CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	10
Statement of Activities	1
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement	
of Net Assets for Governmental Activities	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position –	17
Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	18
Notes to the Financial Statements	19
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual – General Fund	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position –	
Budget and Actual – Proprietary Fund	30
Single Audit Section	
Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on	
Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	31
Report on internal controls over financial reporting and on compliance and	
Other matter based on an audit of financial statements performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	34
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	36
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	37
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	38

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American Institute of

Texas Society of Certified Public Accountants

AICPA Private Companies Practice Section

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bevil Oaks, Texas 13560 River Oaks Blvd Beaumont, Texas 77713

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Bevil Oaks' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the City of Bevil Oaks, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Bevil Oaks and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, in the year ended September 2023, the City of Bevil Oaks adopted new accounting guidance, *GASB No. 87*, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Bevil Oaks ability to

continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City of Bevil Oaks' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Bevil Oaks' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 29-30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance

on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Bevil Oaks' basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 25, 2024 on our consideration of the City of Bevil Oaks' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Bevil Oaks' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bevil Oaks' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charles E. Reed & associates, P.C.

Charles E. Reed and Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants Port Arthur, Texas June 25, 2024

As management of the City of Bevil Oaks (the City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the City's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas exceeded its liabilities as of September 30, 2023 by \$10,322,255 (net position). Of this amount, \$1,579,110 may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$2,356,004 (including a prior period adjustment of \$184,840).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decrease in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees or charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include administration and emergency management. The business-type activities of the City include a water and sewer system.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10-11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The City has only one governmental fund and one proprietary fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains one governmental fund, the general fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-15 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer operations.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the water and sewer operations. The Public Works Fund is considered a major enterprise fund of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-27.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Bevil Oaks, assets exceeded liabilities by \$10,322,255 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

City of Bevil Oaks - Net Position September 30,

		Governn	nent	al	-	Business	s-ty	pe	oe e																
_		Activities Activities Total						tal																	
		2023		2023		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2022		2023		2022	- 2	2023	2022
											_														
Current assets	\$	653,034	\$	413,665	\$	1,209,402	\$	1,137,678	\$ 1.	,862,436	\$1,551,343														
Noncurrent assets		391,338		839,832		227,071		354,070		618,409	1,193,902														
Capital assets,																									
net (AD)		3,396,637		862,877		6,111,015		6,048,704	9,	,507,652	6,911,581														
Total Assets	\$	4,441,009	\$2	,116,374	\$	7,547,488	\$	7,540,452	\$11,	,988,497	\$9,656,826														
•																									
Current liabilities		134,814		118,866		198,784		137,253		333,598	256,119														
Noncurrent																									
liabilities		7,596		-		1,325,048		1,434,454	1,	,332,644	1,434,454														
Total Liabilities	\$	142,410	\$	118,866	\$	1,523,832	\$	1,571,707	\$ 1,	,666,242	\$1,690,573														
·																									
Net position:																									
Investment in																									
capital assets	\$	3,384,789	\$	862,877	\$	4,739,947	\$	4,547,037	\$ 8	,124,736	\$5,409,914														
Restricted		391,338		839,832		227,071		354,070		618,409	1,193,902														
Unrestricted		522,472		294,799		1,056,638		1,067,638	1.	,579,110	1,362,437														
Net Position	\$	4,298,599	\$1	,997,508	\$	6,023,656	\$	5,968,745	\$10	,322,255	\$7,966,253														

A portion of the City's net position, \$8,124,736 (79%), reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The City has two note payables related to its capital assets. Of the remaining balance of net position, \$1,579,110 may be used to meet the government's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors. \$618,409 is restricted for road maintenance and improvements, grant projects, as well as water and sewer customer deposits.

