

4 User Interface

4.1 Local Control Panel

The local control panel (LCP) is the combined display and keypad on the front of the unit. The LCP is the user interface to the frequency converter.

The LCP has several user functions.

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- Start, stop, and control speed when in local control
- Display operational data, status, warnings and cautions
- Programming frequency converter functions
- Manually reset the frequency converter after a fault when auto-reset is inactive

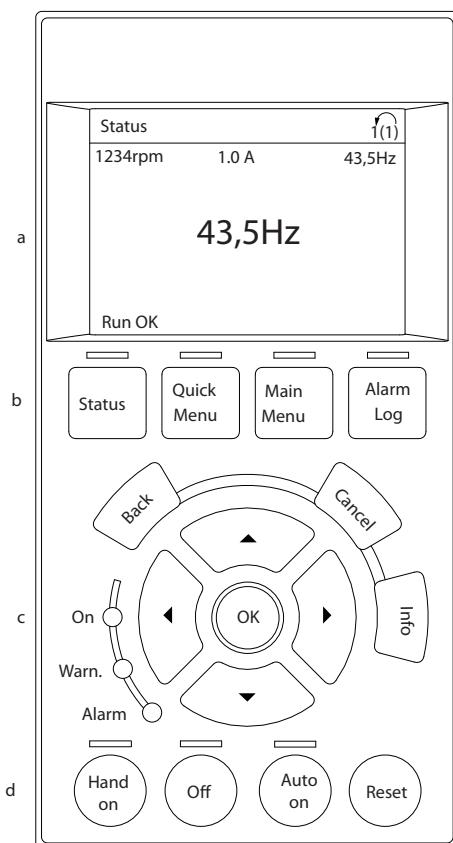
An optional numeric LCP (NLCP) is also available. The NLCP operates in a manner similar to the LCP. See the Programming Guide for details on use of the NLCP.

NOTE

The display contrast can be adjusted by pressing [Status] and [Δ]/[∇] key.

4.1.1 LCP Layout

The LCP is divided into four functional groups (see *Illustration 4.1*).



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Illustration 4.1 LCP

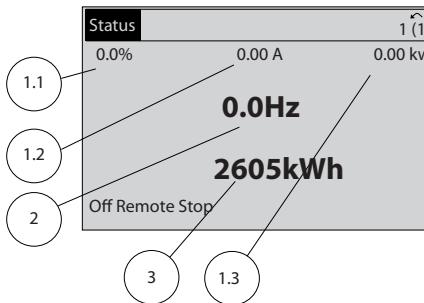
- a. Display area.
- b. Display menu keys for changing the display to show status options, programming, or error message history.
- c. Navigation keys for programming functions, moving the display cursor, and speed control in local operation. Also included are the status indicator lights.
- d. Operational mode keys and reset.

4.1.2 Setting LCP Display Values

The display area is activated when the frequency converter receives power from mains voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V DC supply.

The information displayed on the LCP can be customized for user application.

- Each display readout has a parameter associated with it
- Options are selected in the quick menu Q3-13 *Display Settings*
- Display 2 has an alternate larger display option
- The frequency converter status at the bottom line of the display is generated automatically and is not selectable



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Illustration 4.2 Display Readouts

Display	Parameter number	Default setting
1.1	0-20	Reference %
1.2	0-21	Motor current
1.3	0-22	Power [kW]
2	0-23	Frequency
3	0-24	kWh counter

Table 4.1 Legend to Illustration 4.2

4.1.3 Display Menu Keys

Menu keys are used for menu access for parameter set-up, toggling through status display modes during normal operation, and viewing fault log data.



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Key	Function
Status	Shows operational information. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In Auto mode, press to toggle between status read-out displays • Press repeatedly to scroll through each status display • Press [Status] plus [▲] or [▼] to adjust the display brightness • The symbol in the upper right corner of the display shows the direction of motor rotation and which set-up is active. This is not programmable.
Quick Menu	Allows access to programming parameters for initial set up instructions and many detailed application instructions. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Press to access Q2 Quick Setup for sequenced instructions to program the basic frequency controller set up • Follow the sequence of parameters as presented for the function set up
Main Menu	Allows access to all programming parameters. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Press twice to access top-level index • Press once to return to the last location accessed • Press to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter
Alarm Log	Displays a list of current warnings, the last 10 alarms, and the maintenance log. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For details about the frequency converter before it entered the alarm mode, select the alarm number using the navigation keys and press [OK].

