WORKSHOPLV ENVIRONMENT

Workshop #1 – January 22, 2025



Introductions - Welcome!

Meeting Agenda

- Goals for Workshop #1
- Postcard from the Future Activity
- Climate Pollution Reduction Grant Program Overview
- Climate Change Background
- Near- and Long-Term Targets
- CCAP Draft Measures Activity
- Rank Criteria Activity
- Discussion/Questions
- Upcoming Meetings and Next Steps



Ground Rules

- 1. All people are welcome here: We continue to build a bigger table to bring more people into this work.
- 2. This is a safe space: We are all coming into this workshop with different backgrounds and knowledge bases. All questions are good questions, as long as they are based in respect.
- 3. Questions are encouraged: There will be opportunities for questions and comments throughout the presentation portion of the agenda.
- 4. Participation is key: There will be opportunities for verbal and non-verbal participation both are important. Please be conscientious of your participation in both sections.



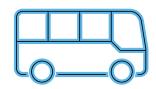
Workshop #1 Goals

- Provide context for climate action work.
- Understand how community envisions climate action and its corresponding benefits.
- Obtain input on potential Greenhouse Gas reduction measures across all sectors.
- Obtain input on evaluation criteria.
- Provide opportunity for questions.



Postcard from the Future

- What does a future free from climate change look like to you?
- Use provided scratch paper
- Can draw, write, or list to express your vision
- Feel free to work during presentation portion of meeting
- Responses can be anonymously featured in CAP publication













Climate Pollution Reduction Grant (CPRG)

Inflation Reduction Act authorized the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to provide funding for CPRG program



CPRG provides funding for large US metro areas to create climate action plans



Over 70 metro areas each received \$1 million in planning grant funds

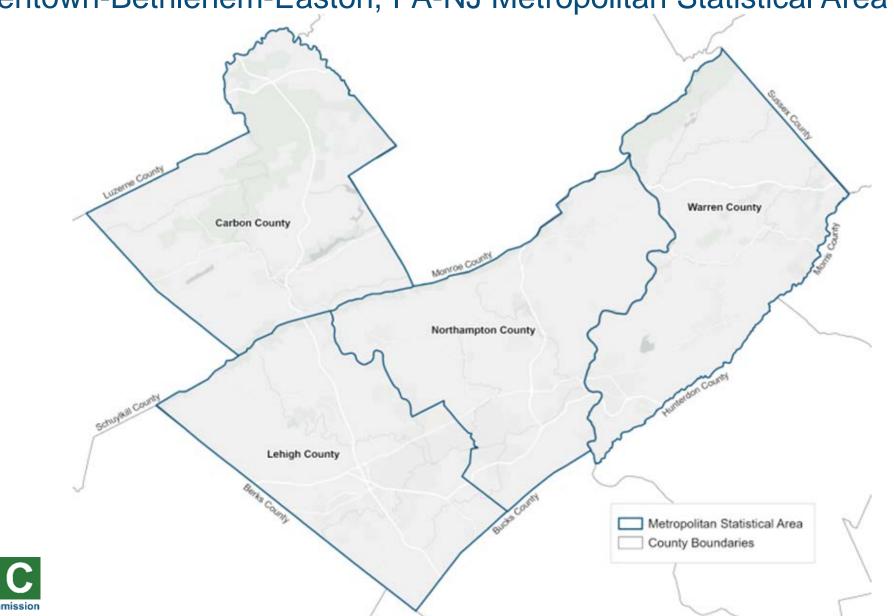


Program Goal:
Develop and implement ambitious plans for reducing greenhouse gas emissions and other harmful air pollution.