City of Bevil Oaks Changes in Net Position For the year ending September 30,

	Govern	nmental	Busines	ss-type				
	Acti	vities	Activ	vities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 685,943	\$ 676,129	\$ 685,943	\$ 676,129		
Grants	2,202,007	1,637,842	157,360	418,622	2,359,367	2,056,464		
General Revenues								
Investment	18,815	3,912	26,565	4,308	45,380	8,220		
Other	268,306	412,225			268,306	412,225		
Total	2,489,128	2,053,979	869,868	1,099,059	3,358,996	3,153,038		
Expenses								
General & Admin	229,849	211,238	-	-	229,849	211,238		
Public Safety	260	38	-	-	260	38		
Road Maintenance	88,801	40,050	-	-	88,801	40,050		
Community Dev.	14,048	8,181	-	-	14,048	8,181		
Grants	221,130	1,579,389			221,130	1,579,389		
Public Works	-	_	633,746	579,622	633,746	579,622		
Total	554,088	1,838,896	633,746	579,622	1,187,834	2,418,518		
Transfers In/(Out)	181,211	-	(181,211)	-	-	-		
Total	181,211	-	(181,211)	-	_	-		
Increase (Decrease)								
in Net Position	2,116,251	215,083	54,911	519,437	2,171,162	734,520		
Net Position - 10/1	1,997,508	1,782,425	5,968,745	5,449,308	7,966,253	7,231,733		
Prior Period Adjustment	184,840	-	-	-	184,840	-		
Net Position - 9/30	\$4,298,599	\$ 1,997,508	\$ 6,023,656	\$ 5,968,745	\$10,322,255	\$7,966,253		

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the City's general revenues were \$287,121. Property taxes collected account for about 25%, sales tax receipts 21%, and franchise fees 8%. The City's revenues from water and sewer services were \$685,943. Operating expenditures for the fiscal year totaled \$966,704 (excluding grants), including \$633,746 of expenses related to the Public Works department (water & sewer services).

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental fund is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At September 30, 2023, unrestricted fund balance of the general fund was \$498,088 and restricted fund balance (reserved for road maintenance and grant projects) was \$391,338.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. At September 30, 2023, unrestricted fund balance was \$1,056,638.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2023, amounts to \$9,507,652 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment as well as the water and sewer infrastructure.

(City of Bevil Oaks) Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	Governmental Activities					Business-typ	e A	Activities	Total Activities					
	2	2023		2022		2023		2022		2022		2023		2022
Land	\$	40,376	\$	40,376	\$	162,894	\$	162,894	\$	203,270	\$	203,270		
Construction in Progress		148,099		217,920		-		312,541		148,099		530,461		
Buildings & Improvements		903,843		744,484		-		-		903,843		744,484		
Right of Use Asset-Lease		13,601		-		-		-		13,601		-		
Software		-		-		3,065		3,065		3,065		3,065		
Machinery and Equipment		58,400		58,400		206,640		206,640		265,040		265,040		
Infrastructure	2,	,719,352		247,614		7,475,218		6,908,285	10	0,194,570	7	7,155,899		
Total Fixed Assets	\$ 3,	,883,671	\$	1,308,794	\$	7,847,817	\$	7,593,425	\$1	1,731,488	\$ 8	3,902,219		
Less Accumulated														
Depreciation		487,034		445,917		1,736,802		1,544,721		2,223,836	1	1,990,638		
Total Fixed Assets, net	\$ 3,	,396,637	\$	862,877	\$	6,111,015	\$	\$ 6,048,704		\$ 6,048,704		9,507,652	\$ 6	5,911,581
•														

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5.

Long-term debt. At September 30, 2023, the City of Bevil Oaks has long-term debt (due in more than one year) in the amount of \$1,293,664 at the end of the fiscal year. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in note number 6.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, required supplementary information presents budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Public Works Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budgets. The required supplemental information begins on page 29.

In the General Fund, actual revenue exceeded budgeted total revenue by \$14,521 and actual expenses exceeded budgeted expenses by \$52,354. Actual expenses include \$89,856 of capital outlay and budgeted expenses include depreciation of \$39,777. In the Public Works Fund, actual revenue exceeded budgeted revenue by \$3,615 and budgeted operating expenses exceeded actual expenses by \$259,319 (includes depreciation).

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Bevil Oaks, 13560 River Oaks Blvd., Beaumont, TX, 77713.



CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

		overnmental	siness-type	Total
CURRENT ASSETS		Activities	 Activities	 Activities
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	429,812	\$ 1,152,901	\$ 1,582,713
Receivables, Net:				
Taxes Receivable		24,384	-	24,384
Accounts, net		-	56,501	56,501
Grants Receivable		189,907	-	189,907
Interfund		7,935	-	7,935
Security Deposits		996		 996
Total Current Assets		653,034	1,209,402	1,862,436
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		391,338	227,071	618,409
Total Noncurrent Assets		391,338	227,071	618,409
CAPITAL ASSETS				
Land		40,376	162,894	203,270
Right of Use Asset, Net		11,334	_	11,334
Construction in Progress		148,099	_	148,099
Depreciable Fixed Assets, Net		3,196,828	5,948,121	9,144,949
Total Capital Assets		3,396,637	6,111,015	 9,507,652
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,441,009	\$ 7,547,488	\$ 11,988,497
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	124,912	\$ 97,504	\$ 222,416
Accrued Expenses		5,650	8,345	13,995
Interfund		, -	7,935	7,935
Lease Payable - Due within one year		4,252	· -	4,252
Note Payable - Due within one year		, -	85,000	85,000
Total Current Liabilities		134,814	198,784	333,598
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				
Customer Deposits		_	38,980	38,980
Bond Premium		-	76,068	76,068
Lease Payable - Due in more than one year	ı	7,596	-	7,596
Note Payable - Due in more than one year		, -	1,210,000	1,210,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		7,596	 1,325,048	1,332,644
TOTAL LIABILITIES		142,410	 1,523,832	1,666,242
NET POSITION				
Invested in Capital Assets, net		3,384,789	4,739,947	8,124,736
Restricted		391,338	227,071	618,409
Unrestricted		522,472	 1,056,638	 1,579,110
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	4,298,599	\$ 6,023,656	\$ 10,322,255

