Calculus: Derivatives

Maximum/Minimum Word Problems

Topics include cost function, ellipse, distance, volume, surface area, and more.

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Calculus: First Derivative Max/Min Applications

1) Revenue function: R(x) = 6x

Cost function: $C(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 15x$

Verify that the best your business can do is 'break even'

Profit = Revenue – Cost

$$P(x) = 6x - (x^{3} - 6x^{2} + 15x)$$

$$= -x^{3} + 6x^{2} - 9x$$
To find maximum/minimum profit,
set first derivative equal to zero:

$$P'(x) = -3x^{2} + 12x - 9$$

$$P'(x) = -3x^{2} + 12x - 9$$

$$x^{2} - 4x + 3 = 0$$
 (factor)

$$(x - 1)(x - 3) = 0$$
 (solve)

$$x = 1$$
 and 3
Test each solution in the original equations!
At 1:

$$R(1) = 6(1) = 6$$

$$C(1) = (1)^{3} - 6(1)^{2} + 15(1) = 10$$

$$Cost (10)$$
 exceeds Revenue (6)
Business loses money.....

$$R(1) = 6(1) = 10$$

$$Cost (10)$$
 exceeds Revenue (6)
Business loses money.....

$$R(1) = 6(1) = 10$$

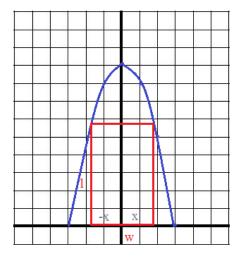
$$R(1) =$$

2) What is the maximum area of a rectangle that is inscribed under $y = -x^2 + 9$ and above the x-axis.

Step 1: Write variables and formulas

Area of rectangle = length x width width = x + |-x| = 2xlength = $-x^2 + 9$

Step 1a: Draw a picture



Step 2: Find maximum of function (take the derivative, and set = 0) $A(x) = (-x^{2}+9) (2x)$

$$= -2x^3 + 18x$$

 $A'(x) = -6x^2 + 18$

set equal to zero to find max/min

$$46x^{2} + 18 = 0$$

$$x^{2} = 3$$

$$x = \sqrt{3} \sqrt{3}$$

Step 3: Solve/Answer the question

Since the maximum area occurs at $x = \sqrt{3}$

the length = $-(\sqrt{3})^2 + 9 = 6$ the width = $2(\sqrt{3}) = 2\sqrt{3}$

Area = $12\sqrt{3}$ or approximately 20.8 square units

Derivatives: Maximum/Minimum Examples

3) Find the absolute extremes:

$$f(x) = (x - 3)^{2} + 1$$
 over the domain [2, 6]

Using Derivatives:

Find derivative of the function:

$$f'(x) = 2(x-3)^1 + 0$$

= 2x - 6

Then, to find the extremes, set f'(x) = 0

2x - 6 = 0 $\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{3}$

Is x = 3 a minimum or a maximum?

Test points:

| x = 2 | f(2) = 2 | |
|-------|----------|---------|
| x = 3 | f(3) = 1 | MINIMUM |
| x = 4 | f(4) = 2 | |



| x = 2 | f(2) = 2 |
|------------------------|--|
| x = 3 | f(3) = 1 MINIMUM |
| x = 4 | f(4) = 2 |
| | Since it is negative, the function decreases on the left |
| f'(3) = 0 f'(4) = 2 | Since it is positive, the function increases on the right |
| $f(\mathbf{v}) = 2$ | Since it is positive the function is concern up |

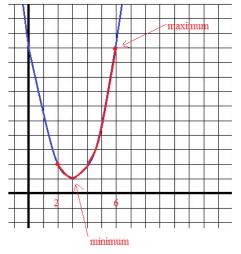
f''(x) = 2 Since it is positive, the function is concave up (this implies the critical value is a minimum!)

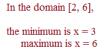
Graphing:

$$(x) = x^2 - 6x + 10$$

Parabola: Axis of symmetry: x = 3y-intercept: (0, 10) x-intercepts: NONE Vertex: (3, 1)

f



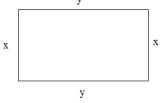


4) Assume you have 60 feet of fencing. What is the maximum area you could enclose?