Greater Lehigh Valley:

Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)

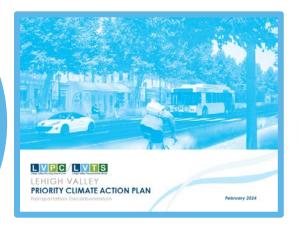


The Climate Pollution Reduction Grant Four Main Components:



Priority
Climate
Action Plan

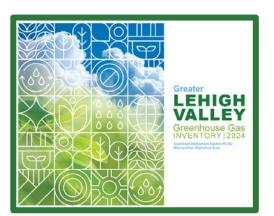
Spring 2024



Regional Climate Action Plan

Summer 2025

Regional
Greenhouse
Gas
Inventory
Fall 2024



Plan
Progress and
Monitoring
2025 & Beyond



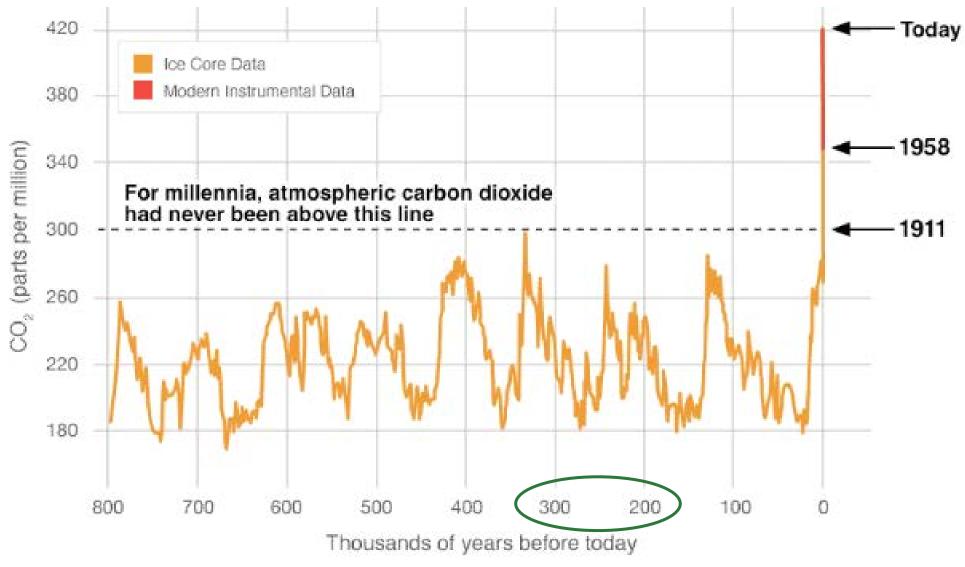


Greenhouse Gases (GHGs)

- Naturally occur in our atmosphere and help regulate temperature
 - Trap heat and prevent it from escaping Earth into space
 - Are emitted by both natural processes and human activity
 - Carbon Dioxide (CO₂) is the most prevalent GHG

GREENHOUSE GAS	GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL
Carbon Dioxide (CO₂)	1
Methane (CH₄)	28
Nitrous Oxide (N ₂ O)	265



