Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco: Health and Safety Risk Assessment

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
		Ensure that the movement of loads is within each individual's ability	Yes	
			Allocate more than 1 person to moving large or heavy loads	Yes
		Heavy loads	Reduce the load by breaking it down into smaller pieces	Yes
Abrasions, cuts,	Bulky loadsUnstable loads	Make loads easier to handle e.g. by adding handles to the packaging or wearing gloves	Yes	
	 Moving loads 	Remove unnecessary packaging	Yes	
	 Abrasions, cuts, and fractures 	<i>'</i>	Ensure load does not obstruct the view (of those moving it) during the manual handling operation	Yes
	Back pain		Ensure load is stable e.g. repackage	Yes
Members of staff	Muscle sprainJoint or disc	surfaces • Moving loads	Provide lifting and/or moving aids e.g. sack trolleys, and train staff in their use.	Yes
injuries • Trapped nerves • Hernias	around obstacles • Moving loads in poorly lit areas	Allow a resting stage between loads to allow muscles to recover	Yes	
		Store heavy, frequently-used items at waist height, to limit the need for lifting up and setting down	Yes	
	etc	Provide lifting aids: train staff in their use	Yes	
	 Lack of manual handling training 	Assess route and remove hazards e.g. repair damaged flooring, provide non-slip trackway, improve lighting, remove obstacles	Yes	
		Identify alternative safe route	Yes	
			Provide suitable PPE e.g. boots with good sole grip	Yes
			Provide suitable manual handling training	Yes

Membership Number: 34133 (Expires: 23/03/2026)
Responsible Person: Stephen Hogg

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 Date for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place
			Use of Bank cards / cashless transactions encouraged	Yes
theft • Robbe moving		Cash in tills kept to a minimum	Yes	
		Valuable goods located away from service counters	Yes	
		Cash kept in a secure place	Yes	
	 Robbery and theft Robbery when moving cash to secure storage 	Transfer of cash to secure storage is at random times	Yes	
		Transfer of cash to secure storage uses varied routes	Yes	
		Transfer of cash to secure storage involves, where possible, two people	Yes	
		Staff trained not to resist robberies	Yes	
	Verbal abuse Thereal a	Payment	Staff trained to have a planned escape route	Yes
Staff	Threats Assault leading	disputesGroup disorder	Staff trained to recognise signs of aggression	Yes
• Contractors to physical injuries the di injuries the di injuries the di injuries	 Persons under the influence of drink or drugs Frustration Intimidation and racial 	Staff trained to provide a good, friendly service	Yes	
		Staff trained not to respond to provocation or abuse	Yes	
		Staff trained to offer a 'way out' by allowing an aggressor to 'save face'	Yes	
		Staff trained to summon help and support immediately it is needed	Yes	
	harassment	Staff trained to share information on potential or known troublemakers	Yes	
		Avoid lone working where possible. Where lone working cannot be avoided a risk assessment will have been carried out and necessary controls implemented.	Yes	
			, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment

Ensure appropriate means of communication

Yes

Slips, Trips & Falls

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
			Site survey carried out to identify slip and trip hazards – hazards removed or controlled (e.g. wet leaves removed from walkways or icy travel routes salted/gritted, pot holes and uneven surfaces removed/repaired)	Yes
			Safe routes identified and used by staff. Trip hazards that cannot be removed are identified and highlighted	Yes
			Suitable and/or protective footwear required and worn	Yes
			Guy ropes and anchors highlighted and/or barricaded off from public access	Yes
Outdoors - slippery or	Outdoors - slippery or	Cables not run across walkways without suitable, marked protective cable routers	Yes	
	* * *	uneven surfaces	Stock stored appropriately to prevent obstacle creation	Yes
Members of	Trip hazard obstacles	Where limited areas of flooring show indications of slip hazards, non-slip mats assessed for temporary use	Yes	
ContractorsMembers of the	sprains • Musco-skeletal	Indoors - slippery or	Cleaning plan in place and spillages cleaned up without delay (Clean as you go). Staff trained in cleaning procedures	Yes
public	public injuries unev • Fractures • Use • Death and	uneven surfaces Use of stairs and uneven surfaces	Planned maintenance programme in place to reduce failure risks that could result in leaks. Arrangements in place for urgent repair call outs	Yes
		Human factors	Leaking liquid collected, and disposed of	Yes
			Hazard warning signs displayed after wet cleaning	Yes
			Suitable equipment provided to limit liquid on floor e.g. mop wringer and staff fully trained in safe wet cleaning	Yes
			Clean footwear policy in place to ensure muddy footwear removed before entering catering units	Yes
			Planned maintenance checks on equipment to reduce unnecessary condensation. Ventilation (and extraction) overhauled/improved if continuing issue	Yes
			Cleaning plan adapted to include regular removal of condensation, as appropriate	Yes