Table 4.2 Function Description Menu Keys

4.1.4 Navigation Keys

Navigation keys are used for programming functions and moving the display cursor. The navigation keys also provide speed control in local (hand) operation. Three frequency converter status indicator lights are also located in this area.

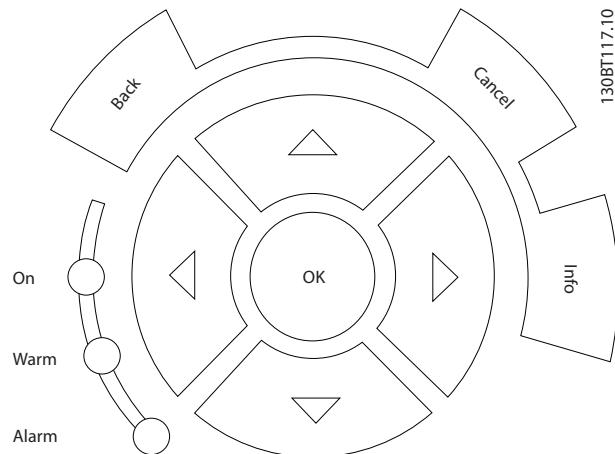


Illustration 4.4 Navigation Keys

Key	Function
Back	Reverts to the previous step or list in the menu structure.
Cancel	Cancels the last change or command as long as the display mode has not changed.
Info	Press for a definition of the function being displayed.
Navigation Keys	Use the four navigation keys to move between items in the menu.
OK	Use to access parameter groups or to enable a choice.

Table 4.3 Navigation Keys Functions

Light	Indicator	Function
Green	ON	The ON light activates when the frequency converter receives power from mains voltage, a DC bus terminal, or an external 24 V supply.
Yellow	WARN	When warning conditions are met, the yellow WARN light comes on and text appears in the display area identifying the problem.
Red	ALARM	A fault condition causes the red alarm light to flash and an alarm text is displayed.

Table 4.4 Indicator Lights Functions

4.1.5 Operation Keys

Operation keys are found at the bottom of the LCP.

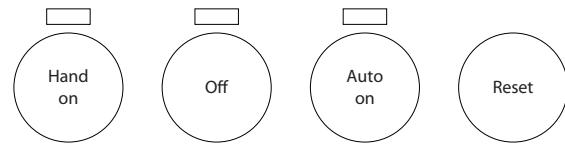


Illustration 4.5 Operation Keys

Key	Function
Hand On	Starts the frequency converter in local control. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use the navigation keys to control frequency converter speed • An external stop signal by control input or serial communication overrides the local hand on
Off	Stops the motor but does not remove power to the frequency converter.
Auto On	Puts the system in remote operational mode. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Responds to an external start command by control terminals or serial communication • Speed reference is from an external source
Reset	Resets the frequency converter manually after a fault has been cleared.

Table 4.5 Operation Keys Functions

4.2 Back Up and Copying Parameter Settings

Programming data is stored internally in the frequency converter.

- The data can be uploaded into the LCP memory as a storage back up
- Once stored in the LCP, the data can be downloaded back into the frequency converter
- Data can also be downloaded into other frequency converters by connecting the LCP into those units and downloading the stored settings. (This is a quick way to program multiple units with the same settings).
- Initialisation of the frequency converter to restore factory default settings does not change data stored in the LCP memory

WARNING**UNINTENDED START!**

When the frequency converter is connected to AC mains, the motor may start at any time. The frequency converter, motor, and any driven equipment must be in operational readiness. Failure to be in operational readiness when the frequency converter is connected to AC mains could result in death, serious injury, or equipment or property damage.

4.2.1 Uploading Data to the LCP

1. Press [Off] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
2. Go to *0-50 LCP Copy*.
3. Press [OK].
4. Select *All to LCP*.
5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the uploading process.
6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.2.2 Downloading Data from the LCP

1. Press [Off] to stop the motor before uploading or downloading data.
2. Go to *0-50 LCP Copy*.
3. Press [OK].
4. Select *All from LCP*.
5. Press [OK]. A progress bar shows the downloading process.
6. Press [Hand On] or [Auto On] to return to normal operation.