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

			Program Revenues						Net	t (Expense) R	Reven	ue and Chan	ges in	Net Assets		
			Charge	es For	Operat	ing Grant	Capit	al Grant	Governmental		Governmental		Bus	siness-type		_
Functions/Programs	Ех	xpenses	Serv	ices	Contr	ributions	Cont	ributions		Activities		Activities		Total		
Governmental Activities:																
General Government	\$	229,849	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(229,849)	\$	-		(229,849)		
Public Safety		260		-		-		-		(260)		-		(260)		
Road Maintenance		88,801		-		-		-		(88,801)		-		(88,801)		
Community Development		14,048		-		-		-		(14,048)		-		(14,048)		
Disaster Recovery		221,130	-			140,000	2	,062,007		1,980,877				1,980,877		
Total Governmental Activities		554,088				140,000	2	,062,007		1,647,919				1,647,919		
Business-type activities:																
Water and sewer		633,746	68.	5,943		-		157,360				209,557		209,557		
Total business-type activities		633,746	68.	5,943				157,360				209,557		209,557		
Total primary government	1	1,187,834	68	5,943		140,000	2	,219,367		1,647,919		209,557		1,857,476		
				Gene	ral reve	enues:										
				Tax	es:											
					roperty 7	Γaxes				118,969		-		118,969		
				F	ranchise					37,844		-		37,844		
				S	ales					99,896		-		99,896		
				Inve	estment l	Earnings				18,815		26,565		45,380		
				Tra	nsfers					181,211		(181,211)		-		
				Mis	cellaneo	us				11,597				11,597		
				Total	General	Revenues				468,332		(154,646)		313,686		
				Chan	ge in Ne	t Position				2,116,251		54,911		2,171,162		
				Net I	Position,	, beginnin	g			1,997,508		5,968,745		7,966,253		
				Prior	Period A	Adjustment				184,840		-		184,840		
				Net I	Position,	, ending			\$	4,298,599	\$	6,023,656	\$	10,322,255		

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General Fund	
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	429,812
Taxes Receivable		24,384
Due From Public Works		7,935
Due from Other Governments		189,907
Utility Deposit		996
Total Current Assets		653,034
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		391,338
Total Noncurrent Assets		391,338
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,044,372
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	124,912
Accrued Expenses		5,650
		130,562
Deferred Inflows - property tax revenue		24,384
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		154,946
FUND BALANCE		
Restricted		391,338
Unassigned		498,088
Total Fund Balance		889,426
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,044,372

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Governmental fund balance as reported on the balance sheet for governmental funds

\$ 889,426

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental funds are purchased, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation

3,396,637

The issuance of debt (including leases) is reported as other financial resources and debt prinicpal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements. However, in the Statement of Net Position the debt should be shown as an increase in liabilities.

Lease payable as of year-end

(11,848)

Deferred property tax revenue is recorded as a liability in the governmental funds. However, that revenue should have been recognized when reported using full accrual.

Deferred property tax revenues

24,384

Total net assets as reported on the Statement of Net Position for governmental activities.

