Randomized Controlled Trial for Smartphone based Smoking Cessation Program

Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay



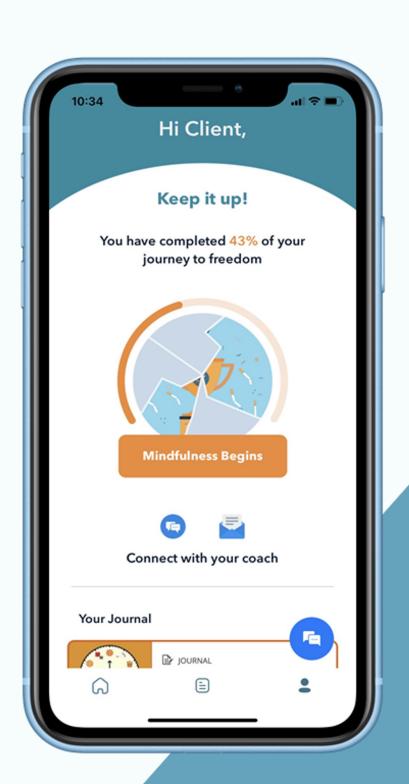


### Hypothesis

- To reverse the user's psychological addiction to nicotine using behavioral techniques like positive psychology, cognitive behavioral therapy, and mindfulness.
- No use of pharmaceutical interventions like oral supplements, medications or nicotine replacement therapies.
- Requires 6-10 hours over 6-10 days to complete.

#### Quit Smoking App — Key Features

- 6-day program with daily content mental exercises, interactive journal, chat-based support from expert coaches.
- · No cravings after quitting.
- No lifestyle changes needed.
- No weight gain post quitting.
- Affordable (~2 packs of cigarettes in most countries).



#### Objectives

- To assess the impact of A 'Quit Smoking App' program on short and long-term smoking cessation.
- To determine the level of engagement with the 'Quit Smoking app'.
- To assess the feasibility of the 'Quit Smoking App' program.

# Study Design

- 2-arm, single blinded, randomized controlled trial.
- Min 500 Participants: 250 (Intervention Group IG) + 250 (Control Group – CG).
- Adult everyday smokers with ~1 cigarette per day (have smoked at least 100 cigarettes).
- Sample size based on literature with 12% success rate of mobile app-based cessation therapies.

# Study Design

- The IG group will be assigned to the Quit Smoking app program.
- The CG group will be given brief advice to quit smoking.
- Point Prevalence Abstinence (PPA) & Prolonged Abstinence (PA) self-reported via phone/online/in-person at 7-day, 30-day, 3-month, and 6-month time points.

# Study Design

- Self-reported data will be verified via non-invasive testing of saliva cotinine (at 30-day & 6-month points).
- Publication of initial results after obtaining 30-day post quit data.
- Follow up publication after remaining time points.

# Role of Human Participants

Adult participants who smoke at least 1 cigarette daily, and have smoked at

least 100 cigarettes in total.

- Eligible participants will be randomly assigned:
  - Quit Smoking program (IG)
  - Basic advice on quitting smoking (CG)

#### enefits of Quit smoking

pp

Successfully quit smoking without cravings – impacts future health and wellbeing.

Affordable and accessible as compared to most high efficacy smoking cessation programs.

Success of the program will aid the creation of standardized large-scale, high-efficacy de-addiction interventions – affordable & accessible to global marginalized communities.

Better understanding of the psychological aspects of nicotine addiction.

# Study Population

- Participants from multicentric trial study centres across India:
- -Participation with informed consent and meeting inclusion and exclusion criteria.
- -All locations under the study area will be under the jurisdiction of an IEC (hospital or

technology institute.

#### Participant Inclusion Criteria

- Adults over 18 years of age.
- Written informed consent by the participant.
- Proficient in written and spoken English.
- Must be an everyday smoker 1 or more cigarettes per day on average
  - & smoked at least 100 cigarettes.

# Participant Inclusion Criteria

- Participant must have daily access to an Android or iOS smartphone.
- Can use a smartphone without difficulty.
- Salivary cotinine test positive on first visit (after meeting other Inclusion criteria).
- The participant's mouth is rinsed thoroughly with water 10 minutes before sample collection.

#### Participant Exclusion Criteria

- Have already quit smoking / Currently not smoking.
- Advised by doctor to not quit smoking cold-turkey.
- Severe mental or psychiatric illness.
- Inability to attend follow-up clinic visits during study period.
- Planned to use a smoking cessation aid / participate in any kind of smoking

cessation activities outside the trial.

# Participant Exclusion Criteria

- Consumed a major meal within 60 minutes before the test.
- Consumed alcohol within 12 hours before the test.
- Consumed foods like broccoli, cabbage, mustard, garlic, radishes, almonds and horseradish within 12 hours.
- Persons working with metal and related occupations including electroplating and precious metal refining.
- Tobacco workers.

