

## Malaysia Breeding Alpacas / Camelids

The vendor must complete ALL sections of this declaration that refer to the consigned livestock before emailing [jim@ausidore.com](mailto:jim@ausidore.com) and/or attaching to the NVD / waybills and handed to truck driver for carriage to the pre-export establishment.

### FARM(S) OF ORIGIN

Property(s) of Origin AND Registered PIC Address	PIC(s)	No. of Head	Sex

### TREATMENT HISTORY

The livestock have received the following treatments / vaccinations within the past 12 months:

Name of Treatment / Vaccination	Date (approx. if not known)	Batch No. (if known)	Expiry (if known)

### Declaration

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (name BLOCK LETTERS), being the owner or authorised

management representative of \_\_\_\_\_ (vendor /property name) declare

that, to the best of my knowledge, the animals described above meet the following requirements:-

### IMPORTING COUNTRY:

- The farm(s) of origin of the camelids for export have been free from clinical signs of the following diseases for the preceding 12 months prior to export:
  - Bluetongue,
  - Aino,
  - Akabane,
  - Enzootic haemorrhagic disease (EHD),
  - Johne's disease(JD),
  - Anthrax,
  - West Nile disease and
  - Salmonellosis.
- The animals originated from an establishment or farm, where no case of Hendra virus infection has occurred during the last six (6) months prior to export.

3. The animals for export have been  
Kept in the Australian bluetongue virus free zone since birth;  
OR  
For at least sixty (60) days prior to export AND were kept in isolation on property of origin or premises for a period of two (2) weeks prior to export.

#### **AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS FOR EXPORT OF LIVESTOCK(ASEL) – ALL LIVESTOCK BY AIR:**

4. Animals comply with all relevant state/territory health and welfare legislation and national codes of practice regarding animal welfare, on-property management and land transport.
5. Livestock sourced for export must be identified in accordance with state and territory and NLIS requirements; and
  - i. be traceable to the property of source; and
  - ii. accompanied by a correctly completed and signed movement records such as NVDs/waybills; and
  - iii. individually identified where testing is required during preparation; and
  - iv. accompanied by any test results, including all pregnancy testing and spay declarations where applicable. Laboratory test results must be linked to the PIC from where the animal was sampled and the NLIS tag number of the animal where individual identification is required by state or territory legislation.
6. Animals have been inspected and do not show signs of any of the rejection criteria listed in Table 1(see Attached) or any other condition that could cause the animal's health or welfare to decline during export preparation or transport. Livestock that become sick, injured or show signs consistent with the rejection criteria at any stage of export preparation must be removed from the consignment, and arrangements must be made for their prompt and humane handling, care, treatment, euthanasia and/or disposal, in compliance with all relevant and applicable legislation.
7. The land transport of livestock meets the Land Transport Standards, as well as any relevant animal health and welfare and road transport requirements under state and territory legislation and relevant requirements under national animal welfare standards and guidelines, and model codes of practice.
8. The maximum water deprivation time and minimum rest times in the Land Transport Standards must be adhered to for all land transport of livestock.
9. Livestock must be expediently loaded and unloaded at all stages of the export process by a sufficient number of competent stock handlers in a manner that prevents injury, minimises stress and ensures that livestock management and welfare needs are addressed.
10. Medicines, chemicals and equipment on farm are stored and used according to any applicable veterinary directions and/or manufacturers' recommendations.

#### **ASEL ALPACAS BY AIR:**

11. Alpacas sourced for export have a liveweight of 20kg or more and are at least 3 months old.
12. Alpacas have been assessed by a competent stock handler as having a body condition score of 2 or more but less than 4 (on a scale of 1 to 5).
13. Female alpacas sourced for export as breeder animals must:
  - i. be pregnancy tested using ultrasound foetal measurement by a registered veterinarian with demonstrable current experience in camelid pregnancy diagnosis; and
  - ii. be certified in writing by the testing veterinarian as either not detectably pregnant or pregnant and if pregnant include the number of days pregnant. The certification must include the certifier's name, veterinary registration number, statement of experience, signature, the individual identification number of the animal and the date of the procedure. Certification is valid for 60 days for not detectably pregnant alpaca, from the date of the procedure; and
  - iii. be not more than 227 days pregnant at the scheduled date of export, unless otherwise provided in a last third of pregnancy management plan approved in writing by the department.

*I authorise the release of information needed for property of origin and health certifications status from the relevant government departments.*

Signature (Manager): \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Email: \_\_\_\_\_