

POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS PROCEDURE: ARTHROSCOPIC LABRAL REPAIR

- Pain Medication: You will be given a prescription for pain medication to be taken after surgery. This should be filled and ready for use when you return home from the surgery center/hospital. You should not drive, operate heavy machinery or participate in activities that require concentration while taking narcotic pain medications such as Percocet, Oxycodone, Norco, Vicodin or Tylenol with Codeine. You should take an over the counter stool softener while taking narcotic pain medications to prevent constipation.
- ▶ <u>Dressings</u>: You may remove your dressings and apply Band-Aids to the incisions 3 days following surgery. (For example, if surgery was on Thursday, do not change the dressing until Sunday.) At that time you may take a shower, but do not soak the incisions in a tub, pool, or body of water for 4 weeks. Change the Band-Aids after each shower.
- Cold Therapy Machine: If provided, begin use the day after surgery. Use it three times a day at the manufacturer's setting for one hour each session. Always make sure to apply a barrier between the cold pad and your skin. If you have not been provided with a cold therapy machine, apply ice to surgical area in a waterproof bag for 30 minutes each hour you are awake.
- ➤ <u>Sling</u>: Use at all times, except for while showering. When showering, you must keep the operative arm in front of the body and down by waist (as if it were in the sling) at all times.
- Post-Operative Appointment: Please make a post-operative appointment to see your surgeon 10-14 days following surgery.
- Prescription Refill Protocol: You MUST give your physician 48 hours notice for any medication refill. Many medications require a written prescription and cannot be called into a pharmacy. Prescriptions will not be filled over the weekend.

727-202-1290 www.WaypointOrtho.com

When to call your surgeon:

- Complications after surgery are fortunately very rare. Call the office if you have any of the following symptoms:
 - Persistent fever >101, chills
 - Increasing pain at the surgical site
 - New onset numbness or tingling
 - Hives or new rashes
 - Shortness of breath of chest pain
 - Persistent nausea/vomiting
 - Drainage from your incision lasting >5 days