

How to Manage a Contamination Incident

Defense Security Service
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Objectives

- Define a compromise
- Define a contamination
- Describe the causes of a contamination
- Discuss preparing an ad hoc team
- Review steps for conducting an Administrative Inquiry
- Review reporting requirements
- Discuss cleanup considerations

What is a compromise?

 The disclosure of classified information to an unauthorized person



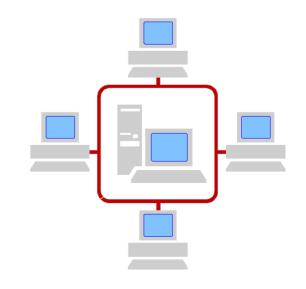
What is a contamination?

When classified information is processed on a non-accredited IS



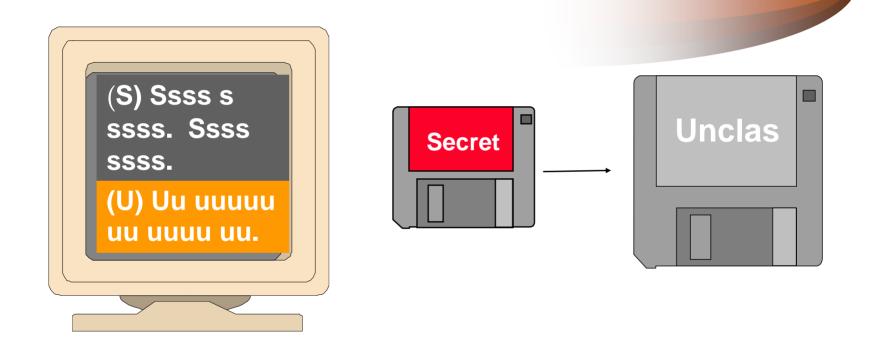
- Change in classification level
- Unsecure transmission
- Accidental / intentional use of non-accredited equipment



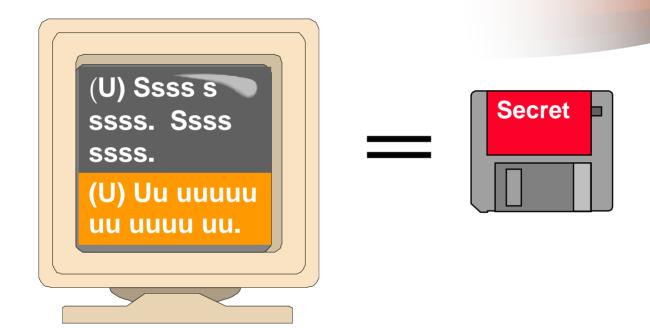


- Unaccredited System with internal hard drive
- Cleared employee saves to floppy
- •A temporary file created on internal hard drive then automatically deleted.

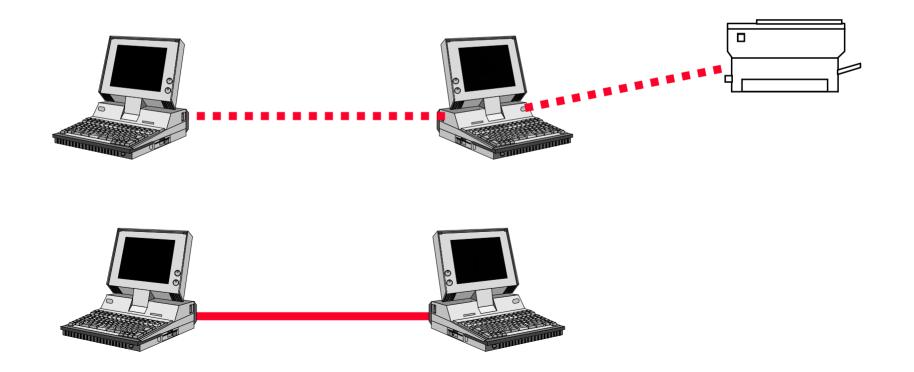
Secret



- 1. "Track Changes" are hidden
- 2. Unclassified Extraction www.dss.mil/infoas/index.htm



Compilation creates classified



Attitudes can be a factor!



- Confusion
- Too busy to follow the rules
- Indifference
- It can't happen here
- It cost too much
- Everyone else does it

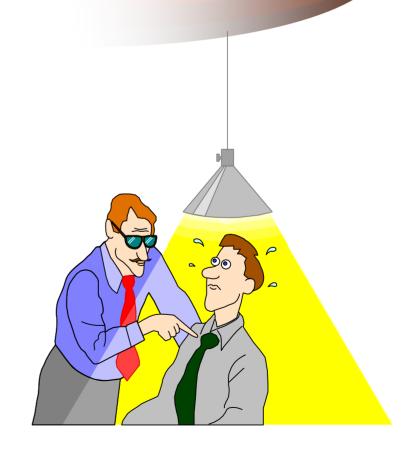
Before it happens, build an ad hoc team!

- No regular meetings
- SysAdmins proficient in each operating system
- SysAdmin proficient in email system
- Someone proficient in RAID drives
- Security Rep



Conducting an Administrative Inquiry!

 Investigate the loss, compromise, or suspected compromise of classified information



Conduct a preliminary inquiry!

Conduct immediately

 Identify W⁵H, <u>determine</u> <u>extent</u>

 "Did a loss, compromise or suspected compromise occur?" What happened?

