



Stepping Out in Somerset CIC

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Stepping Out in Somerset CIC Safeguarding Policy Version 3

Version 1	
Named Safeguarding Lead:	Justin Philcox Director
Named Deputy Safeguarding Lead:	Sue Philcox Director
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Signed	J.E. Philcox

Aims

The aims of the Company are to:

- provide a day service for young people with disabilities which is integrated into the local community;
- provide services to the local community in the form of micro enterprises run by the members with support;
- involve parents, families and carers in the service and provide them with support when necessary.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will not tolerate the abuse of adults in any of its forms and is committed to safeguarding adults with care and support needs from harm.

This policy outlines the steps Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will make to safeguard an adult with care and support needs if they are deemed to be at risk or at risk. This policy sets out the roles and responsibilities of Stepping Out in Somerset CIC in working together with other professionals and agencies in promoting the adult's welfare and safeguarding them from abuse and neglect.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will ensure that decisions made will allow adults to make their own choices and include them in any decision making. Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will also ensure that safe and effective working practices are in place.

This policy is intended to support staff and volunteers working within Stepping Out in Somerset CIC to understand their role and responsibilities in safeguarding adults. All staff and volunteers are expected to follow this policy.

The key objectives of this policy are for all employees and volunteers of Stepping Out in Somerset CIC to:

- have an overview of adult safeguarding
- be clear about their responsibility to safeguard adults
- ensure the necessary actions are taken where an adult with care and support needs is deemed to be at risk

This policy is based on:

- The Care Act 2014 and the Care and Support statutory guidance
- Somerset Safeguarding Adults Board's local procedures and appendices

Under the Human Rights Act 1998, everyone has the right to live free from abuse and neglect. <https://www.equalityhumanrights.com/en/human-rights/human-rights-act>

Copies of this policy should be available within Stepping Out in Somerset CIC and Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will not tolerate the abuse of adults in the organisation and staff and volunteers should be made aware of how this policy can be accessed.

What is Safeguarding adults?

'Safeguarding means protecting an adult's right to live in safety, free from abuse and neglect. It is about people and organisations working together to prevent and stop both the risks and experience of abuse or neglect, while at the same time making sure that the adult's wellbeing is promoted including, where appropriate, having regard to their views, wishes, feelings and beliefs in deciding on any action. This must recognise that adults sometimes have complex interpersonal relationships and may be ambivalent, unclear or unrealistic about their personal circumstances.'

Care and Support Statutory Guidance, Department of Health, updated February 2017

All adults should be able to live free from fear and harm. But some may find it hard to get the help and support they need to stop abuse.

An adult may be unable to protect themselves from harm or exploitation due to many reasons, including their mental or physical incapacity, sensory loss or physical or learning disabilities. This could be an adult who is usually able to protect themselves from harm but maybe unable to do so because of an accident, disability, frailty, addiction or illness.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC adheres to following the six key principles that underpin safeguarding work (See Care Act guidance)

- Empowerment
- Prevention
- Proportionality
- Protection
- Partnership
- Accountability

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will not tolerate the abuse of adults in staff and volunteers should ensure that their work reflects the principles above and ensure the adult with care and support needs is involved in their decisions and informed consent is obtained.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC should ensure that the safeguarding action agreed is the least intrusive response to the risk. Partners from the community should be involved in any safeguarding work in preventing, detecting and reporting neglect and abuse. Stepping Out in Somerset CIC should be transparent and accountable in delivering safeguarding actions.

What is Making Safeguarding Personal (MSP)?

MSP means a case should be person-led and outcome-focused. The individual should be involved in identifying how best to respond to their safeguarding situation by giving them more choice and control as well as improving quality of life, wellbeing and safety.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will not tolerate the abuse of adults Stepping Out in Somerset CIC will ensure that adults are involved in their safeguarding arrangements and each individual is dealt with on a case-by-case basis. As adults may have different preferences, histories and life styles, the same process may not work for all.

Who do adult safeguarding duties apply to?

The Care Act 2014 sets out that adult safeguarding duties apply to *any* adult who:

- has care and support needs, and
- is experiencing, or is at risk of, abuse and neglect, and
- is unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of abuse or neglect, because of those needs.

Who do I go to if I am concerned?

The named responsible person for safeguarding duties for Stepping Out in Somerset CIC is Justin Philcox 01278 686351 admin@steppingout.org.uk. In his absence, Sue Philcox will act as the responsible person and can be contacted on the same phone and email address.

All staff and volunteers should contact Justin Philcox for any concerns/queries they have in regards to safeguarding adults. A log of the concern must be kept using the Safeguarding Log Book.