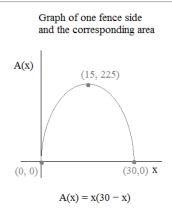
What are the dimensions of the enclosed area?

Step 1: Establish variables and formulas

| 1 | | Step 2: Find derivative of equation you want to maximize | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|-----------|
| Area = xy | Perimeter = 60 Perimeter = $2x + 2y$ | We want to maximize the area: | | |
| | 60 = 2x + 2y | (with respect to x) | | |
| | 30 = x + y | A(x) = x(30 - x) | oraph of one renders and the company and the | |
| | y = 30 - x | $A(x) = -x^2 + 30x$ | | |
| | | A'(x) = -2x + 30 | A(x) | (15, 225) |
| Step 1a: Draw a diagram | am | Step 3: Find critical values and solve | | (15, 225) |
| У | | $\Lambda'(\mathbf{x}) = 0$ | | |



A'(x) = 0-2x + 30 = 02x + 2y = 60x = 15 Since x = 15, y = 15Area = 225 square feet dimensions: 15' x 15'



5) You're contracted to build a square-based 600 cubic foot container made of steel. Derivative Applications: maximum/minimum Assuming the construction is an open-top container, a) What are the dimensions of the container that will minimize the weight? b) What is the surface area of the container? Step 1: Draw a diagram and label Step 2: Establish formulas Volume = (length)(width)(height)Surface Area = 4. (area of each side) + (area of bottom) $\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{y} = \mathbf{x}^2 \mathbf{y}$ $SA = 4xy + x^2$ $600 \text{ft}^3 = x^2 \text{v}$ у **Since we are trying to minimize surface area, we will try to set up SA in terms of one variable (x) (since it is square-based, therefore, $SA = 4x \left(\frac{600}{x^2}\right) + x^2$ the length and width are equal) 600 x^2 Step 3: Find minimum of function! $SA = \frac{2400}{x} + x^2$ Step 4: Answer the questions: $SA' = \frac{-2400}{x^2} + 2x$ a) What are the dimensions? Since x = 10.63, $y = \frac{600}{(10.63)^2} = 5.31$ (approximately) (set derivative equal to zero) to find critical values slightly more than $\frac{-2400}{x^2}$ + 2x = 0 (multiply by x²) 10.63' x 10.63' x 5.31' \rightarrow 600 cubic feet b) What is the surface area of the container? $2x^3 - 2400 = 0$ $SA = 4xy + x^2$ $x^3 = 1200$ $= 4(10.63)(5.31) + (10.63)^{2}$ $x = 2 \sqrt[3]{150}$ feet 338.78 square feet x = 10.63 feet (approximately) Suppose you have a 10' x 20' piece of cardboard. 6) If you wanted to make an open rectangular box (by cutting out the corners & folding up the sides), a) what dimensions would create a box with the largest volume? 20 b) what is the maximum volume? x Step 1: Label the diagram and write formulas Area of cardboard box = (length)(width)10 (original length)(original width) = 200 sq. ft.Volume of open box = (length)(width)(height)(20 - 2x)(10 - 2x)(x)(note: the cut-out corners must be squares; otherwise, the top of the open box will be uneven) Step 2: Establish function Since we want to maximize volume, Step 3: Answer the questions V = (20 - 2x)(10 - 2x)(x)a) What dimension creates the maximum volume? $V = (20 - 2x)(10x - 2x^2)$ (cut out 2.1' x 2.1' in each corner) x = 2.1(quadratic formula) $V = 200x - 40x^2 - 20x^2 + 4x^3$ $x = \frac{30 \pm \sqrt{900 - 600}}{6}$ length = 20 + 2x = 15.8 feet $V = 4x^3 - 60x^2 + 200x$ (To find critical value -- max/min ---width = 10 + 2x = 5.9 feet $= 5 + \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3} = 7.9$ extraneous! 2 x 7.9 = 15.8 15.8 > the width!

set first derivative equal to zero)

 $V' = 12x^2 - 120x + 200 = 0$

 $3x^{2} - 30x + 50 = 0 \qquad 5 - \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3} = 2.1$

b) Volume = length x width x height

15.8' x 5.9' x 2.1' = 195.8 cubic feet

7) You operate a tour company with the following rates: \$200 per person

Your tour company accommodates 60 - 90 people.

