14. What is meant by social safety nets?

15 .Explain any two functions of UNICEF.

16_Highlight any two outcomes of the Earth Summit.

17. What is meant by the Two–Nation Theory?

18. Explain the nature of Congress dominance after the independence in relation to democracy in other countries.

OR

Mention any three challenges that India faced at the time of Independence.

SECTION – C

(5x4=20)

19. What is the full form of WTO ? When was it set up? How does it function?
20. What do you understand about alliance building? What are its various advantages?
21. What is meant by 'Common but differentiated responsibilities '? How could we implemented the idea?
22. How has technology contributed to globalisation?
23. Describe any four features of the ideology of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh.

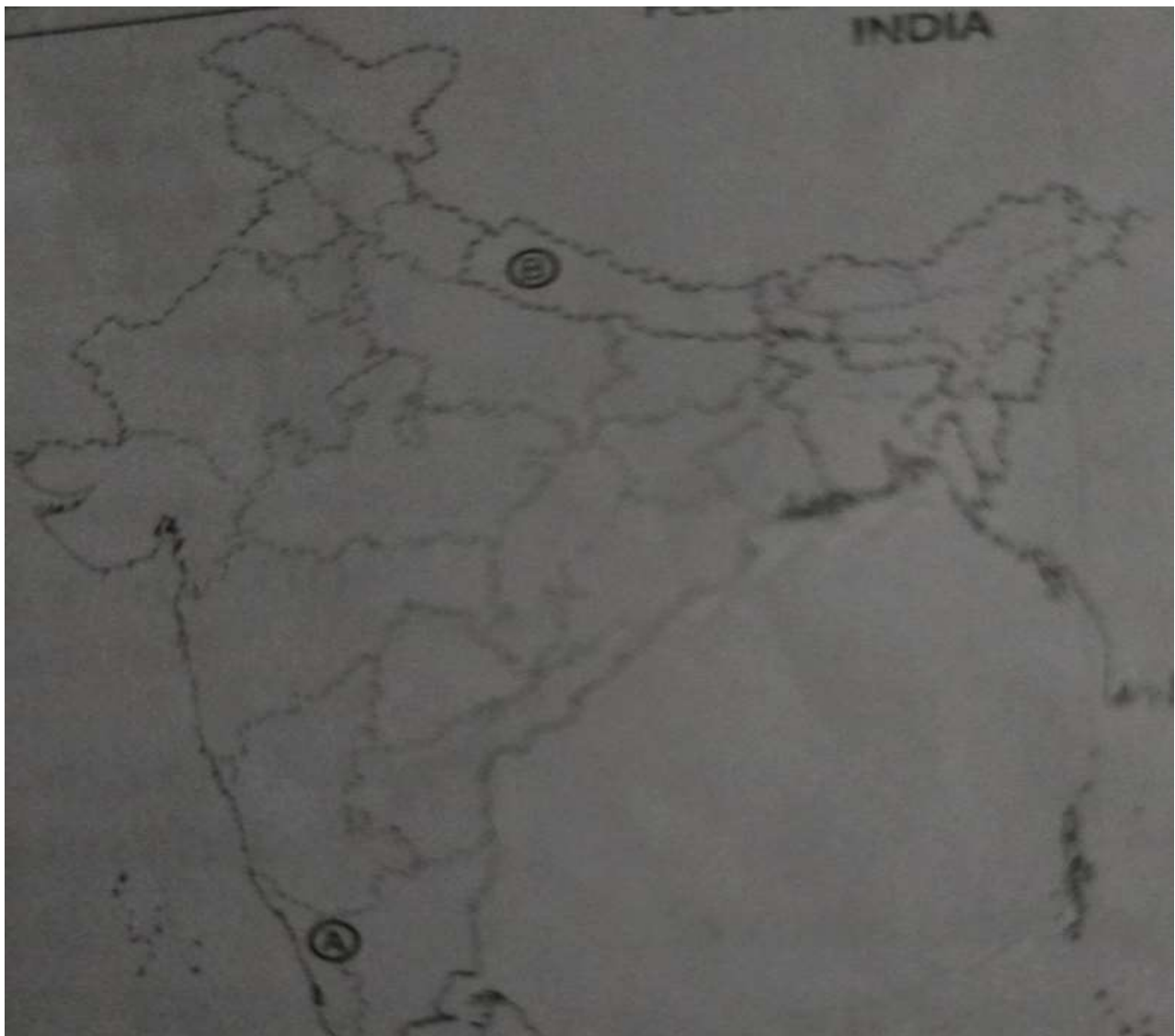
OR

What had been the government's approach towards the integration of the Princely States?

SECTION – D

(3x4=12)

24. In the given political map of India, two states have been marked as A and B .Identify these states on the basis of the information given below and write their correct names.



(a) State where the Congress Party was not in power in first general elections. (2)

(b) State where the Congress Party remained in power between 1952–1962. (2)

25. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.

After the Second World War, countries realized that wars and conflicts could destroy the world. To prevent this, the United Nations was established in 1945 with 51 member countries. Today, it has 193 members. The main aim of the UN is to maintain international peace and security.