Justin Philcox will be responsible to make decisions about notifying adult social services if required and consider alternative actions, where necessary.

Justin Philcox will also ensure that the safeguarding adults policies and procedures are in place and up to date. They will ensure a safe environment is promoted for staff and volunteers and adults accessing the service. Justin Philcox will ensure they are up to date with their safeguarding adults training.

What should I do if I am concerned?

Staff and volunteers at Stepping Out in Somerset CIC who have any adult safeguarding concerns should:

1. Respond
 - Take emergency action if someone is at immediate risk of harm/in need of urgent medical attention. Dial 999 for emergency services
 - Get brief details about what has happened and what the adult would like done about it, but do not probe or conduct a mini-investigation
 - Seek consent from the adult to take action and to report the concern. Consider whether the adult may lack capacity to make decisions about their own and other people's safety and wellbeing. If you decide to act against their wishes or without their consent, you must record your decision and the reasons for this.

2. Report

- Any potential safeguarding concerns should be reported to Justin Philcox, the safeguarding lead (see above)

3. Record

- A record of the concern must be made by using the Safeguarding Log Book. This is always available in the pilot's bag which is located in the Sensory Bus.
- As far as possible, records should be written contemporaneously, dated and signed.
- The completed report must be passed immediately to the Safeguarding Lead. The reporting member of staff must alert the safeguarding lead by using the staff WhatsApp, writing 'Safeguarding report completed and filed.' The Safeguarding Lead is responsible for ensuring the information is held securely.

4. Keep records about safeguarding concerns confidential and in a location where the alleged abuser will not have access to the record. Access should not be given to any unauthorised person for accessing confidential information including the sharing of passwords.

5. Refer

In making a decision whether to refer or not, the designated safeguarding lead should take into account:

- (1) the adult's wishes and preferred outcome
- (2) whether the adult has mental capacity to make an informed decision about their own and others' safety
- (3) the safety or wellbeing of children or other adults with care and support needs
- (4) whether there is a person in a position of trust involved
- (5) whether a crime has been committed

This should inform the decision whether to notify the concern to the following people:

- the police if a crime has been committed and/or
- Somerset's Access & Advice Team (part of adult social services) for possible safeguarding enquiry
- relevant regulatory bodies such as Care Quality Commission, Ofsted,
- service commissioning teams
- family/relatives as appropriate (seek advice from adult social services)

The designated safeguarding lead should keep a record of the reasons for referring the concern or reasons for not referring.

Incidents of abuse may be one-off or multiple and may affect one person or more. Staff and volunteers should look beyond single incidents to identify patterns of harm. Accurate recording of information will also assist in recognising any patterns.

What are your roles and responsibilities?

All staff, management, trustees and volunteers at Stepping Out in Somerset CIC are expected to report any concerns to the named person for safeguarding. If the allegation is against one of Stepping Out in Somerset CIC members, volunteers, trustees or directors, seek advice from Stepping Out in Somerset CIC safeguarding lead Justin Philcox. If the allegation is against the safeguarding lead, seek advice from Somerset Adult Social Care (Tel No. 0300 123 2224 or via email adults@somerset.gov.uk).

The designated safeguarding adults lead should be responsible for providing acknowledgement of the referral and brief feedback to the person raising the original concern. Feedback should be given in a way that will not make the situation worse or breach the Data Protection Act. If the police are involved, they should be consulted prior to giving feedback to the referrer to ensure any criminal investigation is not affected.

The local authority will decide on who will lead on a safeguarding enquiry should it progress to that stage. The named organisation should not conduct its own safeguarding enquiry unless instructed to do so by the local authority.

Staff and volunteers should ensure that the adult with care and support needs is involved at all stages of their safeguarding enquiry ensuring a person-centred approach is adopted.

Complaints procedure

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC promotes transparency and honesty when things go wrong. All staff and volunteers should apologise and be honest with service users and other relevant people when things go wrong.

If a staff or volunteer or any other member of the organisation is unhappy with Stepping Out in Somerset CIC decision about the safeguarding concern, refer them to Stepping Out in Somerset Complaints Policy.

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC is committed to ensuring that staff and volunteers who in good faith whistle-blow in the public interest, will be protected from reprisals and victimisation.

The Mental Capacity Act 2005 is to be used when decisions on behalf of those adults with care and support needs who are unable to make some decisions for themselves. Refer to the Mental Capacity Act Code of Practice, <https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mental-capacity-act-code-of-practice>. You will need to involve an advocate if the person lacks capacity to make decisions about the safeguarding concern.

Why is it important to take action?

It may be difficult for adults with care and support needs to protect themselves and to report abuse. They rely on you to help them.

