

20-Off-Grid Life Cycle

Off-Grid Electrical Systems in Developing Countries

Chapter 12.1

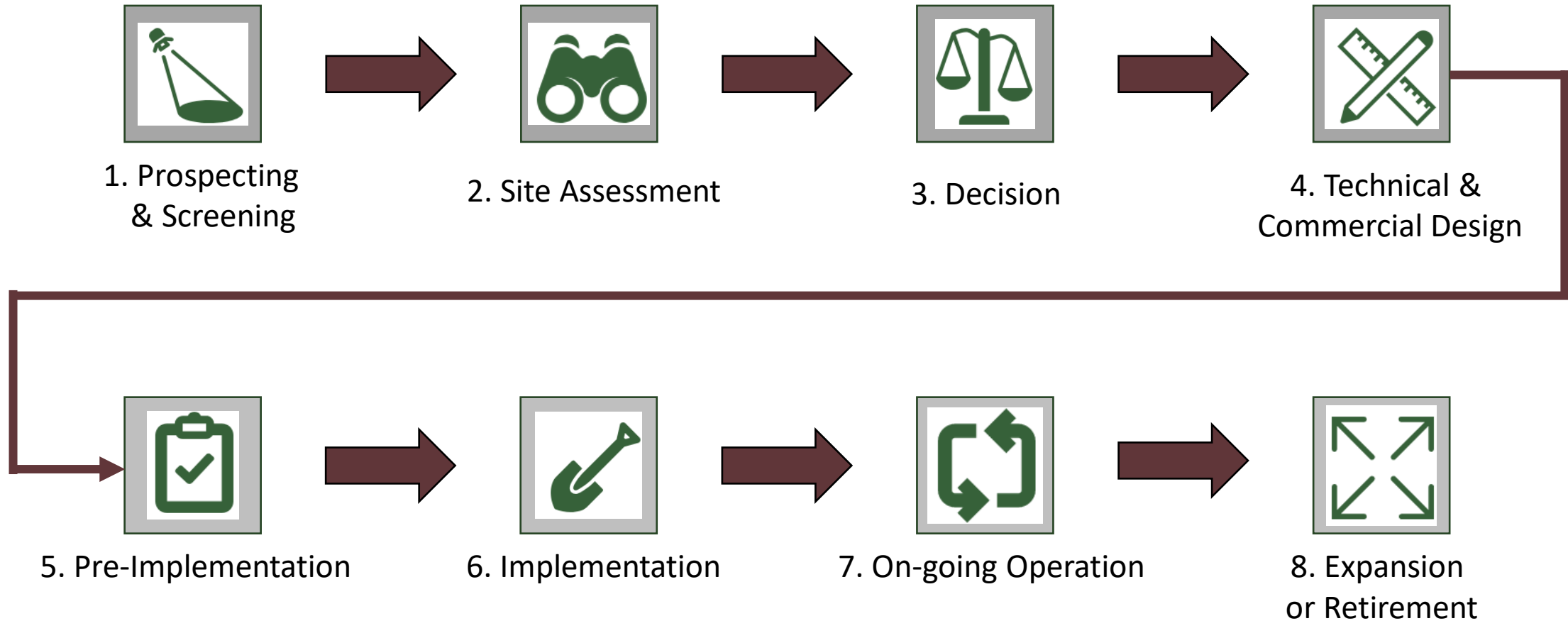


Learning Outcomes

At the end of this lecture, you will be able to:

- ✓ describe the lifecycle of an off-grid project, from a pre-feasibility study to expansion or retirement