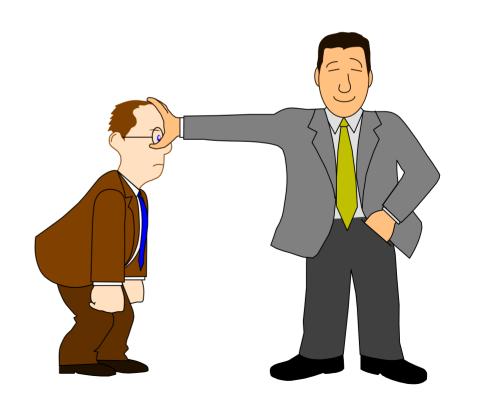


Is there a loss, compromise, or suspected compromise?

- Loss: material can't be located within a reasonable period of time
- Compromise: disclosure to unauthorized person(s)
- Suspected compromise: when disclosure can't be reasonably precluded

Now what should be done?

- Assemble ad hoc team
- Physically isolate, protect all contaminated equipment
- Remove unauthorized people

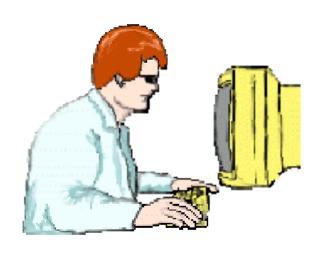


What should be done? (cont.)

- Call your Defense Security Service (DSS)
 IS Rep and/or ISSP*
- Contact your customer, the data owner
- DO NOT DELETE DATA YET!

^{*} Information Systems Security Professional

DO NOT DELETE THE FILE!!



"Would you take care of this for me!"

What will DSS do?

 Help you limit further systems from being contaminated.

 Work with you on sanitizing all infected systems.



What are important facts?

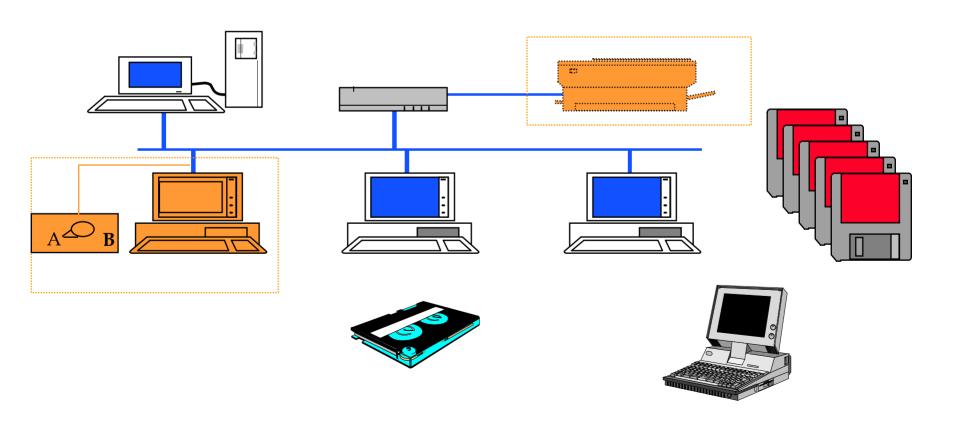
- What platforms and O/Ss are involved?
- Are there any remote dial-ins
- Are there any other network connections?
- At what locations was the file or e-mail received (e-mail servers) or placed?
- Was the data encrypted?
- Was the file deleted?
- Is there RAID technology involved?

What about an email server?

- What type of email system is involved?
- Is System Administrator cleared?
- Ensure areas where deleted files are retained are addressed, e.g., MS Exchange's deleted item recovery container).

MS Exchange is discussed because of its widespread use. DSS does not endorse any products.

Forget any components?



Follow through!

- Gather and review Audit Trails that are applicable
 - Paper
 - Electronic
- Interview all people known to be involved



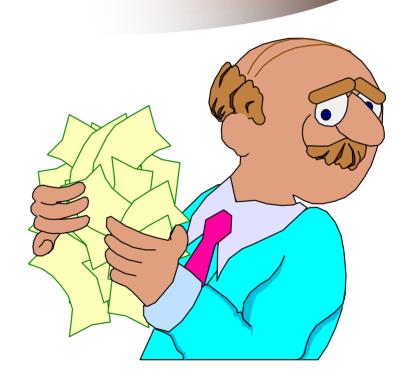
And finally...

 Write and submit the final report (Paragraph 1-303c, NISPOM)

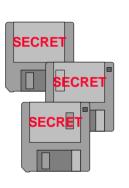


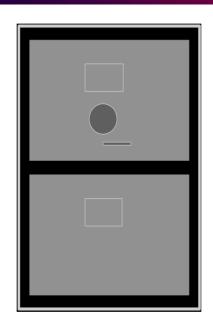
Follow available guidance!

- NISPOM AI Report Requirements (Paragraph 1-303)
- DSS Guidance for Conducting an Al
- Clearing and Sanitization Matrix



And don't forget to







- Protect classified media
- Sanitize/clear the system components
- Write the report

Report suspenses!



- Initial "promptly submit" (72 hours)
- Final investigation is complete (15 days)

NISPOM Para 1-303b,c

One last thing.

- Send details to government customer to include cleanup action
- Include hardware and operating system platforms
- Request they provide additional cleanup steps within 30 days



Summary

- What causes contaminations
- Possible cleanup considerations
- Reporting requirements

NISPOM Para 8-103b,c