Confidentiality and information sharing

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC expects all staff, volunteers, trustees to maintain confidentiality at all times. In line with Data Protection law, Stepping Out in Somerset CIC does not share information if not required.

It should however be noted that information should be shared with authorities if an adult is deemed to be at risk of immediate harm. Sharing the right information, at the right time, with the right people can make all the difference to preventing harm. For further guidance on information sharing and safeguarding see: <https://www.scie.org.uk/care-act-2014/safeguarding-adults/sharing-information/keymessages.asp>

Recruitment and selection

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC is committed to safe employment. Safe recruitment practices, such as Disclosure and Barring checks reduce the risk of exposing adults with care and support needs to people unsuitable to work with them.

Training, awareness raising and supervision?

Stepping Out in Somerset CIC ensures that all staff and volunteers receive basic awareness training on safeguarding adults as they may come across adults with care and support needs who may be at risk of abuse. Those adults may report things of concern to staff or volunteers who should be equipped with the basic knowledge around safeguarding adults and be confident to identify that abuse is taking place and action is required. All staff and volunteers should be clear about the core values of Stepping Out in Somerset CIC and commitment to safeguarding adults.

It is also useful to discuss training with staff who have attended training sessions to ensure they are embedding this in practice.

Similarly, staff and volunteers may encounter concerns about the safety and wellbeing of children. They should share their concerns immediately with the Safeguarding lead. More information about children's safeguarding in Somerset can be found at <https://sscb.safeguardingsomerset.org.uk/>, or by talking to staff at Somerset Children's Social Care Team 0300 123 2224, email childrens@somerset.gov.uk.

Prevent

Radicalisation and extremism of adults with care and support needs is a form of emotional/psychological exploitation. Radicalisation can take place through direct personal contact, or indirectly through social media.

If staff are concerned that an adult with care and support needs is at risk of being radicalised and drawn into terrorism, they should treat it in the same way as any other safeguarding concern.

For more information about Prevent see:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance>

Useful contacts

Justin Philcox, Director, Stepping Out in Somerset CIC, Safeguarding Lead

Sue Philcox, Director, Stepping Out in Somerset CIC, Deputy Safeguarding Lead

Tel. 01278 686351

Email: admin@steppingout.org.uk

Useful links

Care act- <http://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2014/23/contents/enacted>

Somerset Safeguarding adults policy and procedures-

<https://ssab.safeguardingsomerset.org.uk/information/policies-and-procedures/>

Safer recruitment in Somerset - <https://sscb.safeguardingsomerset.org.uk/working-with-children/faqs/>

Carer and support statutory guidance-

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/506202/23902777_Care_Act_Book.pdf

Prevent-

<https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/prevent-duty-guidance>

Information sharing-

<https://www.scie.org.uk/care-act-2014/safeguarding-adults/sharing-information/keymessages.asp>

Appendix 1

What are the types of safeguarding adults abuse?

The Care and Support statutory guidance sets out the 10 main types of abuse:

- Physical abuse
- Neglect
- Sexual abuse
- Psychological
- Financial abuse
- Discriminatory
- Organisational
- Domestic violence
- Modern Slavery
- Self-neglect. However, you should keep an open mind about what constitutes abuse or neglect as it can take many forms and the circumstances of the individual case should always be considered.

For more information, read section 14.17 of the Care and Support Statutory Guidance.

What are the possible signs of abuse?

Abuse and neglect can be difficult to spot. You should be alert to the following possible signs of abuse and neglect:

- Depression, self-harm or suicide attempts
- Difficulty making friends
- Fear or anxiety
- The person looks dirty or is not dressed properly,
- The person never seems to have money,
- The person has an injury that is difficult to explain (such as bruises, finger marks, 'non-accidental' injury, neck, shoulders, chest and arms),
- The person has signs of a pressure ulcer,
- The person is experiencing insomnia
- The person seems frightened, or frightened of physical contact.
- Inappropriate sexual awareness or sexually explicit behaviour
- The person is withdrawn, changes in behaviour

You should ask the person if you are unsure about their well-being as there may be other explanations to the above presentation.

Who abuses and neglects adults?

Abuse can happen anywhere, even in somebody's own home. Most often abuse takes place by others who are in a position of trust and power. It can take place whether an adult lives alone or with others. Anyone can carry out abuse or neglect, including:

- partners;
- other family members;
- neighbours;
- friends;
- acquaintances;
- local residents;
- people who deliberately exploit adults they perceive as vulnerable to abuse;
- paid staff or professionals; and
- volunteers and strangers

Raising a safeguarding concern at Stepping Out in Somerset CIC