\$ 4,298,599

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	General
	 Fund
REVENUES	
Property Tax, Penalty & Interest	\$ 119,089
Sales Tax Receipts	99,896
Franchise Fees	37,844
Permits & Fees	11,200
Grant Income	2,202,007
Miscellaneous	716
Investment Income	 18,815
Total Revenues	 2,489,567
EXPENDITURES	
General Government	205,732
Public Safety	260
Road Maintenance	78,599
Community Development	9,004
Capital Outlay	103,457
Grant Expense	 2,508,028
Total Expenditures	 2,905,080
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(415,513)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers In	181,211
Lease Proceeds	 13,601
	194,812
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(220,701)
FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1	 1,110,127
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 889,426

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances for total governmental funds. \$ (220,701)

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental funds are purchased, those costs are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital purchases reclassified 2,390,355 Current year depreciation/amortization expense (41,117)

Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Copier lease proceeds less current year prinicpal payments (11,848)

Collections on prior year taxes (7,107)

Collections due from current year taxes 6,669

Change in net assets of governmental activities \$ 2,116,251

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	A	siness-type Activities - ablic Works
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,152,901
Accounts Receivable, net:		
Accounts		56,501
Total Current Assets		1,209,402
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted		227,071
Total Noncurrent Assets		227,071
CAPITAL ASSETS		
Land		162,894
Other Capital Assets, net of		
Accumulated Depreciation		5,948,121
Total Capital Assets		6,111,015
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,547,488
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	97,504
Accrued Expenses		8,345
Due to General Fund		7,935
Long-term Debt - Due within one year		85,000
Total Current Liabilities		198,784
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Customer Deposits		38,980
Bond Premium		76,068
Long-term Debt - Due in more than one year		1,210,000
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,325,048
Total Liabilities		1,523,832
FUND BALANCE		
Net investment in capital assets		4,739,947
Restricted		227,071
Unrestricted		1,056,638
Total Fund Balance		6,023,656
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	7,547,488

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Public Works
OPERATING REVENUES	
Service fees	\$ 685,943
Miscellaneous	
Total Operating Revenues	685,943
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Personnel	21,528
Professional services	26,711
Purchased and contract services	45,543
Consumables supplies and materials	85,613
Recurring expenses and repairs	214,394
Depreciation	192,081
Total Operating Expenses	585,870
OPERATING INCOME	100,073
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Grant revenue	157,360
Transfers Out	(181,211)
Interest expense	(47,876)
Interest revenue	26,565
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	(45,162)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	54,911
NET POSITION - OCTOBER 1	5,968,745
NET POSITION - SEPTEMBER 30	\$ 6,023,656

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

CASH FI	OWS FROM	OPERATING	ACTIVITIES
		OLLMAILIO	ACIIIII

endin led we included the invities	
Cash received from customers for services	\$ 692,276
Payments for personnel	(21,428)
Payments to vendors	(469,871)
Interest on debt	(47,876)
Other receipts	184,570
Customer deposit refunds	 (1,739)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	 335,932
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Principal payment of long-term debt	(130,600)
Purchase of capital assets	 (254,391)
Net Cash (Used) in Investing Activities	 (384,991)
NET DECREASE IN CASH	(49,059)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	 1,429,031
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 1,379,972

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Net income/(loss) for the year	\$ 54,911
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Depreciation	192,081
(Increase) Decrease in:	
Service receivables	6,216
Increase (Decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	77,926
Interfund payable	5,240
Customer deposits	 (442)
Total Adjustments	 281,021
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 335,932

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Bevil Oaks, Texas operates under a mayor-council-manager form of government as per Type A General Law which was approved and became effective as of October 1963. The City provides the following services as authorized by this charter: Public Safety (Police), Highways and Streets, Parks and Recreation, Public Works, and General Administration Services.

The basic financial statements of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The City Council, a 6-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to city services within the jurisdiction of the City. The Council is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the City. However, the City is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity" and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

In evaluating how to define the City for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB. The basic – but not the only – criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. The other criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the City is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, the City has no component units.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Changes in Net Assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from *business-like activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for funding.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenue. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenue* includes 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as *general revenue*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Management Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resource*, *measurement focus*, and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

The City has the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those received to be accounted for in another fund.

The City has the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises when the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. The predominant function of the City's operations is maintained within the

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Public Works operating fund. The Public Works operating fund is accounted for as an enterprise activity.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-like activities and Enterprise Funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

E. Investments

The City's Investment Policy limits investment of City funds to certificate of deposits or treasury bills with maximum maturities of 12 months for both types of available securities.

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory.

G. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type activities. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year the bond is issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used. The City has elected to record infrastructure assets prospectively.

Assets are depreciated using straight line method over the following useful lives.

Buildings & Improvements40 YearsVehicles & Equipment5-10 YearsInfrastructure10-40 YearsSoftware3 Years

I. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the City to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures, accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. Government-Wide Net Assets / Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

As of these financial statements, the City has adopted GASB Statement No. 54, which redefined how fund balances of the governmental funds are presented in the financial statements. Fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in a spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law. Restricted net assets include \$160,285 of remaining road use fee funds and \$\$839,832 of unexpended grant revenue.

