

## 1. Numbers:

Number is a mathematical object used to count, label & measure.

### a. Types of Numbers:

#### (i). Natural numbers:

Counting numbers  $\{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$  till infinity

Eg: 1, 15, 18, 386 etc.

#### (ii) Whole Numbers:

Natural numbers including '0'.  $\{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$ .

Eg: 0, 7, 13, 274 etc.

! All Natural numbers are whole numbers.  
But, All Whole numbers are <sup>not</sup> natural numbers.

#### (iii) Integers:

Positive & Negative Counting Numbers as well as '0'.

Eg:  $\dots, -5, -4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, \dots$

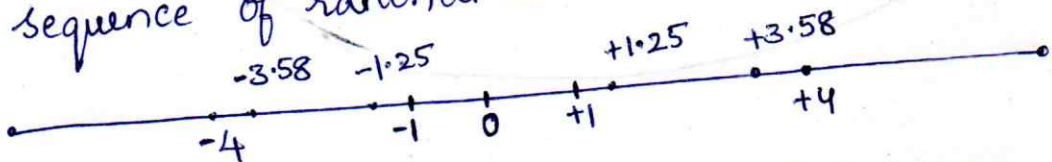
#### (iv) Rational Numbers:

Numbers that can be expressed as a fraction of an integer & a non-zero integer.

Eg:  $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{1}{4}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{3}$  etc.

#### (v) Real Numbers:

All Numbers that can be expressed as the limit of a sequence of rational numbers.



Every real number corresponds to a point on the Number line.

## (VI). Irrational Numbers:

A real no. which is not a rational is called irrational Number.

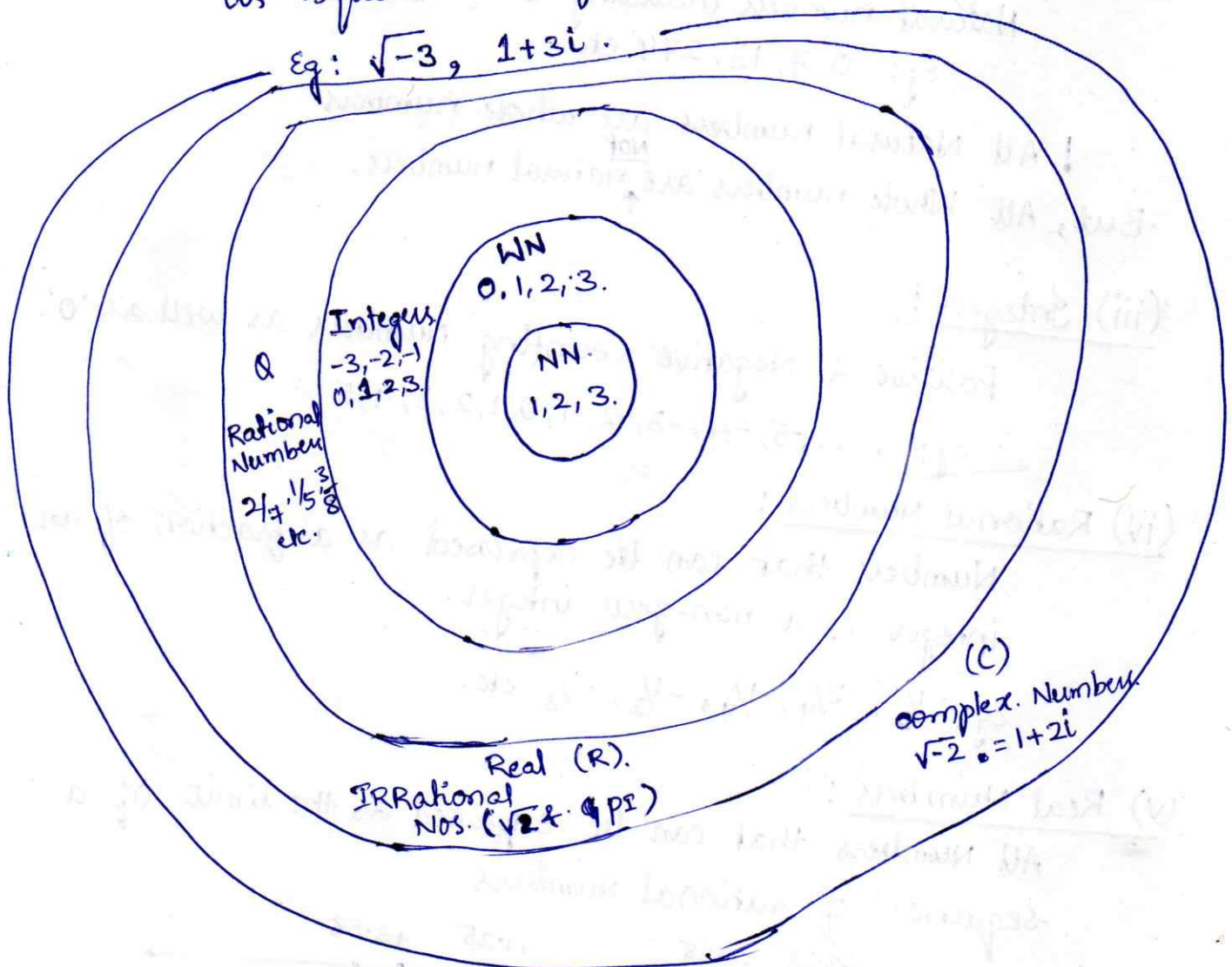
Eg: Square root of 2 = 1.41421356.