4.3 Restoring Default Settings**CAUTION**

Initialisation restores the unit to factory default settings. Any programming, motor data, localization, and monitoring records will be lost. Uploading data to the LCP provides a backup before initialisation.

Restoring the frequency converter parameter settings back to default values is done by initialisation of the frequency converter. Initialisation can be through *14-22 Operation Mode* or manually.

- Initialisation using *14-22 Operation Mode* does not change frequency converter data such as operating hours, serial communication selections,

personal menu settings, fault log, alarm log, and other monitoring functions

- Using *14-22 Operation Mode* is generally recommended
- Manual initialisation erases all motor, programming, localization, and monitoring data and restores factory default settings

4.3.1 Recommended Initialisation

1. Press [Main Menu] twice to access parameters.
2. Scroll to *14-22 Operation Mode*.
3. Press [OK].
4. Scroll to *Initialisation*.
5. Press [OK].
6. Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
7. Apply power to the unit.

Default parameter settings are restored during start up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

8. Alarm 80 is displayed.
9. Press [Reset] to return to operation mode.

4.3.2 Manual Initialisation

1. Remove power to the unit and wait for the display to turn off.
2. Press and hold [Status], [Main Menu], and [OK] at the same time and apply power to the unit.

Factory default parameter settings are restored during start up. This may take slightly longer than normal.

Manual initialisation does not reset the following frequency converter information

- *15-00 Operating hours*
- *15-03 Power Up's*
- *15-04 Over Temp's*
- *15-05 Over Volt's*

5 About Frequency Converter Programming

5.1 Introduction

The frequency converter is programmed for its application functions using parameters. Parameters are accessed by pressing either [Quick Menu] or [Main Menu] on the LCP. (See *4 User Interface* for details on using the LCP function keys.) Parameters may also be accessed through a PC using the MCT 10 Set-up Software (see *5.6 Remote Programming with MCT 10 Set-up Software*).

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The quick menu is intended for initial start up (*Q2-** Quick Set Up*) and detailed instructions for common frequency converter applications (*Q3-** Function Set Up*). Step-by-step instructions are provided. These instructions enable the user to walk through the parameters used for programming applications in their proper sequence. Data entered in a parameter can change the options available in the parameters following that entry. The quick menu presents easy guidelines for getting most systems up and running.

The main menu accesses all parameters and allows for advanced frequency converter applications.

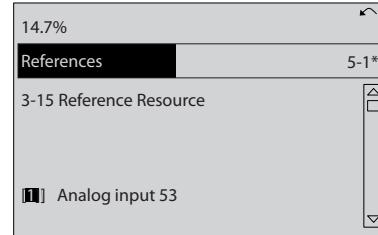
5.2 Programming Example

Here is an example for programming the frequency converter for a common application in open loop using the quick menu.

- This procedure programs the frequency converter to receive a 0-10 V DC analog control signal on input terminal 53
- The frequency converter will respond by providing 6-60 Hz output to the motor proportional to the input signal (0-10 V DC = 6-60 Hz)

Select the following parameters using the navigation keys to scroll to the titles and press [OK] after each action.

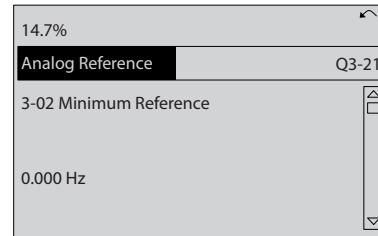
1. *3-15 Reference Resource 1*



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Illustration 5.1 References 3-15 Reference Resource 1

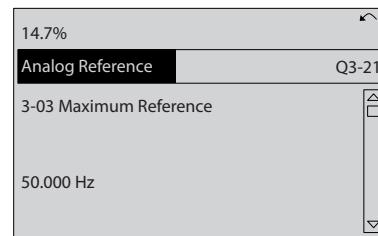
2. *3-02 Minimum Reference*. Set minimum internal frequency converter reference to 0 Hz. (This sets the minimum frequency converter speed at 0 Hz.)



