

Listed below are important instructions and comments about filing a claim.

YOUR CLAIM FORM

1. This claim form should be fully completed and submitted within 90 days from the date of injury. Be sure to answer and complete the section regarding “**OTHER INSURANCE STATEMENT**”, marking either yes or no, and signing the line for authorization, so that **HSR** and the doctors/hospital may communicate concerning your claim.
As denoted on the claim form, some information is required. Incomplete claim forms are one of the most frequent reasons why claim payments are delayed.
2. Only one claim form for each accident needs to be submitted.
3. Once completed, make a photocopy for your records, and mail to the address shown below.
4. DO NOT assume that anyone else will mail this claim form to **HSR** for you.

YOUR BILLS

1. Please advise all doctors/hospitals regarding this coverage so they may forward their itemized bills to us.
2. If you have already been to the doctor/hospital and did not know about this coverage, then please send all of the itemized bills to **HSR** at the address shown below.
3. The bills should include the name of the doctor/hospital, their complete mailing address, telephone number, the date you were seen by the doctor/hospital, what the doctor saw you for and the specific itemized charges incurred (an itemized bill is usually in the HCFA-1500 or UB-04 format).
4. If this information is not on the bill when you send this in, we will have to contact the doctor/hospital which will delay the review of your claim. “Balance Due” statements do not contain sufficient information to complete your claim.

EXCESS INSURANCE

1. This policy provides coverage on a secondary/excess basis. If you have any other primary insurance coverage, you need to send the bills to your primary insurance first.
2. **HSR** will consider benefits after your other, primary insurance has processed the claim.
3. We will require a copy of your primary insurance Explanation of Benefits (EOB) which you should receive from your primary insurance letting you know what was paid or denied, and the reason(s) why.
4. **HSR** will not be able to consider your claim without this information.

If you have any questions, please contact Customer Service at (877) 534-7669. They are available from 8:00 a.m. thru 5:00 p.m. Central Time, Monday – Friday. You may also forward any documents by fax to (972) 512-5820.

Health Special Risk, Inc.
8400 Belleview Drive, Suite 150
Plano, TX 75024



1. PLEASE FULLY COMPLETE THIS FORM
2. ATTACH ITEMIZED BILLS AND PRIMARY CARRIER EXPLANATION OF BENEFITS
3. MAIL TO HSR
E-mail : RODEO@HSRI.com



Health Special Risk, Inc.
8400 Belleview Drive, Suite 150
Plano, TX 75024
Phone: (972) 512-5600 Fax: (972) 512-5820
Toll Free (877) 534-7669



Policy Number:
T5MP-P-052316
*** Member Number:**

PART I – NATIONAL INTERCOLLEGIATE RODEO ASSOCIATION INSURANCE PROOF OF LOSS

* Region:		* Type of Activity - Both Approved (check one): ☐ N.I.R.A. Approved Rodeo ☐ N.I.R.A. Sanctioned Practice			
1. * Claimant's First and Last Name (Injured Person)	2. * Social Security Number	3.* Gender ☐ M ☐ F	4. * Date of Birth	5. E-Mail	
6.* Address of Injured Person	* City	* State	* Zip	7. Phone Number	
8.* (If Minor) Parent's Name & Address	* City	* State	* Zip	9. Parent's Phone Number	
10. *Date of Accident	11. *Date of First Treatment & Name of Physician			12. * Did Injury Result in Death? ☐ YES ☐ NO	
13.* Place Where Accident Occurred (Name of Town, Arena and Event You Were Participating in When Injury Occurred)					
14.* Type of Injury (Indicate Part of Body Injured – e.g. broken arm, sprained ankle, etc. - <i>specify left or right when applicable</i>)					
15.* Describe How Accident Occurred – Give All Possible Details – Must be a Bodily Injury Due to Accident					

PART II – OTHER INSURANCE STATEMENT

* Do you/spouse/parent have medical/health care or is the Claimant enrolled as an individual, employee or dependent member of a Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) or similar prepaid health care plan, or any other type of accident/health/sickness plan coverage through your employer or other source on you or does your son/daughter have health care coverage as a dependent from your previous marriage as mandated in a divorce decree? ☐ YES ☐ NO

* If Yes, name of insurance company _____ Policy # _____

Name of insurance company _____ Policy # _____

Claimant's primary employer name, address, and phone number _____

Mother's primary employer name, address, and phone number _____

Father's primary employer name, address, and phone number _____

I agree that should it be determined at a later date there is insurance (or similar), to reimburse *HEALTH SPECIAL RISK, INC.*, or the insurance company to the extent of any amount collectible.

*SIGNATURE OF PARTICIPANT OR PARENT X	DATE
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PART III – AUTHORIZATION TO PAY BENEFITS TO PROVIDER

I authorize medical payments to physician or supplier for services described on any attached statements enclosed. **(If not signed, submit proof of payment)**

SIGNATURE	X	DATE
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I hereby authorize any insurance company, hospital, physician or other person who has attended or examined the claimant to disclose when requested to do so, all information with respect to any injury, policy coverage, medical history, consultation, prescription or treatment, and copies of all hospital or medical records. A photo static copy of this authorization shall be considered as effective and valid as the original.

SIGNATURE	X	DATE
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PART IV – N.I.R.A RODEO COACH OR REGIONAL FACILITY DIRECTOR VERIFICATION

* I hereby verify that the above member participated in the _____ N.I.R.A. Rodeo or Sanctioned Practice on (date) _____ during which the injury allegedly occurred.

* RODEO COACH OR REGIONAL FACILITY DIRECTOR SIGNATURE	X
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FRAUD STATEMENTS

General: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act.

Alaska: A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

Arkansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Rhode Island, West Virginia: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

California: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut: This form must be completed in its entirety. Any person who intentionally misrepresents or intentionally fails to disclose any material fact related to a claimed injury may be guilty of a felony.

Delaware, Idaho, Indiana: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia: Warning: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Hawaii: For your protection, Hawaii law requires you to be informed that presenting a fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is a crime punishable by fines or imprisonment, or both.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maine: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

Michigan, North Dakota, South Dakota: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or another person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and subjects the person to criminal and civil penalties.

Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

Nevada: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any misrepresentation or any false, incomplete or misleading information may be guilty of a criminal act punishable under state or federal law, or both, and may be subject to civil penalties.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud as provided in section 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime , and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim foe each such violation.

Ohio: Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon: Any person who makes an intentional misstatement that is material to the risk may be found guilty of insurance fraud by a court of law.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Tennessee, Virginia, Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purposes of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.

Texas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.