Slips, Trips & Falls ... continued

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place:
			Suitable flooring to meet hygiene and safety standards for its planned use	Yes
			Temporary flooring suitability checked before use to ensure it has slip resistant properties and does not lift or crease causing tripping hazards	Yes
			Where limited areas of flooring show indications of slip hazard, non-slip mats assessed for temporary use	Yes
			Slip resistant footwear for staff provided where necessary	Yes
			Staff encouraged to report damage flooring immediately. Damaged areas of flooring highlighted and barricaded off	Yes
		- Outdoors	Damaged flooring repaired or replaced	Yes
	Outdoors - slippery or uneven surfaces Title	Regular drain clearance and blockages cleared to avoid overflowing. Drainage replaced or repaired if continuing problem	Yes	
Members of staff Staff Cuts Trip hazard obstacles sprains Indoors -	·	Tasks involving use of stairs limited where practicable. Stair hazards included in Manual handling assessments	Yes	
Members of the public	Contractors Members of the Musco-skeletal slippery or uneven surfaces	uneven surfaces	Stairs inspected regularly to ensure in good condition and to identify and manage wear and tear. Stair nosings highlighted	Yes
		Uneven surfaces identified, barricaded off or signage warnings. Early repair	Yes	
		Human factors	Level changes highlighted	Yes
		Safe systems of work in place, including realistic time allocation for tasks. Staff trained in safe ways of working	Yes	
		Job allocation based on individual's ability to carry out tasks safely. Vulnerable staff (due to age, illness, disability etc) provided with extra training support and on the job supervision	Yes	
			Staff trained to report damage to equipment, surfaces, structures and facilities as soon as spotted. Staff trained to report accidents, injuries and near misses	Yes
			Accident books reviewed for information on slip, trip and fall near misses	Yes

Slips, Trips 8	ι Falls continι	ued		
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
 Members of staff Contractors Members of the public 	 Abrasions and cuts Bruising / sprains Musco-skeletal injuries 	 Outdoors - slippery or uneven surfaces Trip hazard obstacles Indoors - slippery or uneven surfaces 	obstacles are removed from walkways. Staff regularly reminded of importance of keeping walkways clear and obstacle free	Yes
	FracturesDeath	Use of stairs and uneven surfacesHuman factors	Regular checks to ensure levels of lighting suitable for tasks carried out. Swift replacement of failed bulbs	Yes

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 ate for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
		Use of automated or semi-automated filtering processes, where possible	N/A	
			Manufacturer's instructions followed	Yes
			Appliances turned off, including at the wall socket for electric appliances, and at the on/off control for gas appliances	N/A
	Unsafe	Emptying and/or filtration commenced when the oil has cooled to 40°C or lower	N/A	
empty/cleaning of deep fat fryers • Slips trips and fall • Poor kitchen layou • Failure to use protective	empty/cleaning of deep fat fryers • Slips trips and falls	Staff trained in safe methods for emptying and cleaning fryers, including oil filtration, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions	N/A	
	Poor kitchen layoutFailure to use	Staff provided with suitable personal protective equipment including eye protection (goggles), heat resistant gloves and aprons. Staff required to wear appropriate protective footwear.	N/A	
StaffContractors	Scalds from steam or hot	Malfunctioning equipment	Appropriate flooring for the work activities, ideally slip resistant	N/A
 Members of the public liquids Hot water containers overturning Misuse of ste generating equipment Water taps to Spills 	containers overturning	Floors maintained in good condition; spillages cleared up immediately. Where necessary warning signage displayed.	Yes	
		Regular cleaning in accordance with the Cleaning plan	Yes	
	equipment Water taps too hot	Walkways kept free from tripping hazards such as trailing cables or obstructions	Yes	
		Equipment generating heat sited, where possible, away from main walkways and away from customer contact	Yes	
	hot	'Hot Surface' signs displayed	Yes	
			Suitable protective equipment provided e.g. heat resistant kitchen cloths for removal of items from cookers/bain-maries etc	N/A
			Staff provided with appropriate protective overclothing e.g. long sleeved jackets etc	N/A
			Heating, cooking and hot holding equipment regularly	

