

A CAR is a CONSUMER GOODS

UCC 9-102(A) (23): "Consumer goods" means goods that are used or bought for use primarily for personal, family, or household purposes.

Consumer goods are products used by consumers.

Examples of consumer goods include food, appliances, clothing, and automobiles.

A house would be a consumer good because it is purchased primarily to reside in.

<https://www.investopedia.com/ask/answers/032515/what-difference-between-capital-good-and-consumer-good.asp>

You don't register your TV's, Refrigerators, Furniture, etc. do you?

REGISTRATION IS NOT REQUIRED

[2021] USC Article 34 § 12611

Motor vehicle theft prevention program

(a) In general

Not later than 180 days after September 13, 1994, the Attorney General shall develop, in cooperation with the States, a national voluntary motor vehicle theft prevention program

(c) Voluntary consent form

The voluntary consent form used to enroll in the program shall—

*(1) clearly state that participation in the program is **voluntary**;*

LICENSE IS NOT REQUIRED

Definition of "driver's license" from **49 USC 31301:**

(6)"driver's license" means a license issued by a State to an individual authorizing the individual to operate a motor vehicle on highways.

Definition of "driver" from **49 CFR 390.5T:**

"Driver means any person who operates any commercial motor vehicle."

The "motor vehicle" is covered in **18 USC 31:**

"The term "motor vehicle" means every description of carriage or other contrivance propelled or drawn by mechanical power and used for commercial purposes on the highways in the transportation of passengers, passengers and property, or property or cargo."

Definition of "used for commercial purposes" from 18 USC 31:

"(10)Used for commercial purposes.

The term "used for commercial purposes" means the carriage of persons or property for any fare, fee, rate, charge or other consideration, or directly or indirectly in connection with any business, or other undertaking intended for profit."

Definitions of "license" as per Black's Law 4th edition is:

"*Permission to do something which without the license would not be allowable.*" City of Shreveport v. Brister, 194 La. 615, 194 So. 566, 567. *Green v. City of Lexington, 256 Ky. 595, 76 S.W.2d 894, 896*

Therefore a "license" is "something that permits you to break the law."