

Featured Technical Topic Summary FGI Monthly Members Meeting Friday, November 3, 2023



TOPIC: Use of Geomembranes and Geosynthetics in Energy Applications

Each month Tim Stark introduces a new technical topic for discussion and possible action. This month's topic is: "Use of Geomembranes and Geosynthetics in Energy Applications". This topic generated significant discussion with the main "take-aways" being listed below:

1. Use of Geomembranes and Geosynthetics in Energy Applications

- Hydropower
- Solar Power white reflective geomembranes below solar panels increase solar capture
 - San Antonio Landfill fPP-R cap and acres of solar panels TVA 300 acres site
 - Closure turf solar panels on artificial turf instead of on the ground sure grip geomembrane from AGRU holds panels in place
 - Solar panels on rails so they can be placed on 3:1 slopes flat panels only on crest https://watershedgeo.com/products/powercap/
- Pumped Storage Hydropower (PSH) projects
 - Use geomembrane for bottom liner system but flow velocities are difficult
 - Use floating cover to reduce evaporation
 - Mt. Elbert PSH project = bottom liner system with 18" soil cover to project geomembrane from high flow velocities- 240 acres - installed in 1980 - chlorinated polyethylene (CSPE) geomembrane
 - Traditional pumped storage liner system = asphalt and concrete
 - Research topic conduct 40-year cost analysis for Mt. Elbert PSH project initial cost v. decrease loss of water & no seepage into old landslide in hillside b/c of slope instability concerns
 - Forebay/water conveyance projects typically use asphalt or concrete liner system, which will eventually crack and leak – geomembrane installed to replace cracked compacted clay liner
- Gas collection in landfills near surface gas collection to capture methane
- Coal fired powerplants bottom liner systems single composite bottom liner system GM & clay
- Oil and gas applications geomembranes
- Secondary containment oil and gas
- Wind Power = application uncertain for geosynthetics

