I have learned, the quickest way to get proven wrong in mathematics and the sciences, is to go in there and act like you know it all! That's not what I'm about, so here is the deal, I go by truth in work model (Solomon's Table). Let's look at the overall supply and demand facts of this case (b\*\*coin); If there are in fact 21M bitcoin in the overall and end game supply, let's look at our limits of Integration, then we will look at price point via supply and demand economics;



The game of bitcoin is so called definite, therefore definite Integral 21M xdx gives

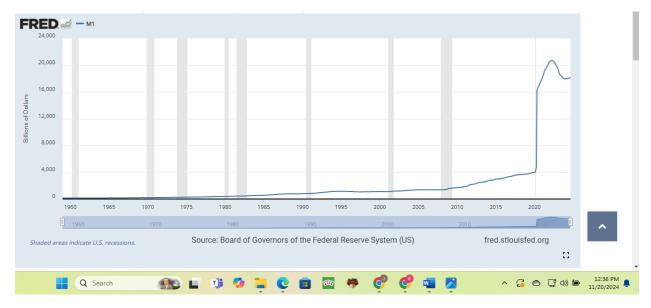
Integrate using the power rule.  $10500000x^2 + C$ 

\*\*This statement gives the fact if only 10.5M coins were mined!

For the sake of class, our x factor can only be price point here, because of two reasons, they are limited in supply (21M) and there is only 1 supply container value of the overall project (21M). Therefore, we have 10.5M (\$90,000)<sup>2</sup> + C or considering Ordinary differential equations  $C_2 - C_1 = C$ / Let C be the next coin added after, 10.5M = or + 1 counter (next number added to coefficient of equation (10,500,001 - 10,500,000 = 1)// The men that taught me Calculus would say, therefore we have it that, even with only 10.5 b\*\*coin mined at a price point of \$90k =  $10,500,000(90,000)^2$  this number gives

Which is not even feasible in US dollars and more currency than they have on hand in supply  $M^1 + M^2 = (altogether)//$ 

## M¹ last publication was:



## M<sup>2</sup> last publication



Therefore, there are some currencies that this case can be proven in (especially rupees) but you can not effectively prove bitcoin at a \$90,000 price point in US Dollars, keep in mind, this only equates to 10.5M coins mined, if considered "19M" coins mined, than that number would have taken me to about  $n^{17}$  zeros behind and we know if  $8.505 * 10^{16}$  is not in circulation, then there is no way possible  $1.539 * 10^{17}$  US dollars can be in circulation, this mathematically is not true, in fact to set this case to true in US dollars and with only 10.5M coins mined, then the price point would have to be;

 $10500000(500)^2$ 

\$500 per bitcoin at 10.5 bitcoins mined or if they wanted to prove the case true, they could simply remove some of the coins in circulation, and raise the price, then they could prove it true, but inversely to be exact and this is how mathematics works at a price point of \$90,000 then only

 $500(\$90,000)^2 = 4.05 * 10^{12}$  or about \$4T market cap that is with only 500 coins in circulation at a price point of \$90,000 USD;

Although finite in measure, it is still a squared valued, hence buy and sell/

Case in point, they can tell you it's true, but that doesn't mean the money is in the loop or on hand, it could be a case where the money exits the loop immediately and is siphoned to rupees, nevertheless, if on hand calls happen, the custodians don't have enough money to cover these cases to fill these orders. Humbly, this float is drastically oversold. To the prove the case, there would need to be a price reduction or supply reduction/

