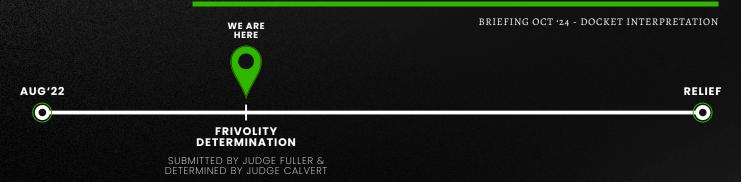
QQNOTICE OF CORRUPTION

"We would like to acknowledge that other organizations within the justice department see Jas Lundie as a victim & corruption as a crime (APD), the matter should be investigated (Atlanta Inspector General), and that the case has sufficient evidence (State Inspector General). The US Senator Jon Ossoff communicated that the victim should confer with an attorney, therefore, she has the right to an attorney. He also stated that his office could not intervene. If Domestic Terrorism wasn't a crime, there wouldn't be a need for intervention."



OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE

Within the District Courts, there isn't a frivolity determination for anyone filing in forma pauperis unless the applicant is in prison, pursuant to 28 U.S. Code § 1915. After approving her *Leave to Proceed*, Magistrate Judge Fuller submitted a <u>frivolity determination</u> to District Judge Calvert supported by the law mentioned above.

This behavior was repeated from the prior 6 suits, mentioned within Calvert's decision. Judge Fuller repeated the behavior while being aware that she waltzed into the courthouse and filed the complaint herself. Jas Lundie is not a practicing attorney, therefore, she cannot submit a complaint via the Pacer.gov portal. The evidence of the plaintiff's application rests within the clerk's behavior that rests within the visual scanning of every document. We would like to acknowledge that the US Marshals has verified the plaintiff's identity and, via Witness Security, escorted her to the clerk's office on the 22nd floor.

The plaintiff filed as PRO SE, therefore a summons should've been sent after granted Leave to Proceed. The clerks directed the plaintiff to keep her copy and the summons. After the frivolity determination was applied yet again, the clerks communicated that they aren't able to send a summons until Calvert determines frivolity. After 1 1/2 months, Calvert, yet again, closed the case and called the plaintiff a liar.

Obstruction of justice broadly refers to actions by individuals that illegally prevent or influence the outcome of a government proceeding.

COLLUSION & CORRUPTION

The frivolity determination should've been terminated and rendered as moot, the moment, Calvert was assigned the task. This is not saying how the "court" could've done better. Communicated by Judge Fuller's clerk, the court cannot MAKE anyone do anything.

<u>Corruption</u> is a dishonest, fraudulent, or even criminal act of an individual or organization, using entrusted authority or power to make a personal gain or other unethical or illegal benefits. <u>Collusion</u> is when two or more parties secretly agree to defraud a third-party of their rights or accomplish an illegal purpose.

Judge Fuller was aware she wasn't in prison, the assignment was not a procedure but decided to grant Leave to Proceed with a frivolity determination. Via the docket, Fuller communicated the task to delay or prevent a judicial proceeding illegally which is corruption and collusion.

SECONDARY VICTIMIZATION

"Secondary victimization refers to further victim-blaming from criminal justice authorities following an original victimization. It occurs through the response of institutions and individuals to the victim." via Wikipedia

"The re-traumatization of the sexual assault, abuse, or rape victim. It is an indirect result of assault that occurs through the responses of individuals and institutions to the victim. The types of secondary victimization include victim blaming, inappropriate behavior or language by medical personnel and by other organizations with access to the victim post assault." via Cornell Law

LII > U.S. Code > Title 28 > PART V > CHAPTER 123 > **§ 1915**

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28 U.S. Code § 1915 - Proceedings in forma pauperis

U.S. Code Notes

(a)

- (1) Subject to subsection (b), any court of the United States may authorize the commencement, prosecution or defense of any suit, action or proceeding, civil or criminal, or appeal therein, without prepayment of fees or security therefor, by a person who submits an affidavit that includes a statement of all assets such <u>prisoner</u> possesses that the person is unable to pay such fees or give security therefor. Such affidavit shall state the nature of the action, defense or appeal and affiant's belief that the person is entitled to redress.
- **(2)** A <u>prisoner</u> seeking to bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding without prepayment of fees or security therefor, in addition to filing the affidavit filed under paragraph (1), shall submit a certified

copy of the trust fund account statement (or institutional equivalent) for the <u>prisoner</u> for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint or notice of appeal, obtained from the appropriate official of each prison at which the prisoner is or was confined.