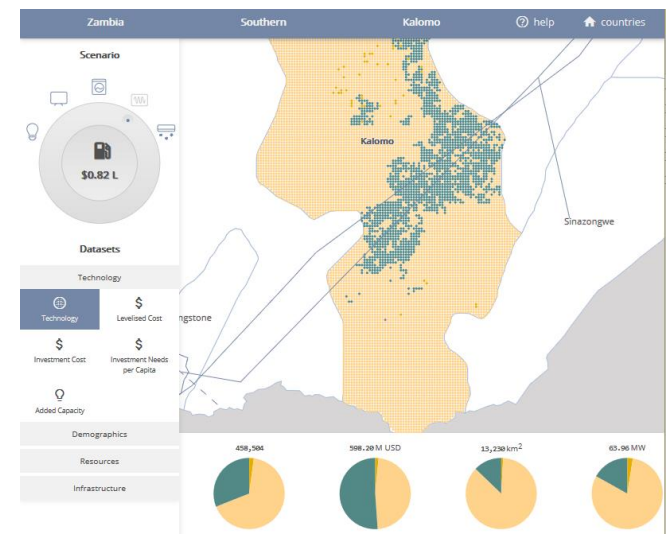
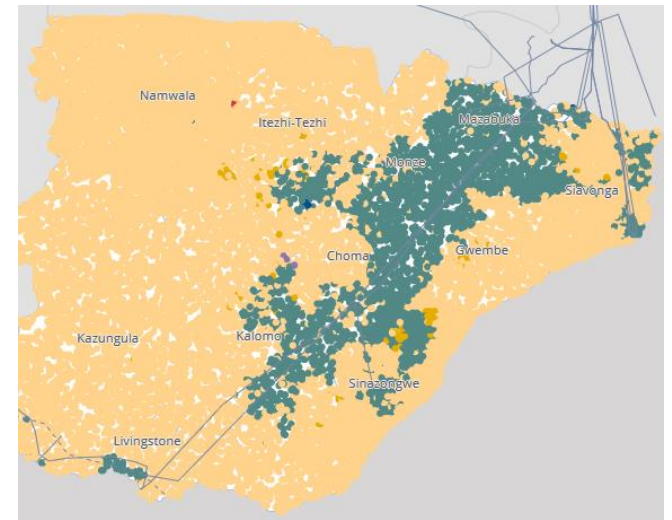
Off-Grid System Life Cycle



1. Prospecting & Screen



- Which community to chose?
- Success depends on location
- Quickly and inexpensively screen potential communities
 - Distance from existing grid
 - Resource availability
 - Other demographics
- Create short list of promising communities



Electrification Pathways

2. Site Assessment



On-site data collection

- Observe community firsthand
- Meet with local officials
- Confirm secondary data are reasonable
- Conduct surveys/focus groups
- Collect preliminary energy resource data
- Identify possible location for assets



3. Decision

- Prioritize communities based on organizational objectives
- Decision methods
 - PESTLE (political, environmental, social, technological, legal, economic) analysis
 - Risk Matrices
 - Theory of Change
 - Others

Attractive Community Characteristics for Electrification

- ✓ national grid is located far away with no credible plans for it to be extended to the community
- ✓ no other off-grid systems installed or planned
- ✓ demand for electricity is high and the planned uses are productive or improve the quality of life
- ✓ ability and willingness to pay for electricity
- ✓ one or more energy resources are suitable for electricity generation
- ✓ dense population
- ✓ there is basic infrastructure (e.g. roads, cellular network)
- ✓ community is politically stable
- ✓ low risk of theft and vandalism

4. Technical & Commercial Design



- Detailed technical and commercial plan design and development
- Iterative and inter-related process
- If design is not projected to meet certain technical or business targets, consider next community on list
 - Capital expense
 - Operating expense
 - Access tier
 - Average Revenue Per User (ARPU)

5. Pre-Implementation



- Permitting (if applicable)
- Vendor identification and contracting
- Procurement
 - Importing equipment (may take many months)
- Community/customer identification and orientation



(Courtesy A. Stewart)

6. Implementation



- Construction of energy production, distribution and end-user system
- Implementation can be quick--- as few as several days
- Commissioning and verification



(Courtesy PowerGen)

7. On-Going Operation

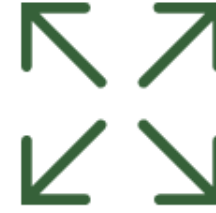


- Serving users
- Maintenance and repair
- Technical data collection
- Commercial data collection
- Social data collection



(Courtesy PowerGen)

8. Expansion or Retirement



- Expansion
 - Serve additional users
 - Improve access tier
- Retirement
 - Restore land and environment to original condition
 - Dispose, re-use or re-cycle equipment in a responsible way
 - Community relations

Contact Information

Henry Louie, PhD

Professor

Seattle University

 @henrylouie

hlouie@ieee.org

Office: +1-206-398-4619