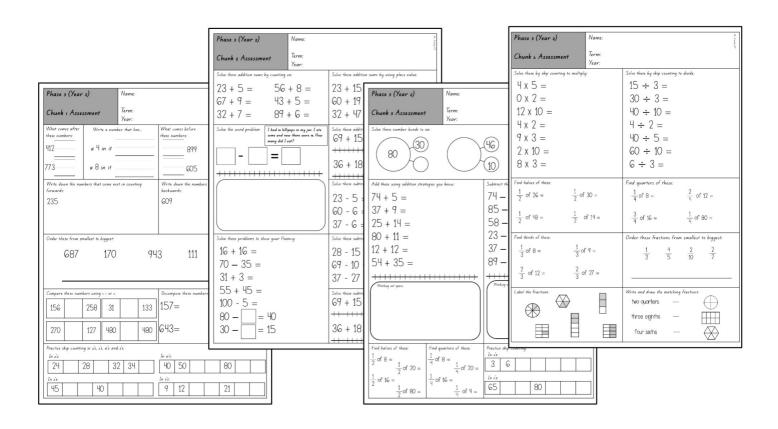
Structured Maths Approach Assessments

These assessments are a great way to pre or post check the learning that appears in each chunk and lesson within the phase. These could be used in many ways to inform your lessons, your start point and to see how the chunk of learning has gone for your students.

Each phase assessment is split into four chunks (to match each chunk of learning) with a question that can be matched back to each lesson. You will then be able to see what still needs to be worked on or covered in your teaching time.

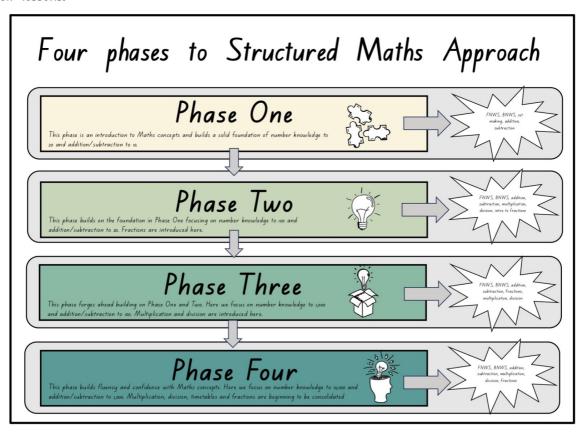


Simply print off the chunk you are looking to assess, complete with students and then review their answers.

You could complete another check of the chunk assessment at the end of the time period; or simply that one lesson of questions again.

The Four Phases breakdown to Structured Maths Approach

Here is the complete breakdown to Structured Maths Approach across the four phases and what each chunk will cover with their lessons.



Phase 1 (Year o or New Entrants)				
Chunk 1	Chunk 2	Chunk 3	Chunk 4	
Numbers 1–10	Add and subtract to 5	Numbers 11–20	Add and subtract to 10	

Phase 2 (Year 1)				
Chunk 1 Numbers 1—100	Chunk 2 Add and subtract to 20	Chunk 3 Add and subtract to 20 Fractions	Chunk 4 Multiplication and division Fractions	

Phase 3 (Year 2)				
Chunk 1 Numbers 1—1,000	Chunk 2 Add and subtract to 100	Chunk 3 Add and subtract to 100 Fractions	Chunk & Multiplication and division Fractions	

Phase 4 (Year 3)				
Chunk 1 Numbers 1–10,000	Chunk 2 Add and subtract to 1,000	Chunk 3 Add and subtract to 1,000 Multiplication and division	Chunk 4 Add and subtract to 1,000 Multiplication and division Fractions	

Phase 3 (Year	2)	Name:					Mrs Priestley IC
Chunk 1 Asses	ssment	Term: Year:					ICT
What comes after these numbers:	Write a nur	nber that has.		What comes these number		Do these numb teen in it? Cir	
412	a 4 in it				899	634	818
773	a 8 in it				· 605	700	212
	u o m n				-	513	222
Write down the nun forwards:	nbers that come n	ext in counting	9	Write down the numbers that come next in counting backwards:			
235				609			
Order these from sn	nallest to biggest:						
687	170)	94	3	111	890	
Compare these numb	bers using < > or =			Decompose	these numbers:	Compose these	numbers:
156	258 31		133	157=		70+5=	
270	127 480		480	643=		600+90)+2=
Practice skip counting in 2's, 5's, 10's and 3's:							
Practice skip countin In 2's:	ig in 25, 55, ios ar	d 3 s:		In 10's:			
24	28 3	32 34		40 5	0	80	
In s's:	, ,			In з's:	, ,		
45	60			9 12	2	21	