Golden Ratio ( $\pi$ ) = 1.61803398874

## (VII) Complex Numbers:

Includes real numbers & imaginary numbers, such as square root of -ve number.

Eg:  $\sqrt{-3}$ ,  $1+3i$ .



## 6. Prime, Composite, Even & Odd Numbers:

### (i) Prime Numbers:

Prime Number is a natural number which are divisible by '1' & 'itself' only.

Eg: 5 is a prime number.  
(divisible only '1' & itself).

### (ii) Composite Numbers:

Natural Number  $> 1$ , that is not prime is called Composite Number.

Eg: '6' is a composite number  
( $\because$  can be divisible by '2' & '3', along with '1' & '6').

### (iii) Even Numbers:

Any Number (Integer) that can be divisible by '2' (exactly) is called an Even Number.

Eg: 42, -68, 374, -14 etc.

### (iv) Odd Numbers:

Any Number (Integer) that cannot be divisible by '2' (exactly) is called an Odd Number.

Eg: 59, 3, 91, 373 etc.

## 2. Basic Operators:

An operator is a special symbol / phrase that is used to change, check or combine values.

There are '4' basic operators to perform mathematical calculations:

- Addition
- Subtraction
- Multiplication &
- Division.

a. Addition: (+) - plus sign.

Total Amount of objects together (in a collection)

Eg:  $5 + 10 = 15$ .  
↓   ↓   ↓  
Addends   Sum/Total.

b. Subtraction: (-) - Minus sign.

Removing the objects (from a collection).

Eg:  $24 - 17 = 7$   
↓   ↓   ↓  
Minuend   Subtrahend   difference

c. Multiplication: (x) - cross/into

Scaling one number by another

Eg:  $8 \times 4 = 32$   
↓   ↓   ↓  
Multiplicand   Multiplier   product.  
(8 times 4)

d. Division: ( $\div$  or  $-$  or  $/$ ) - 'by' or 'divided by'

\*  $\frac{\text{dividend}}{\text{divisor}}$

Eg:  $14 \div 2$  ( $\frac{14}{2}$  or  $14/2$ ) = 7.  
↓   ↓   ↓  
dividend   divisor   quotient.

### 3. Sum Root / Digital Root / Digit Sum / add-up.

converting a given Number into a single digit by adding up all the digits in the given Number.

\* This method helps to 'check answers' - addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, division, Squares, square roots, cube roots etc.

Eg: (i) Find the digit sum of 2467539.

Ans:  $2 + 4 + 6 + 7 + 5 + 3 + 9 = 36$ .

$$3 + 6 = 9.$$

Hence digit sum = 9.

(ii) Find the digit sum of 56768439.

Ans:  $5 + 6 + 7 + 6 + 8 + 4 + 3 + 9 = 48$ .

$$4 + 8 = 12$$

$$1 + 2 = 3.$$

Hence digit sum = 3.

#### a. Cast of Nines (9):

Any Numbers adding to '9' will result in same Number | or 'total 9' will be eliminated.

Eg:  $9 + 7 = 16$   
 $1 + 6 = 7$

Eg:  $3 + 6 + 8 = 17$   
 $1 + 7 = 8$

Eg: (i) Find the digit sum of 12919.

Ans:  $1 + 2 + 9 + 1 + 9 = 4$ .

or  $12919$   
 $1 + 2 + 1 = 4$ .

(ii) Find the digit sum of 63727.

Ans:  $6 + 3 + 7 + 2 + 7 = 7$ .

or  $63727 = 7$ .

## b. Answer Verification: (DR, SR, DS, AUP)

### (i) Addition:

1. Verify.  $18273645 + 9988888 + 6300852 + 1111111$   
 $= 45674496$

digit sum of addends together = digit sum of sum/Total.

(DS) Sum of Addends

$$0 + 4 + 6 + 8 = 9$$

(SR of Sum/Total)  $6 + 7 + 4 + 4 + 6 = 27$   
 $= 9$

2. Verify  $978 + 1846 = 2824$ .

$$ds(a1) + ds(a2) = ds(s)$$

### (ii) Subtraction:

1. Verify  $63 - 21 = 42$ .

digit sum of Minuend - digit sum of Subtrahend = digit sum of difference

$$9 - 3$$

$$4 - 2 = 6$$

2. Verify.  $5798 - 3672 = 2126$ .

\* One limitation is that some cases, Minued  $<$  Subtrahend (SR).  
In such cases, keep Minued at higher value. (Add '9' to Minued).