Committed - The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

When the government incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance. Additionally, the District restricts enough cash to refund customer deposits received.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Accounts Receivable - Proprietary Fund

Proprietary accounts receivables consist of water and sewer receivables. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible (generally accounts have been marked final in the billing system).

L. <u>Interfund Receivables and Payables</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, or 3) payments between funds are made.

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2023 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
General	Public Works	\$	7,935

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS, SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS

The City's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the laws of the State of Texas. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the City's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect City funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

The City's cash deposits at September 30, 2023 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the City's agent bank. The deposits were collateralized in accordance with Texas Law. At September 30, 2023, the bank balance of the City's deposits with Allegiance Bank was \$2,040,819 and the carrying amount was \$2,026,339.

Cash deposits and temporary investments held at financial institutions can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are:

- Category 1: Deposits which are insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- Category 2: Deposits which are collateralized with the securities held by financial institutions, trust departments, or agents in the entity's name.
- Category 3: Deposits that are not collateralized.

Based on these three levels of risk, the City's deposits are classified as Category 1.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS, SECURITIES AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments held at a financial institution can be categorized according to three levels of risk. These three levels of risk are:

- Category 1: Investments that are insured, registered, or held by the entity or by its agent in the entity's name.
- Category 2: Investments that are uninsured and unregistered held by the counter party's trust department or agent in the entity's name.
- Category 3: Uninsured and unregistered investments held by the counter party, its trust department, or its agent, but not in the entity's name.

As of year-end, the City had no investments classified in these categories.

As of year-end the City had one investment account with TexPool. TexPool has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments.

The primary objectives of TexPool are preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, and yield. Investments include only those authorized by both the Public Funds Investment Act and the TexPool Investment Policy, which is available through its website. TexPool seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00 and is designed to be used for investment of funds which may be needed at any time. The investment pool must maintain an AAA or equivalent rating from at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is currently rated as AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

The carrying value of the City's account was \$174,783 (carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value). Investments by the City in investment pools are considered unclassified as to credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

NOTE 3 – PROPERTY TAX

Property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on the property as of January 1. Taxes are levied on October 1, and payable by January 31. Taxes paid after January 31st are subject to a penalty and interest. Taxes are considered delinquent after September 30th and are subject to attorney fees in addition to penalty and interest. The City's taxes are billed and collected by the county. The City's property tax revenues are recognized as collected in the General Fund (governmental type activities). The City recognizes write-offs when the county determines balances are uncollectible and therefore, does not carry a related allowance. Historically the City's collection rate is about ninety-eight percent (98%).

Property taxes receivables balance as of September 30, 2023 was \$24,383

NOTE 4 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2008 the city obtained general liability coverage at a cost that is considered to be economically justifiable by joining together with other governmental entities in the State as a member of the Texas Municipal League Intergovernmental Risk Pool ("TML"). TML is a self-funded pool operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to TML for its insurance coverage. The agreement for the formation of TML provides that TML will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of acceptable risk levels; however, each category of coverage has its own level of reinsurance. The City continues to carry commercial insurance for the risk of loss.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in governmental activities as of September 30, 2023:

	C	october 1,				Se	ptember 30,	
		2022	Additions	Re	tirement	2023		
Land	\$	40,376	\$ -	\$	-	\$	40,376	
Construction in Progress		217,920	-		69,821		148,099	
Right of Use Lease Asset		-	13,601		-		13,601	
Buildings & Improvements		744,484	159,359		-		903,843	
Infrastructure		247,614	2,471,738		-		2,719,352	
Furniture & Equipment		58,400	 -				58,400	
		1,308,794	2,644,698		69,821		3,883,671	
Accumulated Depreciation		445,917	41,117				487,034	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	862,877	\$ 2,603,581	\$	69,821	\$	3,396,637	
							•	

Depreciation expense (including \$2,267 of amortization of the right of use lease asset) was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 25,871
Road Maintenance	10,202
Community Development	 5,044
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 41,117

Construction in progress of \$148,099 includes expenditures related to the community center. The City completed grant funded road improvements. Additions during the year also include a right of use asset of \$13,601 (copier lease) due to the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 – *Leases* ("GASB 87"). See Note 7.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in business-type activities as of September 30, 2023:

