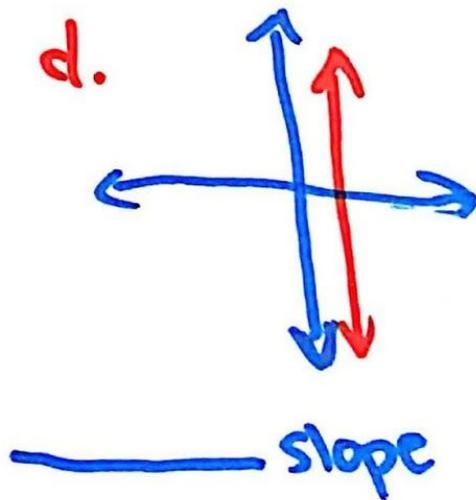
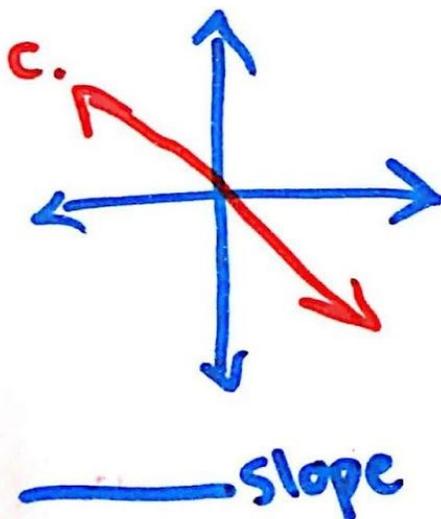
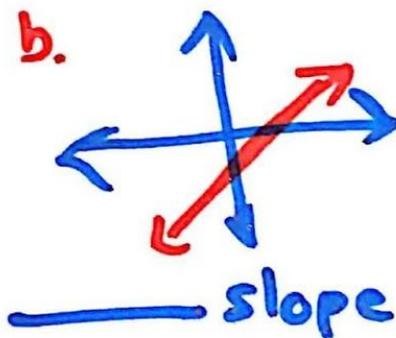
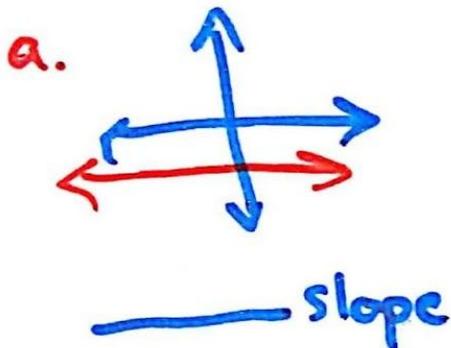


# Linear Functions: Practice

1. Rise = the difference in y values of 2 points on a line,  
~~rise~~ true or false?  
(circle one)

2. Slope equals  $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$  ← fill in the blank

3. What kind of slope is this?



## Linear Functions: Practice Cont.

4. Find the slope:

a.  $(1, -2)$   $(4, -8)$  b.  $(3, 7)$   $(-2, -6)$

5. Convert to slope intercept form:

a.  $5y - 4 = 2x$  b.  $3y + 8 = 4x$

6. Substitute the values into the equation:

Slope = 6    y-int = 4:

Equation:

7. Write an equation from the points  
 $(3, 2)$  and  $(6, -9)$ :

## Linear functions: Practice cont.

8. Write in point-slope form:

a. Slope =  $\frac{3}{2}$ ;  $(-5, 1)$  b. slope =  $-3$ ;  $(4, -2)$

9. Graph  $y = \frac{5}{2}(x+3)$



10. ~~Write~~ if a line has this equation:  
 $y = 3x + 8$ , what is a possible  
equation of a line parallel to this  
one?

11. Original line:  $y = 8x + 4$

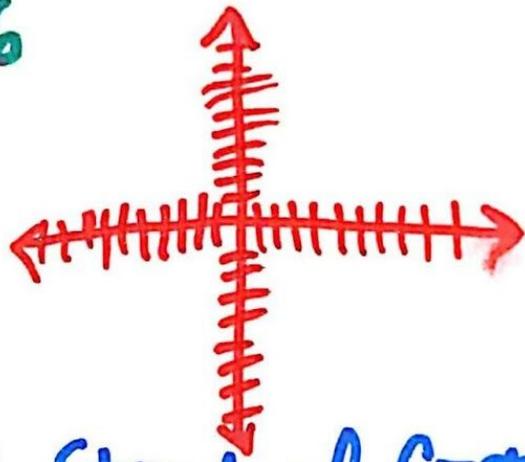
Perpendicular line:  $y =$

## Linear Functions: Practice Cont.

12. In the standard form of a line,  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$  are            #s and  $a$  and  $b \neq$            .

13.  $6x + 12y = 36$

graph:



14. transfer to Standard form:

a.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$

b.  ~~$y - 3 = \frac{1}{4}(x + 2)$~~   $y - 3 = \frac{1}{4}(x + 2)$

15. Write an equation in standard form using  $(3, 6)$  and  $(-5, 4)$ :

# Linear Function: Practice answers

1. rise

2.  $\frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$

3. a. zero slope

b. positive

c. negative

d. undefined

4. a. -2 b.  $\frac{13}{5}$

5. a.  $y = \frac{2}{5}x + \frac{4}{5}$

b.  $y = \frac{4}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$

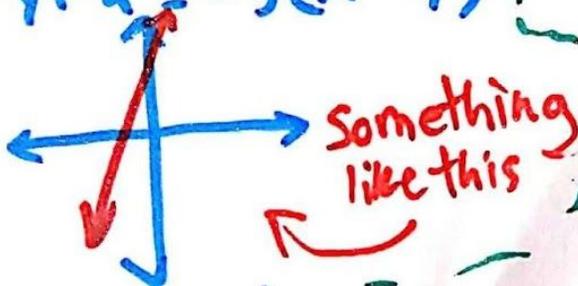
6.  $y = 6x + 4$

7.  $y = -\frac{11}{3}x + 13$

8. a.  $y - 1 = \frac{3}{2}(x + 5)$

b.  $y + 2 = -3(x - 4)$

9.

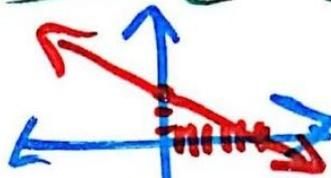


10.  $y = 3x + 4$

11.  $y = -\frac{1}{8}x - 1$

12. real

13.  $x = 6$   
 $y = 3$



14. a.  $2y + x = 8$

b.  $-x + 4y = 14$

15.  $-x + 4y = 21$