

# Simple Interest & Compound Interest

## A. Simple Interest:

Principal - P.

Time - T

Rate of Interest - R.

$$\text{Simple Interest (SI)} = \frac{PTR}{100}$$

Total Amount - A

$$\underline{A = P + SI}$$

Q1: What is the simple Interest on Rs. 1000 for 5 years at the rate of 8% per annum? Also find the final value payable back.

$$P = 1000 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$T = 5 \text{ years}$$

$$R = 8\% \text{ p.a.}$$

$$SI = \frac{PTR}{100} = \frac{1000 \times 5 \times 8}{100} = \underline{400 \text{ Rs.}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Amount} &= \text{Principal} + \text{Interest (SI)} \\ &= 1000 + 400 \\ &= \underline{1400} \end{aligned}$$

Q2: A certain amount of money doubles itself every 4 yrs at a certain simple Interest. In how much time will it become six times itself.

Instant Method:

\* Subtract '1' from the number of times that you want (Here six times)

$$\text{i.e. } 6 - 1 = 5$$

\* Multiply itself by the time at which it becomes double. (4 yrs).

$$\text{i.e. } 5 \times 4 = 20$$

Hence the amount becomes '6' times in 20 yrs

Q3. A certain Amount of money becomes 3540 Rs. in 3 yrs. at 6% Interest rate. In how many years will it become Rs. 4260 at 7% Interest rate.

Case 1:  $A = 3540$   $P = ?$   $T = 3$  yrs.  $R = 6\%$ .

$$A = P + SI$$
$$= P + \frac{PTR}{100}$$

$$A = \frac{100P + PTR}{100}$$

$$100 \times A = P(100 + TR)$$

$$P = \frac{100 \times A}{100 + TR} = \frac{100 \times 3540}{100 + 3 \times 6}$$

$$= \frac{100 \times 3540}{118}$$

$$= \underline{\underline{3000}}$$

$$P = \underline{\underline{3000}}$$

Case 2:

$$P = \frac{100 \times A}{100 + TR}$$

$$A = 4260$$

$$P = 3000 \text{ (from case 1)}$$

$$SI = 7\%$$

$$T = ?$$

$$3000 = \frac{100 \times 4260}{100 + T \times 7}$$

$$100 + 7T = \frac{426000}{3000} = 142$$

$$7T = 42$$

$$T = \frac{42}{7} = \underline{\underline{6 \text{ yrs}}}$$

Q 4. An amount was invested at a simple Interest rate for 2 yrs. Had it been put at 4% higher rate, it would have fetched Rs. 400 more. Find the invested amount.

$$SI = \frac{P \times 2 \times R}{100} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$SI = \frac{2PR}{100}$$

$$(SI + 400) = \frac{P \times 2 \times (R+4)}{100} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$SI + 400 = \frac{2P(R+4)}{100}$$

$$400 = \frac{2P(R+4)}{100} - \frac{2PR}{100}$$

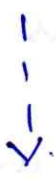
$$\frac{SI}{(SI+400)} = \frac{\frac{P \times 2 \times R}{100}}{\frac{P \times 2 \times (R+4)}{100}}$$

$$= \frac{2PR}{100} + \frac{8P}{100} - \frac{2PR}{100}$$

$$SI (P) \times 2 \times (R+4) = P \times 2 \times R \times (SI+400)$$

$$SI \times R + 4 \times SI$$

$$P = \frac{400 \times 100}{8} = \underline{\underline{5000}}$$



Use direct formula:

$$\text{Principal} = \frac{\text{Additional Interest} \times 100}{\text{Additional rate} \times \text{time}}$$

$$= \frac{400 \times 100}{4 \times 2} = \underline{\underline{5000}}$$

Q5. Find the simple Interest on Rs. 4000 at 3% per annum for 2 years. Also find the amount.

$$P = 4000 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$T = 2 \text{ yrs.}$$

$$R = 3\% \text{ p.a.}$$

$$SI = \frac{PTR}{100} = \frac{4000 \times 2 \times 3}{100} = \underline{240 \text{ Rs}}$$

$$A = P + SI = 4000 + 240 = \underline{4240}$$

Q6. Saniya Invested Rs. 10,000 in a savings bank account at a rate of interest 2% per annum. Find, Simple interest & amount earned by Saniya if the amount was kept in bank for 4 years.

$$P = 10,000 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$T = 4 \text{ yrs.}$$

$$R = 2\% \text{ p.a.}$$

$$SI = \frac{10,000 \times 4 \times 2}{100} = 800 \text{ Rs.}$$

$$A = 10,000 + 800 = 10,800 \text{ Rs.}$$

Q7. Calculate the simple Interest on Rs. 9200 at 8% p.a. for 8 Months.

$$SI = \frac{9200 \times 8 \times \frac{8}{12}}{100}$$

$$= \frac{1472}{3} = \underline{490.67}$$

$$8M = \underline{\underline{\frac{8}{12} \text{ Yrs.}}}$$

Q8: Calculate the Simple Interest on 7400 Rs. at 10% p.a. for 9 months

$$SI = \frac{7400 \times 10 \times \frac{9}{12}}{100} = 185 \text{ Rs.}$$

Q9 Seema borrowed Rs. 3400 at the rate of 8% p.a. for 225 days. Find the Simple Interest.