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Illustration 5.2 Analog Reference 3-02 Minimum Reference

3. *3-03 Maximum Reference*. Set maximum internal frequency converter reference to 60 Hz. (This sets the maximum frequency converter speed at 60 Hz. Note that 50/60 Hz is a regional variation.)



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Illustration 5.3 Analog Reference 3-03 Maximum Reference

4. *6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage*. Set minimum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 0 V. (This sets the minimum input signal at 0 V.)

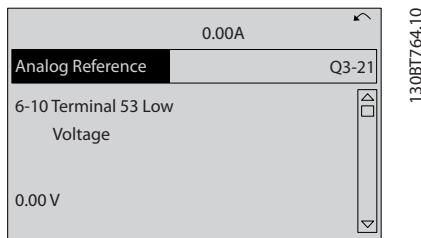


Illustration 5.4 Analog Reference 6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage

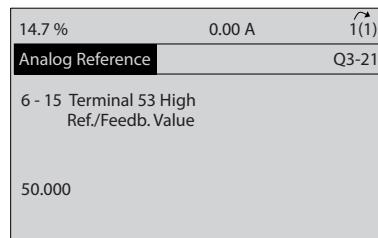


Illustration 5.7 Analog Reference 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

5. *6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage.* Set maximum external voltage reference on Terminal 53 at 10 V. (This sets the maximum input signal at 10 V.)

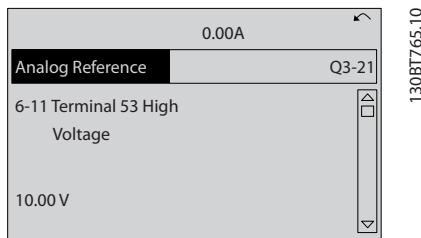


Illustration 5.5 Analog Reference 6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage

6. *6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value.* Set minimum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 6 Hz. (This tells the frequency converter that the minimum voltage received on Terminal 53 (0 V) equals 6 Hz output.)

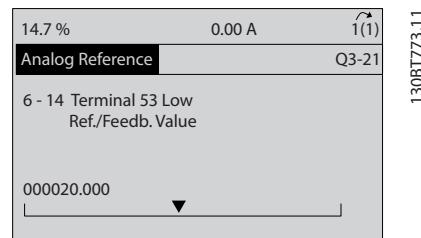


Illustration 5.6 Analog Reference 6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value

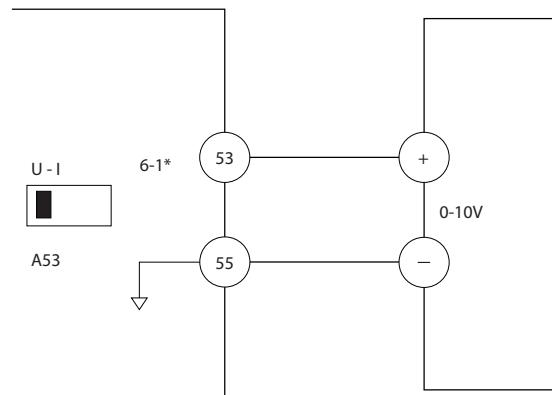
7. *6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value.* Set maximum speed reference on Terminal 53 at 60 Hz. (This tells the frequency converter that the maximum voltage received on Terminal 53 (10 V) equals 60 Hz output.)

With an external device providing a 0-10 V control signal connected to frequency converter terminal 53, the system is now ready for operation. Note that the scroll bar on the right in the last illustration of the display is at the bottom, indicating the procedure is complete.

Illustration 5.8 shows the wiring connections used to enable this set up.

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Illustration 5.8 Wiring Example for External Device Providing 0-10 V Control Signal (Frequency Converter Left, External Device Right)

5.3 Control Terminal Programming Examples

Control terminals can be programmed.

- Each terminal has specified functions it is capable of performing
- Parameters associated with the terminal enable the function

See *Table 2.4* for control terminal parameter number and default setting. (Default setting can change based on the selection in *0-03 Regional Settings*.)

The following example shows accessing Terminal 18 to see the default setting.