(3) An appeal may not be taken in forma pauperis if the trial court certifies in writing that it is not taken in good faith.

(b)

- (1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if a <u>prisoner</u> brings a civil action or files an appeal in forma pauperis, the <u>prisoner</u> shall be required to pay the full amount of a filing fee. The court shall assess and, when funds exist, collect, as a partial payment of any court fees required by law, an initial partial filing fee of 20 percent of the greater of—
 - (A) the average monthly deposits to the prisoner's account; or
 - **(B)** the average monthly balance in the <u>prisoner</u>'s account for the 6-month period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint or notice of appeal.
- (2) After payment of the initial partial filing fee, the <u>prisoner</u> shall be required to make monthly payments of 20 percent of the preceding month's income credited to the <u>prisoner</u>'s account. The agency having custody of the <u>prisoner</u> shall forward payments from the <u>prisoner</u>'s account to the clerk of the court each time the amount in the account exceeds \$10 until the filing fees are paid.
- **(3)** In no event shall the filing fee collected exceed the amount of fees permitted by statute for the commencement of a civil action or an appeal of a civil action or criminal judgment.
- **(4)** In no event shall a <u>prisoner</u> be prohibited from bringing a civil action or appealing a civil or criminal judgment for the reason that the <u>prisoner</u> has no assets and no means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee.
- **(c)** Upon the filing of an affidavit in accordance with subsections (a) and (b) and the prepayment of any partial filing fee as may be required under subsection (b), the court may direct payment by the United States of the expenses of (1) printing the record on appeal in any civil or criminal case, if such printing is required by the appellate court; (2) preparing a transcript of proceedings before a United States magistrate judge in any civil or criminal case, if such transcript is required by the

district court, in the case of proceedings conducted under section 636(b) of this title or under section 3401(b) of title 18, United States Code; and (3) printing the record on appeal if such printing is required by the appellate court, in the case of proceedings conducted pursuant to section 636(c) of this title. Such expenses shall be paid when authorized by the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.

(d) The officers of the court shall issue and serve all process, and perform all duties in such cases. Witnesses shall attend as in other cases, and the same remedies shall be available as are provided for by law in other cases.

(e)

- **(1)** The court may request an attorney to represent any person unable to afford counsel.
- (2) Notwithstanding any filing fee, or any portion thereof, that may have been paid, the court shall dismiss the case at any time if the court determines that
 - (A) the allegation of poverty is untrue; or
 - **(B)** the action or appeal—
 - (i) is frivolous or malicious;
 - (ii) fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or
 - (iii) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief.

(f)

(1) Judgment may be rendered for costs at the conclusion of the suit or action as in other proceedings, but the United States shall not be liable for any of the costs thus incurred. If the United States has paid the cost of a stenographic transcript or printed record for the prevailing party, the same shall be taxed in favor of the United States.

(2)

(A) If the judgment against a <u>prisoner</u> includes the payment of costs under this subsection, the <u>prisoner</u> shall be required to pay the full amount of the costs ordered.

- **(B)** The <u>prisoner</u> shall be required to make payments for costs under this subsection in the same manner as is provided for filing fees under subsection (a)(2).
- **(C)** In no event shall the costs collected exceed the amount of the costs ordered by the court.
- **(g)** In no event shall a <u>prisoner</u> bring a civil action or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under this section if the <u>prisoner</u> has, on 3 or more prior occasions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility, brought an action or appeal in a court of the United States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent danger of serious physical injury.
- **(h)** As used in this section, the term "<u>prisoner</u>" means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program.

(June 25, 1948, ch. 646, <u>62 Stat. 954</u>; May 24, 1949, ch. 139, § 98, <u>63 Stat. 104</u>; Oct. 31, 1951, ch. 655, § 51(b), (c), <u>65 Stat. 727</u>; <u>Pub. L. 86–320</u>, Sept. 21, 1959, <u>73 Stat. 590</u>; <u>Pub. L. 96–82</u>, § 6, Oct. 10, 1979, <u>93 Stat. 645</u>; <u>Pub. L. 101–650</u>, title III, § 321, Dec. 1, 1990, <u>104 Stat. 5117</u>; <u>Pub. L. 104–134</u>, title I, § 101[(a)] [title VIII, § 804(a), (c)–(e)], Apr. 26, 1996, <u>110 Stat. 1321</u>, 1321–73 to 1321–75; renumbered title I, <u>Pub. L. 104–140</u>, § 1(a), May 2, 1996, 110 Stat. 1327.)

