

HALF YEARLY EXAMS **SESSION 2025 - 26**

CLASS - XI

SUBJECT - GEOGRAPHY TIME: 3 HRS. M.M:70

General instructions: (a) Section- A question number 1 to 20 carry one mark each (b) Section- B question number 21 to 25, carry three mark each. There are short answer type questions. (c) Section- C question number 26 to 31, carry five marks each. There are long answer type questions.		
(d) Section- D map based questions carry 5 mark.		
SECTION - A I. MCQ's		
1. Which one of the following scholars coined the term geography?		
(a) Herodotus (b) Eratosthenes (c) Galileo (d) aristotle		
2. Which one of the following related to cause affect relationship?		
(a) why? (b) where?	(c) what?	(d) when?
3. Which one of the following Question is associated with	biogeography?	
(a) geology (b) psychology (c) z	oology (d) c	limatology
4. Separates India from Sri Lanka?	() D	(1) 1
(a) bay of Bengal (b) Palk strait	(c) Bering strait	(d) bay of Hudson
5. Which one of the following describes the lithosphere?		
(a) upper and lower mantle (b) crust and upper mantle (c) crust and core (d) mantle and core		
6. Which one of the following earthquake waves is more d	lestructive?	
(a) P waves (b) S waves	(c) Surface waves	(d) None of the above
7. what is the length of India from east to West?	(0) Gariago wavoo	(d) None of the above
(a) 2134 km (b) 3214 kilometre	(c) 2933 km	(d) 3124 km
8. Who presented the ne hypothesis regarding the origin of	of the earth?	()
(a) Kant (b) laplace	(c) Otloschmidth	(d) James jeans
(a) Kant (b) laplace 9. Which of the following is not a Jovian planet? (a) Mercury, (b) Jupiter, 10. What is the age of the earth?		
(a) Mercury, (b) Jupiter, 10. What is the age of the earth?	(c) Uranus	(d) Saturn
		/-I\
(a) 0. 46 million years (b) 4.6 million years	(c) 4.6 billion years	(d) 4.6 trillion years
11. When did the Big Bang event take place?	(a) 1 1 hillion years	(d) 5.6 million voors
(a) 13.7 million years (b) 13.7 billion years 12. Which one of the following has the shortest duration?	(c) 4.4 billion years	(d) 5.6 million years
(a) Eons (b) Period	(c) Era	(d) Epoch
13 .Which is the largest planet of the solar system?	(o) Lia	(d) Lpoon
(a) Jupiter (b) Saturn	(c) Mars	(d) Venus
14 .Polar fleeing force related to the	(0)	(0)
(a) revolution of earth (b) rotation of the earth	(c) gravitation	(d) tides
15. Jigsaw, it is best observed in which of the following?		
(a) Atlantic Ocean (b) pacific Ocean (c) Indian Ocean (d) Arctic Ocean		
16 . When the space of the drainage system resembles like		
(a) radial (b) dendritic	(c) trellis	(d) centripetal
17. Life on the earth appeared around how many years before the present?		
(a) 13.7 billion (b) 3.8 million (c) 4.6 billion (d) 3.8 billion 18. The supercontinent was named———		
(a) Panthalassa (b) Pangaea (c) Tillit	e	(d) Laurasia
(a) i difficiación (b) i diffued (c) i lille	-	(a) Ladiaola

- **19.**Which one of the following is not a minor plate?
 - (a) Nazca
- (b) Phillipeness
- (c) Arabia
- (d) Antarctica
- **20.**May correct pair from the following two columns . (a) materology. Population geography.
 - (a) materology. Popul (b) demography. Soil g
 - (c) psychology.
- Soil geography. Climatology.
- (d) pedology.
- Social geography.

SECTION - B

- 21. What were the forces suggested by Wegener for the movement of the continents?
- **22.**What is meant by the word geography?
- 23. What are the three features of systematic geography?
- **24.**What are body waves?
- 25. Write three characteristics of peninsular river?

SECTION - C

- 26. Explain the Big Bang theory with diagram.
- 27. Geography, is the study of aerial differentiation. How?
- **28.** Write the difference between Himalayan and the peninsular river.
- **29.**What are the evidences of continental drift theory?
- 30. Explain Ganga river system in detail.
- **31.**What are the types of volcanoes? Explain any two of them.

SEČTION – D

- **32.** Locate and label the following on the political map of India.
 - (a) Gujarat and Arunachal Pradesh (b) The strait that divides the India and Sri Lanka
 - (c) Arabian Sea, and Bay of Bengal (d) Southern most point of the main land of India
 - (e) Maldives and Sri Lanka