If more than 60 people sign up, the rate drops \$2 per person for each additional person after 60...

If less than 60 people sign up, the tour is cancelled.

The cost of each tour is \$6000 plus \$32 per person.

a) How many people would maximize your profit?

b) What is your maximum profit?

Step 1: Transform above description into math equations:

The domain is [60, 90] let p = # of people Profit = Revenue - Cost Cost = 6000 + 32pRevenue = p(200 - 2(p - 60))

Step 3: answer questions

- a) What is the optimal number of people: p = 72
- b) What is your maximum profit?

Revenue: $$200 \ge 72 = $14,400$ Discount: 12 people over 60 ---- \$24 discount/person $$24 \ge 72 = 1728 Total revenue: \$12,672 Cost: \$6000 + \$32(72 people) = \$8304Profit: \$12,672 - \$8304 = \$4,368

Profit =
$$p(\$200 - \$2(p - 60)) - [\$6000 + \$32p]$$

= $\$200p - \$2p^2 + \$120p - \$6000 - \$32p$
= $\$-2p^2 + \$288p - \$6000$
Take derivative: $\frac{dProfit}{dp} = -4p + 288$
Set equal to zero to find max/min: $-4p + 288 = 0$
 $p = 72$
Step 4: Check your answer

Step 2: Maximize equation (profit)

71 tourists: Revenue: \$200 x 71 = \$14,200 Discount: (11 x \$2) x 71 = -\$1562 Cost: \$6000 + (\$32 x 71) = -\$8272 Profit: \$4366
72 tourists: Profit: \$4368
73 tourists: Revenue: \$200 x 73 = \$14,600 Discount: (13 x \$2) x 73 = \$1898

Cost: $6000 + (32 \times 73) = 8336$

Profit: \$4366

8) The quantity $Q = 2x^2 + 3y^2$ is subject to the constraint x + y = 5. What is the minimum quantity of Q?

Since Q is a function of x and y, let's change to 1 variable....

 $x + y = 5 \longrightarrow y = 5 - x$ then, substitute into the main equation...

$$Q = 2x^{2} + 3(5 - x)^{2}$$

$$Q = 2x^{2} + 75 - 30x + 3x^{2}$$

$$Q = 5x^{2} - 30x + 75 \quad \text{find derivative of } Q...$$

$$Q' = 10x - 30$$

$$Q' = 10x - 30$$

$$D(x - 30 = 0 \quad \text{so}, \text{minimum occurs at } x = 3 \quad \text{and, therefore, } y = 2$$

$$Q = 2(3)^{2} + 3(2)^{2} \quad \text{then, } Q = 35$$

$$Q = 2(3)^{2} + 3(2)^{2} \quad \text{then, } Q = 35$$

$$Q = 30 \quad \text{If } x = 4 \text{ and } y = 1$$

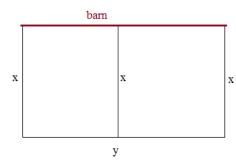
$$Q = 30 \quad \text{If } x = 4 \text{ and } y = 1$$

$$Q = 35 \quad \text{then, } Q = 35$$

Derivative Max/Min Word Problems

9) A farmer is going to build a pen using 240 feet of wood. One side of the pen will border a barn, and there will be a wooden divider to separate the pen into 2 parts.

What is the maximum area of the pen?



10) A building's window frame shaped as a rectangle with a semicircle is constructed with 28 feet of wood.

Which dimensions would maximize the light shining inside the building?

To maximize the light, we need to maximize the area of the window.