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in forma pauperis

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https://www.gand.uscourts.gov/prisoner-forms

Forms Affidavit **in** Support of Request to Proceed **In Forma Pauperis** Motion to Vacate

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Lundie v. Foreman

Georgia Northern District Court

Judge:Victoria M CalvertCase #:1:24-cv-03739

Nature of Suit 320 Torts - Personal Injury - Assault, Libel, & Slander

Cause 28:1332 Diversity-Libel, Assault, Slander

 Case Filed:
 Aug 22, 2024

 Terminated:
 Oct 08, 2024

Docket Parties (2)

Last checked: Sunday Oct 06, 2024 5:16 AM EDT

Defendant

Bishop Kevin Foreman

Plaintiff

Jasmine Nicole Lundie

Docket last updated: 11 hours ago

Tuesday, October 08, 2024

7 misc Judgment - Clerk Tue 10/08 1:58 PM

CLERK'S JUDGMENT. It is Ordered and Adjudged that the action be DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). (jbu)

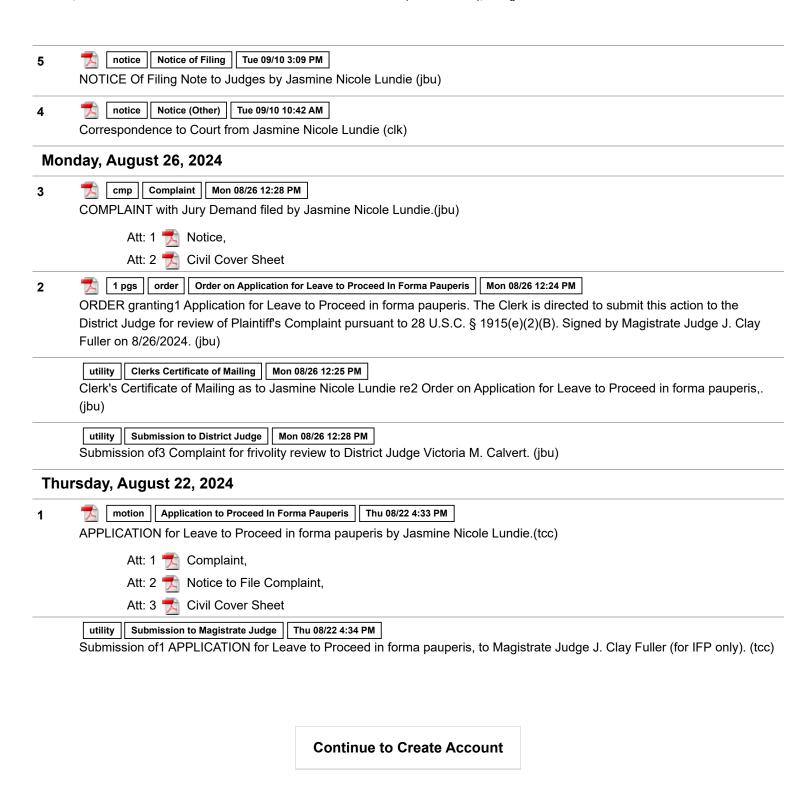
ORDER: Because Ms. Lundie's Complaint lacks an arguable basis in both law and fact, the Court must dismiss the case. Accordingly, it is ORDERED that Ms. Lundie's case is DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e) (2). The Clerk is DIRECTED to close this case. Signed by Judge Victoria M. Calvert on 10/8/2024. (jbu)

utility Terminate Civil Case Tue 10/08 1:54 PM

Civil Case Terminated. (jbu)

Clerk's Certificate of Mailing as to Jasmine Nicole Lundie re7 Clerk's Judgment,6 Order,. (jbu)

Monday, September 09, 2024



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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

JASMINE NICOLE LUNDIE,	
Plaintiff,	Civil Action No.
v.	1:24-cv-03739-VMC
KEVIN FOREMAN,	
Defendant.	

ORDER

Because this case was filed *in forma pauperis*, this matter is before the Court on a review of the Complaint before service on Defendant under 28 U.S.C. § 1915.¹ For the reasons below, the Court will dismiss Plaintiff's lawsuit without prejudice.

I. Background

The instant case is one of seven complaints filed by Plaintiff Jasmine Nicole Lundie in the last eleven months arising out of the same set of speculative facts.²

¹ Where a plaintiff seeks a filing fee waiver, the Court must review the affidavit of poverty and the complaint, and must dismiss the case where:

⁽A) the allegation of poverty is untrue; or

⁽B) the action or appeal –

⁽i) is frivolous or malicious;

⁽ii) fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or

⁽iii) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief.