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment

and cut outs

Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 ate for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Yes

maintained, to include effective operation of thermostats

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
Staff Contractors Members of the public Scalds from steam or hot liquids Scalds from steam or hot liquids Unsafe empty/cleaning of deep fat fryers Slips trips and falls Poor kitchen layout Failure to use protective equipment/clothing Malfunctioning equipment Hot water containers overturning Misuse of steam generating equipment Water taps too hot Spills Drinks served too	Hot water containers e.g. urns sited on level surfaces, restraints fitted to prevent overturning and sited away from customer contact	Yes		
	Staff trained in safe use of steam generating equipment before first use	Yes		
	 Hot water containers overturning Misuse of steam generating equipment 	Thermostatic controls fitted	Yes	
		Hot water signs displayed	Yes	
		Equipment not over filled	Yes	
		Lids fitted where appropriate	Yes	
	• Spills	Movement of hot liquids limited	Yes	
		hot	Service temperature limited	Yes

Use of knive	s and sharp blad	des	
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?
			Automate cutting process
			Use of safety knives
			Use of knives suitable for the task and the food
			Knives kept sharp
			Stable surface used for cutting. Commercial chopping
			boards used with (as necessary) slip resistant matting
			beneath to prevent boards sliding on the surface.
			Cutting areas well-lit and away from walkways (to avoid

Staff

Cuts

Puncture

wounds

Amputations

Crush injuries

Contractors

 Unsafe use of knives

knivesUnsafe use of catering machinery with blades

Yes Cutting areas well-lit and away from walkways (to avoid Yes distraction, inadvertent contact etc) Careful handling when washing up. Avoidance of submerging sharp blades and knives in such a way that they Yes are concealed Knives carried with the blade pointing down Yes Knives stored securely after use Yes Protective equipment used where appropriate e.g. use of N/A Kevlar gloves Staff trained in safe use of knives Yes Manufacturer's instructions followed when operating and N/A cleaning cutting equipment/machinery Equipment serviced and maintained in accordance with N/A

Control
in place?
N/A
Yes
Yes
Yes

N/A

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment

Blades kept sharp

y Prosecco Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 Assessment Date for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Use of knives and sharp blades continued				
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
			Pushers, sticks etc used to load machinery	N/A
'		Unsafe use of knivesUnsafe use of catering	Hair and/or loose clothing tied back to avoid catching in machinery	N/A
			Machinery located away from walkways to reduce risk of disturbance	N/A
	Crush injuries	machinery with blades	Area around machinery sufficient for safe operation, kept clean and free of obstacles	N/A
			Staff trained in safe use of machinery	N/A

Membership Number: 34133 (Expires: 23/03/2026)

Responsible Person: Stephen Hogg

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 Date for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
			Avoid lone working	Yes
			Full risk assessment of workplace and work location carried out	Yes
			Assessment of medical suitability for lone working carried out	Yes
		Control/risk mitigation measures implemented and regularly reviewed	Yes	
	 Apparent vulnerability of 	Staff trained in ways to deal with aggression and violence (See Violence at work risk assessment)	Yes	
	Minor injuriesMajor injuries	the lone worker Lack of support	Measures in place to manage any risks in travelling to and from work alone, particularly at night	Yes
 Staff Contractors Verbal abuse Physical assault Death in case equipr failure Lack o in case 	in case of equipment	Measures in place, such as a 'buddy system' to ensure that a lone worker returns safely from work to their home base	Yes	
	Lack of support	Staff given all necessary safety information e.g. presence of hazardous substances and safe use of equipment	Yes	
	accident	Staff trained in First Aid and provided with appropriate First Aid materials	Yes	
		Appropriate emergency arrangements in place	Yes	
		Staff trained in using emergency arrangements	Yes	
		Arrangements in place to allow staff to communicate with others in the case of emergency. Including back up measures for places where mobile phone reception is poor	Yes	