3. Verify  $67458 - 43756 = 23702$

$$ds(\text{minuend}) - ds(\text{subtrahend}) = ds(\text{difference})$$

(iii) Multiplication:

1. Verify  $467532 \times 107777 = 50389196364$

$$9 \times 2 = 9$$

$$= 18$$

$$1+8=9 = 9$$

digit sum of Multiplicand  $\times$  digit sum of Multiplier  
 $=$  digit sum of product

2. Verify  $999816 \times 727235 = 727101188760$ .

$$\begin{aligned} & ds(\text{Multiplicand}) \\ & \times ds(\text{Multiplier}) \\ & = ds(\text{product}) \end{aligned}$$

(iv) Division:

1. Verify whether  $2308682040$  divided by  $36524$   
 equals  $63210$ .

(dividend) (divisor)

(quotient)

$$ds \text{ of dividend} = ds \text{ of divisor} \times ds \text{ of quotient} + ds \text{ of Remainder.}$$

2. Verify  $89/3$   
 $Q=29$   $R=2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} 6 &= 2 \times 3 + 0 \\ &= 6 + 0 \\ &= 6. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & ds(\text{dividend}) = ds(\text{divisor}) \\ & \times ds(\text{quotient}) + ds \\ & \text{(Remainder)}. \end{aligned}$$

Hint: (Important).

"The digit-sum method can only tell us whether the answer is wrong or not. It cannot tell us <sup>with</sup> complete accuracy whether the answer is correct or not."

\* digit sums match - Most likely correct.

\* Do not match - wrong.

(V) Squaring / Square rooting:

$$\underline{ds(\sqrt{r}) * ds(\sqrt{r}) = ds(sq.)}$$

Eg: 23 is square root of 529.  
verify

✓ digit sum of square root =  $2+3=5$ .  
So.  $5 \times 5 = 25 = 7$ .

✓ digit sum of square =  $5+2+9=7$

(VI) Cubing / cube rooting:

$$\underline{ds(\sqrt[3]{r}) * ds(\sqrt[3]{r}) * ds(\sqrt[3]{r}) = ds(cube)}$$

Eg: Verify whether 2197 is the cube of 13.

$$ds(\sqrt[3]{2}) = 1+3=4$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64 = 1$$

$$ds(cube) = 2+1+9+7 = 1$$

Restriction Eg:

$$\text{product of } 9993 \times 9997 = 99900021$$

$$= 3 \times 7 = 2+1$$

$$21 = 2+1$$

$$2+1 = 2+1$$

$$\underline{\underline{3 = 3}}$$

However;

if we get

$$99900012$$

↓

Here also verification is Right.

Hence Answer verification

- fails 'wrong'.

- tallies 'Most likely correct'

#### 4. Complementary (parama mitra):

\* Two digits are complementary, if their sum is '10'.

Eg: 3 & 7 are complementary.  
( $\because 3+7=10$ ).

Complementary for 2 is 8 etc.

#### Complementary to 9

\* Two digits are complementary (9), if their sum is '9'.

Eg: 1 is complementary 8.

Complementary of 3 is 6 etc.

#### Exercise:

##### PART A:

Q. (1). Instantly calculate the digit-sum of the following numbers:

(1) 23456789

(2) 27690815

(3) 7543742

(4) 918273645

##### PART B:

Q. (1). Verify whether the following answers are correct or incorrect without the actual calculation

(1)  $95123 \times 66666 = 6341469918$

(2)  $838102050 \div 12345 = 67890$

(3)  $88^3 = 681472$

(4)  $88^2 = 7444$

(5)  $475210 + 936111 + 315270 = 726591$

(6)  $9999999 - 6582170 = 3417829$

(7)  $6582170 - 9999999 = -3417829$

(8)  $\frac{900}{120}$  gives quotient 7 & remainder 60

(9)  $0.45632 \times 0.65432 = 0.2985793024$ .

PART C:

Q (1). Select the correct answer from the alternatives without doing actual calculation.

(1)  $3569 \times 7129 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(a) 25443701

(b) 25443421

(c) 25443401

(d) 25445401.

(2)  $6524 + 3091 + 8254 + 6324 + 7243 + 5111$   
 $+ 9902 + 3507 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

(a) 49952

(b) 49852

(c) 59956

(d) 49956

PART D:

Q 1. Find the complementary 10. for the below numbers.

a. 6      b. 3      c. 9      d. 7      e. 5.

2. Find the complimentary 9. for the below numbers.

a. 3      b. 6      c. 8      d. 2      e. 9.