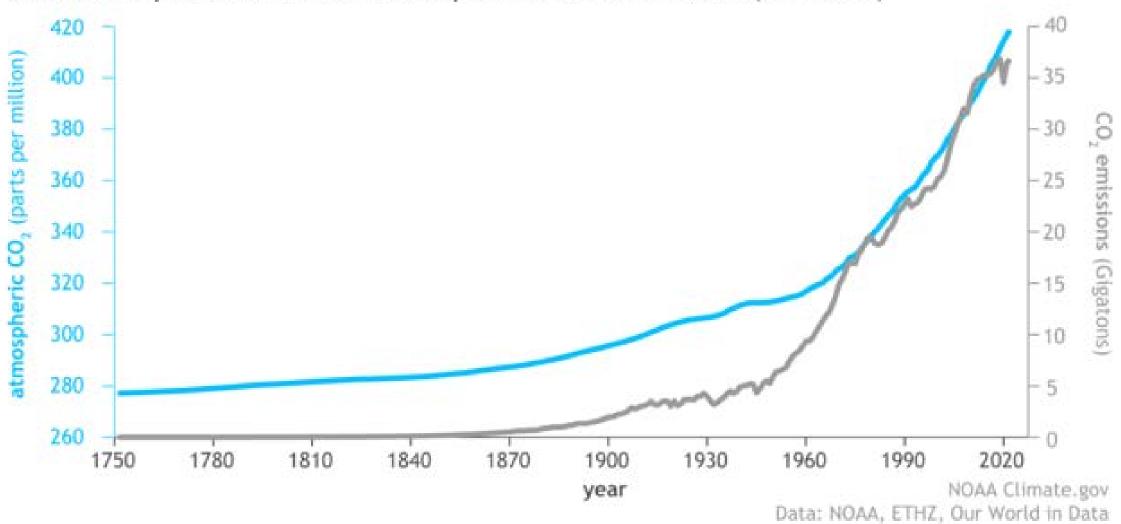


Data source: Reconstruction from ice cores.

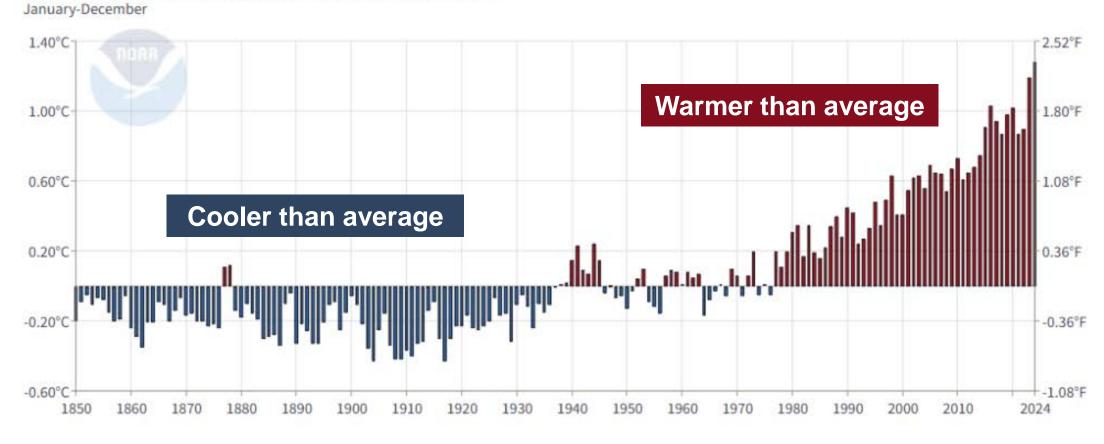
Credit: NOAA

Modern humans first appear

Global atmospheric carbon dioxide compared to annual emissions (1751-2022)



Global Land and Ocean Average Temperature Anomalies



- Global temperature has increased in correlation with CO₂ emissions
- The 10 warmest years on record have all occurred in the last decade
 - 2024 was the warmest recorded year in history

Change in Avg. Temperature (°F) in Allentown from 1951-2023 +3.9 Winter average temperature Spring average temperature +2.6 Summer average temperature +1.9Fall average temperature +1.7 Annual average temperature +2.5