Chunk 2 Assessment

Term: Year:

Solve these addition sums by counting on:

$$23 + 5 =$$

$$56 + 8 =$$

$$67 + 9 =$$

$$43 + 5 =$$

$$32 + 7 =$$

$$89 + 6 =$$

Solve these addition sums by using place value:

$$23 + 15 =$$

$$54 + 23 =$$

$$60 + 19 =$$

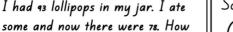
$$70 + 15 =$$

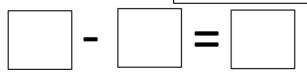
$$32 + 47 =$$

$$13 + 65 =$$

Solve the word problem:

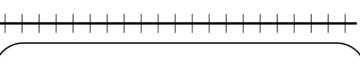
I had as lollipops in my jar. I ate some and now there were 78. How many did I eat?





Solve these addition sums by using a number line:

$$69 + 15 =$$



Solve these subtraction sums by counting back:

$$23 - 5 =$$

$$54 - 5 =$$

$$60 - 6 =$$

$$70 - 7 =$$

$$37 - 6 =$$

Solve these problems to show your fluency:

$$16 + 16 =$$

$$70 - 35 =$$

$$31 + 3 =$$

$$100 - 5 =$$

Solve these subtraction sums by using place value:

$$28 - 15 =$$

$$94 - 23 =$$

$$69 - 10 =$$

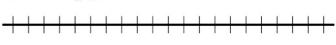
$$75 - 10 =$$

$$37 - 27 =$$

$$65 - 14 =$$

Solve these subtraction sums by using a number line:

$$69 - 15 =$$



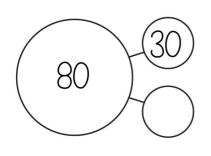
Phase 3 (Year 2)

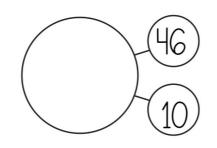
Name:

Chunk & Assessment

Term: Year:

Solve these number bonds to 100:





Solve these doubles to 100:

Add these using addition strategies you know:

$$74 + 5 =$$

$$37 + 9 =$$

$$25 + 14 =$$

$$80 + 11 =$$

$$12 + 12 =$$

$$54 + 35 =$$

Subtract these using subtraction strategies you know:

$$74 - 5 =$$

$$85 - 14 =$$

$$58 - 2 =$$

$$23 - 12 =$$

$$37 - 9 =$$

$$89 - 37 =$$

Working out space:

Working out space:

Find halves of these:

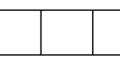
$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of $8 = \frac{1}{2}$ of $20 = \frac{1}{4}$ of $8 = \frac{1}{2}$ of $16 = \frac{1}{4}$ of $16 = \frac{1}{4}$ of $16 = \frac{1}{4}$ of $16 = \frac{1}{4}$

Find quarters of these:

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 8 = $\frac{1}{4}$ of 20 = $\frac{1}{4}$ of 16 = $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4 =

Practice skip counting:
In 3's:





In s's:

80

Phase 3 (Year 2)

Name:

Chunk & Assessment

Term: Year:

Solve these by skip counting to multiply:

$$4 \times 5 =$$

$$0 \times 2 =$$

$$12 \times 10 =$$

$$4 \times 2 =$$

$$9 \times 3 =$$

$$2 \times 10 =$$

$$8 \times 3 =$$

Solve these by skip counting to divide:

$$15 \div 3 =$$

$$60 \div 10 =$$

Find halves of these:

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 26 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 30 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 48 =

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 of 14 =

Find quarters of these:

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{2}{4}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 of 16 =

$$\frac{1}{4}$$
 of 80 =

Find thirds of these:

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 8 =

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 9 =

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 12 =

$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 of 27 =

Order these fractions from smallest to biggest:

$$\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{2}{10}$$

$$\frac{2}{2}$$

Label the fractions











Write and draw the matching fractions:

two quarters



three eighths -



four sixths