1. Press [Main Menu] twice, scroll to parameter group 5-** *Digital In/Out Parameter Data Set* and press [OK].

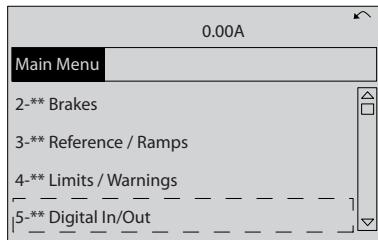


Illustration 5.9 6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value

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2. Scroll to parameter group 5-1* *Digital Inputs* and press [OK].

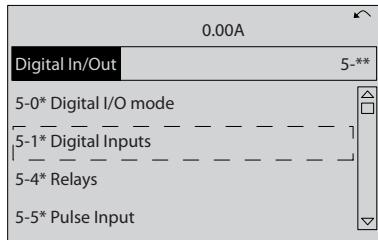


Illustration 5.10 Digital In/Out

3. Scroll to 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input. Press [OK] to access function choices. The default setting *Start* is shown.

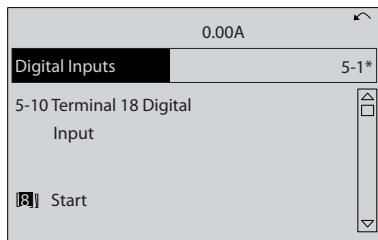


Illustration 5.11 Digital Inputs

5.4 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Setting 0-03 *Regional Settings* to [0] *International* or [1] *North America* changes the default settings for some parameters. Table 5.1 lists those parameters that are effected.

Parameter	International default parameter value	North American default parameter value
0-03 Regional Settings	International	North America
1-20 Motor Power [kW]	See Note 1	See Note 1
1-21 Motor Power [HP]	See Note 2	See Note 2
1-22 Motor Voltage	230 V/400 V/575 V	208 V/460 V/575 V
1-23 Motor Frequency	50 Hz	60 Hz
3-03 Maximum Reference	50 Hz	60 Hz
3-04 Reference Function	Sum	External/Preset
4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM] See Note 3 and 5	1500 PM	1800 RPM
4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] See Note 4	50 Hz	60 Hz
4-19 Max Output Frequency	100 Hz	120 Hz
4-53 Warning Speed High	1500 RPM	1800 RPM
5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	Coast inverse	External interlock
5-40 Function Relay	Alarm	No alarm
6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	50	60
6-50 Terminal 42 Speed 0-HighLim Output	Speed 0-HighLim	Speed 4-20 mA
14-20 Reset Mode	Manual reset	Infinite auto reset

Table 5.1 International/North American Default Parameter Settings

Note 1: 1-20 Motor Power [kW] is only visible when 0-03 *Regional Settings* is set to [0] *International*.

Note 2: 1-21 Motor Power [HP], is only visible when 0-03 *Regional Settings* is set to [1] *North America*.

Note 3: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 *Motor Speed Unit* is set to [0] *RPM*.

Note 4: This parameter is only visible when 0-02 *Motor Speed Unit* is set to [1] *Hz*.

Note 5: The default value depends on the number of motor poles. For a 4 poled motor the international default value is 1500 RPM and for a 2 poled motor 3000 RPM. The corresponding values for North America is 1800 and 3600 RPM, respectively.

Changes made to default settings are stored and available for viewing in the quick menu along with any programming entered into parameters.

1. Press [Quick Menu].
2. Scroll to Q5 *Changes Made* and press [OK].

3. Select *Q5-2 Since Factory Setting* to view all programming changes or *Q5-1 Last 10 Changes* for the most recent.

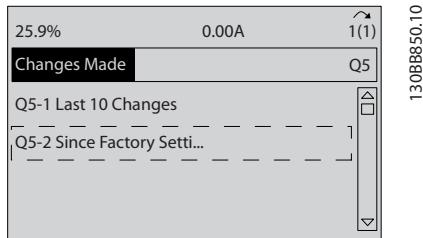


Illustration 5.12 Changes Made

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5.4.1 Parameter Data Check

1. Press [Quick Menu].
2. Scroll to *Q5 Changes Made* and press [OK].

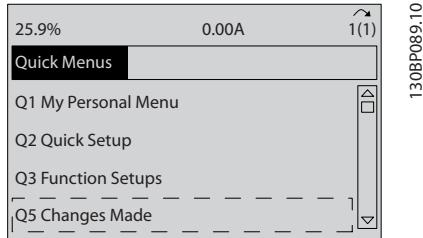


Illustration 5.13 Q5 Changes Made

3. Select *Q5-2 Since Factory Setting* to view all programming changes or *Q5-1 Last 10 Changes* for the most recent.

5.5 Parameter Menu Structure

Establishing the correct programming for applications often requires setting functions in several related parameters. These parameter settings provide the frequency converter with system details it needs to operate properly. System details may include such things as input and output signal types, programming terminals, minimum and maximum signal ranges, custom displays, automatic restart, and other features.