$$SI = \frac{3400 \times 8 \times \frac{225}{365}}{100} = 167.67$$

3400

$$\begin{array}{r} 272 \\ \times 45 \\ \hline 12240 \end{array}$$
  

100	122	40
73	27	8
27	10	51
	14	3
	159	3
	8	49

27 x (20) = 540 - 27 = 513

Q10. Narayan Invested 4500 at the rate of 6% p.a. for 300 days. Find the amount he got back.

$$SI = \frac{4500 \times 6 \times \frac{300}{365}}{100} = 221.92$$

$$A = 4500 + 221.92 = 4721.92$$

73	1	62
27	27	89
		16

27	6	33
	16	2
	6	195

	1	95
		27
		112
		122

	1	22
		73

Q 11: If the Simple Interest is Rs. 390 at 3% p.a. for 2 years. Find the principal & total amount?

$$SI = \frac{PTR}{100}$$

$$\frac{390}{65} = \frac{P \times 6}{100}$$

$$P = \underline{6500}$$

$$A = 6500 + 390 = \underline{6890}$$

Q 12: If the Simple Interest is Rs. 500 at 4% p.a. for 2 years. Find the principal & amount.

$$500 = \frac{P \times 4 \times 2}{100} \cdot \frac{250 \cdot 25}{500 \times 100} = P$$

$$= \underline{6250}$$

$$A = \underline{6750}$$

Q 13: Kiran payed an amount of Rs. 2300 to a bank with a simple interest of 300 Rs. for 3 years. Find the principal & Rate of Interest.

$$P = 2300 - 300 = 2000$$

$$300 = \frac{2000 \times 3 \times R}{100} = \underline{5\%}$$

Q 14: Sanjay invested an amount of Rs. 4500 to bank with a simple Interest of 500 Rs. for 5 yrs. Find the principal & Rate of Interest.

$$P = A - SI$$

$$= 4500 - 500 = \underline{4000}$$

$$\frac{500}{10} = \frac{4000 \times 5 \times R}{100} = \underline{2.5\% \text{ p.a.}}$$

4  
Q 15. Find time when, Principal = 1500 Rs., Simple Interest = 450 Rs.  
Rate = 5% p.a.

$$\frac{450}{30} = \frac{1500 \times 5 \times T}{100} = \underline{6 \text{ yrs}}$$

Q 16. Find time when Principal = 3500 Rs., Simple Interest = 700 Rs.  
Rate = 4% p.a.

$$\frac{700}{20} = \frac{3500 \times 4 \times T}{100} \quad \underline{T = 5 \text{ years}}$$

### EXERCISE:

I. Find the Amount & Simple Interest of the following

a. P = Rs. 4500, R = 3% p.a.

J = 2 years, A = ? S.I. = ?

b. P = Rs. 6800, R = 4% p.a.

J = 3 years, A = ? S.I. = ?

c. P = Rs. 2500, R = 3% p.a.

J = 8 months, A = ? S.I. = ?

d. P = Rs. 3000, R = 1% p.a.

J = 6 months, S.I. = ?

e. P = 5500 Rs., R = 3% p.a.

J = 150 days, S.I. = ?

f. P = 2000 Rs., R = 5% p.a.

J = 350 days, S.I. = ?

g. S.I. = Rs. 600, R = 4% p.a.

J = 4 years, P = ? A = ?

h. S.I. = Rs. 400, R = 2% p.a.

J = 5 years, P = ? A = ?

i. S.I. = Rs. 340, P = 4000 Rs.

J = 5 years, R = ? A = ?

j. S.I. = Rs. 280, P = Rs. 2800

J = 3 years, R = ? A = ?

k. S.I. = Rs. 460, P = Rs. 7000.

R = 2% p.a., J = ? A = ?

l. S.I. = Rs. 520, P = Rs. 3500

R = 4% p.a., J = ? A = ?

## II. Solve the Following

a. A loan of Rs. 10,000 has been issued for 6 years. Calculate the amount to be repaid to the lender, if simple interest is charged at 5% per year.

b. A woman has deposited Rs. 6000 in a saving account. Bank pays an interest at a rate of 9% per year. Find the amount of interest that will be earned over 12 years.

c. Calculate the simple interest on Rs. 8000 at 7% p.a. for 6 months.

d. Sneha Invested Rs. 1500 at the rate of 6% p.a. for 7 years & 3 months. Find the simple interest.

e. Krishna Invested Rs. 6000 at the rate of 4% p.a. for 200 days. Find the amount he got back.

f. Chaitra borrowed Rs. 5000 at the rate of 2% p.a. for 120 days. Find the amount she has to pay after 120 days.

g. Find the principal & Amount when, time is 4 years, interest is Rs. 400 & rate is 5% p.a.

- h. Find the principal & Amount which gives an Interest of Rs. 516 at the rate of 8% for 5 years.
- i. Find the rate of interest & amount when, principal is Rs. 6000, Interest is 900 & time is 7 years.
- j. Find the rate of interest & amount when, Principal is Rs. 3500, Interest is Rs. 300 & time is 5 years.
- k. Find the time & amount when principal = Rs. 500,  
Rate = 7.5% p.a., S.I. = 150 Rs.
- l. Find the time & amount when principal = 7000 Rs.,  
Rate = 4% p.a., S.I. = Rs. 400.

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