

DEMAND DUO

Version 1.0 Revision Date: 28.02.2020 SDS Number: S00031136963 This version replaces all previous versions.

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : DEMAND DUO

Design code : A18484C

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : Syngenta Australia Pty Ltd (ABN 33 002 933 717)
www.syngenta.com.au

Address : 2-4 Lyonpark Road
Macquarie Park NSW 2113
Australia

Telephone : (02) 8876 8444

Telefax : (02) 8876 8446

Emergency telephone number : 13 11 26 (Poison Information Centre)
1800 033 111 (Syngenta)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Insecticide

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**GHS Classification**

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements : **Prevention:**
P261 Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

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P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P301 + P312 + P330 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
thiamethoxam (ISO)	153719-23-4	>= 10 -< 30
propane-1,2,3-triol	56-81-5	< 10
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	< 10
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)	91465-08-6	< 10
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	< 10
lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts	68611-14-3	< 10
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5	>= 0.05 -< 1

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

- General advice : Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.
- If inhaled : Move the victim to fresh air.
If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
- In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
Wash off immediately with plenty of water.
If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
- In case of eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.
Remove contact lenses.

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- Immediate medical attention is required.
- If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis. Skin contact paresthesia effects (itching, tingling, burning or numbness) are transient, lasting up to 24 hours.
- Notes to physician : Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.
Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

- Suitable extinguishing media : Extinguishing media - small fires
Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Extinguishing media - large fires
Alcohol-resistant foam
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
- Specific hazards during firefighting : As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10).
Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.
Flash back possible over considerable distance.
- Specific extinguishing methods : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Hazchem Code : ·3Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

- Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
- Environmental precautions : Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
- Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

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local / national regulations (see section 13).
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.
Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

- Advice on safe handling : No special protective measures against fire required.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
For personal protection see section 8.
- Conditions for safe storage : No special storage conditions required.
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
Keep out of the reach of children.
Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
thiamethoxam (ISO)	153719-23-4	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Syngenta
propane-1,2,3-triol	56-81-5	TWA (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	AU OEL
	Further information: This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica			
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA (particulate)	10 mg/m ³	AU OEL
		TWA (Total (vapour and particles))	150 ppm 474 mg/m ³	AU OEL
lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO)	91465-08-6	TWA	0.04 mg/m ³ (Skin)	Syngenta
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	19 ppm 100 mg/m ³	Supplier

- Engineering measures** : THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT. FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

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Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards.

Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.
When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Material : Nitrile rubber
Break through time : > 480 min
Glove thickness : 0.5 mm

Remarks : Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Eye protection : No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
Wear as appropriate:
Impervious clothing

Protective measures : The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment.
When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

Personal protective equipment should comply with relevant national standards

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SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	beige brown
Odour	:	aromatic, strong
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	6.3 (20 °C) Concentration: 10 g/l
Melting point/range	:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available
Flash point	:	Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup does not flash
Evaporation rate	:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	No data available
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	No data available
Vapour pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapour density	:	No data available
Density	:	1.0775 g/ml (25 °C)
Solubility(ies)		
Solubility in other solvents	:	No data available
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	450 °C
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	599 mPa.s (20 °C)
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

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SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- Reactivity : None reasonably foreseeable.
- Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
- Conditions to avoid : No decomposition if used as directed.
- Incompatible materials : None known.
- Hazardous decomposition products : No hazardous decomposition products are known.
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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

- Exposure routes : Ingestion
Inhalation
Skin contact
Eye contact

Acute toxicity**Product:**

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,750 mg/kg
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.52 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.
- Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

Components:**thiamethoxam (ISO):**

- Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): 1,563 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 3.72 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

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Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 56 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat, male): 79 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): 0.06 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 696 mg/kg
LD50 (Rat, male): 632 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,952 mg/kg

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 1,020 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation**Product:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : Mild skin irritation
Remarks : The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

Components:**thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : May cause temporary itching, tingling, burning or numbness of exposed skin, called paresthesia.

lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Result : Irritating to skin.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : Irritating to skin.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation**Product:**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation
Remarks : The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

Components:**thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Species : Rabbit
Result : No eye irritation

lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Result : Eye irritation

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation**Product:**

Test Type : Buehler Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials
: Humans
: Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Components:**thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Species : Guinea pig
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Test Type : Maximisation Test
Species : Guinea pig
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
: Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
: Mouse
: Does not cause skin sensitisation.

