

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Autofresh Berry Fruit

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

SECTION 1: Identification	of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier		
Product name	Autofresh Berry Fruit	
Product number	407-3	
UFI	UFI: MTEX-K055-900H-0TSG	
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses	Car maintenance product. Air freshener	
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.	
1.3. Details of the supplier	of the safety data sheet	
Supplier	Autosmart International Ltd Lynn Lane Shenstone, nr Lichfield Staffordshire. WS14 0DH England www.autosmartinternational.com Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00) SHREQ@autosmart.co.uk	
Manufacturer	Autosmart International Ltd Lynn Lane, Shenstone, nr Lichfield Staffordshire. WS14 0DH England www.autosmartinternational.com Tel: +44 (0) 1543 481616 (09:00 - 17:00) info@autosmartinternational.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone	number	
Emergency telephone	NCEC - For Chemical Emergency Support ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident), Call NCEC at +44 1865 407333 (24Hrs UK) when calling please quote "AUTOSMART 29003-NCEC" If you urgently need medical help or advice but it's not a life-threatening situation, call 111 free from any phone to speak to an NHS adviser. The 24-hour NHS 111 service can give you	
	healthcare advice or direct you to the local service that can help you best.	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification		
2.1. Classification of the su	bstance or mixture	
Classification (SI 2019 No.	720)	

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)	
Physical hazards	Not Classified
Health hazards	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

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Autofresh Berry Fruit

Environmental hazards	Not Classified	
2.2. Label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	Warning	
Hazard statements	EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500- 7]and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.	
Precautionary statements	 P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P280 Wear protective gloves. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations. 	
UFI	UFI: MTEX-K055-900H-0TSG	
2.3. Other hazards		
This product does not contain	any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.	
SECTION 3: Composition/info	rmation on ingredients	
3.2. Mixtures		
ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO) 2<3%		
Classification Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Dam. 1 - H318		
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC 0.001<0.01% no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)		
CAS number: 55965-84-9	EC number: 611-341-5	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 10	
Classification Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

SECTION 4: First aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid me	asures	
General information	Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.	
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.	
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Remove any dentures. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.	
Skin contact	Rinse with water.	
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. If it is suspected that volatile contaminants are still present around the affected person, first aid personnel should wear an appropriate respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
4.3. Indication of any immedia	te medical attention and special treatment needed	
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
5.1. Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.	
5.2. Special hazards arising from	om the substance or mixture	

Specific hazards	Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapours. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Firefighter's clothing will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills
	immediately and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages:
	If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or
	if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable
	waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area.
	Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and
	absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labelled,
	sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing
	environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the
	spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing
	with a spillage. Following dilution, discharge to the sewer with plenty of water may be
	permitted. The requirements of the local water authority must be complied with if
	contaminated water is flushed directly to the sewer. Dispose of waste to licensed waste
	disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimise spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not reuse empty containers.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Bund storage facilities to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
Storage class	Chemical storage.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.
SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection	

8.1. Control parameters

ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO) (CAS: 68439-46-3)

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



Appropriate engineering controls Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimise worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

Eye/face protectionEyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates
eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face
protection should be worn. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If
inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Gloves made from the following material may provide suitable chemical protection: Nitrile rubber. Thickness: > 0.2 mm The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 0.5 hours. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Use thin cotton gloves inside natural rubber gloves if there is an allergy risk to natural rubber.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is 'UKCA'-marked. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges suitable for intended use should be used.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid.
Colour	Purple.
Odour	Pleasant, agreeable.
Odour threshold	Not available.
Melting point	0°C
Initial boiling point and range	~ 100°C @
Relative density	~ 1.000 @ (20°C)°C
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water. Miscible with water.
9.2. Other information	

Volatile organic compound This product contains a maximum VOC content of 0.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity		
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	See the other subsections of this section for further details.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous r	reactions	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No potentially hazardous reactions known.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	n products	
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapours.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological inf	ormation	
11.1. Information on toxicologic	cal effects	
Toxicological effects	No data recorded.	
Acute toxicity - oral Notes (oral LD₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	16,683.35	
Acute toxicity - dermal Notes (dermal LD ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation Notes (inhalation LC ₅₀)	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation Animal data	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Serious eye damage/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitisation Respiratory sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Genotoxicity - in vitro	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		

Carcinogenicity	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Reproductive toxicity - fertility	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity - development	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after a single exposure.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	repeated exposure	
STOT - repeated exposure	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard Aspiration hazard	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	Symptoms following overexposure to vapour may include the following: Headache. Irritation of nose, throat and airway.	
Ingestion	Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach. Fumes from the stomach contents may be inhaled, resulting in the same symptoms as inhalation.	
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Irritating to eyes.	
Acute and chronic health hazards	Because of the product's quantity and composition, the health hazard is regarded as low. No specific long-term effects known.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target organs	No specific target organs known.	
Medical symptoms	No specific symptoms noted, but this chemical may still have adverse health impact, either in general or on certain individuals.	
Toxicological information on ingredients.		
	ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)	
Other health effe	cts There is no evidence that the product can cause cancer.	
Acute toxicity - oral		
Acute toxicity ora mg/kg)		
Species	Rat	
reaction mass o	f: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one	
	[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	
Acute toxicity - ir	halation	
ATE inhalation (g	gases 700.0	

ppm)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.	
12.1. Toxicity		
Toxicity	y Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
	ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)	
Acute aquatic to	xicity	
Acute toxicity - fi	sh LC₅₀, 96 hours: 10 mg/l, Fish	
Acute toxicity - a plants	quatic IC₅₀, 72 hours: 10 mg/l, Algae	
reaction mass o	f: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one	
	[EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	
Acute aquatic to	xicity	
LE(C)50	0.1 < L(E)C50 ≤ 1	
M factor (Acute)	1	
Chronic aquatic	toxicity	
NOEC	0.0001 < NOEC ≤ 0.001	
Degradability	Rapidly degradable	
M factor (Chroni	c) 10	
12.2. Persistence and degrad	ability	
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
	ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)	
Persistence and degradability	The product is biodegradable.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potenti		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Ecological information on ingr	edients.	
	ALCOHOL, C9-11, ETHOXYLATED (9EO)	
Bioaccumulative	potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems. The product is non-volatile.	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	B assessment	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	Jerations	
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>ds</u>	

General information	The generation of waste should be minimised or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods SECTION 14: Transport inform	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labelled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

General

The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA, ADR/RID).

14.1. UN number

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

No transport warning sign required.

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulationsHealth and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 (as amended).
The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment
Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 1348) (as amended) ["CDG 2009"].
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS

All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

SECTION 16: Other information		
Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). EC ₅₀ : 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.	
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation	
General information	This product has been manufactured under ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 Quality and Environmental Management Systems.	
Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720	Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: : Calculation method.	
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.	
Revision date	06/05/2021	
Revision	12	
Supersedes date	05/05/2021	
SDS number	10632	
Hazard statements in full	 H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2- methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3- one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction. 	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.