Books of Original Entry

1 Lee maintains a three-column cash book. On 1 August 2020 the balances were: bank overdraft \$248, cash \$45

The following transactions took place in August 2020.

August	Transaction
3	Paid by direct debit to Mobilecom, \$115
8	Cash sales, \$1 420
9	Paid cash into the bank, \$800
16	Paid Sophia by cheque, \$475, in full settlement of an invoice after taking 5% cash discount.
23	Received a cheque from Folan, a credit customer, \$225
28	Paid wages by cash, \$540
29	Received notice from the bank that the cheque from Folan, \$225, had been dishonoured.
30	Received a cheque from Chan in full settlement of an invoice for \$880. Chan had taken a 5% cash discount.

(a) Enter the above transactions in the three-column cash book on page **11**. Balance the cash book at 31 August 2020 and bring the balances down on 1 September 2020.

(15)

Cash book

Bank \$					
Cash \$					
Discount \$					
Details					
Date 2020					
Bank \$					
Cash \$					
Discount Cash \$					
Details					
Date 2020					

2 Raheem maintains a three-column cash book.

On 1 April 2021 the balances were: bank \$110 overdrawn, cash \$25

The following transactions took place during April 2021.

April	Transaction						
3	Received a credit transfer from Joseph in full settlement of an invoice for \$1620. The receipt was after taking 10% cash discount.						
12	Paid BL Council by standing order, \$220						
21	Sold goods for cash, \$80						
23	Transferred cash to bank, \$65						
27	Paid window cleaner by cash, \$28						
30	Paid AWB \$2185 by cheque in full settlement of an invoice after taking 5% cash discount.						

(a) Enter the transactions in the three-column cash book

Balance the cash book on 30 April 2021 and bring the balances down on 1 May 2021.

(10)

	Bank \$					
	Cash \$					
	Discount \$					
	Details					
Cash Book	Date 2021					
Cash	Bank \$					
	Cash \$					
	Discount \$					
	Details					
	Date 2021					

(b) Explain the benefits for Raheem of maintaining a petty cash book.	(5)

- 3 Isabella owns a business selling clothing.
 - (a) State the business document and the book of original entry for **each** transaction in Isabella's books of account.

(6)

Transaction	Business document	Book of original entry
Purchased a new motor vehicle on credit, \$5 000		
Purchased postage stamps, \$3		
Sold goods for cash, \$910		

On 1 December 2019 Isabella was owed \$480 by Shania, a credit customer. During the month of December 2019, the following transactions took place.

December Transaction							
9	Sold goods on credit to Shania, \$195						
14	Shania returned goods, \$35						
27	Shania paid the balance owing at 1 December 2019 by cheque, after deducting a 5% discount.						

(b) Prepare the account of Shania in Isabella's books of account. Balance the account at 31 December 2019 and bring the balance down at 1 January 2020.

(7)

Shania Account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(c) State one purpose of:	
(i) a statement of account	(1)
(ii) a remittance advice.	(1)

4 Markus maintains a three-column cash book. On 1 December 2019 the balances were: bank \$340 overdrawn, cash \$70

The following transactions took place in December 2019.

December	Transaction
4	Received a cheque from Patel, a credit customer, \$125
5	Sold goods for cash, \$2 350
12	Paid cash into the bank, \$1300
13	Received notice from the bank that the cheque from Patel, \$125, had been dishonoured.
19	Paid by standing order to Westgas, \$85
23	Received a cheque from Sumner, \$1140, in full settlement of an invoice after taking 5% cash discount.
28	Paid wages by cash, \$840
29	Paid Linston by cheque in full settlement of an invoice for \$1 420. Payment was after taking 10% cash discount.

Enter the transactions in the three-column cash book. Balance the cash book at 31 December 2019 and bring down the balance on 1 January 2020.

Cash book

- 5 Leon buys and sells goods only on credit.
 - (a) Complete the table.

(6)

Transaction	Source document	Book of original entry
Sold goods		
Received payment from customer		
Purchased a non-current asset on credit		

On 1 March 2020 the balance owing by Leon to Jay, a credit supplier, was \$1 250 The following transactions took place during March 2020.

March	Transaction
3	Purchased goods on credit, \$615
8	Returned faulty goods, \$38
23	Paid the balance at 1 March 2020 by direct debit after deducting 2% cash discount.

(b) (i) Prepare Jay's account. Balance the account on 31 March 2020 and bring the balance down on 1 April 2020.

(6)

Jay's Account

Date	Details	\$ Date	Details	\$

(ii) Identify, indicatir maintained in Le	ng with a tick (\checkmark), the ledger in which Jay's a con's books.	ccount would be
	Nominal ledger	(1)
	Receivables ledger	
	Payables ledger	
(c) State one reason wh	y a business offers:	
(i) trade discount		(1)
(ii) cash discount.		(1)

6 Suda maintains a three-column cash book.

On 1 April 2020 the balances were cash in hand, \$85, and bank overdraft, \$540 The following transactions occurred during April 2020.

April	Transaction
4	Paid a cheque to Flolite after taking a cash discount of 3% in full settlement of its account balance of \$400
8	Sold goods for cash, \$855
14	Paid cash into the bank, \$900
16	Paid cash for stationery, \$26
24	Received a cheque from Kai, \$735, net of a cash discount of 2%
29	Paid wages by cheque, \$418
30	Paid electricity by standing order, \$600

(a) Prepare the cash book for the month of April 2020.

Balance the cash book on 30 April 2020 and bring the balance down on 1 May 2020.

(14)

							ı	
Bank	\$							
Cash	\$							
Discount	\$							
Details								
Date 2020								
Bank	\$							
Cash	\$							
Discount	٠							
Details								
Date 2020								

(b) State whether the bank balance at 30 April 2020 is an asset or a liability.

(1)