

ANGEL'S PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAMPLE PAPER PERIODIC TEST – I SESSION 2021 – 22 CLASS – IX SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS

TIME: 1.5 HRS

M.M: 50

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

ROLL NO – _____

- The question paper is divided into 4 sections : A,B,C and D.
- Section – A comprises 5 questions of 1 mark each.
- Section – B comprises 5 questions of 2 marks each.
- Section – C comprises 6 questions of 3 marks each. Attempt any 5.
- Section – D comprises 7 questions of 4 marks each. Attempt any 5.

SECTION – A

- Find: $(64)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
- Simplify: $(3 + \sqrt{2})(3 - \sqrt{2})$
- In which quadrant do $(3, -3)$ and $(-4, -3)$ lie?
- Define monomial.
- Is zero a rational number? Can you write it in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$?

SECTION – B

- Check whether -2 and 2 are zeroes of the polynomial of $x+2$.
- Find the zero of the polynomial: $p(x) = ax+b$, $a \neq 0$, where a and b are real numbers.
- (a) What is the name of the horizontal and vertical lines drawn to determine the position of any point in the Cartesian plane? (b) What is the name of the point where these two lines intersect?
- Evaluate $(104)^2$, using suitable identity.
- Rationalise the denominator of $\frac{1}{5+\sqrt{3}}$.

SECTION – C (ATTEMPT ANY FIVE)

- Find $p(0)$, $p(2)$ and $p(3)$ for the polynomial: $p(x) = x^2 - x + 1$.
- Write $(\frac{3}{2}x+1)^3$ in expanded form.
- Factorise: $8x^3 + y^3 + 27z^3 - 18xyz$
- Check whether $7 + 3x$ is a factor of $2x^3 + 4x$.
- Factorise: $2x^2 + 4x + 2$
- Express $0.\overline{6}$ in the form of $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers and $q \neq 0$.

SECTION – D (ATTEMPT ANY FIVE)

- Find three irrational numbers between the rational numbers $\frac{5}{7}$ and $\frac{9}{11}$.
- Find five rational numbers between $\frac{3}{7}$ and $\frac{4}{5}$.
- Plot the points (x,y) given in the following table on the plane, choosing suitable units of distance on the axis.

X	-2	-1	0	1	3
Y	8	7	-1.2	3	-1

20. Simplify the following.

(a) $(5 + \sqrt{7})(2 + \sqrt{5})$

(b) $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})^2$

21. Plot the following points on a graph paper.

$(2,0), (1,3), (5,4), (-3,2)$

22. Factorise: $4x^2 + 9y^2 + 16z^2 + 12xy - 24yz - 16xz$

23. (a) Give one example each of a binomial of degree 32 and of a monomial of degree 12.

(b) Determine whether polynomial $(x+1)$ is a factor of $x^4 + x^3 + x^2 + x + 1$.