

Strategy Tip #8

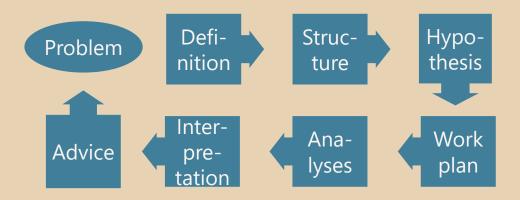
Understand how the top firms tackle strategic problems

Strategic problems are often the most complex. The current state is **fuzzy**, and the **future** is **unknown**.

This is why strategy consultants have developed **problem** solving techniques. These are better and faster than the 'let's analyze everything and see what comes out' approach or the simplistic SWOT analysis you may remember from university.



1: McKinsey



McKinsey uses a seven-step problem solving model. With access to all prior work globally, they quickly create a **hypothesis** for a resolution. They then ask why it would make sense and translate that into a **workplan** that checks the critical premises. The cycle may repeat itself, but eventually, a compelling **story** emerges.



2: BCG



The BCG approach is more focused on thinking through the **problem**. This makes sense when no hypothesis can be found. They first state potential **causes** of the problem and then perform various **analyses** to verify their merit. This results in **insights** for resolutions. After cycling through analyses, a **recommendation** is presented.



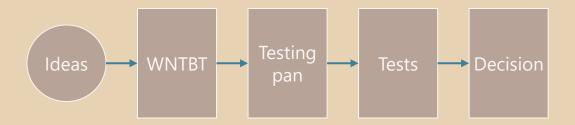
3: Bain



Bain uses its **Answer First** approach which is a variant of McKinsey's and BCG's methods. They start by understanding the underlying issues of the problem. Then a 'first answer' is created that addresses each issue and the assertions behind the answer are laid out. After validation and adjusting the answer, a business case and implementation plan are drafted.



4: Monitor



The premise of Monitor (now Monitor Deloitte) is that you need to consider multiple options. They ideate these via a current problem assessment, analogies, management theories and creativity. Then they ask What Needs To Be True (WNTBT) for each option. This informs a **testing plan** for the team. The option that meets all the tests is selected.



