





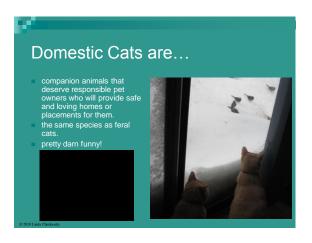
- Wild animals seldom survive the attack regardless of administered treatment.
- Cats carry several types of bacteria.
- Victims may appear healthy and die from internal hemorrhaging or injury to vital
- Attacks on adults often result in orphaned offspring that may not survive.















Campaigns – Keep Animals Safe Began in 2009 The Toronto Keep Animals Safe Campaign Coordinated by Toronto Wildlife Centre Mission and message are supported by the Canadian Cats Indoor Alliance. FAQs, resources, clever PSA video http://www.keepanimalssafe.ca/







Resources The ESA The MBTA Municipal, County and/or State Laws The CatBib Poster Projects and Fact Sheets Outreach at Off-site Events Intake and Survival Data

Pesources – ESA Unauthorized take of a listed species can occur through a variety of means, including but not limited to wounding, killing, harm, and harassment. Failure of an agency or municipality to take action to reduce the likelihood of death or injury to T & E species from feral cats could result in a violation of the ESA for which the agency or municipality may be held responsible for unauthorized "take" if free-ranging cats kill, injure, or harass T & E species. The ESA not only prohibits any person from directly taking wildlife, but it also prohibits any person from causing an ESA violation to be committed (16 U.S.C. section 1538 (g)).

Resources – MBTA Migratory birds are Federal trust resources and are afforded protection under the MBTA, which prohibits the take of a migratory bird's parts, nest, or eggs. Migratory birds could be subject to predation from State, municipality, or land manager-authorized cat colonies and freeranging feral or pet cats.

