Department of Education SPTVE SHIELDED METAL ARC WELDING (SMAW)10

Single Pass Fillet Weld in Flat Position Quarter 2: Week 3 Module



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EXPECTATIONS

At the end of the lesson, the learner is expected to:

- 1. identify the procedures of single pass fillet weld,
- 2. enumerate the procedures of single pass fillet weld and
- 3. draw the working drawing of single pass fillet weld in flat position.



PRE-TEST

Direction: Encircle the letter of the correct answer.

1.	Use electrode and tack weld the	e metal to form a T- joint.	
	A. 6010	C. 6013	
	B. 6011	D. 7018	
2.	. What is the specified length of tack we	elds on fillet welds?	
	A. 5 mm	C. 15 mm	
	B. 10 mm	D. 20 mm	
3.	Metal to be welded should be tack weld	ed in	
	A. Both edge of the plate	C. Center and edge of the joint.	
	B. Both end and the center of the joint	D. Center of the joint	
4.	Refers to the layers of beads which has	been deposited in the base metal.	
	A. Arc rays	C. Puddle	
	B. Pass	D. Ripple	
5. Frequently used in all kinds of work, which may be single fillet lap join			
	doble fillet.		
	A. Butt joint	C. Lap joint	
	B. Corner joint	D. Tee joint	
6.	A fillet weld is a weld type in the cross-s	sectional shape of a	
	A. Circle	C. Square	
	B. Rectangle	D. Triangle	
7.	What is the recommended amperage se	tting in welding single pass fillet?	
	A. 85	C. 95	
	B. 90	D. 100	
8.	In stringer bead in flat fillet weld of the	same thickness plate, the work angle	
	is always.	-	
	A. 30 degrees	C. 60 degrees	
	B. 45 degrees	D. 70 degrees	
9.	Travel angle for single pass fillet weld is	9	
	A. 45 degrees	C. 70 degrees	
	B. 60 degrees	D. 85 degrees	
	10. Welding fillet, the normal arc lengt		
	A. 1/16 – 1/8 inch.	C. ½ - 3/8 inch.	
	B 1/8 = 3/16 inch	D 5/16 - ½ inch	



In the previous lesson, you have learned the different Personal Protective Equipment used in welding. Now let us see if you still remember these PPEs.

Directions: Match the name of the Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) in column A with the correct pictures in column B. Write the letter of your answer on a blank provided before each item.

A		В
	1. Respirator	A
	2. Welding helmet	В
	3. Safety shoes	c
	4. Welding gloves	D
	5. Protective cover all	E



Single Pass Fillet Weld in Flat Position

To weld a single pass fillet weld in flat position. The bead should not exceed the required size and of equal leg lengths, profile not concave nor convex, with fine ripples and welded plates perpendicular to each other.

Material/supplies:

- 2pcs.Mild Steel plates 10mm X 50mm X200mm
- 4pcs. E-6013- 3.25mmÆ

Tools and Equipment:

Chipping Steel brush Welding gloves Welding apron Welding helmet/shield Portable grinder Fillet gauge AC or DC welding machine with accessories

Procedures:

- 1. Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) before welding.
- 2. Prepare the tools, equipment and materials needed.
- 3. Set up the welding machine and adjust the correct current amperage settings. 95 amps.85-100 amperes (range of adjustments)
- 4. Use E6013 electrode and tack weld the metal to form a T-joint. Tack both end and at the center of the joint.

Note: The tacking of at least 10mm long and with acceptable weld is necessary.

- 5. Clamp firmly the workpiece to the welding positioner, and clean the joint to be welded.
- 6. Strike the arc at the starting point and hold the rod at correct angles then shorten the arc at the finishing points and fill the crater with molten metal.

Note: Weld at 70° travel angle and 45° work angle.

- 7. Remove the slag with a chipping hammer and clean the bead using steel brush. **Note**: Use clear goggles/face shield when chipping. The direction of chipping should be away from you.
- 8. Properly clean the metal for inspection.
- 9. Visually check the following:
 - Plate alignment and squareness
 - Bead weave pattern
 - Weld defects such as porosity, undercut, overlaps
 - Bead connection

WORKING DRAWING



Figure 11. Fillet Weld Flat Position



Activity 1.

Directions: Arrange the correct welding procedures of single pass fillet weld in flat position. Write 1 on the blank for the first procedure, 2 for the second procedure and 3 to 9 for the succeeding procedure.

 _Visually check the following:
 _Use E6013 electrode and tackweld the metal to form a T-joint.
_Strike the arc at the starting point and hold the rod at correct angles thenshorten the arc at the finishing points and fill the crater with molten metalPrepare the tools, equipment and materials needed.
Clamp firmly the workpiece to the welding positioner and clean the joint tobe weldedProperly clean the metal for inspection.
 _Wear the appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) before welding.
 _Set up the welding machine and adjust the correct current amperage
settings. 95 amps.85-100 amperes (range of adjustments)
 _Remove the slag with a chipping hammer and clean the bead using steel
brush.

Activity 2.

Directions:	Draw the	illustration/working drawing of multi pass weld in flat
	position.	illustration/working drawing of multi pass weld in flat See figure 11.



The welding steps and procedures are very important or required to follow completely because it serves as a guide of a welder for the effective welding in accordance with welding procedure specification, or WPS.



Directions: Enumerate the welding procedures on how to weld single pass fillet weld in flat position.

1) _	
, -	
2) _	
3) _	
_	
4) _	
_	
5) _	
-	
6) _	
_	
7) _	
-	
8)	
-	
9)	



Direction: Encircle the letter of the correct answer.

1. Refers to the layers of beads which has be	en deposited in the base metal.
A. Arc rays	C. Puddle
B. Pass	D. Ripple
2. What is the recommended amperage setting	g in welding single pass fillet?
A. 85	C. 95
B. 90	D. 100
3. What is the specified length of tack welds	on fillet welds?
A. 5 mm	C. 15 mm
B. 10 mm	D. 20 mm
4. Welding fillet, the normal arc length is	:
A. $1/16 - 1/8$ inch.	C. ½ - 3/8 inch.
B. $1/8 - 3/16$ inch.	
5. Metal to be welded should be tack welded	•
A. Both edge of the plate	C. Center and edge of the joint.
B. Both end and the center of the joint	
6. A fillet weld is a weld type in the cross-sec	tional shape of a
A. Circle	C. Square
B. Rectangle	D. Triangle
7. Travel angle for single pass fillet weld is us	sually set at an angle of
A. 45 degrees	C. 70 degrees
B. 60 degrees	D. 85 degrees
8. Frequently used in all kinds of work, wh	ich may be single fillet lap joint or
doble fillet.	, ,
A. Butt joint	C. Lap joint
B. Corner joint	D. Tee joint
9. Use electrode and tack weld the r	netal to form a T- joint.
A. 6010	C. 6013
B. 6011	D. 7018
10. In stringer bead in flat fillet weld of the s	ame thickness plate, the work
Angle is always.	-
A. 30 degrees	C. 60 degrees
B. 45 degrees	D. 70 degrees



References

- K12 Basic Education Curriculumn, Grade 10 SMAW LM Final Check and verified page 49-50
- Public Technical Vocational High Schools, Competency-Based Learning material, SMAW NCI, (Department of Education 2008)