_	October 1,					Se	ptember 30,
2022		Additions		Retirement			2023
\$	162,894	\$	-	\$	-	\$	162,894
	312,541		-		312,541		-
	6,908,285		566,932		-		7,475,217
	209,705		-		-		209,705
	7,593,425		-		312,541		7,847,816
	1,544,721		192,080		_		1,736,801
\$	6 048 704	\$	(192,080)	\$	312 541	\$	6,111,015
	\$	\$ 162,894 312,541 6,908,285 209,705 7,593,425 1,544,721	\$ 162,894 \$ 312,541 6,908,285 209,705 7,593,425 1,544,721	\$ 162,894 \$ - 312,541 - 6,908,285 566,932 209,705 - 7,593,425 - 1,544,721 192,080	\$ 162,894 \$ - \$ 312,541 - 6,908,285 566,932 209,705 - 7,593,425 - 1,544,721 192,080	\$ 162,894 \$ - \$ - 312,541 - 312,541 6,908,285 566,932 - 209,705 7,593,425 - 312,541 1,544,721 192,080 -	2022 Additions Retirement \$ 162,894 \$ - \$ - \$ 312,541 - 312,541 6,908,285 566,932 209,705 7,593,425 - 312,541 1,544,721 192,080

The City completed the lift station begun in the prior year..

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

On August 21, 2014 the City entered into a contract with Government Capital Corporation for the purchase of water meters and a meter reading system for \$200,000 with an interest rate of 3.495%. The note will include ten annual payments of \$23,983.58 beginning September 1, 2016 and ending September 1, 2024. The debt issuance and payments will belong to the Public Works. Payments are made payable to First Financial Bank. City Council voted to pay this loan off during the year.

On March 19, 2016 the City entered into a tax and revenue certificates of obligation bond for the cost of capital improvements to the City's wastewater treatment plant and sewer system for \$1,930,000 with an interest rate of between 2% and 4%. Twenty annual principal payments ranging from \$75,000 to \$130,000 began February 1, 2016 and end on February 1, 2035. Interest is payable semi-annual on August 1 and February 1 of each year. Payments are made payable to Amegy Bank.

The annual requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ended								
September 30,	Principal		I	Interest		Total		
		_		_		_		
2024	\$	85,000	\$	46,125	\$	131,125		
2025		90,000		43,575		133,575		
2026		95,000		36,800		131,800		
2027		100,000		32,900		132,900		
2028		100,000		28,900		128,900		
2029-2033		570,000		84,375		654,375		
2034-2035		255,000		7,725		262,725		
		_		_				
		1,295,000		280,400		1,575,400		

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Se	September 30, 2022		reases	D	ecreases	Se	ptember 30, 2023
Bond Payable Note Payable	\$	45,562 1,380,000	\$	-	\$	45,562 85,000	\$	1,295,000
Total	\$	1,425,562	\$		\$	130,562	\$	1,295,000

Interest expense for the year ended September 30, 2023 was \$47,876. Interest expense is included as a direct expense of the water and sewer activities on the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTE 7 – NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD IMPLEMENTATION

During the year the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 – Leases ("GASB 87"). The objective of the statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users. This statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows or outflows of resources based upon the payment provisions in the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lease is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset.

In the year of implementation, GASB 87 requires a retroactive restatement of prior periods but the City had no material leased assets in the prior year and the current copier lease began in April 2023. The copier lease requires additional payments based on actual usage, which are expensed as incurred as variable lease payments. The City used the risk-free rate of return as the interest rated to discount the lease payments to their present value. The lease liability at inception (April 3, 2024) was \$13,601 with monthly payments of \$367 for thirty-six (36) months. The future principal and interest lease payments as of September 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ended			
September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 4,252	\$ 149	\$ 4,401
2025	4,316	85	4,401
2026	3,280	20	3,300
	11,848	254	12,102

NOTE 8 – PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment in the government-wide financial statements of \$184,840 was required to correct the capitalization of the completed Hurricane Harvey Roads Improvement project.

Net Position, stated at 9.30.2023	1,997,508	
Under reported governmental activities capital assets:		
CIP - Roads Improvemment Project	184,840	
Net Position, restated at 9.30.2023	2,182,348	

NOTE 9 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events occurring subsequent to September 30, 2023 were evaluated by management and reviewed through June 25, 2024, date of report issuance.

