# UNDERSTANDING DIVERSITY, INCLUSION, AND EQUITY

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# **GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

- Understand key terms related to inclusion and equity.
- Learn how to appropriately find answers to questions about marginalization, inclusion, and equity.\*
- Discuss common factors that harm inclusion.
- Understand what it means to be a spectator, ally, and accomplice, in social justice.
- Explore best practices to create inclusive environments.

This handout is a part of a workshop offered by Difficult-Discussions Inc., if you are using it independently these items will need to be covered by the facilitator. (\*)

# **SPECTATORS, ALLIES, & ACCOMPLICES IN SOCIAL JUSTICE**

#### **SPECTATORS**

## Spectators in Social Justice are people that do not disrupt the current state of inclusion or lack thereof in a community.

- They have minimal impact in creating more equitable communities.
- For communities and systems to change we need spectators to take part in the actions of allies and/or Accomplices.

#### **ALLIES**

- Allies in social justice are individuals from one social identity group who advocate for and support members of a different group.
- Being an ally requires action and continuous education about the needs of marginalized communities.
- The actions of an ally have a greater likelihood to challenge biased systems.

Performative allies are not genuinely attempting to change the system to create more inclusive and equitable communities. Instead, they act as allies to fulfill their savior complex. For them, activism is a means to feel important and gain attention.

#### **ACCOMPLICES**

- A person of a social identity group who works to dismantle systems that oppress members of another group by working with leaders from the oppressed group.
- Being an accomplice requires actively working with marginalized groups to dismantle oppressive systems.
- The actions of an accomplice directly challenge biased and oppressive systems.

SOME IDEAS OF THIS CHART ARE FROM HTTPS://WWW.POWERSHIFT.ORG/



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# ACTIVITY 1: IDENTITY, MARGINALIZATION, AND PRIVILEGE:

Write down aspects of your identity in the first column and then associate that aspect with a privilege it brings you or how it marginalizes you.



# IDENTITY

- E.g.: Cis Gendered
- E.g.: Female

## PRIVILEGE

• E.g.: My gender identity is not constantly scrutinized by the public.

## MARGINALIZATION

 Eg: I get paid only about 80 cents to a dollar a man in my same position makes.



#### **ACTIVITY 2: ROLE-PLAYING SCENARIOS**

In small groups, role-play the following scenarios. After each role-play, discuss which role (spectator, ally, or accomplice) was demonstrated and how the response could be improved.

#### **SCENARIO 1:**

During a team meeting, someone makes a stereotypical joke about a marginalized group.

- How does a spectator react?
- How does an ally react?
- How does an accomplice react?

## **SCENARIO 2:**

You notice that a colleague from a marginalized group is consistently talked over in meetings.

- How does a spectator react?
- How does an ally react?
- How does an accomplice react?

#### **SCENARIO 3:**

A friend expresses frustration about a systemic issue affecting their community.

- How does a spectator react?
- How does an ally react?
- How does an accomplice react?

#### SKILLS YOU NEED TO POSSESS TO BE AN ALLY/ACCOMPLICE

To be a good ally or accomplice you need to possess some key skills, the ones listed on this handout do not make a comprehensive list. You will learn more as your journey moves forward in the field of social justice.



- Effective Learning Style.
- Ability to accept criticism.
- Being a good follower.
- Ability to identify Microaggressions.
- Ability to identify your implicit biases.
- Being an Active Bystander.

# EXTERNAL RESOURCE

## Learning to be an Ally for People from Diverse Groups and **Backgrounds**

Citation: Marya Axner. Chapter 27, Section 5. Learning to be an Ally for People from Diverse Groups and Backgrounds. Cultural Competence and Spirituality in Community Building. Center for Community Health and Development at the University of Kansas. https://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-ofcontents/culture/cultural-competence/be-an-ally/main.

You can find this resource by scanning the QR code on the right or by visiting: https://ctb.ku.edu/en/table-of-contents/culture/cultural-competence/be-an-ally/main



# **STARTING YOUR JOURNEY AS AN ALLY**



#### **EDUCATION & AWARENESS**

Educate yourself by understanding the history and experiences of marginalized communities. Use non-burdensome avenues like reading books, attending events, and participating in educational presentations. Employ inclusive language and avoid terms that may be offensive or exclusive.

#### **ACTION & ENGAGEMENT**

Volunteer with and/or donate to organizations supporting marginalized communities. Participate in political activism by attending protests, writing to officials, and volunteering for campaigns.

### **ALLIES IN SOCIAL JUSTICE**







# **AMPLIFICATION**

Support leaders and activists from marginalized communities by amplifying their voices through sharing their work to broaden reach. Use your privilege to uplift the community. Make sure you do not take over the dialogue but rather ask how you can help.