#### Participant Recruitment Procedure

Participants will be:

- interviewed at the study centre by investigators.
- given a questionnaire to obtain baseline de-identified data.
- asked to sign a written informed consent form in English language only.
- screened for inclusion and exclusion from the study.
- randomly sorted into IG or CG based on a computer program.

# Study Procedure

- CG participants will be advised by investigators to stop smoking using self-control – 7 days, with telephonic counselling from the team.
- IG participants will be enrolled in the Quit Smoking program for 6 days.
- The team will telephonically check the adherence of the participants (IG and CG).

Reminders will be sent once a day to both groups.

#### Study Procedure

- IG participants will receive access to the **Quit Smoking App** program and assistance (6–10 hours total content over 6–10 days).
- IG group will be provided text and video-based behavioral change techniques.
- Self-reporting of smoking cessation at 7, 30, 120, and 180 days.
- Salivary cotinine tests repeated after 30 and 180 day points.

# Salivary Cotinine

- Salivary cotinine is a good marker for tobacco consumption detection.
- However, it may also be positive in passive or non-smokers.
- According to a study published in Indian J Psychiatry (Sharma et al., 2019),

the mean cotinine levels in saliva is as follows:

9.53 ng/mL - non-smokers (n = 26)

18.31 ng/mL - passive smokers (n = 15)

 $32739 \, \text{ng/ml} - \text{smokers} (n = 49)$ 

# Salivary Cotinine Test

- Saliva samples will be collected using a POC test kit.
- The participant will be asked to chew the cotton stick for 2 minutes.
- Once placed back in a sterile tube, it will be tested using a POC device.
- The test will take place at the end of the ~30 minute interview.
- Salivary cotinine levels below 50 ng/mL will be considered as a negative test result (to eliminate bias due to passive smoking).



# Undisclosed Features

Participants will not be informed about the external funding agency as

they might assume it is part of a promotional campaign.

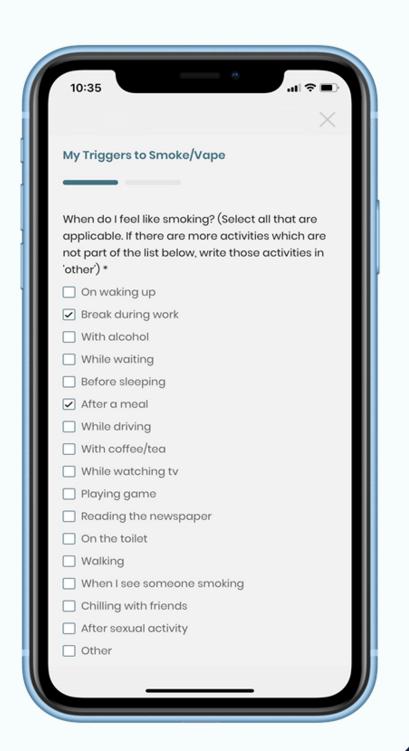
### Type of Data Collected

- **Demographic data:** date of birth, sex, place of residence, occupation, marital status, number of children (if any), education, employment status.
- Information regarding smoking activities
- Inclusion/Exclusion criteria: English proficiency, access to smartphone, psychiatric/mental health problems, access to the clinic during study period, participation in other smoking cessation programs or aids.

#### Data Collection Procedure

- Initial eligibility interview
- Saliva cotinine tests
- Questionnaire
- Self-reported progress data via smartphone

All data will be collected via a Google form which will be password protected and accessible only to the investigators.





#### Associated Risks

There are no risks or harmful effects associated with this

study.

#### Associated Benefits

- Ability to quit smoking without cravings.
- Significant positive impact on future health and wellbeing.
- Affordable and accessible.
- Better understanding of the psychological aspect of nicotine

addiction.

# Regulatory & Ethical Compliance

• Participants are recruited from Govt and private medical establishments with valid

IEC approval and after taking Informed Consent Form (by the participants).

• The program is registered with the Clinical Trial Registry, India (CTRI)

# Project Funding

Primary Sponsor: IIT Bombay to the Study Centres

# Publication of Study Results

- Publication of initial results after obtaining 30-day post quit data.
- Follow up publication after remaining time points.

Only demographic details will be used. No personal identifiable data will

be utilized in these publications.

# Study Timeline

- Duration of the Quit Smoking App Programme: 6-10 days.
- Self-reporting of abstinence:
  - after 7 days post abstinence or 7 days post completion of the program

(whichever is earlier).

- after 30 days or 30 days post completion of the program (whichever is earlier).

#### Study Timeline

- after 180 days or 180 days post completion of the program (whichever is earlier).
- Salivary Cotinine Detection:
  - -on day 1 (recruitment day).
  - -after day 30 and after day 180 (if the participant self-reports abstinence).

# Thank You!