Regular visits or contact to check on the health, safety and

wellbeing of lone workers

Yes

Use of portal	ble generators	
Who might be	In what way may	

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?			
						Avoid contact with output terminals and hot generator parts Ensure generator is suitably grounded i.e. is provided with an appropriate ground fault circuit interrupter, which is regularly tested to ensure effective operation	Yes Yes
			Ensure generator is sited in a secure place, which is not an enclosed space, where unauthorised access can be prevented	Yes			
	 Shock and electrocution 		Ensure suitable guarding is in place to protect against contact with all moving parts which could cause injury	Yes			
	Burns Injuries due to explosion Asphyxiation Contact with	In wet conditions ensure that the generator is covered with a non-flammable open sided canopy and that no part of the canopy is within 2 to 3 feet of the generator whilst operating	Yes				
and death generators	generators • Incorrect user of	Generator is sited on non-flammable, dry, level surface where water cannot pool	Yes				
StaffContractors	difficulties due to fuel/exhaust	generators • Poor	Generator is switched off immediately if it becomes wet or water pools around it	Yes			
Members of the	fumes	maintenance	Hands are dry before any contact with the generator	Yes			
public	 Skin damage due to contact 	 Poor refueling arrangements 	Regularly check temperature gauges to avoid over heating	Yes			
with fuel • Nois	Noise levels too high	If overheating then cease use until checked for safety and use protective, heat resistant gloves for any essential handling	Yes				
	generator noise Injuries due to contact with the generator		After use, cool generator before storing in a well-ventilated area	Yes			
			To avoid Injuries due to fire or explosion properly implement the controls in Fire Risk Assessment. Refer to Fire Risk Assessment	Yes			
		Ensure generators are not operated in enclosed spaces. Operate in the open air and ensure not sited in close proximity to buildings or enclosed areas where exhaust fumes could build up	Yes				
			Ensure Carbon monoxide alarm is fitted and operational	Yes			
			Generator is visually checked for signs of damage before use	Yes			

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place:
 Staff Contractors Members of the public 	and death Breathing difficulties due to fuel/exhaust fumes Skin damage due to contact	Contact with generators Incorrect user of generators Poor maintenance Poor refueling arrangements Noise levels too high	Ensure generator is regularly maintained and tested by a competent person, in accordance with Manufacturer's instructions. As a minimum 6 monthly, or after 400 hours of operation (whichever occurs first) testing is recommended.	Yes
			Ensure generator is regularly maintained in accordance with Manufacturer's instructions	Yes
			Only refuel the generator in the open air once generator has cooled. Ensure generator is sited in a secure place whilst being refueled where unauthorised access can be prevented	Yes
			To avoid spillage during refueling, ensure generator is sited on level/even ground	Yes
			Ensure safe system of work for refueling, including use of safety spouts or funnels	Yes
			Ensure anyone tasked with refueling has been properly trained to do so safely	Yes
			Purchase a quieter generator to minimise noise levels which could cause hearing damage	Yes
			Fit suitable housing lined with non-flammable noise damping material	N/A
			Provide suitable PPE to minimise hearing damage i.e. hearing protection, monitor usage and maintain in good condition	N/A