#### SUPPORT

Challenge discriminatory or offensive remarks. Interrupt and address biased statements. Support businesses and organizations owned by people of color.



# EXTERNAL RESOURCE

Implicit Association Test (IAT)

Citation: Implicit Association Test. *Project Implicit*. https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/takeatest.html.

This resource can be used to identify your implicit biases. You can find this resource by scanning the QR code on the right or by visiting: https://implicit.harvard.edu/implicit/takeatest.html



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# **EXTERNAL RESOURCE**

#### Be an active bystander

Citation: Be an active bystander. Breaking the silence - preventing harassment and sexual misconduct. *University of Cambridge*. https://www.breakingthesilence.cam.ac.uk/prevention-support/be-active-bystander.

This resource created by the University of Cambridge provides information on how to be an active bystander. You can find this resource by scanning the QR code on the right or by visiting:

https://www.breakingthesilence.cam.ac.uk/prevention-support/be-active-bystander





# **EXTERNAL RESOURCE**

## Recognizing Microaggressions and the Messages They Send

Citation: Recognizing Microaggressions and the Messages They Send. *University of California Berkeley GSI Teaching and Resource Center.* 

https://academicaffairs.ucsc.edu/events/documents/Microaggressions\_Examples\_Arial\_2014\_11\_ 12.pdf.

This resource created by the University of California Berkeley GSI Teaching and Resource Center provides information on how to recognize microaggressions and the messages they send. You can find this resource by scanning the QR code on the right or by visiting:

https://academicaffairs.ucsc.edu/events/documents/Microaggressions\_Examples\_Arial\_20 14\_11\_12.pdf

#### **ACTIVITY 3: MICROAGGRESSIONS IDENTIFICATION AND RESPONSE**

Divide into small groups. Each group should have 3-5 members. Read the following statements and identify if they are microaggressions. Discuss with your group why these statements are harmful and how you would respond as an ally or accomplice.

#### **Discussion Questions**

- What makes these statements microaggressions?
- How can you address microaggressions when you witness them?

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 Share personal experiences of microaggressions and discuss potential responses.



STATEMENT 1: "YOU'RE SO ARTICULATE FOR SOMEONE FROM YOUR BACKGROUND."

STATEMENT 2: "I DON'T SEE COLOR; I TREAT EVERYONE THE SAME."

STATEMENT 3: "YOU'RE REALLY PRETTY FOR SOMEONE OF YOUR ETHNICITY."



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# **COMMON FACTORS THAT HARM INCLUSION:**



- Unconscious/ Implicit Bias
- Microaggressions
- Saviour Complexes
- Misinformation
- Disproportionate Impacts



IMPLICIT BIAS

The attitudes and stereotypes that impact our judgments and actions without our awareness. These biases are shaped throughout our lives, representing social stereotypes about certain groups that individuals form without conscious realization.

MICROAGGRESSION

Subtle insults, slights, or invalidations directed at individuals or groups due to their marginalized identity. These seemingly small interactions can convey negative messages and have a cumulative impact on the recipient. They are often unconscious or unintentional expressions of prejudice towards marginalized groups, like racial minorities.

SAVIOUR COMPLEX

A psychological tendency where someone feels a strong urge to help others, sometimes to the extent of neglecting their own needs or becoming overly intrusive. Despite appearing positive, it can create issues in relationships and for the person themselves. People with a savior complex seek to fix others' problems and often see themselves as heroes, but this can result in little impact on challenging oppressive systems effectively.

MISINFORMATION

Inaccurate or misleading information spread unintentionally. Unlike disinformation, which is intentionally deceptive, misinformation is shared without malicious intent. Those spreading misinformation may genuinely believe it to be true.

DISPROPORTIONATE IMPACTS

What might just be another policy change to you might significantly impact the survival of members of a marginalized community. It is important to consider this when having conversations with your peers about such topics.

# Tips to create inclusive environments

## **Recognize Your Privilege and Biases**

Acknowledge your privileges and the unconscious biases you may have. Use your privilege to be an ally for marginalized communities and actively work to overcome your implicit biases. Inclusive organizations are built by members who are allies and accomplices in social justice.

# **Seek Knowledge Proactively**

If you're unsure about something, take the initiative to find out. It's not the responsibility of marginalized groups to educate you. Avoid making assumptions. If you make a mistake, own it, acknowledge it, learn from it, and move forward.

### **Embrace Discomfort for Growth**

If you feel uncomfortable in a situation, take a moment to understand why. Sometimes, you need to sit with your discomfort and use it as an opportunity for personal growth.

# **Evaluate Legislation and Policies**

When working on legislation or policies, ensure they do not negatively impact marginalized groups. Thoughtful consideration and review can prevent unintended harm.