- See the LCP display to view detailed parameter programming and setting options
- Press [Info] in any menu location to view additional details for that function
- Press and hold [Main Menu] to enter a parameter number for direct access to that parameter
- Details for common application set ups are provided in *6 Application Set-Up Examples*.

5.5.1 Quick Menu Structure

Q3-1 General Settings	0-24 Display Line 3 Large	1-00 Configuration Mode	Q3-31 Single Zone Ext. Set Point	20-70 Closed Loop Type
Q3-10 Adv. Motor Settings	0-37 Display Text 1	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit	1-00 Configuration Mode	20-71 PID Performance
1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	0-38 Display Text 2	20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit	20-72 PID Output Change
1-93 Thermistor Source	0-39 Display Text 3	20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.	20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.	20-73 Minimum Feedback Level
1-29 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	Q3-2 Open Loop Settings	6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.	20-74 Maximum Feedback Level
14-01 Switching Frequency	Q3-20 Digital Reference	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	20-79 PID Autotuning
4-53 Warning Speed High	3-02 Minimum Reference	6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	Q3-32 Multi Zone / Adv	
Q3-11 Analog Output	3-03 Maximum Reference	6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	1-00 Configuration Mode
6-50 Terminal 42 Output	3-10 Preset Reference	6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current	3-15 Reference 1 Source
6-51 Terminal 42 Output Min Scale	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	3-16 Reference 2 Source
6-52 Terminal 42 Output Max Scale	5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	20-00 Feedback 1 Source
Q3-12 Clock Settings	5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	20-21 Setpoint 1	6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	20-01 Feedback 1 Conversion
0-70 Date and Time	Q3-21 Analog Reference	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	20-02 Feedback 1 Source Unit
0-71 Date Format	3-02 Minimum Reference	20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb. Value	20-03 Feedback 2 Source
0-72 Time Format	3-03 Maximum Reference	20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]	6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	20-04 Feedback 2 Conversion
0-74 DST/Summertime	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	20-93 PID Proportional Gain	6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero	20-05 Feedback 2 Source Unit
0-76 DST/Summertime Start	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	20-94 PID Integral Time	6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	20-06 Feedback 3 Source
0-77 DST/Summertime End	6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current	20-70 Closed Loop Type	6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	20-07 Feedback 3 Conversion
Q3-13 Display Settings	6-13 Terminal 53 High Current	20-71 PID Performance	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	20-08 Feedback 3 Source Unit
0-20 Display Line 1.1 Small	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	20-72 PID Output Change	20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	20-12 Reference/Feedback Unit
0-21 Display Line 1.2 Small	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	20-73 Minimum Feedback Level	20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]	20-13 Minimum Reference/Feedb.
0-22 Display Line 1.3 Small	Q3-3 Closed Loop Settings	20-74 Maximum Feedback Level	20-93 PID Proportional Gain	20-14 Maximum Reference/Feedb.
0-23 Display Line 2 Large	Q3-30 Single Zone Int. Set Point	20-79 PID Autotuning	20-94 PID Integral Time	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage

