

ANGEL'S PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAMPLE PAPER

PERIODIC TEST – II SESSION 2025 – 26 CLASS – IX

TIME: 1:30 HRS General Instructions.	SUBJECT - SOC		M.M:40		
(a) There are 17 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory					
(b) The question paper has four Sections – A–History, B–Geography C– Political Science, and D– Economics					
(c) Each Section is of 10 Marks and has MCQS, VSA, SA, LAs and CBO					
(d) Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.					
(e) Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should					
not exceed 60 words. (f) Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should					
not exceed 120 words					
(g) The map-based question, carry 2 marks Q9 in Section-B Geography (2 marks)(h) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been					
provided in a few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions must be attempted					
	SECTION - A H	IISTORY	[10]		
1. In which country did Nazi Germany first try its experiment of 'concentration of Germans' in on area?					
(a) Poland (b) France	(c) England	(1) (d) Spain		
2. What was 'Jungvolk' in Nazi		(o) England	(1)		
(a) Magazine ((b) Holocaust Camp	(c) Youth Organisation	(d) Schools		
3. (i) Which famous economist	was appointed by Hitler	r for the economic recovery	of Germany? (3)		
	OR				
(ii) What was the immediate	cause of World War II?	?			
4. (i) What do you understand b	y 'Hyperinflation'?		(5)		
	OR				
(ii) What were the effects of the economic crisis on Germany?					
SECTION – B GEOGRAPHY [

(b) Temperature areas

(1)

5. Extreme climate is generally associated with ______.

(a) Tropical areas

(c) Interior areas	(d) None of these	
6. Differentiate between climate and weather.		
7. Name the four main seasons of India.		
8. Why does India have a monsoon type of climate?		
	OR	
What is the distribution of rainfall in India?		
MAP SKIL	L BASED QUESTION	
9. On the outline map of India, locate and labe	el the following: (Do any two)	(2)
1. Areas of Evergreen Forest.		
2. Area of Dry Deciduous Forest		
3. One National Park in northern part of the	e country.	
SECTION	<u>– C</u> POLITICAL SCIENCE	[10]
10. Assertion (A): Elections are essential for	the proper functioning of democracy.	(1)
Reason (R): They allow people to choose	e their representatives and change them if they d	o not
work as expected.		
Options:		
(a) Both A and R are true, and R is the co	rrect explanation of A.	
(b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the	correct explanation of A.	
(c) A is true, but R is false.		
(d) A is false, but R is true.		
11. What are by- elections?		
12. Do you think that elections promote democracy?		
13. How are 'polls' conducted in India ?		

[10] SECTION – D ECONOMICS 14. Assertion (A): Poverty in India has declined over the years. (1) Reason (R): The government has implemented several poverty alleviation programmes such as MNREGA and PMRY. (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true, but R is false. (d) A is false, but R is true. (2) **15.** How does unemployment lead to Poverty? (2) **16.** What challenges lie ahead for India with respect to Poverty alleviation? 17. What are the main features of the MGNREGA Act of 2005? (5) OR What is the concept of poverty line? How does it vary with time and place?