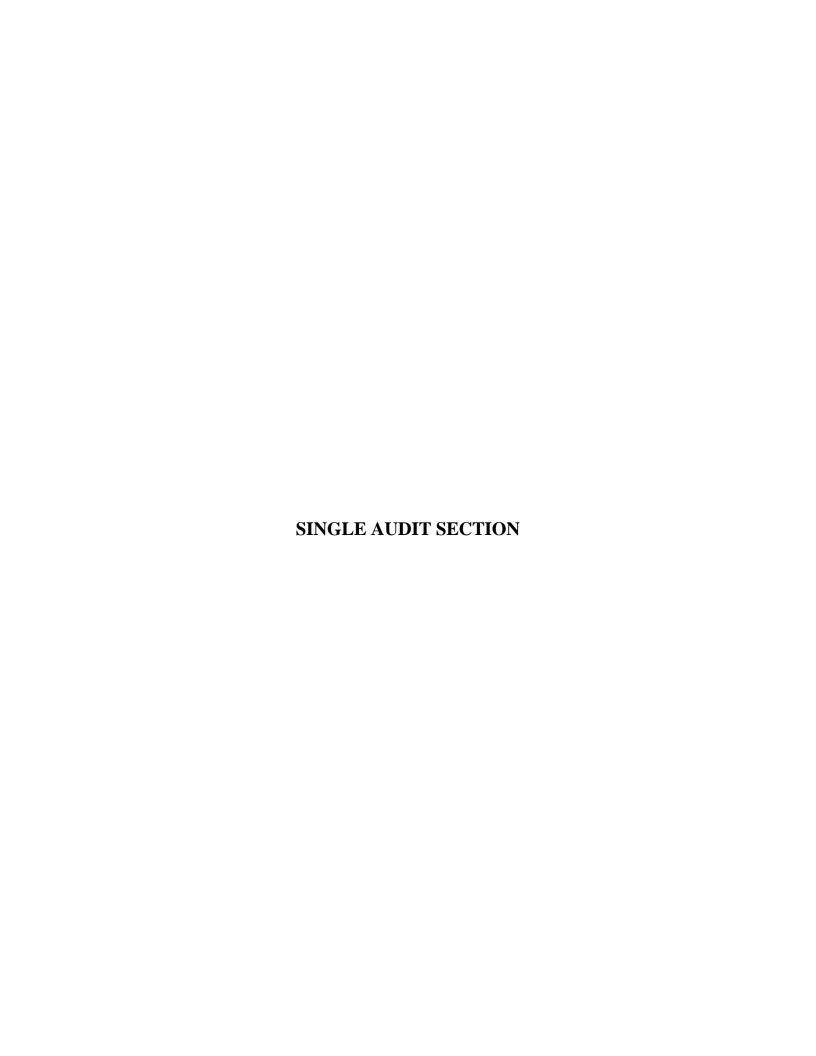


CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	(Original		Final				ariance Positive
REVENUES		Budget		Budget		Actual	(N	legative)
Property Tax, Penalty & Interest	\$	124,738	\$	124,738	\$	119,089	\$	(5,649)
Sales Tax Receipts		98,000		98,000		99,896		1,896
Franchise Fees		33,800		33,800		37,844		4,044
Permits & Fees		15,000		15,000		11,200		(3,800)
Miscellaneous		-		-		716		716
Investment Income		1,500		1,500		18,815		17,315
Total Revenues		273,038		273,038		287,560		14,522
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		162,920		162,920		205,732		(42,812)
Public Safety		900		900		260		640
Road Maintenance		77,500		77,500		78,599		(1,099)
Contingency		5,000		5,000		-		5,000
Community Development		20,000		20,000		9,004		10,996
Capital Outlay		25,000		25,000		103,457		(78,457)
Depreciation		39,777		39,777		, -		39,777
Total Expenditures		331,097		331,097		397,052		(65,955)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES	\$	(58,059)	\$	(58,059)		(109,492)	\$	(51,433)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer In						181,211		
Lease Proceeds						13,601		
Grant Income						2,202,007		
Grant Expense					((2,508,028)		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					(111,209)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES						(220,701)		
FUND BALANCE - OCTOBER 1						1,110,127		
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30 (BUDGE	TAF	RY BASIS))		\$	889,426		
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation						3,396,637		
Lease Liability						(11,848)		
Deferred Inflows of Resources						24,384		
FUND BALANCE - SEPTEMBER 30 (GAAP B	BASI	(S)			\$	4,298,599		