Table 5.2 Quick Menu Structure

6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	20-21 Setpoint 1	22-22 Low Speed Detection	22-21 Low Power Detection	22-87 Pressure at No-Flow Speed
6-12 Terminal 53 Low Current	20-22 Setpoint 2	22-23 No-Flow Function	22-22 Low Speed Detection	22-88 Pressure at Rated Speed
6-13 Terminal 53 High Current	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	22-24 No-Flow Delay	22-23 No-Flow Function	22-89 Flow at Design Point
6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb.	20-82 PID Start Speed [RPM]	22-40 Minimum Run Time	22-24 No-Flow Delay	22-90 Flow at Rated Speed
Value				
6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb.	20-83 PID Start Speed [Hz]	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	22-40 Minimum Run Time	1-03 Torque Characteristics
Value				
6-16 Terminal 53 Filter Time Constant	20-93 PID Proportional Gain	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	22-41 Minimum Sleep Time	1-73 Flying Start
6-17 Terminal 53 Live Zero	20-94 PID Integral Time	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	22-42 Wake-up Speed [RPM]	Q3-42 Compressor Functions
6-20 Terminal 54 Low Voltage	20-70 Closed Loop Type	22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	22-43 Wake-up Speed [Hz]	1-03 Torque Characteristics
6-21 Terminal 54 High Voltage	20-71 PID Performance	22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-44 Wake-up Ref./FB Difference	1-71 Start Delay
6-22 Terminal 54 Low Current	20-72 PID Output Change	22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-45 Setpoint Boost	22-75 Short Cycle Protection
6-23 Terminal 54 High Current	20-73 Minimum Feedback Level	2-10 Brake Function	22-46 Maximum Boost Time	22-76 Interval between Starts
6-24 Terminal 54 Low Ref./Feedb.	20-74 Maximum Feedback Level	2-16 AC brake Max. Current	22-26 Dry Pump Function	22-77 Minimum Run Time
Value				
6-25 Terminal 54 High Ref./Feedb.	20-79 PID Autotuning	2-17 Over-voltage Control	22-27 Dry Pump Delay	5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
Value				
6-26 Terminal 54 Filter Time Constant	Q3-4 Application Settings	1-73 Flying Start	22-80 Flow Compensation	5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
6-27 Terminal 54 Live Zero	Q3-40 Fan Functions	1-71 Start Delay	22-81 Square-linear Curve Approximation	5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input
Value				
6-00 Live Zero Timeout Time	22-60 Broken Belt Function	1-80 Function at Stop	22-82 Work Point Calculation	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input
6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function	22-61 Broken Belt Torque	2-00 DC Hold/Preheat Current	22-83 Speed at No-Flow [RPM]	5-40 Function Relay
4-56 Warning Feedback Low	22-62 Broken Belt Delay	4-10 Motor Speed Direction	22-84 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]	1-73 Flying Start
4-57 Warning Feedback High	4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up	Q3-41 Pump Functions	22-85 Speed at Design Point [RPM]	1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]
20-20 Feedback Function	1-03 Torque Characteristics	22-20 Low Power Auto Set-up	22-86 Speed at Design Point [Hz]	1-87 Trip Speed Low [Hz]
Value				

