







National Failings

- Only 50% of the nation's *identified* abused children received child protection investigation and only 30% of the children suffering "serious harm" received child protection investigation
- NIS-4 researchers labeled "serious harm" as child abuse or neglect cases in which "an act or omission result in demonstrable harm."

Source: NIS-4 2010



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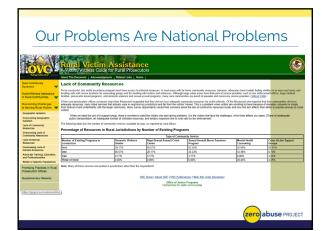


Lessons Learned

- We needed a protocol
- Improve FI services
- Medical services
- · Mental health services
- Community engagement
- · Outreach to faith community
- It was time to think of prevention



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Lack of Rural Resources

- 54% of rural prosecutors report they do not have adequate resources for victims and their families
- 46% report they had access to resources—but were located in other jurisdictions.

American Prosecutors Research Institute. Rural Victim Assistance, A Victim/Witness Guide for Rural Prosecutors, Office for Victims of Crime, Office of Justice Programs, U.S. Department of Justice.



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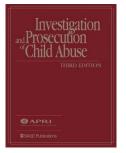
We Formed A Task Force





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Best Practices



- Immediate response
- Specialized units
- Use CACs
- Highly trained forensic interviewers
- Involve prosecutor early



MDT Protocol

- · Limit investigators
- Limit prosecutors
- Involve prosecutors at the outset
- Child friendly interview room
- Train investigators to interview kids
- Train investigators to interview child abuse suspects
- Corroboration and crime scene photos in every case



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Limited Investigators Involved





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Limited Prosecutors Involved



















An Immediate Response



- 24/7 for forensic interviews
- Always investigators, social workers and prosecutors with specialized training on call



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The Role of the Prosecutor



"Coordinating a community's response to child abuse is one of the most challenging and rewarding activities a prosecutor can undertake...It can also engender community support, improve investigative procedures and case outcomes, and build professionalism in public service."





Reasons for failure to report

- Insufficient evidence
- Lack of certainty
- Belief report will cause additional harm
- Need to maintain good relationship with patients, clients, parents
- Ambiguity in some reporting laws
- Ignorance of the law
- Fear of retaliation
- Fear reporter's name will be revealed

Sources: Kenny, 2001; Bailey, 1982



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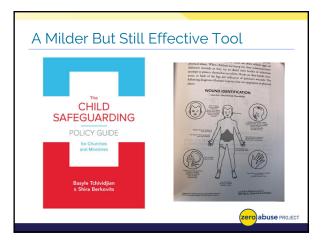
Inadequate Training in Pennsylvania

- In a survey of 1,400 mandated reporters from 54 counties:
 - 14% had never been trained
 - 24% had not been trained in five years
 - 80% suggested training received was inadequate (not approved for CEUs or not sure)

Mandated Reporter Survey Report, The Protect Our Children Committee, 2012.









Virtual Teaching



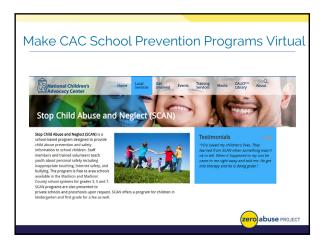
- Encourage virtual lessons with several students at a time so teacher can see possible signs of abuse (handprint, blackened eye, etc.)
- May detect yelling or other concerns in the home
- Even if yelling does not rise to the level of a report, it may create an opportunity to address stress



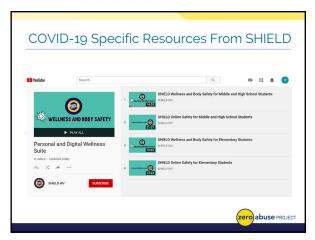
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Modify YSO policies during pandemic

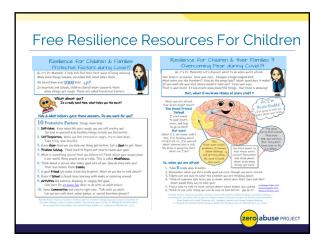
- Monitor interactions between teachers and students to make sure the pandemic is not used to groom a child:
 - Require another adult to be copied on messages
 - Require teachers to record virtual sessions
 - Conduct the sessions in an appropriate location (e.g. not instructor's bedroom)