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND – BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual]	Variance Positive Negative)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Service fees	\$ 682,328	\$ 682,328	\$ 685,943	\$	3,615
Miscellaneous		_	-		
Total Operating Revenues	682,328	682,328	685,943		3,615
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Personnel	38,065	38,065	21,528		16,537
Professional services	36,300	36,300	26,711		9,589
Purchased and contract services	51,700	51,700	45,543		6,157
Consumables supplies and materials	152,234	152,234	85,613		66,621
Recurring expenses and repairs	401,366	401,366	214,394		186,972
Debt service	157,234	157,234	178,476		(21,242)
Depreciation	186,766	186,766	192,081		(5,315)
Total Operating Expenses	1,023,665	1,023,665	764,346		259,319
OPERATING INCOME	(341,337)	(341,337)	(78,403)		262,934
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Grant revenue	-	-	157,360		157,360
Transfer Out			(181,211)		(181,211)
Interest expense	_	-	(47,876)		(47,876)
Interest revenue	2,000.00	2,000	26,565		24,565
Total Non-operating Revenues					
(Expenses)	2,000	2,000	(45,162)		(47,162)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS, (BUDGETARY BASIS)	\$ (339,337)	\$(339,337)	(123,565)	\$	215,772
NET ASSETS - OCTOBER 1			5,968,745		
NET ASSETS - SEPTEMBER 30 (BUDGETARY	BASIS)		\$5,845,180		
Principal portion of debt service payments			130,600		
Interest reclassed to Non-Operating expense			47,876		
NET ASSETS - SEPTEMBER 30 (GAAP BASIS)	•		\$6,023,656		



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM **GUIDANCE**

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bevil Oaks, Texas Bevil Oaks, Texas 77713

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited City of Bevil Oaks' compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Bevil Oaks' major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023. City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, City of Bevil Oaks complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of City of City of Bevil Oaks and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the 3636 Professional Drive · Port Arthur, Texas · (409) 983-3277 · Fax: (409) 983-3270

requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting error. fraud may involve collusion. from as forgery. intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' compliance with
 the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles E. Reed & associates, P.C.

Charles E. Reed and Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants Port Arthur, Texas

June 25, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Bevil Oaks, Texas Bevil Oaks, Texas 77713

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of City of Bevil Oaks, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Bevil Oaks' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 25, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bevil Oaks, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Bevil Oaks' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Bevil Oaks' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Charles E. Reed & associates, P.C.

Charles E. Reed and Associates, P.C. Certified Public Accountants and Consultants Port Arthur, Texas June 25, 2024

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF EXPEDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number		ederal nditures
Department of The Treasury				
Pass-through Agency: Texas Department of Emergency Management				1 10 770
Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Fund	21.027		\$	168,572
Environmental Protection Agency				
Pass-through Agency: Texas Water Development Board				
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water Funds	66.468	TWDB Project 73804		209,440
Revolving Funds				
Department of Homeland Security				
Pass-through Agency: Texas Department of Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared	97.029	EMT-2018-FM-E002		177,674
Disasters)				
Pass-through Agency: Texas Department of Emergency Management				
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared	97.036			303,166
Disasters)				
Department of Housing and Urban Development				
Pass-through Agency: Texas General Land Office	14.228	B-17-DM-48-0001		1,815,160
Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery				
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2	2,674,012

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPEDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

NOTE 1 – GENERAL

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Financial Awards presents the activity of all Federal financial assistance programs of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas. All federal awards received directly from Federal agencies and Federal awards passed through State agencies are included on the schedule.

NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The City of Bevil Oaks, Texas account for federal funding using the modified accrual method of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e. both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for certain compensated absences, claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Equipment purchases for grant purposes are treated as expenses in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and typically capitalized for financial statement purposes.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenses made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

NOTE 3 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activities of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of Title 2 U. S. Code of Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City of Bevil Oaks, Texas, statements.

NOTE 4 – DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The City of Bevil Oaks, Texas does not use the 10% deminimis indirect cost rate.

NOTE 5 – SUB-RECIPIENTS

The City of Bevil Oaks, Texas does not have any subrecipients.

CITY OF BEVIL OAKS SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

Section I-Summary of Auditor's Results

Financ	rial	Statements
T IIIAIII		Maleniens

Type if auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal Control of	over financial reporting:		
to be a m	is identified? Int deficiency that is not considered aterial weakness? Inaterial to financial statements noted?	Yes	
	11 15 10	**	
Material weaknes		Yes <u>✓</u> No	
Significant defici- not considered to	Yes _ No		
Type auditor's re	Unmodified		
•	gs disclosed that are required to be reported in section 2 CFR 500.516(a)	Yes <u>✓</u> No	
Identification of Assistance Listi	major programs: ng Number Name of Federal P	Program or Cluster	
14.228	Department of Housing and Urban Deve Pass-through Agency: Texas General Land Office	elopment \$ 1,815,160	
The dollar thresho	old used to distinguish between Type A and and	\$750,000	
Auditee qualified	as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>✓</u> No	

Section II-Financial Statements Findings

None noted

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Current Year - None noted Prior Year - None noted

Section IV-Status of Prior Year Findings

None