

# Canadian National Sovereignty Coalition 50-point plan for rebuilding a Canada for Canadians

# True Leadership, True Independence, One Canada

- 1. Strengthen Border Security
  - a. Implement advanced border controls and technology, increasing border patrol presence and enhancing physical barriers where necessary. Focus on securing all entry points to prevent illegal immigration, smuggling, and human trafficking
- 2. Merit-Based Immigration System
  - a. Shift to a points-based immigration system, prioritizing skills, education, and economic contributions. Ensure that those entering Canada can contribute to the economy and align with Canadian cultural values.
- 3. Increased Screening of Immigrants
  - a. Implement enhanced screening measures for criminal, terrorist, and extremist ties for all immigrants and refugees. Use intelligence-sharing agreements with allies to prevent dangerous individuals from entering the country.
- 4. Eliminate Landed Immigrant Status
  - a. Remove the "landed immigrant" or permanent residence status.

    All immigrants will need to follow a clear path to full citizenship or a temporary residency program with set time limits and

conditions. An emphasis must be placed on enforcing these time limits and conditions expeditiously.

# 5. Controlled Immigration Quotas

a. Establish controlled annual immigration quotas that align with Canada's labour market, infrastructure capacity, and economic needs. Adjust these quotas based on real time assessments of domestic needs.

## 6. Streamlined Refugee Process

a. Completely reform the current refugee system to prioritize genuine asylum seekers and eliminate backlogs. Implement faster decision-making processes while safeguarding against fraudulent claims.

#### 7. Promote Canadian Cultural Values

a. Introduce mandatory citizenship and integration programs for new immigrants that teach Canadian history, laws, and values, fostering national unity and social cohesion.

#### 8. Balanced Federal Budget

a. Commit to aggressively work towards a balanced budget as expeditiously as possible. This would be achieved by reducing unnecessary spending, curbing government waste, and implementing fiscally conservative policies.

#### 9. Tax Reduction for Middle-Class Families

a. Reduce income taxes for middle class families to alleviate financial pressures, stimulate economic activity, and increase disposable household income.

#### 10. Lower Corporate Taxes

a. Lower corporate tax rates to make Canada a more attractive destination for businesses, encouraging job creation and investment while eliminating loopholes for large multinationals.

### 11. Deregulation to Boost Small Business Development

a. Simplify regulations and cut red tape for small businesses, enabling entrepreneurs to start, grow, and succeed. Foster innovation by reducing ineffective and cumbersome bureaucratic barriers.

#### 12. Elected Senate

- a. Advocate for complete Senate reform, transitioning from an ineffective patronage appointment system to a fully elected Senate. This would ensure equal representation from all provinces and territories, holding the Senate accountable to Canadian voters and acting as a balancer to eliminate the overwhelming influence that highly densely populated areas currently have when electing a government.
- 13. Increased Oversight of Government Agencies
  - a. Create independent watchdog bodies to monitor government agencies, particularly those with the greatest opportunity for abuse of power such as the RCMP, Department of Justice, and CSIS. Increase transparency, prevent abuses of power, and ensure that the rule of law is upheld.
- 14. Tougher Criminal Penalties
  - a. Introduce tougher sentencing for violent crimes, drug trafficking, sexual assault, and human trafficking. Crack down on repeat offenders to protect law-abiding citizens and ensure public safety.
- 15. Reduce Government Size and Waste
  - a. Conduct a comprehensive audit of all government departments to identify waste and inefficiencies. Streamline public services and focus government efforts on core responsibilities.
- 16. Decentralize Federal Powers
  - a. Transfer more decision-making authority to the provinces and municipalities in areas such as education, health care, and infrastructure. Local governments will have the flexibility to tailor policies to their individual regional requirements.
- 17. Take a Progressive Approach to Indigenous Issues
  - a. It is clear that the status quo is not tenable, and neither Indigenous groups, nor government or the Canadian citizens are benefitting from the current situation. The goal would be to begin promoting programs focused on empowerment, education, economic opportunities and self reliance, fostering a narrative that emphasizes responsibility and forward-looking solutions.
- 18. Economic Empowerment for Indigenous Communities