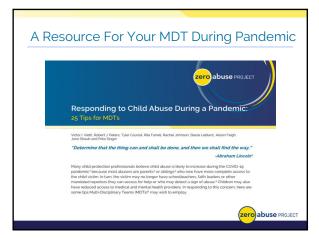


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It Wasn't Complicated

- We bought the doctors breakfast
- We brought specialists into the community
- We bought them books
- Developed checklists



The Need To Improve Training of Medical Professionals

- Nearly one-third of AHT cases are misdiagnosed
- · Misdiagnosis of child abuse "common"
- Few mental health professionals meet APA training standards to be minimally qualified to counsel survivors of trauma

Sources: Jenny (1999); Starling (2012); Champion (2003)



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What 18 Hours of Training Might Mean

- Medical School: g-month elective, 2 hours once a month, paper plus work with adolescent inpatient
- Implemented University of Toledo College of Medicine
- Four published studies:
 - Students completing elective "significantly more prepared to identify signs of maltreatment"
 - To report cases of suspected abuse even if they didn't know for sure
 - To recommend or secure needed services for a maltreated child or adolescent

Knox, et al, International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health (2013)



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ACE Screening And Education Of Patients





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Screening of Parental ACEs

- Children of parents with high ACE scores have higher rates of adversity
- Parental ACE exposures "can negatively impact child development in multiple domains, including problem solving, communication, personal-social, and motor skills."

Sources: Randell, et al (2015); Folger, et al (2018)



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Gillespie & Folger (2017)

- Total of 2,283 parents assessed for past history of ACEs
- · Provider and parent feedback positive
- "All providers reported that the information they found with the assessment tool was useful in their clinical practice...[providers] had more empathy for their patients, better understanding of the forces that shape parenting...had cultivated a more trusting relationship..."



The ACE Conversation (Gundersen Health)



- 80% of patients felt comfortable receiving information from providers (only 5% uncomfortable)
- 54% interested in the information, 41% neutral, 5% uninterested



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The ACE Conversation (Gundersen Health)



- 9% disclosed an ACE for themselves or a child
- Conversations lasted 1-2 minutes
- 97% of patients preferred this information to come from physicians



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Greater Sensitivity To Boys And Men



zero abuse PROJEC

■ COMMENTARY Best Clinical Practices for Male Adult Survivors of Childhood Sexual Abuse: "Do No Harm" Les Gallo-Shave, MOW, CODWR, Orbitagher M Anderson; Jaime Rome, EdD Abstract The boalth case literature describes innament challenges and recommended allocations in partices procedures for female servivors of childhood sessual abuse, a subtype of adverse childhood experiences. Currently, there are no concomitate recommendations for best clinical partices for image survivors of childhood sessual abuse, a subtype of an ACE may result in behaviors that dismains the cerveral imminish the reversal less than the care child insight of the concomitation for the clinical particles for male survivors of childhood sessual abuse as or other subvesses clinical experiences. Association in the concession of the concomitation of the concession of the concess

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Gallo-Silver, et al (2014)

"The literature in breast cancer and in obstetrics and gynecology addresses the issues of providing health care services to a sexually abused female patient. Physicians in these specialties perform genital examinations and related invasive procedures. The recommendations for physicians in these studies indicate the need to slow down the examination process to enable more communication with the patient as well as asking the patient for permission to proceed with the examination. Medical internists and urologists examine men in a manner proximate to a gynecologist's examination of women. Yet, no recommendations exist to address the issue of childhood sexual abuse and its potential impact on adult patients."



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Gallo-Silver (2014)

"With my last heart attack, I almost did not call 911 because I was so afraid they would insert an IV [intravenous catheter] into my groin. I had told my cardiologist of my problem. When I was on the table in the operating room with IV Valium [diazepam] and morphine, I still, somewhere deep in my brain, realized that there was a needle stuck in my groin [for heart catheterization and implanting a stent]. I started flailing about in a full-blown panic attack. The doctor called for a crash team and had people hold me down while they administered restraints and got an anesthetist to put me completely under."



Gallo-Silver (2014)

"I went to a urologist due to prostate symptoms. I was not able to find a woman urologist that would see adult male patients. I told the urologist about the sexual abuse when I was a kid, but he seemed not to get it. He told me to "drop 'em" (meaning pull down my pants) when he wanted to examine me. When he did the digital rectal examination, I winced due to the discomfort, and he joked: 'And I didn't even buy you a nice dinner."



