



ANGEL'S PUBLIC SCHOOL

HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION

(SAMPLE PAPER)

SESSION 2026 – 27

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

TIME : 03 HRS

GRADE – VI

M.M:80

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- (a) Section – A Comprises ten multiple choice questions and ten one word answer type questions, carrying 1 mark each.
- (b) Section – B Comprises twelve short answer type questions(attempt any 10) carrying 3 marks each, and five long answer type questions (attempt any 3) carrying 5 marks each.
- (c) Section – C Comprises one case based type question carrying 5 marks.
- (d) Section – D Comprises a map and a diagram, carrying 5 marks each.

SECTION – A

A. Choose the correct option:

(10x1=10)

1. The study of past events is called:
(a) Geography (b) History (c) Civics (d) Economics
2. Which source gives us information about old buildings and tools?
(a) Oral sources (b) Written sources (c) Archaeological sources (d) None
3. The period when humans started using stone tools is called:
(a) Iron Age (b) Stone Age (c) Bronze Age (d) Modern Age
4. The oldest civilization of India was:
(a) Vedic Civilization (b) Harappan Civilization
(c) Gupta Civilization (d) Mughal Civilization
5. Harappa and Mohenjodaro were cities of which civilization?
(a) Indus Valley Civilization (b) Mesopotamian (c) Egyptian (d) Chinese
6. The head of a Gram Panchayat is called:
(a) Sarpanch (b) Pradhan Mantri (c) Collector (d) MLA
7. Local government in rural areas is called:
(a) Municipality (b) Panchayati Raj (c) Parliament (d) Judiciary
8. Which of these is work done by all of us daily?
(a) Only paid work (b) Only unpaid work (c) Both paid and unpaid work (d) None

9. BCE stands for:

- (a) Before Christian Era (b) Before Common Era
- (c) Before Civil Era (d) Before Century Era

10. Who writes history based on sources?

- (a) Doctor (b) Historian (c) Engineer (d) Farmer

B. Write one word for the following questions:

(10x1=10)

1. Name one major river associated with Harappan civilization.
2. What is a timeline used for?
3. Name one written source of history.
4. What is the smallest unit of local government in villages?
5. Name the book written by Valmiki.
6. What do we call people who study ancient human artifacts and ruins?
7. In historical dating, what is the full form of CE?
8. Which type of family consists of parents and their children only?
9. Name one value we learn from doing work.
10. What is the meeting of all village adults called?

SECTION – B

C. Short answer type questions: (Do any 10)

(10x3=30)

1. What is the difference between BCE and CE?
2. Name any two sources of history and state one use of each.
3. Why is Harappan civilization called 'urban civilization'?
4. Mention any two features of Harappan towns.
5. What is Panchayati Raj?
6. Write any two functions of Gram Panchayat.
7. How does local government help villagers?
8. What is local government? Why it is important?
9. Give two examples of unpaid work at home.
10. "What is the 'dignity of labour'? Give one example from your school".
11. How do inscriptions help historians?
12. Name the three ages in the order humans lived.

D. Long answer type questions: (Do any 3).

(3x5=15)

1. Explain why sources of history are important. Give 3 examples.
2. Describe any three features of the beginning of Indian civilization in Harappa.
3. Explain the structure of local government in rural areas with a diagram.
4. "All work has value". Explain this statement with examples from daily life.
5. How did geography help in the growth of Harappan civilization?

SECTION – C

E. Case study-based question:

(5)

Archaeologists discovered the remains of an ancient city with wide roads, covered drainage systems, brick houses, wells, and large granaries. Many seals, beads, toys, and pottery were also found. These discoveries showed that the people were skilled builders, traders, and craftsmen. The city was part of one of the world's earliest civilizations.

Questions:

1. Which ancient civilization is described in the passage?
2. Name one important feature of the cities mentioned in the passage.
3. What items found at the site show that people practised.
4. trade and craftsmanship?
5. Who studies and discovers the remains of ancient civilizations?

SECTION – D

D. Map/Diagram

(2x5=10)