Data Breach Policy

Introduction



A personal data breach means a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data. This includes breaches that are the result of both accidental and deliberate causes. It also means that a breach is more than just about losing personal data.

Scope

This policy and related procedures apply to all Neighbourhood Watch Network staff members, Trustees, Multi Scheme Administrators (MSAs), Force Area and Borough Association leads and other Neighbourhood Watch members that process Neighbourhood Watch data.

Assessing the Risk of a Data Breach

If CNWA experiences a breach of personal data controlled by CNWA, whether held on the Neighbourhood Watch Register on the Alert system or otherwise, this should be immediately reported by the staff member, Trustee, MSA or NW member initially becoming aware of the breach to the CEO, another available CNWA manager or their Association lead. They will consider the likelihood and if so, the severity, of any risk to people's rights and freedoms, following the breach. When this assessment has been made, if it is likely there will be a risk then the ICO must be notified; if this is unlikely, then the breach doesn't have to be reported. Not every breach needs to be reported to the ICO. Where Association leads are notified about a data breach, their decision whether or not to report it to the ICO and the reasons for that decision should be notified to NWN or discussed with them within the 72hrs timescale for notifying the ICO (see 4.1 below).

If CWNA becomes aware of a data breach of personal data held on the Neighbourhood Alert system that is controlled by VISAV Ltd, not NWN, then the staff member, Trustee, Association Lead, MSA or NW member becoming aware of the breach must ensure that VISAV are informed immediately.

All decisions about reporting or not reporting data breaches to the ICO must be recorded in the Data Breach Notification Log (See below).

Reporting a Data Breach

If it is decided that the breach needs to be reported to the ICO, NWN or the Association lead must notify them within 72 hours of becoming aware of the essential facts of the breach.

The breach will generally be reported by telephone to the ICO helpline on 0303 123 1113. Normal opening hours are Monday to Friday between 9am and 5pm. They will record the breach and give advice about what to do next. Reporting a breach outside of these hours can be done online (See below).

The person making the report will ensure they have the below information or as much of it as is available to hand: -

- name and contact details of the staff member the ICO should liaise with
- what has happened
- when and how the breach was discovered
- basic information about the type of breach
- basic information about the personal data concerned
- the people that have been or may be affected by the breach
- what NWN is doing as a result of the breach; and
- who the ICO should contact if they need more information and
- who else has been told.

If possible, full details of the incident should be included, together with the number of individuals affected and its possible effect on them, the measures taken to mitigate those effects, and information about any notification made to those people affected.

If these details are not yet available, the incomplete report should be submitted to: - https://report.ico.org.uk/security-breach/ and further details provided to the ICO as soon as possible.

A second notification report must be submitted to the ICO within three days, either including these details, or telling them how long it will take to get them.

If CNWA experiences a data breach that needs to be reported to the ICO and the CEO is confident it has been dealt with appropriately, it can be reported online. An online report can also be made if the breach is still under investigation and more information will be provided at a later date (within the three day period above). The online form can also be used to report breaches outside normal ICO opening hours.

https://ico.org.uk/media/fororganisations/documents/2258298/personal-data-breach-report-formweb-dpa-2018.doc

Notifying Users Affected by a Data Breach

If the breach is likely to adversely affect the personal data or privacy of users, users affected need to be notified of the breach without unnecessary delay. They need to be told: -

- The name and contact details of the NWN contact;
- the estimated date of the breach;
- a summary of the incident;
- the nature and content of the personal data;
- the likely effect on the individual;
- any measures CNWA has taken to address the breach;
 and
- how they can mitigate any possible adverse impact.

Users do not need to be told about a breach if CNWA can demonstrate that the data was encrypted (or made unintelligible by a similar security measure).

If users are not told, the ICO can require CWNA to do so if they consider the breach is likely to adversely affect them.

Keeping Records

CNWA must keep a record of all personal data breaches in an inventory or log. Documents can be attached if necessary. The Data Breach Notification Log can be found in the Data Protection Policies and Forms section in the Admin folder on the Shared drive and must contain:

- the facts surrounding the breach;
- the effects of the breach; and
- remedial action taken.

The Data Breach Notification Log should be submitted to the ICO should a breach need to be reported to them.