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco

Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment

Tents, gazeb	os and other te	mporary structures		
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
	 Abrasions and cuts Bruising Fractures Musco-skeletal injuries Electrocution 	Collapse of structure / poor setup Bad weather Falls from height - erection/dismantling Slips and trips Contact with electrical cables Poor manual handling	Ensure structure is fit for purpose. Use in line with manufacturer's advice to prevent the collapse of the structure	Yes
			To ensure that the structure is sited on suitable land, carry out pre-event site survey and agree alternative provision with organiser, where possible. If not, all possible measures taken to reduce risks e.g. levelling, compacting, use of equipment to ensure stability	Yes
			Ensure anchors are of sufficient length and appropriate for specific soil. Carry out "pull out" tests. Ballast (calculated to meet likely forces) used as alternative where appropriate. Follow manufacturers advice	Yes
			Anchors, guy ropes/ wires and structural elements are regularly checked for poor condition and replaced as necessary	Yes
			Weather monitored. Structure taken out of use if wind forecast to exceed tolerance	Yes
			To detect damage as a result of vandalism, regular checks carried out. Repairs as necessary	Yes
StaffMembers of the public			During erection and/or dismantling, ensure safe systems of work are in place for hazardous activities and to prevent the misuse of equipment	Yes
			Staff/contractors fully trained in the use of equipment and the safe systems of work for erecting and dismantling gazebos and tented structures	Yes
			Work at height avoided where possible e.g., through use of lifting machinery, use of platforms etc	Yes
			Use of ladders limited to low risk, short duration (30 minutes at a time) activities	Yes
			Regular checks to ensure ladders are suitable for their intended purpose and remain in good condition	Yes
			To prevent falls from height staff are trained in the safe use of ladders	Yes
			PPE provided, where necessary e.g., safety harnesses, hard hats, gloves	Yes
			Implement the specific risk assessments for Working at height and for Slips, trips and falls as applicable	Yes
			Where possible carry out a pre-event visit to identify hazards which can result in slips and trips (uneven ground, mud and slippery surfaces) and to assess site suitability	Yes

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 Date for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Tents, gazebos and other temporary structures continued				
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
			Specify to event organiser level ground as required	Yes
		 Collapse of structure / poor setup Bad weather Falls from height - erection/dismantling Slips and trips Contact with electrical cables Poor manual handling 	If when on-site, obstacles are identified which could cause a slip or trip injury, then these are highlighted e.g., through use of hazard tape and/or "barricaded" off	Yes
			Key walkways are kept clear, in good condition and suitable for use e.g., by use of matting etc	Yes
 Staff Members of the public 	Abrasions and cuts Bruising Fal Fractures Musco-skeletal injuries Electrocution Struup up Fal ere Cor ele Poo		To minimise the risk of a slip, trip or fall injury, staff are asked to wear safety shoes with anti-slip soles	Yes
			Carry out a pre- event visit to establish proximity of any overhead or underground cables to planned site of gazebo/tented structure etc.	Yes
			Organisers requested to provide detailed information on location and type of underground/overground electrical services	Yes
			Procedures for the delivery, erection and dismantling of the structure to be amended as necessary if presence of electrical cables is likely to impact on existing procedures	Yes
			Staffed briefed on locations of the electrical cables and instructed to avoid such areas	Yes
			To prevent injuries from poor manual handling during the erection/dismantling of structure, manual handling risk assessments carried out and the controls implemented as applicable	Yes
			Staff trained in safe manual handling procedures	Yes
			If trading during hours of darkness, sufficient lighting is provided inside and outside the unit to ensure a safe exit	Yes

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment Date of Issue: 24/03/2025 ate for re-assessment: 23/03/2026

Towing Trailers					
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?	
	 Minor injuries Major injuries Death	Trailer not roadworthy Incorrect trailer loading Fall from trailer whilst loading Incorrect coupling of trailer to towing vehicle Maximum towing combination weight exceeded Poor trailer manoeuvring Vehicle accident	To ensure the trailer is roadworthy, regular maintenance of the trailers is carried out by competent persons. Records are kept.	Yes	
			Staff trained in correct trailer loading (See also Manual handling Risk assessment)	Yes	
StaffContractorsMembers of the public			To prevent falls from trailer whilst loading, staff are trained in safe systems of work (See also Working at Height Risk assessment)	Yes	
			To ensure correct coupling of trailer to towing vehicle, staff are trained in correct coupling procedures	Yes	
			Manufacturer's maximum towing combination weight checked and loading limit set to ensure maximum not exceeded	Yes	
			Staff trained in safe trailer manoeuvring and towing	Yes	
			Provide Banksmen where reversing is necessary	Yes	
			Drivers have a current licence and experience in driving and towing i.e. competent for the task	Yes	
			Vehicle accident causes investigated and remedial	Yes	