'Main function to optimize': Area = $2xy + \frac{1}{2}\pi x^2$

rectangle semicircle

Perimeter = $2x + 2y + \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2\pi x$

'Constraint function'

$$28' = 2x + 2y + 1Tx$$
$$y = \frac{28' - 2x - 1Tx}{2}$$

Use substitution and combine the equations

Area =
$$2x(\frac{28 - 2x - \pi x}{2}) + \frac{1}{2}\pi x^2$$

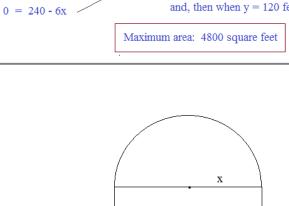
Area = $28x - 2x^2 - \pi x^2 + \frac{1}{2}\pi x^2$
A' = $28 - 4x - 2\pi x + \pi x$

To maximize, set derivative equal to zero

$$0 = 28 - 4x - 1\pi x$$

$$28 = 4x + 1\pi x$$

$$x = \frac{28}{(4 + \pi)} = 3.92 \text{ feet}$$



Maximum occurs when x = 40 feet

and, then when y = 120 feet...

'Main Function' that we want to maximize

'Constraint Function'

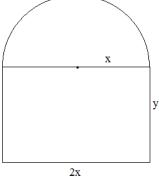
Using substitution, we make Area as a function of x

Area = xy

240 = 3x + y

Area = x(240 - 3x) $A = 240x - 3x^2$

A' = 240 - 6x

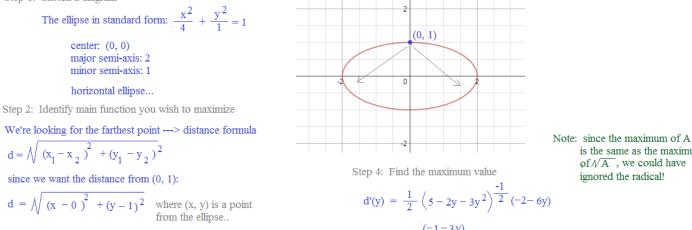


| Bottom: 7.84 feet Left side: 3.92 feet Right side: 3.92 feet Arch: 3.92 ∏ feet | total: 28 feet |
|---|----------------|
|---|----------------|

$$y = \frac{28' - 2(3.92') - 47(3.92')}{2}$$
$$= \frac{28' - 7.84' - 12.32'}{2} = 3.92 \text{ feet}$$

11) Find the point(s) on the ellipse $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$ farthest from the point (0, 1).

Step 1: Sketch a diagram



Step 3: Establish a function of one variable

Rewriting the ellipse: $x^2 = 4 - 4y^2$ then, substitute into distance formula

Note: we could substitute for y, but substituting for x is much easier ...

$$d = \sqrt{(x)^{2} + (y - 1)^{2}}$$

$$d(y) = \sqrt{4 - 4y^{2} + (y - 1)^{2}}$$

$$d(y) = \sqrt{5 - 2y - 3y^{2}}$$

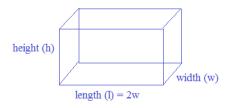
$$d'(y) = \sqrt{\frac{(-1-3y)}{5-2y-3y^2}} \quad \text{then, set equal to zero}$$
$$y = \frac{-1}{3}$$

Step 5: Answer the question

If
$$y = \frac{-1}{3}$$
 then $x^2 + 4(-1/3)^2 = 4$
 $x^2 = \frac{-32}{9}$
 $x = \frac{-4\sqrt{2}}{3} - \frac{-4\sqrt{2}}{3}$

12) An open-top rectangular storage container must have volume 10 cubic feet. Also, the length of the base must be twice the width of the base. If the cost of the base is \$10 per square ft. and the cost of each side is \$6 per square ft., what is the minimum cost of a container?

Step 1: Sketch diagram and label variables



Step 2: Identify functions and constraints

Volume =
$$lwh = 2w^2h = 10$$

Cost = $10(2w^2) + 2x$ $6(2wh) + 2x$ $6(wh)$
bottom front/back left/right
cost cost cost

 $Cost = 20w^2 + 24wh + 12wh = 20w^2 + 36wh$ $h = \frac{5}{w^2}$ since (volume) $2w^2 h = 10$

Substitute into cost function:

