



## **1900 C.E. - Present: Notes**

### **In this lesson:**

- Timeline
- Important Comparisons
- Political
- Economic
- Cultural

## **Timeline**

- 1904 - 1905:** Russo-Japanese War
- 1905:** Russian Revolution of 1905
- 1908 - 1918:** Young Turks
- 1910 - 1920:** Mexican Revolution
- 1911 - 1912:** Chinese Revolution
- 1914:** Opening of Panama Canal
- 1914 - 1918:** World War I
- 1917:** Bolshevik Revolution
- 1918:** Treaty of Brest-Litovsk
- 1918 - 1919:** Influenza Pandemic
- 1918 - 1920:** Russian Civil War
- 1919:** Treaty of Versailles
  - May Fourth Movement (China)
- 1923:** End of Ottoman Empire
  - Republic of Turkey Established
- 1928 - 1932:** First of Stalin's Five-Year Plans
- 1929:** Beginning of the Great Depression
- 1931:** Japanese Invade Manchuria
- 1933:** Hitler's Rise to Power (Germany)
- 1935:** Government of India Act
- 1937:** Japanese Invasion on China
- 1939:** German Invasion of Poland
- 1945:** Atomic Bombs Dropped at Hiroshima and Nagasaki
  - End of World War II
- 1947:** Truman Doctrine
  - Indian Partition
- 1948:** Marshall Plan
  - Creation of Israel
  - Universal Declaration of Human Rights
- 1949:** Division of Germany
  - NATO Established
  - People's Republic of China Established
- 1950 - 1953:** Korean War
- 1954:** Division of Vietnam
- 1955:** Warsaw Pact
- 1956:** Suez Crisis

Soviet Invasion of Hungary

**1957:** Ghana Gain Independence  
**1958 - 1961:** Great Leap Forward (China)  
**1959:** Cuban Revolution  
**1960:** OPEC Established  
**1961:** Berlin Wall Constructed  
**1962:** Cuban Missile Crisis  
**1964:** Sino-Soviet Rift  
**1967:** European Community Established  
**1968:** Prague Spring  
**1972:** Beginning of détente

Arab-Israeli War

**1975:** Fall of Vietnam  
**1979:** Iranian Revolution  
**1980 - 1988:** Iran-Iraq War  
**1989:** Fall of the Berlin Wall  
**1990:** The Reunification of Germany  
**1990 - 1991:** Gulf War  
**1991:** Fall of the Soviet Union

End of Cold War

**1933:** NAFTA Established  
**1995:** World Trade Organization Established  
**1997:** Transfer of Hong-Kong to China  
**2001:** Terrorist Attacks on the United States  
**2003:** U.S. Coalition-Iraq War  
**2008 - 2010:** Global economic crisis  
**2010 - 2011:** Arab Spring Protests  
**2011:** Rise of ISIS  
**2014:** Russian annexation of Crimea  
**2016:** Migrations of Syrian Refugees  
**2016:** Brexit



## **Important Comparisons**

### Post-war Governments

- Western nations vs. Soviet bloc

### Decolonization

- Africa vs. India

### Effects of wars

- Effects of WWI vs. WWII

### Effects of revolutions

- Effects of Russian Revolution vs. Chinese Revolution

### Reactions

- Western vs. non-Western nations to consumer society in the U.S.

### Female roles

- China vs. West

### Immigration patterns

- Eastern vs. Western Hemisphere

### Economic development patterns

- Africa vs. Latin America

### Global trade

- Pacific Rim vs. West

### Political/economic standing of Russia

- Before Communism vs. After Communism



# SPICE Chart

S - Social

P - Political

I - Interaction with Environment

C - Cultural

E - Economic

	S	P	I	C	E
Western Europe	Population decrease Racism Fascism Emancipation of slaves Increased suffrage	Terrorism European Union Berlin wall	World Wars	Drop in religious observance	Euro Auto industry Industrialization
Eastern Europe	Religious freedom of Poland	End of empire Communism End of Communism	World Wars	Ethnic Conflict	Solidarity Industry Depression
North Africa	Shantytowns in Cairo, Egypt End of Apartheid	Suez Crisis Decolonization	Independence Movements	Islam	Oil OPEC Aswan Dam
Sub-Saharan Africa	AIDS Population increase Apartheid	Unstable governments Loss of world dominance	Independence Movements	Ethnic Conflicts Native art	Oil Famine Depression Economic prosperity and guest workers Poverty
North America	Transmission of U.S. culture Feminism	U.S. as a superpower Civil Rights movement Fight against terrorism	World Wars Cold War	Transmission of U.S. Culture	Depression NAFTA



Latin America	Immigration from Europe  Shantytowns	Mexican Revolution  Cuban Revolution  PRI Democracy  Coups  Sandinistas	N/A	Roman Catholicism  Popularity of Protestantism	Depression  Industry  Oil  Panama Canal  Increased trade  Agriculture
Central Asia	Allowance of some western influences  Decolonization	Russian Revolution  End of Communism  Partition  Nuclear Power	World Wars  Cold War	Ethnic Conflict	The NEP  Five-Year Plans  Collective Farming  Economic difficulties
South Asia	Laws against the Caste System	Independence Movements  Mandates  Creation of Israel  Arab and Israeli wars	World Wars	Hinduism  Islam  Buddhism	Green Revolution
Middle East	Guest workers  Decolonization	Arab-Israeli Conflicts  Terrorism	Iran-Iraq War  Persian Gulf War  War in Afghanistan  U.S. Coalition-Iraq War	Islam	OPEC  Oil  Guest workers
East Asia	Chinese one-child policy  Women working outside home in China  Footbinding outlawed	The end of the Qing Dynasty  Japanese occupation  Chinese communism  U.S. Recognition of China	World Wars  Korean War	Shintoism  Buddhism  Confucianism	Depression  Great Leap Forward  Electronics  Automobiles  Textiles  High-tech Industries
Southeast Asia	Buddhism  Decolonization	Communism  Tourism	Vietnam War	Buddhism	Rice



	Immigration from Asia				
Oceania	Greater rights for Aborigines	British Commonwealth  Introduction of Capitalism in Russia	Participation in World Wars	N/A	Tourism  Farming  Sheep raising  Herding  Grazing  Industry