# **Plan Inclusive Events**

Ensure your events are inclusive of marginalized communities and groups. During events and social gatherings, make sure members avoid saying or doing things that could be offensive to other communities.

#### **Involve Marginalized Communities in Planning**

When organizing events for marginalized communities (training, workshops, fundraising events, galas, charity events), involve representatives from those communities in the planning process and ensure the speakers are from the group you are organizing the event for.

# **Create Culturally Sensitive Materials**

When creating promotional materials or custom fundraising items, ensure they are not culturally insensitive. Conduct thorough research and consult relevant sources to confirm their appropriateness.

## **Show Active Allyship**

As an ally, leader, or representative advocating for marginalized groups, demonstrate your commitment by attending events organized by these communities. Your presence and support are crucial.

## **Make Decisions with Integrity**

When making decisions, reflect on whether you are choosing based on comfort or because it is the right thing to do.

Prioritize actions that support inclusion and equity, even if they challenge your comfort zone.

# **Foster Open Dialogue**

Encourage open and honest communication within your organization. Create a safe space where members feel comfortable sharing their experiences and perspectives on inclusion and equity. Listening to diverse voices can lead to more effective and inclusive practices.

#### **ACTIVITY 4- INCLUSIVE PROGRAMMING**

You are in charge of organizing a fundraising gala to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion, create a 5-point plan that you will present to your executive board from what you have learned in this presentation.



**NOTES** 



# DIFFICULT-DISCUSSIONS INC. DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION GLOSSARY

ACCESSIBILITY	The process of ensuring that information, environments, and experiences are designed to be usable by individuals of all abilities. Its objective is to facilitate full participation and engagement for everyone, eliminating any barriers that may hinder access or interaction.
CULTURE	The collection of shared attitudes, values, goals, and practices that define a specific group of people, encompassing their knowledge, beliefs, art, laws, customs, and habits.
DIVERSITY	Diversity with regard to people refers to a group of individuals with varying characteristics. Diversity encompasses different dimensions, including visible aspects such as race, age, and ethnicity, as well as invisible aspects such as religion, skills, abilities, socio-economic status, and culture.
EMPOWERMENT	The journey towards obtaining greater autonomy, control, and influence in one's life and decision-making processes. It involves acquiring the necessary knowledge, skills, and resources to autonomously make choices and pursue personal goals.
EQUITY	Equity pertains to fairness and justice, recognizing that individuals come from diverse backgrounds with varying needs. It aims to establish a level playing field where everyone has an equal opportunity to succeed, acknowledging that some may require additional support to achieve true equality of opportunity.
INCLUSION	Creating an environment where everyone feels welcome, valued, and supported, regardless of their background or characteristics. It ensures that everyone has the opportunity to participate and contribute fully.
IDENTITY	The unique traits and characteristics that define an individual.
INTERSECTIONALITY	Intersectionality acknowledges that individuals' lived experiences are molded by the intricate connections between their various social identities, such as race, class, gender, and ability. Visualize these identities as overlapping circles in a Venn diagram; the overlapping regions depict intersectionality. For example, a Black woman confronts unique obstacles due to the compounded effects of racism and sexism. By recognizing and understanding these intersections, we can develop targeted interventions and advance more inclusive initiatives within the realm of social justice.
LIBERATION	Breaking free from different limitations. It involves fighting for equal rights and opportunities for a specific group, representing their ongoing struggle for equality against historical oppression.



# DIFFICULT-DISCUSSIONS INC. DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION GLOSSARY

MARGINALIZATION	Systematic disadvantages experienced by specific groups because of their social identities. It stems from power dynamics within a society, where dominant groups establish and uphold systems that benefit themselves while disadvantaging others.
MICROAGGRESSION	Subtle insults, slights, or invalidations directed at individuals or groups due to their marginalized identity. These seemingly small interactions can convey negative messages and have a cumulative impact on the recipient. They are often unconscious or unintentional expressions of prejudice towards marginalized groups, like racial minorities.
MISINFORMATION	Inaccurate or misleading information spread unintentionally. Unlike disinformation, which is intentionally deceptive, misinformation is shared without malicious intent. Those spreading misinformation may genuinely believe it to be true.
PRIVILEGE	Unearned advantages or benefits that some groups receive based on their social identity, allowing them to live without facing certain disadvantages.
SAVIOUR COMPLEX	A psychological tendency where someone feels a strong urge to help others, sometimes to the extent of neglecting their own needs or becoming overly intrusive. Despite appearing positive, it can create issues in relationships and for the person themselves. People with a savior complex seek to fix others' problems and often see themselves as heroes, but this can result in little impact on challenging oppressive systems effectively.
IMPLICIT BIAS	The attitudes and stereotypes that impact our judgments and actions without our awareness. These biases are shaped throughout our lives, representing social stereotypes about certain groups that individuals form without conscious realization.

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