Climate Change Hazards

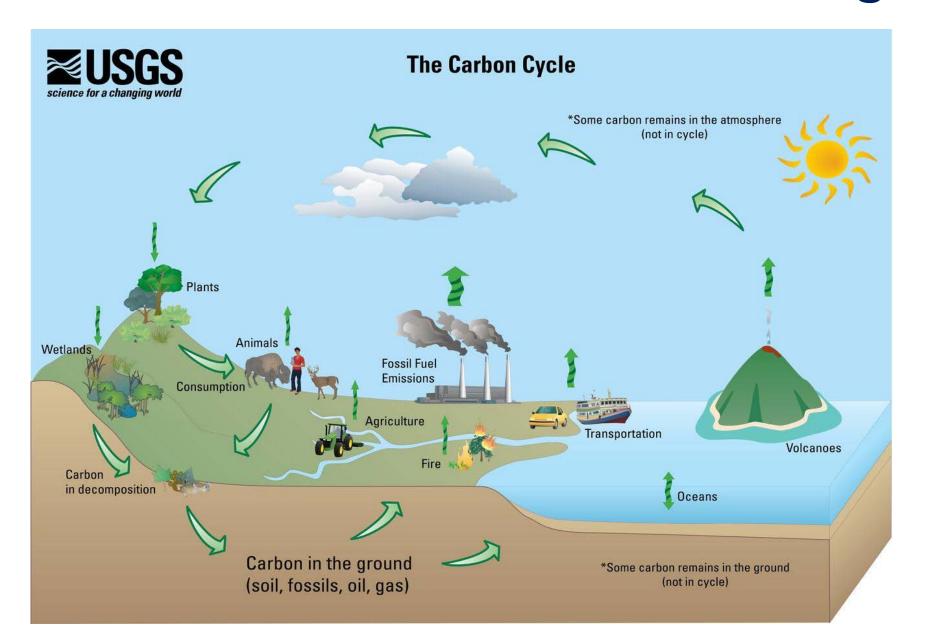
- Extreme heat
- Air pollution
- Increased precipitation and flooding risk
- Loss of native plants and animals
- Milder winters with less snow
- Diseases spread by insects (e.g. Lyme disease, West Nile virus)
- Wildfires
- Reduced crop yields







Our Connection to Climate Change



Questions? Lehigh Valley Planning Commission



Greater LEHIGH VALLEY

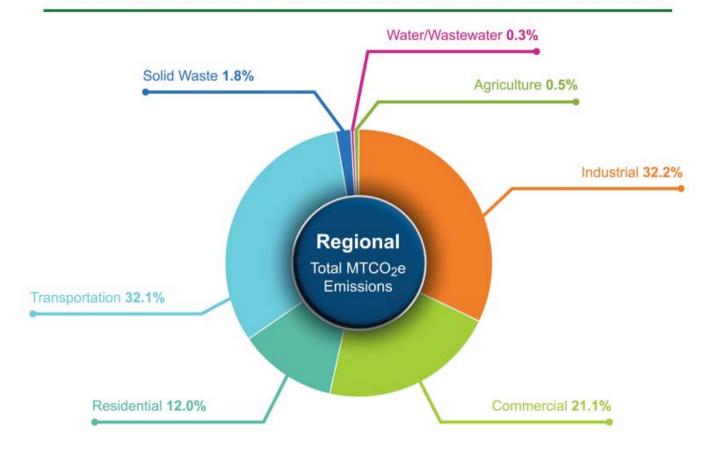
Greenhouse Gas INVENTORY | 2024

Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton PA-NJ Metropolitan Statistical Area

Sector	Description	Examples
Industrial	Unique processes at factories and energy usage	General manufacturing, cement production, food/beverage processing
Transportation	Fuel combustion from vehicle travel	Cars, trucks, buses
Commercial	Energy usage in businesses, schools, and hospitals	Heating and cooling, lighting
Residential	Energy usage in homes	Heating and cooling, lighting, appliances
Solid Waste	Emissions from landfills	Waste decay, gas flaring
Agriculture	Emissions from agricultural activities	Fertilizer, machinery
Water & Wastewater	Treatment of potable water and wastewater	Treatment plant operations



GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS BY SECTOR



ESTIMATED TOTAL GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

PA STORY STO

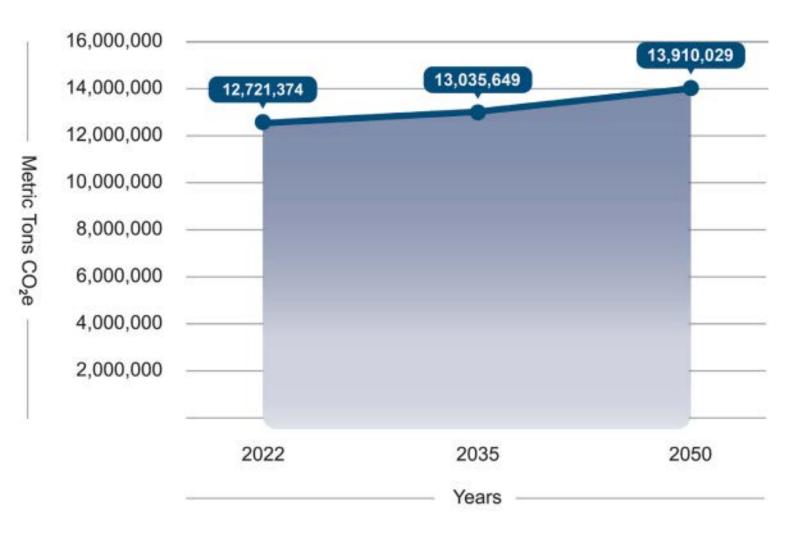
1,318,252 MTCO₂e

Warren County, NJ 1,599,755 MTCO₂e

Greater Lehigh Valley MSA 12,721,374



Business-as-Usual Emissions Projection



If we do not take further action, emissions may increase by

9.3% by 2050.



Big Impact = Big Opportunity

If Pennsylvania was its own country, it would produce the 36th most GHG emissions in the world

The **Greater Lehigh Valley** produces more
GHG emissions than El
Salvador

Pennsylvania's emissions have decreased by 19% since 2005





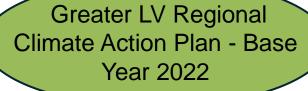
Near-Term and Long-Term GHG Reduction Targets

USA: 50-52% reduction relative to 2005 levels by 2030, net zero by 2050 – economy wide.

Pennsylvania: 25% reduction from 2005 levels by 2030, 80% reduction from 2005 levels by 2050.



New Jersey: 50% reduction from 2021 levels by 2030 and 80% reduction from 2021 levels by 2050.





Measure Development Process

- Review current plans, policies and programs from already published CAPs from our municipalities, surrounding states and comparable metro areas
- Compare with GHG Inventory
- Review with Community and Stakeholders
- Develop a draft list, organized by sector
- Screen and Refine
- Finalize



Measures Activity Instructions

- Each table is a station that represents a sector, with a list of potential measures.
- Take some time to review the example measures at your station and place
 the dot stickers located at your seat on 3 measures that you like best or that
 you would like to see for your community.
- If you have any ideas of measures that are not represented on these lists, please feel free to write ideas down on the index cards at your table OR let us know your ideas on the portal available on the LVPC website (lvpc.org).



Industrial

- Support the use of green technologies where feasible (e.g. green roofs to minimize heat island effects and solar arrays as an alternative energy source).
- Encourage energy efficiency of all industrial projects through building codes, zoning and site planning design that incorporate other accepted standards.
- Improve operational efficiency and reduce energy waste through targeted retrofitting of older buildings.
- Reduce embodied carbon from building construction by promoting localized construction materials, deconstruction, reuse of materials and recycling and minimizing construction waste.
- Promote evaluation of renewable energy feasibility for existing large industrial and commercial properties.
- Promote evaluation of fuel switching options for any on-site energy plant system that is fossil fuelbased.
- Streamline permitting and zoning considerations for installation of on-site renewable energy systems.
- Reuse abandoned mine lands for small to medium scale solar energy generation.



Transportation

- Implement Walk/Roll Active Transportation Plan.
- Increase transit ridership.
- Support deployment of AFVs of all types.
- Increase alternative fueling infrastructure.
- Reimagine and retrofit major transportation corridors with green infrastructure.
- Plan and implement Intelligent Transportation Systems technology.
- Encourage municipalities and public fleets to complete fleet inventories, adopt fleet efficiency policies, and invest in zero-emissions light, medium, and heavy-duty fleets when technology is available.