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A Better Approach (Gallo-Silver 2014)

- As part of history taking, ask about adverse childhood experiences of physical and/or sexual abuse, and family violence.
- Listen to the patient and stop doing any other nonemergency activity.
- Ask your patient about concerns and preferences in the biologic sex of his physician. If there are gender concerns, allow the patient to discuss them.



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More Recommendations (Gallo-Silver)

- If your patient indicates he is fearful, ask your patient about how to increase his feelings of safety.
- For invasive procedures, ensure your patient understands informed consent and that he can change his mind at any point before sedation or anesthesia.
- Help your patient anticipate the stressors of next steps before you order further tests or procedures.
- Review procedures with your patient that involve undressing and touching.



And Still More...

- Inform your patient before touching and explain the specific purpose of touching.
- Inform your patient at the beginning of the examination that you will request body positioning before making that request.
- Take a "sounding" from your patient during invasive examination procedures ("How are you doing? Do you need me to...?")



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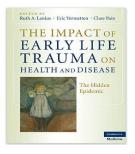
Educating Patients About Health Risks of Hitting Children





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The Prevalence of Injuries Corporal Punishment



 ACE research found 28% of children hit so hard there are injuries and a majority of substantiated physical abuse cases involve corporal punishment

Source: Felitti & Anda (2012)

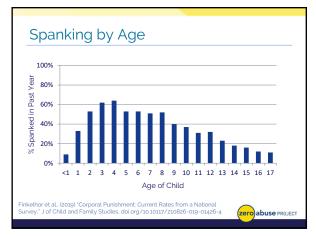


CP and Physical Abuse Risks

- Approximately 2/3rds of parents report hitting children below the age of two
- 85% of children physically punished prior to high school
- 51% of all children have been hit with instruments (Gershoff 2008)



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Corporal Punishment and Physical Health

Harsh physical discipline (pushing, grabbing, shoving, slapping, and hitting) even in the absence of more severe maltreatment (broken bones, sexual abuse, etc.) is associated with higher risks of cardiovascular disease, arthritis, obesity, history of family dysfunction, and mental disorders

Source: Afifi, et al, 2013











The Best That Can Be Said About CP

- "At its worst corporal punishment may have negative effects on children and at its best has no effects, positive or negative."
- Think of CP as a "risk factor"

Source: Gershoff, 2002



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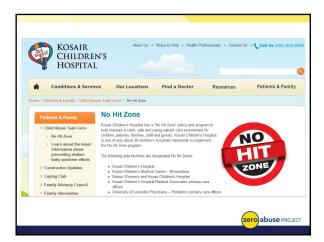
Asking Doctors To Take The Lead

AMERICAN ACADEMY OF PEDIATRICS

Committee on Psychosocial Aspects of Child and Family Health

Guidance for Effective Discipline









Telemental Health



- Generally supported in the literature
- Check CALIO
- Must have back up plan if communication link is broken and can't be re-established
- Training critical
- Concerns:

 Confidentiality may be compromised

 Insurance issues

 What if a sensitive subject is brought up and child lacks physical presence of someone to manage emotions?



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Community Education





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Community Education

- Newspaper ads
- Press releases after every conviction
- Press release for other successes
- Respond to every criticism
- Volunteer to speak to other groups
- Reaching out to diverse cultures





Working With Faith Community



- · Specific training
- Involvement of faith leader on our MDT



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Religion in Child Sexual Abuse Forensic Interviews Regon in Child Sexual Section (Sexual Section Sect

Guidance



"Cultural competency is a fundamental component of the CAC philosophy...To effectively meet clients' needs, the CAC and MDT must be willing and able to understand the clients' worldviews, adapt practices as needed, and offer assistance in a manner in which it can be utilized."



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The Role of Spiritual Care

Psychological Trauma: Theory, Research, Practice, and Policy 2009, Vol. 1, No. 2, 130–145

© 2009 American Psychological Association 1942-9681/09/\$12.00 DOI: 10.1037/a0016211

Changes in Personal Religion/Spirituality During and After Childhood Abuse: A Review and Synthesis

Donald F. Walker, Henri Webb Reid, Tiffany O'Neill, and Lindsay Brown
Richmont Graduate University

Psychologists have begun to consider the potential role of transmic experiences on the vicin's spirituality and religiousness as well as the role personal religious and spiritual faith might have in recovery from abuse. In this review, the authors were particularly interested in these issues as they pertain to childhood abuse. The authors identified 34 studies of child abuse as they pertain to childhood abuse. The authors identified 34 studies of child abuse as they pertain to spirituality and religiously that included information on a total of 19,090 participants. The studies were classified according to both the form of abuse and the form of religiousness or spirituality that very examined. The majority of studies indicated either some decline in religiousness or spirituality (Y= 14) or a combination of both growth and decline (Y= 12). Seven studies gave preliminary indications that religiousness/spirituality can moderate the development of posttramatic symptoms or symptoms associated with other Axis I disorders. The authors discuss implications for both therapy and future research.