²⁸ U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2).

² See Order, Lundie v. Foreman et al., No. 1:23-cv-05456-VMC (N.D. Ga. Apr. 30, 2024), ECF No. 25 (dismissing Case Nos. 1:23-cv-05456-VMC, 1:23-cv-05457-

Ms. Lundie filed this lawsuit on August 26, 2024 (Doc. 3) against Defendant Kevin Foreman, alleging that Foreman mishandled his title as Bishop to "manipulate the masses" and "has been violently attacking [Plaintiff] since the spiritual attachment." (*Id.* at 7). She further alleges that Foreman "attempted to force and coerce her into prostitution and various executive and administrative tasks for free labor." (*Id.*). Ms. Lundie further alleges that "the religious abuse" that she suffered "induced a near death experience and she almost died from physical, psychological and economical trauma." (*Id.*).

This is the second lawsuit Ms. Lundie has filed against Foreman in less than a year. On November 30, 2023, Ms. Lundie filed a similarly speculative complaint against Foreman and Harvest Church, alleging that "Foreman assaulted her by hacking her phone using the information from his church's job application." Compl. at 5, *Lundie v. Foreman et al.*, No. 1:23-cv-05456-VMC (N.D. Ga. Nov. 30, 2023), ECF No. 3. She further alleged that "[h]e convinced religious leaders, political figures, celebrities, companies, business owners, influencers, family members, friends, co-workers, and strangers that her purpose was to have sex for money." *Id.* There, Ms. Lundie sought \$1,000,000.00 for the violation of a cease-

VMC, 1:23-cv-05458-VMC, 1:23-cv-05459-VMC, 1:24-cv-01317-VMC and 1:24-cv-1318-VMC without prejudice pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)).

and-desist and requested the death penalty. *Id.* at 4, 5. She seeks the same relief here. (Doc. 3. at 4).

II. Legal Standard

28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B) requires the Court to dismiss if it determines that an action or appeal "(i) is frivolous or malicious; (ii) fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted; or (iii) seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief." A claim is frivolous "where it lacks an arguable basis either in law or in fact." *Neitzke v. Williams*, 490 U.S. 319, 325 (1989). This includes claims describing fantastic or delusional scenarios. *Denton v. Hernandez*, 504 U.S. 25, 32 (1992). Because this case lacks an arguable basis in law and in fact, dismissal is appropriate.

III. Discussion

In the Court's April 30, 2024 Order addressing the same series of facts, the Court gave a detailed explanation as to the frivolous nature of Ms. Lundie's complaint. Order at 7–11, *Lundie v. Foreman et al.*, No. 1:23-cv-05456-VMC (N.D. Ga. Apr. 30, 2024), ECF No. 25. There, the Court explained that Ms. Lundie's allegation that "Foreman used witchcraft to spiritually attach himself to her [were] too speculative to support a claim." *Id.* at 9. Since Ms. Lundie has not plead additional facts that would raise her "right to relief above a speculative level," she

does not state a plausible claim connecting Foreman's conduct to the pain Plaintiff

is experiencing. Bell Atl. Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007).

Based on Ms. Lundie's pattern of filing frivolous cases in forma pauperis, the

Court CAUTIONS Ms. Lundie that her ability to file in forma pauperis may be

restricted if she continues to file similarly frivolous cases. See Shell v. U.S. Dep't of

Hous. and Urb. Dev., 355 F. App'x 300, 308 (11th Cir. 2009).

IV. Conclusion

Because Ms. Lundie's Complaint lacks an arguable basis in both law and

fact, the Court must dismiss the case. Accordingly, it is ORDERED that Ms.

Lundie's case is **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE** pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §

1915(e)(2). The Clerk is **DIRECTED** to close this case.

SO ORDERED this 8th day of October, 2024.

Victoria Marie Calvert

United States District Judge

AUG 22 2024

NOTICE TO FILE COMPLAINT

WEIMER, CIRCUIT STATES DISTRICT COURTS - NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA Deputy Clerk **ATLANTA DIVISION**

Jasmine Nicole Lundie

CASE NO:_1:24-CV-3739

VS

Kevin Foreman 3590 Grape Street Denver, Colorado 80207 Defendant.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

CLERKS:

Pursuant to 12 CFR § 19.8, Conflicts of interest, the plaintiff requests that the civil case above and all other related cases are not assigned to the following judges: Magistrate Judge J. Clay Fuller, District Judge Amy Totenburg, and District Judge Victoria M. Calvert. As civil cases 1:23-cv-05440 and 1:23-cv-05442, the plaintiff requests to proceed in forma pauperis without frivolity determination. She is not a defendant in prison filing in forma pauperis.

