

Common Ways of Holding Title (Vesting) in California

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	COMMUNITY PROPERTY	JOINT TENANCY	TENANCY IN COMMON	PARTNERSHIP HOLDING TITLE	TITLE HOLDING TRUST	COMMUNITY PROPERTY RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP	REGISTERED DOMESTIC PARTNERS
PARTIES	Married spouses or domestic partners	Any number of persons (can be married spouses or registered domestic partners)	Any number of persons (can be married spouses or registered domestic partners)	Only partners (any number)	Individuals, groups of persons, partnership or corporations, a living trust	Married spouses or domestic partners	Only partners that are registered with the California Secretary of State's domestic Partners Registry.
DIVISION	Ownership and managerial interests are equal (except control of business is solely with managing spouse)	Ownership interest must be equal	Ownership can be divided into any number of interests equal or unequal	Ownership interest is in relation to interest in partnership	Ownership is a personal property interest and can be divided into any number of interests	Ownership and managerial interests are equal	Ownership and managerial interests are equal (except control of business is solely with managing domestic partner)
TITLE	Title is in the "community." Each interest is separate but management is unified	Sale or encumbrance by joint tenant severs joint tenancy	Each co-owner has a separate legal title to his/her undivided interest	Title is in the "partnership"	Legal title is held by the trustee; beneficiary has equitable title	Title is in the "community," management is unified	Title is in the "community." Each interest in separate but management is unified
POSSESSION	Both co-owners have equal management and control	Equal right of possession	Equal right of possession	Equal right of possession but only for partnership purposes	Right of possession as specified in the trust provisions	Both co-owners have equal management and control	Both co-owners have equal management and control
CONVEYANCE	Personal property (except "necessaries") may be conveyed for valuable consideration without consent of other spouse; real property requires written consent of other spouse, and separate interest cannot be conveyed except upon death	Conveyance by one co-owner without the others breaks the joint tenancy	Each co-owner's interest may be conveyed separately by its owner	Any authorized partner may convey part or entire interest in partnership property for partnership purposes. Purchaser acquires interest that partnership owned	Designated parties within the trust agreement authorize the trustee to convey property. Also, a beneficiary's interest in the trust may be transferred	Right of survivorship may be terminated pursuant to the same procedures by which a joint tenancy may be severed	Personal property (except "necessaries") may be conveyed for valuable consideration without consent of other partner, real property requires written consent of other partner, and separate interest cannot be conveyed except upon death
PURCHASER'S STATUS	Purchaser can only acquire whole title of community; cannot acquire a part of it	Purchaser will become a tenant in common with the other co-owners in the property as to the purchaser's interest. Other owners may remain joint tenants	Purchaser will become a tenant in common with the other co-owners in the property	Purchaser can aquire part of entire interest in partnership property. If in part, the purchaser will become a tenant in common with the partnership	A purchaser may obtain a beneficiaries interest by assignment or may obtain legal and equitable title from the trust	Purchaser can only acquire whole title of community; cannot acquire a part of it	Purchaser can only acquire whole title of community; cannot acquire a part of it
DEATH	On co-owner's death, 1/2 belongs to survivor in severalty. 1/2 goes by will to descendant's devisee or by succession to survivor	On co-owner's death, his/her interest ends and cannot be disposed of by will. Survivor owns the property by survivorship	On co-owner's death, his/her interest passes by will to devisee or heirs. No survivorship rights	On partner's death, his/ her partnership interest passes to the surviving partner pending liquidation of the partnership. Share of deceased partner then goes to his/her estate	Successor beneficiaries may be named in the trust agreement, eliminating the need for probate	Upon the death of a spouse, his/her interest passes to the surviving spouse, without administration, subject to the same procedures as property held in joint tenancy	On co-owner's death 1/2 belongs to survivor in severalty. 1/2 goes by will to descendant's devisee or by succession to survivor
SUCCESSOR'S STATUS	If passing by will, tenancy in common between devisee and survivor results	Last survivor owns property	Devisee or heirs become tenants in common	Heirs or devisee have rights in partnership interest but not specific property	Define by the trust agreement, generally the successor becomes the beneficiary and the trust continues	Surviving spouse owns property	If passing by will, tenancy in common between devisee and survivor results
CREDITOR'S RIGHTS	Property of community is liable for debts of either spouse, which are made before or after marriage. Whole property may be sold on execution sale to satisfy creditor	Co-owner's interest may be sold on execution sale to satisfy his/her creditor. Joint tenancy is broken, creditor becomes a tenant in common	Co-owner's interest may be sold on execution sale to satisfy his/ her creditor. Creditor becomes a tenant in common	Partner's interest may be be sold separately by "Charging Order" by his/her personal creditor, or his/her share of profits may be obtained by a personal creditor. Whole property may be sold on execution sale to satisfy partnership creditor	Creditor may seek an order for execution sale of the beneficial interest or may seek an order that the trust estate be liquidated and the proceeds distributed	Property of community is liable for debts of either which are made before or after marriage; whole property may be sold on execution sale to satisfy creditor	Property of community is liable for debts of either partner, which are made before or after registration as domestic partners. Whole property may be sold on execution sale to satisfy creditor
PRESUMPTION	Strong presumption that property acquired by married spouses is community	Must be expressly stated	Favored in doubtful cases except married spouses	Arise only by virtue or partnership status in property placed in partnership	A trust is expressly created by an executed trust agreement	Must be expressly stated	Must be expressly stated