Step 3: Establish function (of one variable) that you wish to minimize

Step 4: find the minimum

$$f'(x) = 40w - \frac{180}{w^2}$$

C

se

40

$$t C'(x) = 0,$$

$$w = \frac{180}{w^2}$$
 $40w^3 = 180$ $w = 1.65$

w²

so, width = 1.65, length = 3.30and, 10 = (1.65)(3.30)(h) so height = 1.84

 $C(x) = 20w^2 + \frac{180}{w}$

Step 5: Answer the question

Cost of bottom:
$$$10(1.65)(3.3) = $54.45$$

Cost of left/right: 2x \$6(1.65)(1.84) = \$36.43

Cost of front/back: 2x \$6(3.3)(1.84) = \$72.86

Derivatives Maximum/Minimum Problems

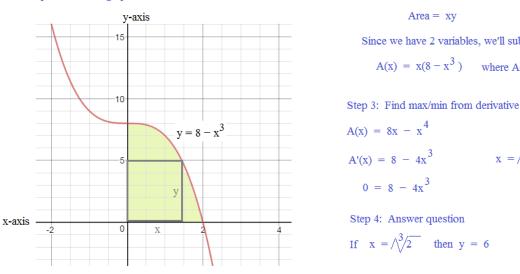
is the same as the maximum of \sqrt{A} , we could have

ignored the radical!

13) Find the rectangle with the largest area inscribed in the region bounded by

the x-axis, y-axis, and $y = 8 - x^3$

Step 1: Sketch a graph



Derivative Max/Min Word Problems

Step 2: Identify the 'optimization' function

SOLUTIONS

We're trying to find the "rectangle with the largest area"

Since we have 2 variables, we'll substitute for y...

$$A(x) = x(8 - x^3)$$
 where $A(x)$ is the area as a function of x

$$A(x) = 8x - x^{4}$$

$$A'(x) = 8 - 4x^{3}$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$0 = 8 - 4x^{3}$$
Step 4: Answer question so, the dimensions of the rect

tangle are

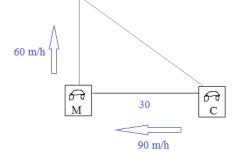
| $\sqrt[3]{2}$ | by | 6 |
|---------------|----|---|
|---------------|----|---|

14) At noon, a corvette is 30 miles due East of a mustang. The corvette goes west at 90 miles per hour. Meanwhile, the mustang goes north at 60 miles per hour. What is the minimum distance between the 2 cars? (When does this occur?)

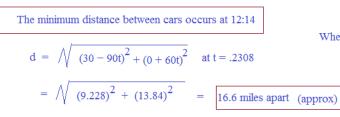
Step 1: Sketch a diagram and label variables



We're trying to find the minimum distance.



Step 3: Answer the questions

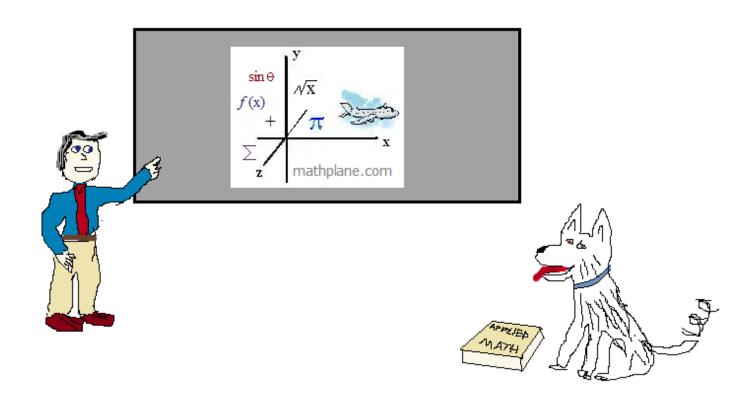


 $d = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ d = $\sqrt{(30-90t)^2 + (0+60t)^2}$ where t is time in hours $d = \sqrt{900 - 5400t + 8100t^2 + 3600t^2} = \sqrt{900 - 5400t + 11700t^2}$ $d' = \frac{1}{2} (900 - 5400t + 11700t^2)^{\frac{-1}{2}} (-5400 + 23,400t)$ $d' = \frac{(-5400 + 23,400t)}{2 \sqrt{900 - 5400t + 11700t}^2}$

When is d' = 0? It occurs when the numerator -5400 + 23,400t = 0

t = .2308 hours or 13.84 minutes Thanks for visiting. (Hope it helps!)

If you have questions, suggestions, or requests, let us know. Cheers



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