NOTICE:

☑ Notice to File Complaint Checklist (1 Page)	
☑ Civil Cover Sheet (1 Page)	
Complaint For Civil Case (5 Pages)	
Civil Complaint - Lundie v Foreman (4 Pages)	
Exhibit 1 - Establishing Relationship (9 Pages)	
Exhibit 2 - Victim's Testimony (13 Pages)	168
Exhibit 3 - Religious Abuse (29 Pages)	168 pages
Exhibit 4 - Foreman's Allegations (44 Pages)	
Exhibit 5 - Foreman's Influence on Lundie's Family (26 Page	s)
Exhibit 6 - Foreman's Influence on Williams L. Roberts II's - F	Rick Ross (1 Page)
Exhibit 7 - Foreman's Influence on Uber Technologies (21 Pa	iges)
Exhibit 8 - Foreman's Influence on Anchor Hospital (3 Pages)
Exhibit 9 - Prayer for Relief (11 Pages)	
✓ Summons (2 Pages)	et copy

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF GEORGIA ATLANTA DIVISION

JASMINE NICOLE LUNDIE, :

:

Plaintiff,

.

v. : CIVIL ACTION NO.:

1:24-CV-03739-VMC

BISHOP KEVIN FOREMAN,

:

Defendant.

ORDER

Plaintiff seeks to proceed in this Court without prepayment of fees or security pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a). After consideration of Plaintiff's affidavit in support of the Application To Proceed Without Prepaying Fees Or Costs (Doc. 1), Plaintiff's request to proceed *in forma pauperis* is hereby **GRANTED.** The Clerk is directed to submit this action to the District Judge for review of Plaintiff's Complaint pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B).

IT IS SO ORDERED this <u>26th</u> day of <u>August</u>, 2024.

<u>/s/ J. Clay Fuller</u> J. CLAY FULLER UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

	for the
	District of
Plaintiff/Petitioner V.)) Civil Action No.
Defendant/Respondent)

APPLICATION TO PROCEED IN DISTRICT COURT WITHOUT PREPAYING FEES OR COSTS (Long Form)

Affidavit in Support of the Application	Instructions
I am a plaintiff or petitioner in this case and declare that I am unable to pay the costs of these proceedings and that I am entitled to the relief requested. I declare under penalty of perjury that the information below is true and understand that a false statement may result in a dismissal of my claims.	Complete all questions in this application and then sign it. Do not leave any blanks: if the answer to a question is "0," "none," or "not applicable (N/A)," write that response. If you need more space to answer a question or to explain your answer, attach a separate sheet of paper identified with your name, your case's docket number, and the question number.
Signed:	Date:

1. For both you and your spouse estimate the average amount of money received from each of the following sources during the past 12 months. Adjust any amount that was received weekly, biweekly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually to show the monthly rate. Use gross amounts, that is, amounts before any deductions for taxes or otherwise.

Income source	Average monthly income amount during the past 12 months		Income amount expected next month	
	You	Spouse	You	Spouse
Employment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Self-employment	\$	\$	\$	\$
Income from real property (such as rental income)	\$	\$	\$	\$
Interest and dividends	\$	\$	\$	\$
Gifts	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alimony	\$	\$	\$	\$
Child support	\$	\$	\$	\$

Retirement (such as social security, pensions, annuities, insurance)	\$ \$	\$ \$
Disability (such as social security, insurance payments)	\$ \$	\$ \$
Unemployment payments	\$ \$	\$ \$
Public-assistance (such as welfare)	\$ \$	\$ \$
Other (specify):	\$ \$	\$ \$
Total monthly income:	\$ \$	\$ \$

2. List your employment history for the past two years, most recent employer first. (Gross monthly pay is before taxes or other deductions.)

Employer	Address	Dates of employment	Gross monthly pay
			\$
			\$

3. List your spouse's employment history for the past two years, most recent employer first. (*Gross monthly pay is before taxes or other deductions.*)

Employer	Address	Dates of employment Gross monthly pay
		\$
		\$
		\$

4.	How much cash do you and your spouse have? \$
	Below, state any money you or your spouse have in bank accounts or in any other financial institution.