measures, where necessary, put in place

Yes

Use of Vehicles

Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?
			Vehicles are suitable for the tasks required	Yes
			Vehicles have good direct visibility when reversing. Where necessary reversing alarms fitted or banksmen provided	Yes
			Safety features such as horns, lights, reflectors and reversing lights fitted	Yes
			Vehicles have effective brakes	Yes
		 Unsafe vehicles Unsafe driver 	Adequate seats and seat belts fitted, maintained in good working order and used	Yes
			Safe means of access and exit to the vehicle available	Yes
StaffContractorsMembers of the public	Minor injuriesMajor injuriesDeath		Vehicles suitably maintained (in accordance with manufacturer's instructions) so that they are in good mechanical condition	Yes
			Where necessary, vehicles have a current MOT certificate and are properly insured	Yes
			Basic safety checks carried out before use e.g. tyres checked for correct inflation	Yes
			Brakes engaged before loading or removal of goods begins. Consider use of wheel chocks.	Yes
			Driver have current licence and experience in driving and towing i.e. competent for the task	Yes
			Training on manoeuvring and general driver safety provided and refreshed as necessary	Yes
			Drivers informed of hazards at destination site	Yes
			Loading and unloading pre-planned	Yes
			Suitable access equipment for loading/unloading provided	Yes
			All manual handling tasks risk assessed and hazard controls in place	Yes
			Safe systems of work used e.g. for coupling and uncoupling. Spot checks made.	Yes
			Shifts designed to avoid driver fatigue	Yes

Use of electricity					
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?	
		Unsuitable electrical supply system Unsafe electrical supply system Unsuitable electrical equipment Unsafe electrical equipment Lack of maintenance Misuse of electrical equipment	Ensure electrical supply systems are suitable for their intended use	Yes	
			Where temporary supply systems, including cables, plugs, sockets and fittings are used outdoors they are suitably constructed and protected to remain safe within the operating environment e.g. protected against water penetration or mechanical damage.	Yes	
			Electrical supply system installed and/or adapted by a competent electrician i.e. NICEIC registered or similar	Yes	
	Burns Eye damage Electrical shock L e c n N e		Electrical supply system checked and certified as safe for use by a competent electrician every 5 years	Yes	
			Records of inspection and certification maintained	Yes	
			All electrical equipment suitable for its intended use	Yes	
			All electrical equipment designed for commercial activities and CE or UK CA marked	Yes	
StaffContractorsMembers of the			All electrical equipment used outdoors in a situation open to the weather i.e. NOT within a mobile catering vehicle, suitably protected against adverse environmental conditions such as water, dust and heat etc	Yes	
public			Suitable protective devices such as fuses, RCDs (circuit breakers) and appropriate earthing in place	Yes	
			Staff trained to carry out visual checks of equipment, especially portable equipment before use.	Yes	
			Any damaged equipment removed from use immediately, separated out and marked as unsafe and not to be used. Equipment only allowed back into use when repaired by a competent person	Yes	
			Easily accessible isolator switches in place to allow machinery to be rapidly turned off in case of emergency. Isolator presence marked by approved safety signs stating 'Danger Mains Isolator'	Yes	
			Regular checks carried out on all electrical equipment by a competent person e.g. a qualified electrician that is NICEIC	Yes	

registered or similar

which is checked every 6 months
Records of safety checks kept

Portable equipment safety tested annually, unless handheld

Yes

Yes

Use of electricity continued					
Who might be harmed?	In what way may they be harmed?	What might cause the harm?	How can the risk of harm be controlled?	Control in place?	
		 Unsuitable electrical supply system Unsafe electrical supply system 	Staff trained in safe use of electrical equipment.	Yes	
 Staff Contractors Members of the public 	BurnsEye damageElectrical shock	 Unsuitable electrical equipment Unsafe electrical equipment Lack of maintenance Misuse of electrical equipment 	Access to electrical supply systems restricted to prevent tampering/misuse	Yes	

Signed:		Print Name:	Stephen Hogg
Date:	24/03/2025	Review Date:	23/03/2026

Unit: Fizzy Ape T/A Simply Prosecco Assessment Type: HsRiskAssessment