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1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Result : Probability or evidence of skin sensitisation in humans

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

thiamethoxam (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

thiamethoxam (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Liver tumours noted in mice that are not relevant to humans.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

thiamethoxam (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : No toxicity to reproduction

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ

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toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.
The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

lignosulfonic acid, ethoxylated, sodium salts:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

thiamethoxam (ISO):

Remarks : Did not show neurotoxicity in animal experiments.

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 0.112 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna Straus): 0.110 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

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Components:

thiamethoxam (ISO):

- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Cloeon sp.): 0.014 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Chironomus riparius (harlequin fly)): 0.035 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 81.8 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 81.8 mg/l
End point: Growth rate
Exposure time: 72 h
- M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 10
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
Test Type: flow-through test
- NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 20 mg/l
Exposure time: 88 d
Test Type: Early-life Stage
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
- NOEC (Chironomus riparius (Midge larvae)): 0.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 30 d
- M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 10
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h
- #### **lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**
- Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)): 0.000078 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
- LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): 0.00016 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

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- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00036 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- LC50 (Americamysis): 0.000007 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- EC50 (Hyaella azteca (Amphipod)): 0.000002 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 0.31 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
- M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity) : 100,000
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.000031 mg/l
Exposure time: 300 d
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.000002 mg/l
Exposure time: 21 d
- NOEC (Americamysis): 0.00022 µg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
- M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity) : 100,000
- Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l
Exposure time: 3 h

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

- Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
- Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants : ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2.6 - 2.9 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: Growth inhibition
- NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 1 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h
- Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.23 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d
- Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity) : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.14 mg/l
Exposure time: 28 d

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Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

Acute aquatic toxicity : Very toxic to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability**Components:****thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life: 11 d
Remarks: Product is not persistent.

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 7 d
Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential**Components:****thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Low bioaccumulation potential.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -0.13 (25 °C)

lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulates

Mobility in soil**Components:****thiamethoxam (ISO):**

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Moderately mobile in soils

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 51 d
Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50)
Remarks: Product is not persistent.

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lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: immobile

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 56 d
Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50)
Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Other adverse effects**Components:****lambda-cyhalothrin (ISO):**

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.; Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified:

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment : This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**Disposal methods**

Waste from residues : Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Do not dispose of waste into sewer.
Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration.
If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Non-returnable containers:
Triple rinse containers.
Add rinsings to spray tank
If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. Containers marked with the drumMUSTER container logo can be taken to a drumMUSTER collection site (02 6206 6868, www.drummuster.org.au).
Empty containers can be landfilled, when in accordance with the local regulations.
If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt.
Returnable containers:
Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all

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valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 3082
 Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN)
 Class : 9
 Packing group : III
 Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082
 Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN)
 Class : 9
 Packing group : III
 Labels : Class 9 - Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles
 Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 964
 Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 964
 Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082
 Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN)
 Class : 9
 Packing group : III
 Labels : 9
 EmS Code : F-A, S-F
 Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number : UN 3082
 Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (LAMBDA-CYHALOTHRIN)
 Class : 9
 Packing group : III
 Labels : 9
 Hazchem Code : ·3Z
 Remarks : Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods

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(ADG). This applies when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg(L) or IBCs per ADG Special Provision AU01.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform : Schedule 6
Scheduling of Medicines and
Poisons

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements : There is no applicable prohibition or notification/licensing requirements, including for carcinogens under Commonwealth, State or Territory legislation.

Product Registration Number : APVMA Approval No. 85595

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date : 28.02.2020

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AU OEL : Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.

AU OEL / TWA : Exposure standard - time weighted average

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO -

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Version 1.0	Revision Date: 28.02.2020	SDS Number: S00031136963	This version replaces all previous versions.
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International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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