- a. Focus on providing Indigenous communities with the tools, education, and resources necessary for economic selfsufficiency. Encourage partnerships that foster entrepreneurship and innovation in Indigenous communities, continuing the forward-looking solution and moving away from dependency on government aid.
- 19. Veteran's Rights and Support
  - a. Strengthen support programs for veterans, including improved healthcare, mental health services, housing assistance, and job training. Its is of utmost importance to honour and respect veterans' contributions Canada's freedom.
- 20. Energy Independence
  - a. Prioritize the development of Canada's natural resources, including oil, natural gas, and renewable energy, in order to achieve energy independence. Build critical infrastructure such as pipelines and refineries to reduce dependency on foreign energy.
- 21. Pro-Canadian Trade Policy
  - a. Negotiate trade agreements that prioritize the interests of Canadian industries and workers. Focus on trade deals that enhance Canada's competitiveness, even to the detriment of other countries.
- 22. Reduce Foreign Activism and Aid
  - a. Reduce unnecessary foreign aid and international activism that does not directly benefit Canadians. Redirect funds earmarked for unnecessary foreign aid to domestic priorities such as healthcare, education, and infrastructure.
- 23. Strengthen Freedom of Speech Protections
  - a. Enhance legal protections for free speech, ensuring that individuals can express their views without fear of censorship or retaliation, provided that their speech does not promote violence or hate. Keeping with this right, hate speech will be clearly defined and any ambiguity or possible abuse of hate laws by politicians, law enforcement, or the judiciary will be avoided at all costs.

- 24. Expand Gun Ownership Rights
  - a. Reform gun control laws to protect the rights of responsible, lawabiding citizens to own firearms. Implementation of programs to educate and train gun owners on safe firearm use and self-defense will be strongly encouraged.
- 25. Mixed Public-Private Health Care System
  - a. Reform the healthcare system to introduce a mixed public-private model. This will reduce wait times, increase competition, and allow for greater efficiency in service delivery while maintaining universal access.
- 26. Support for Natural Resource Based Communities
  - a. Provide special support to communities dependent on natural resources, such as mining, forestry, and fishing. Invest in infrastructure and skills training to ensure their economic sustainability and growth.
- 27. Investment in National Infrastructure
  - a. Invest in the modernization of transportation, communication, and energy infrastructure. Prioritize projects that strengthen national unity, economic efficiency, and resilience.
- 28. Promote Canadian Agriculture
  - a. Protect and promote Canada's agricultural sector by ensuring fair trade practices, encourage innovation in farming, and reducing reliance on foreign food imports.
- 29. Streamline the Justice System
  - a. Simplify legal processes to ensure faster access to justice. Reform the court system to reduce backlogs and ensure that criminals face timely trials and appropriate penalties.
- 30. National Self-Sufficiency Initiatives
  - a. Promote policies aimed at reducing dependency on foreign imports for essential goods, such as pharmaceuticals, technology, and food supplies. Support domestic industries that contribute to national self-sufficiency.

- 31. Digital Privacy and Cybersecurity
  - a. Strengthen data privacy laws to protect Canadians from both government overreach and corporate exploitation. Invest in cybersecurity to defend critical infrastructure from foreign threats and cyberattacks.
- 32. Fulfilling NATO Obligations
  - a. Fully commit to Canada's obligations under NATO, including increasing defense spending to meet the 2% GDP target. Ensure Canada plays a more active role in NATO missions and global security efforts.
- 33. Significantly Bolster the Armed Forces
  - a. Invest heavily in Canada's military to modernize equipment, recruit and retain personnel, and expand operational capacity. This includes increasing naval and air forces, and bolstering Canada's ability to effectively defend its sovereignty and participate in international peacekeeping.
- 34. Focus on Canadian Sovereignty in the Arctic
  - a. Increase military presence and infrastructure development in the Arctic to protect Canada's northern borders and assert Canadian sovereignty over the region's natural resources.
- 35. Strengthening North American Defense Cooperation
  - a. Enhance defense cooperation with the U.S. through NORAD and other agreements to ensure the security of North American airspace and borders. Prioritize shared defense strategies, especially in addressing cybersecurity and military modernization.
- 36. Irrevocable Right to Equality
  - a. Establish the irrevocable right to equality, ensuring all citizens are equal under the law without exception. Government policy will uphold the principle that every Canadian is to be treated equally regardless of race, religion, gender, or background.
- 37. Elimination of DEI and Affirmative Action Programs.