Commercial + Institutional

- Support the use of green technologies where feasible (e.g. green roofs to minimize heat island effects and solar arrays as an alternative energy source).
- Encourage energy efficiency of commercial projects through building codes, zoning and site planning design that incorporate other accepted standards.
- Install zero-carbon emission space heating and cooling and water heating systems in commercial properties
- Encourage onsite solar generation at public school locations.
- Energy efficiency upgrades at local hospitals, including an LED lighting retrofit and additional energy conservation measures discovered through retro commissioning and energy auditing.
- Purchase 100% renewable energy for all municipal operations. Review energy sources for environmental justice concerns and whether they use high impact energy projects.
- Changing old refrigerants (using 404R22) to new low-emissions refrigerants in supermarkets and convenience stores.
- Partner with utilities to increase awareness of opportunities for energy audits, incentives for energy efficiency improvements, and other energy-saving measures.
- Publicize and expand incentives for installation of rooftop solar on commercial properties. Revise building codes and ordinances that may act as obstacles.
- Encourage intermunicipal cooperation for renewable energy projects at regional scale.



Residential

- Support the use of green technologies where feasible (e.g. green roofs to minimize heat island effects and solar arrays as an alternative energy source).
- Encourage energy efficiency of all residential subdivisions and multifamily projects through building codes, zoning and site planning design that incorporate other accepted standards.
- Improve operational efficiency and reduce energy waste through targeted retrofitting of older buildings.
- Install zero-carbon emission space heating and cooling and water heating systems in residential properties and commercial properties.
- Make at least 10% of all low-to moderate income properties electrification-ready by the year 2030.
- Decarbonize households with approximately an 80% focus on households in equity and environment justice areas.
- Reduce embodied carbon from building construction by promoting localized construction materials, deconstruction, reuse of materials and recycling and minimizing construction waste.
- Establish a building retrofit program to replace fossil fuel appliances and systems with high efficiency electric options such as Energy Star.

Solid Waste

- Achieve a 50% reduction in food waste by 2030.
- Significantly increase or improve compost collection.
- Encourage and prioritize preservation, reuse, repurpose, and retrofit of existing structures.
- Support a curbside textile recycling program.
- Convert waste-hauling fleets from diesel-powered vehicles to low- or no-emission vehicles.
- Consider incentive programs for residents who reduce the quantity of waste they send to landfills (increase charges for curbside waste pickup and reduce or eliminate charges for recycling/compost.)
- Add recycling containers to public parks.
- Support an expanded compost program, with a curbside pickup option. Program should include residential and restaurants and businesses.



Agriculture/Land Use

- Increase land and forest management for natural sequestration.
- Provide for preservation of agricultural land use and environmental protection in non-urban areas.
- Promote green infrastructure that relies on native plants and natural processes for stormwater management, irrigation, groundwater recharge and flood prevention.
- Increase the coverage and health of trees and other native vegetation.
- Conserve and expand wetlands.
- Review and update land use ordinance and zoning to encourage land-use patterns that mitigate climate change impacts.
- Update tree ordinances and other applicable regulations/zoning ordinances to prioritize and preserve native species of plants and trees, as well as climate-resistant species.



Water/Wastewater

- Eliminate emissions from wastewater processing through aerobic and anerobic digestion.
- Reduce GHG emission of water and sewer system and building infrastructure through efficiency upgrades and leakage emission initiatives.



Rank Criteria Activity Instructions

With you remaining stickers, please indicate your top 3 screening criteria to consider for the measures you just prioritized



Measure Prioritization Draft Criteria

- Scale of Greenhouse Gas Reductions
- Scale of Hazardous Air Pollutant Reductions
- Ease of Implementation by 2030
- Ease of Implementation by 2050
- Leads with Equity
- Cost
- Scale of Co-Benefits (reduced cost of living, environmental burdens, creating jobs, improving resilience)





Next WorkshopLV Environment Meetings

March 26th: 8:30AM (in-person) at the LVPC office, 615 Waterfront Drive, Suite 201, Allentown, 18102

April 23rd: 8:30AM (in-person) at the LVPC office, 615 Waterfront Drive, Suite 201, Allentown, 18102