Keywords: childhood abuse, religion and spirituality



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What You Might Want To Teach Faith Leaders

"If children can be silenced and the average person is easy to fool, many offenders report that religious people are even easier to fool than most people."

- Anna Salter



Youth Minister With Over 100 Victims

"(T)here was a great amount of pride. Well, I pulled this one off again. You're a good one...There were times when little old ladies would pat me on the back and say, 'You're one of the best young men that I have ever known.' I would think back and think 'If you really knew me, you wouldn't think that."

Source: Salter, p. 199



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Understand Clergy Abusers Are Just As Dangerous

- · Share characteristics of other offenders
- More skilled/better educated
- · Careful selection of victims
- · More likely to use force
- · Treatment the same

Langevin, et al., A Study of Clerics Who Commit Sexual Offenses 24 Child Abuse & Neglect 535 (2000)



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Understand Predators Will Abuse A Child with Others Present

- 54.9% of child molesters offended when another child present
 - The Tricky Part by Martin Mora
- 23.9% offended when another adult present
- Note—it may be subtle (under the blankets)
- Why? Increases power over child, the chance of getting caught enhances arousal, etc.

Underwood, et al, Do sexual offenders Molest when Other Persons are Present? 11(3) Journal of Research and Treatment (1999)



Policies for sex offenders seeking to join a church or attend services

- Compliance with the law. Speak to the offender's probation officer and/or the local prosecutor.
- Consultation with the sex offender's treatment provider. This will determine potential dangers and help the church in meeting the offender's needs.
- Review court and investigative records. What charges were dismissed? What did the offender confess to?
- Determine level of supervision necessary. Low risk may require a shadow, high risk separate services.



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Policies for sex offenders seeking to join a church or attend services

- Sex offender should not be allowed to attend services with victim. This is true even if low risk.
- If SO goes to different congregation—let them know of risks.
- Be sensitive to the fears of parents and the emotions of all survivors.
- · Have a public congregational meeting.



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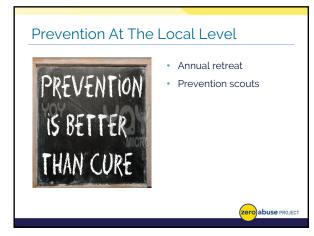
"Keeping Faith" Training











Daro & Donnelly: When Prevention Falls Short

- When proponents "oversimplify" or promote "singular solutions"
- Prevention is complex and will differ from community to community and thus puts prevention in the hands of front line professionals



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Sources of Resiliency For Abused Children

- · Educational characteristics
 - Engagement in academics
 - Engagement in extra-curricular activities
 - Positive relationship with instructors



Source: Summers, 2006



Other Resiliency Factors

- Community characteristics
 - Positive relationship with caring, non-abusive adult
 - Adults or peers who disapprove of antisocial behavior
 - Involvement with religious community
 - Peer support
 - Safety of community
 - Access to health care







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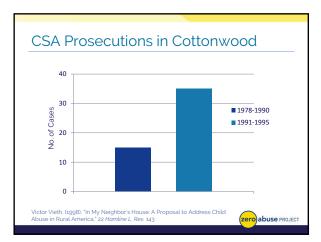
Vicarious Trauma Plan for MDT



- Develop a "buddy system"
- If MDT has mental health provider or chaplain, enlist their aid and make them available virtually
- Ask CAC board to write thank you letters to team members for their extra efforts in extraordinary times



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Statewide Comparison

 During the years 1994-1996, Cottonwood County had the highest rate of determining child physical and child sexual abuse per 1,000 children of any of Minnesota's 87 counties.

Child Protective Services: A Program Report (January, 1998)



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"Till The Night Be Passed"



"Silence in the face of evil is itself evil. Not to act is to act."

- Dietrich Bonhoeffer



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Training Opportunities



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