



Basile Financial Group, Inc.

3641 US Highway 19 North

Palm Harbor, FL 34684

www.basilefinancial.com

727-900-7068

Monthly Economic Update

April 2021

In this month's recap: Stocks posted solid gains due to improving economic conditions and widening vaccination programs. However, tech and high-growth stocks played a limited role in the rally.

U.S. Markets

Improved economic conditions and broadened vaccine programs ignited a broad stock market rally, though rising treasury yields dragged on technology and high-growth stocks.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average led, picking up 6.62 percent. The Standard & Poor's 500 Index rose 4.24 percent while the tech-heavy Nasdaq Composite added 0.41 percent.¹

Bonds Take Center Stage

The month began strong, thanks to a retreat in Treasury bond yields, solid economic reports, and the approval of another vaccine.

However, enthusiasm faded when yields climbed higher following Federal Reserve Chair Jerome Powell's belief that inflationary pressures will be felt in the future. When yields leveled off, stocks resumed their advance, aided by the signing of the \$1.9 trillion stimulus bill into law and another round of upbeat economic reports.²

Rotation to Cyclical

Technology stocks and high-growth stocks played a limited role in the March rally as investors rotated their portfolios into other sectors, including cyclical names. The Nasdaq Composite early in the month flirted with a correction, defined as a 10 percent or greater pullback from a recent high.

Fed's Guidance

Traders eagerly awaited the two-day Federal Open Market Committee meeting, which ended on March 17. The Fed affirmed its monetary policy, which helped push the Dow Industrials and S&P 500 to record closing highs. Nevertheless, characteristic of the month's trading, markets reversed themselves the next day as a pickup in Treasury yields sent technology and other high-growth stocks lower once again.³

Despite the choppiness of the closing days of trading, stocks ended on a strong note to cap an otherwise good month for investors.

Sector Scorecard

Every industry sector ended higher in March, with gains in Communication Services (+2.04 percent), Consumer Discretionary (+3.49 percent), Consumer Staples (+8.26 percent), Energy (+2.60 percent), Financials (+6.19 percent), Health Care (+3.46 percent), Industrials (+9.01 percent), Materials (+7.67 percent), Real Estate (+6.19 percent), Technology (+0.03 percent), and Utilities (+8.93 percent).⁴

What Investors May Be Talking About in April

A new earnings season is fast approaching, and investors will be poring over financial statements to gauge business prospects.

Thanks to the fiscal stimulus, vaccinations, and more reopenings, many economists believe that growth will accelerate at the macro level. Economic reports, such as retail sales and industrial production, will help economists measure the momentum.

However, inflation numbers will continue to be closely scrutinized. Any pickup could rattle investor confidence in the Fed's policy to keep the short-term rates near zero—a central pillar supporting the financial markets (see "The Fed" section below).

TIP OF THE MONTH



If you're buying a house, strive to put at least 20% down so you can avoid the requirement for private mortgage insurance (PMI).

World Markets

Overseas markets posted solid returns in March, as improving sentiment regarding an economic recovery outweighed further lockdowns in Europe. For the month, the MSCI-EAFE Index rose 2.18 percent.⁵

The major European markets ended higher. Germany led, picking up 8.86 percent. France rose 6.38 percent, and the UK tacked on 3.55 percent.⁶

The returns on Pacific Rim stocks were mixed. Australia gained 1.76 percent and Japan added 0.73 percent, but Hang Seng slipped -2.08 percent.⁷

Indicators

Gross Domestic Product: The final read for the fourth quarter GDP growth was 4.3 percent, up from the previous estimate of 4.1 percent.⁸

Employment: Led by an acceleration in hiring by the leisure and hospitality industry, employers added 379,000 new jobs in February. This beat consensus forecasts by a wide margin and lowered the unemployment rate to 6.2 percent.⁹

Retail Sales: Retail sales fell by 3.0 percent in February, hampered by the month's severe winter weather. January retail sales figures were revised upward, from 5.3 percent to 7.6 percent.¹⁰

Industrial Production: Industrial output declined 2.2 percent. Industrial production was dragged lower by a drop in manufacturing production, which was impacted by February's inclement weather.¹¹

Housing: Housing starts dropped an unexpected 10.3 percent, as severe weather and labor constraints affected activity.¹²

Existing home sales declined 6.6 percent amid a tightening supply of homes on the market. Despite the drop from January levels, sales in February exceeded those in the same period in 2020 by 9.1 percent.¹³

Sales of new homes fell 18.2 percent, owing to inclement weather and a tight supply.¹⁴

Consumer Price Index: Prices of consumer goods rose by 0.4 percent in February, as gasoline prices jumped 6.4 percent. Core inflation, which excludes the more volatile food and energy sectors, was up 0.1 percent last month.¹⁵

Durable Goods Orders: Durable goods orders fell 1.1 percent, the first decline in 10 months.¹⁶

QUOTE OF THE MONTH



“Don’t let yesterday take up too much of today.”

WILL ROGERS

The Fed

The message coming out of March Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) meeting remained consistent: The Fed would maintain its near-zero interest rate policy and monthly bond purchasing program.

Fed officials stated that they expect some pickup in inflation this year but price increases would be transitory. They also said any changes to monetary policy would be communicated well in advance of a policy change.¹⁷

“Overall inflation remains below our 2 percent longer-run objective,” Fed Chair Jerome Powell said in prepared remarks. “Over the next few months, 12-month measures of inflation will move up as the very low readings from March and April of last year fall out of the calculation.”

“Beyond these base effects, we could also see upward pressure on prices if spending rebounds quickly as the economy continues to reopen, particularly if supply bottlenecks limit how quickly production can respond in the near term,” he continued.

“However, these one-time increases in prices are likely to have only transient effects on inflation. The median inflation projection of FOMC participants is 2.4 percent this year and declines to 2 percent next year before moving back up by the end of 2023.”¹⁸

MARKET INDEX	Y-T-D CHANGE	March 2021
DJIA	7.76%	6.62%
NASDAQ	2.78%	0.41%
S&P 500	5.77%	4.24%

BOND YIELD	Y-T-D	March 2021
10 YR TREASURY	0.83%	1.75%

Sources: Yahoo Finance, March 31, 2021

The market indexes discussed are unmanaged and generally considered representative of their respective markets. Individuals cannot directly invest in unmanaged indexes. Past performance does not guarantee future results. U.S. Treasury Notes are guaranteed by the federal government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. However, if you sell a Treasury Note prior to maturity, it may be worth more or less than the original price paid.

THE MONTHLY RIDDLE



A rope ladder hangs over the side of a docked ship and dips into the water. The rungs are 15.75" apart, all equally distanced. At low tide, two of the ladder's rungs are underwater. At high tide, which is exactly 3.5' above low tide, how many rungs will be underwater?

LAST MONTH'S RIDDLE: Some months have 30 days, others 31. How many have 28?

ANSWER: All of them - all months have 28 days or more.

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