The UN has several specialized agencies that work on different issues. WHO works for health, UNESCO for education and culture, and IMF for financial stability. However, the UN also faces many criticisms. The 5 permanent members of the Security Council have veto power, which many countries call undemocratic. Also, the UN depends on contributions from member states, so rich countries have more influence.

Questions

(a) When was the United Nations established? (1)

(i) 1919

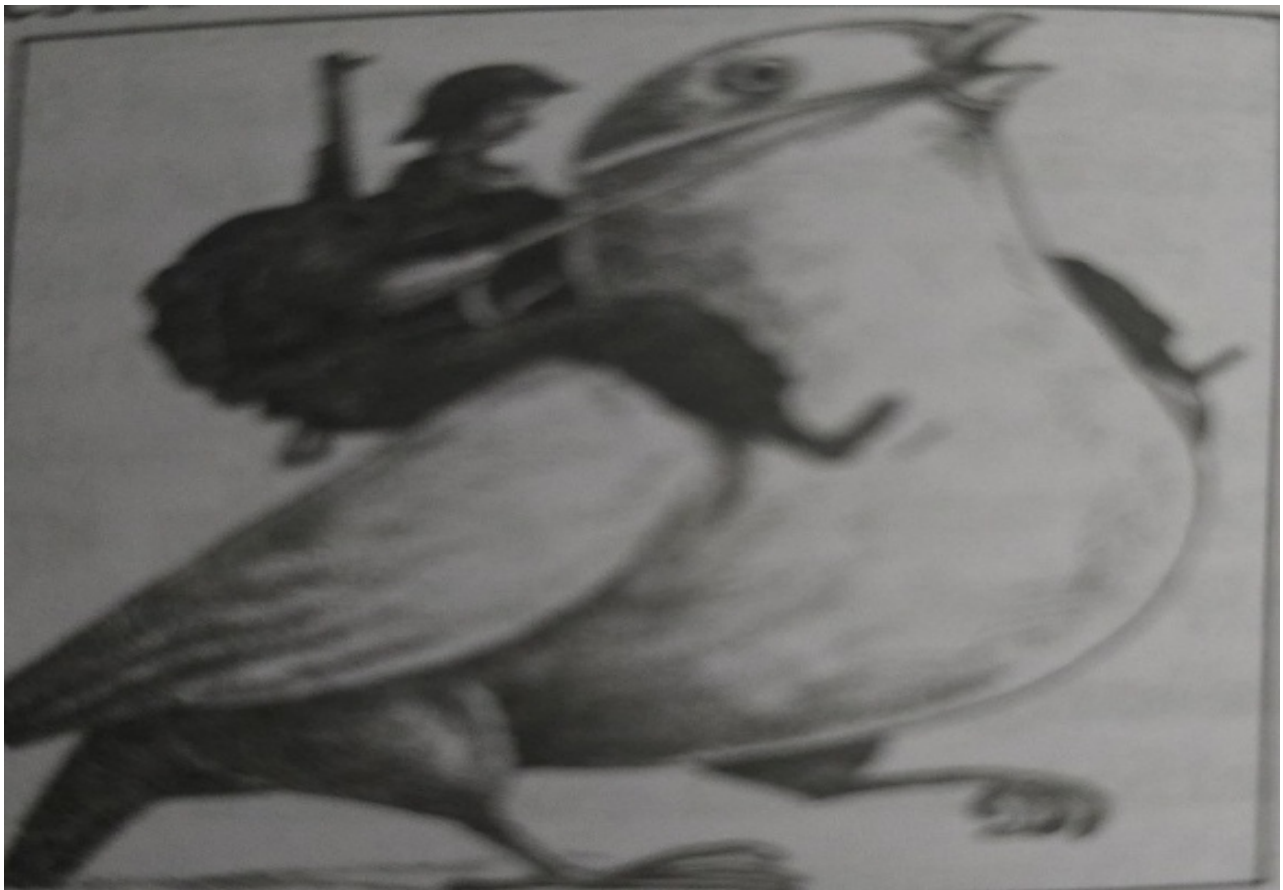
(ii) 1945

(iii) 1950

(iv) 1965

(b) Name any two specialised agencies of the UN mentioned in the passage. (1)

(c) What is the main aim of the United Nations? (2)



26. Study the given figure carefully and answer the questions that follow

- (a) What does the cartoon represent? (1)
- (b) What does the pigeon and man with goods symbolises? (1)
- (c) What message does the cartoon convey? (2)

SECTION – E

(4x6=24)

27. Define globalisation? Explain any three economic consequences of globalisation.

OR

Suggest any six steps since 2005 to make the United Nations more relevant in the changing context.

28. What is meant by traditional notion of security? Describe any two components of this type of Security

OR

Explain the grounds on the basis of which India seeks to become a permanent member of the UN security Council.

29. Explain the role of environmental movements to meet the challenge of environmental degradation.

OR

What was the Earth Summit? How far did the summit prove to be useful? Explain.

30. List any four activities of the opposition in the parliament between 1952 and 1957.

OR

Highlight the role of Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel to bring the Princely States into the Indian union.