Financial institution	Type of account	Amount you have	Amount your spouse has
		\$	\$
		\$	\$
		\$	\$

5.	List the assets, and their values, which you own or your spouse owns. Do not list clothing and ordinary
	household furnishings.

Assets owned by you or your spouse		
Home (Value)	\$	
Other real estate (Value)	\$	
Motor vehicle #1 (Value)	\$	
Make and year:		
Model:		
Registration #:		
Motor vehicle #2 (Value)	\$	
Make and year:		
Model:		
Registration #:		
Other assets (Value)	\$	
Other assets (Value)	\$	

6. State every person, business, or organization owing you or your spouse money, and the amount owed.

Person owing you or your spouse money	Amount owed to you	Amount owed to your spouse
	\$	\$
	\$	\$
	\$	\$

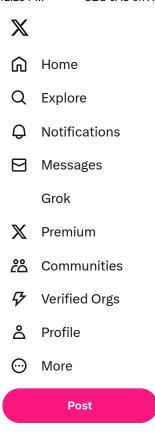
7. State the persons who rely on you or your spouse for support.

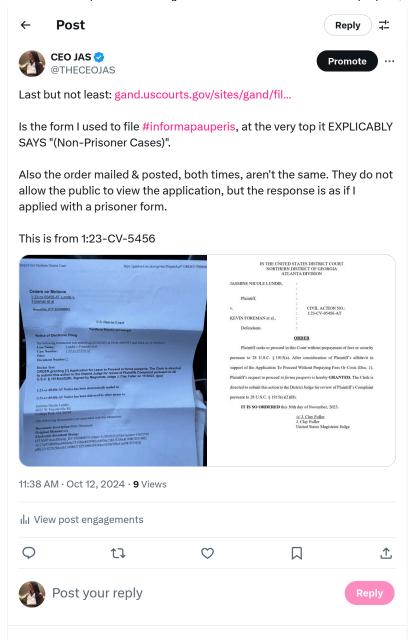
Name (or, if under 18, initials only)	Relationship	Age

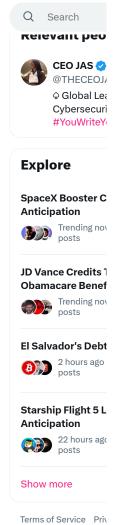
8. Estimate the average monthly expenses of you and your family. Show separately the amounts paid by your spouse. Adjust any payments that are made weekly, biweekly, quarterly, semiannually, or annually to show the monthly rate.

	You	Your spouse
Rent or home-mortgage payment (including lot rented for mobile home) Are real estate taxes included?	\$	\$
Utilities (electricity, heating fuel, water, sewer, and telephone)	\$	\$
Home maintenance (repairs and upkeep)	\$	\$
Food	\$	\$
Clothing	\$	\$
Laundry and dry-cleaning	\$	\$
Medical and dental expenses	\$	\$
Transportation (not including motor vehicle payments)	\$	\$
Recreation, entertainment, newspapers, magazines, etc.	\$	\$
Insurance (not deducted from wages or included in mortgage payments)		
Homeowner's or renter's:	\$	\$
Life:	\$	\$
Health:	\$	\$
Motor vehicle:	\$	\$
Other:	\$	\$
Taxes (not deducted from wages or included in mortgage payments) (specify):	\$	\$
Installment payments		
Motor vehicle:	\$	\$
Credit card (name):	\$	\$
Department store (name):	\$	\$
Other:	\$	\$
Alimony, maintenance, and support paid to others	\$	\$

Regular expenses for operation of business, profession, or farm (attach detailed statement)		\$	\$		
Other	(specify):	\$	\$		
	Total monthly expenses:	\$	\$		
9.	Do you expect any major changes to your monthly income or expenses or in your assets or liabilities during the next 12 months?				
	☐ Yes ☐ No If yes, describe on an attached sheet.				
10.	Have you paid — or will you be paying — an attorney any money for services in connection with this case, including the completion of this form? ☐ Yes ☐ No				
	If yes, how much? \$				
11.	Have you paid — or will you be paying — anyone other than an attorney (such as a paralegal or a typist) any money for services in connection with this case, including the completion of this form? Yes No If yes, how much? \$ If yes, state the person's name, address, and telephone number:				
12.	Provide any other information that will help explain why you cannot pay the costs of these proceedings.				
13.	Identify the city and state of your legal residence.				
	Your daytime phone number:				
	Your age: Your years of schooling:				
	Last four digits of your social-security number:				







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