- a. Immediately eliminate all diversity, equity, and inclusion (DEI) programs, as well as affirmative action, in both public and private sectors. All hiring and promotion decisions will be based purely on demonstrable merit.
- 38. Government Hiring Based on Merit
  - a. Ensure that all government hiring is conducted based solely on merit and qualifications. Implement transparent hiring practices to avoid favoritism, political patronage, or identity-based selection.
- 39. Private Sector Hiring Based on Merit
  - a. Encourage private businesses to adopt merit-based hiring and eliminate diversity quotas. Recognize that meritocracy ensures the most qualified individuals will succeed, driving innovation and economic growth.
- 40. Eliminate the Concept of Marginalized Groups
  - a. End the classification of Canadians into marginalized or "fringe" groups. Canadians will be united under a common identity, bound to one another as equals under the law, with no special privileges granted to any particular group or groups.
- 41. Promote a United Canadian Culture
  - a. Strengthen the idea of a united Canadian culture based on shared values, including respect for the rule of law, democracy, individual responsibility, and hard work. Encourage integration while allowing Canadians to preserve their cultural traditions, provided they do not harm the greater good or violate any local, provincial, or federal laws.
- 42. Repeal of Laws Based on Identity
  - a. Repeal any laws or regulations that grant preferential treatment to specific identity groups, ensuring that all Canadians are treated equally in every aspect of society.
- 43. Empowerment Through Individual Responsibility
  - a. Promote the principle that individuals are responsible for their own success and wherever possible, avoid dependence on government aid. Encourage self-reliance and personal accountability as key values of Canadian citizenship.

## 44. Increased Judicial Independence

a. Implement reforms that further separate the judicial system from political influence, ensuring that judges are appointed based based solely on merit and experience. Create oversight mechanisms to prevent political or corporate interference in legal rulings. Introduce measures to reduce backlog and enhance the speed of the judicial process.

#### 45. Truly Independent Central Bank

a. Remove political influence over the Bank of Canada's monetary policies. Ensure that decisions on interest rates, inflation control, and currency stabilization are made solely by a panel of non-partisan experts, based on long-term economic health and stability, rather than short term political gains.

#### 46. Fair and Equitable Divorce Laws

a. Introduce divorce laws that are balanced and do not favour one party over another. Ensure custody hearings prioritize the beast interests of the child while giving equal consideration to both parents, avoiding gender bias or unrealistic expectations on either party.

# 47. Post-Divorce Support Based on Equity

a. Implement fair spousal support laws that take into account each party's financial contributions and future needs, ensuring that neither party is unfairly burdened. Support should be time-limited with an emphasis on helping the dependent party regain financial independence.

# 48. Realistic Child Support Laws

a. Create child support guidelines based on the actual needs of the child and the ability of the paying party to contribute, preventing excessive or punitive financial burdens. Consider shared parenting time and expenses more equitably in the calculation of support obligations.

# 49. Equitable Division of Marital Property

- a. Establish laws where each party leaves a marriage with the assets they brought to the union. All assets and property accumulated during the marriage will be divided equally, unless otherwise agreed upon by both parties. This would remove the need for prenups while ensuring a fair resolution.
- 50. Mortgage Interest Write-Off for Income Tax Purposes
  - a. Introduce a policy allowing Canadians to deduct mortgage interest from their income taxes, encouraging homeownership and reducing financial stress on middle class families. This tax relief will increase disposable income, boost home ownership rates, and stimulate the broader economy.