

1. THC (tetrahydrocannabinol): The primary psychoactive compound found in cannabis responsible for the “high” associated with the plant.
2. CBD (cannabidiol): A non-psychoactive compound found in cannabis known for its potential therapeutic benefits.
3. Cultivar: A specific variety of cannabis that has distinct genetic characteristics, which influence its effects, flavor, and appearance.
4. Indica: A strain of cannabis known for its relaxing effects and ability to provide a body high.
5. Sativa: A strain of cannabis known for its uplifting effects and ability to provide a cerebral high.
6. Hybrid: A cannabis strain that combines the effects of both indica and sativa strains.
7. Flower: The part of the cannabis plant that is used for smoking or vaporizing, also known as the bud.
8. Concentrate: A highly potent form of cannabis made by extracting the active compounds from the plant.
9. Edible: Food or drink infused with cannabis, which can provide a longer-lasting and more intense high.
10. Tincture: A liquid cannabis extract that is typically used sublingually (under the tongue).
11. Dabbing: A method of consuming cannabis concentrates by vaporizing them on a hot surface and inhaling the resulting vapor.
12. Joint: A cannabis cigarette made by rolling ground cannabis in paper.
13. Blunt: A cannabis cigar made by rolling ground cannabis in a tobacco leaf wrapper.
14. Bong: A water pipe used for smoking cannabis, which cools and filters the smoke.
15. Pipe: A handheld device used for smoking cannabis, which typically consists of a bowl and a stem.
16. Vaporizer: A device used for heating cannabis to the point of vaporization, which provides a smoke-free way to consume cannabis.
17. Terpenes: Aromatic compounds found in cannabis that contribute to its flavor and aroma.

18. Trichomes: Small, resinous structures on the surface of the cannabis plant that contain the plant's active compounds.
19. Dispensary: A licensed retail outlet that sells cannabis products to consumers for medical or recreational use.
20. Cannabinoids: A class of compounds found in cannabis that interact with the body's endocannabinoid system to produce a wide range of effects.
21. Endocannabinoid system: A system of receptors and neurotransmitters found in the human body that interacts with cannabinoids to regulate a variety of physiological processes.
22. Decarboxylation: The process of heating cannabis to activate its cannabinoids, typically by baking or cooking.
23. THC/CBD ratio: The ratio of THC to CBD in a given cannabis product, which can have a significant impact on its effects.
24. Entourage effect: The synergistic interaction of multiple cannabinoids and other compounds found in cannabis, which can produce a stronger and more complex set of effects than any one compound alone.
25. Cannabis oil: A concentrated oil made by extracting the active compounds from the cannabis plant, which can be used for a variety of purposes including cooking, topical application, and consumption.