Table 5.3 Quick Menu Structure

5.5.2 Main Menu Structure

0-89 Date and Time Readout	1-87 Trip Speed Low [Hz]	4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz]
1-** Load and Motor	1-9* Motor Temperature	4-16 Torque Limit Motor Mode
1-0* General Settings	1-90 Motor Thermal Protection	4-17 Torque Limit Generator Mode
1-00 Configuration Mode	1-91 Motor External Fan	4-18 Current Limit
1-03 Torque Characteristics	1-93 Thermistor Source	4-19 Max Output Frequency
1-06 Clockwise Direction	2-** Brakes	4-5* Adj. Warnings
1-1* Motor Selection	2-0* DC-Brake	4-50 Warning Current Low
1-10 Motor Construction	2-01 DC Hold/Preheat Current	4-51 Warning Current High
1-1* WC+ PM	2-02 DC Brake Current	4-52 Warning Speed Low
Damping Gain	2-02 DC Braking Time	4-53 Warning Speed High
Low Speed Filter Time Const.	2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]	4-54 Warning Reference Low
High Speed Filter Time Const.	2-04 DC Brake Cut In Speed [Hz]	4-55 Warning Reference High
Voltage filter time const.	2-06 Parking Current	4-56 Warning Feedback Low
Motor Data	2-07 Parking Time	4-57 Warning Feedback High
0-04 Operating State at Power-up	2-1* Brake Energy Funct.	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
0-05 Local Mode Unit	2-10 Brake Function	4-6* Speed Bypass
0-01 Language	2-11 Brake Resistor (ohm)	4-60 Bypass Speed From [RPM]
0-02 Motor Speed Unit	2-12 Brake Power Limit (kW)	4-61 Bypass Speed From [Hz]
0-03 Regional Settings	2-13 Brake Power Monitoring	4-62 Bypass Speed To [RPM]
0-04 Operating State at Power-up	2-14 Motor Current	4-63 Bypass Speed To [Hz]
0-05 Local Mode Unit	2-15 Motor Nominal Speed	4-64 Semi-Auto Bypass Set-up
0-01 Set-up Operations	2-16 Motor Cont. Rated Torque	5-** Digital I/O In/Out
0-10 Active Set-up	2-17 Motor Rotation Check	5-0* Digital I/O mode
0-11 Programming Set-up	2-18 Automatic Motor Adaptation (AMA)	5-00 Digital I/O Mode
0-12 This Set-up Linked to Readout: Linked Set-ups	3-** Reference / Ramps	5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
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16-19 Motor Angle	20-74 Maximum Feedback Level	21-55 Ext. 3 Setpoint
16-20 Torque [%]	20-79 PID Autotuning	21-57 Ext. 3 Reference [Unit]
16-21 Power Filtered [kW]	20-8* PID Basic Settings	21-58 Ext. 3 Feedback [Unit]
16-22 Power Filtered [hp]	20-81 PID Normal/ Inverse Control	21-59 Ext. 3 Output [%]
16-3* Drive Status	20-82 PID Start Speed [Hz]	Ext. CL 3 PID
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16-33 Brake Energy / min	20-9* PID Controller	21-62 Ext. 3 Integral Time
16-34 Heatsink Temp.	20-91 PID Anti Windup	21-63 Ext. 3 Differential Time
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16-36 Inv. Nom. Current	20-94 PID Integral Time	23-01 ON Time
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16-69 Pulse Output #27 [Hz]	21-24 Ext. 1 Dif. Gain Limit	23-64 Timed Period Stop
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		22-83 Speed at No-Flow [Hz]
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		23-1* Maintenance Reset
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		22-77 Broken Belt Function
		22-61 Broken Belt Torque
		22-62 Broken Belt Delay
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24-91 Missing Motor Coefficient 1	26-00 Terminal X42/1 Mode	35-02 Term. X48/7 Temperature Unit	99-4* Software Control
24-92 Missing Motor Coefficient 2	26-01 Terminal X42/3 Mode	35-03 Term. X48/7 Input Type	99-40 Startup Wizard State
24-93 Missing Motor Coefficient 3	26-02 Terminal X42/5 Mode	35-04 Term. X48/10 Temperature Unit	99-5* PC Debug
24-94 Missing Motor Coefficient 4	26-1* Analog Input X42/1	35-05 Term. X48/10 Input Type	99-50 PC Debug Selection
24-95 Locked Rotor Function	26-10 Terminal X42/1 Low Voltage	35-1* Temp. Input X48/4	99-51 PC Debug 0
24-96 Locked Rotor Coefficient 1	26-11 Terminal X42/1 High Voltage	35-14 Term. X48/4 Filter Time Constant	99-52 PC Debug 1
24-97 Locked Rotor Coefficient 2	26-12 Terminal X42/1 High Ref./Feedb. Value	35-15 Term. X48/4 Temp. Monitor	99-53 PC Debug 2
24-98 Locked Rotor Coefficient 3	26-13 Terminal X42/1 Filter Time Constant	35-16 Term. X48/4 Low Temp. Limit	99-54 PC Debug 3
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25-04 Pump Cycling	26-22 Terminal X42/3 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	35-26 Term. X48/7 Low Temp. Limit	99-9* Internal Values
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25-06 Number of Pumps	26-24 Terminal X42/3 Filter Time Constant	35-3* Temp. Input X48/10	99-91 Motor Power Internal
25-2* Bandwidth Settings	26-25 Terminal X42/3 Filter Time Constant	35-34 Term. X48/10 Filter Time Constant	99-92 Motor Voltage Internal
25-20 Steging Bandwidth	26-26 Terminal X42/3 Live Zero	35-35 Term. X48/10 Temp. Monitor	99-93 Motor Frequency Internal
25-21 Override Bandwidth	26-3* Analog Input X42/5	35-36 Term. X48/2 Low Temp. Limit	99-94 Imbalance derate [%]
25-22 Fixed Speed Bandwidth	26-30 Terminal X42/5 Low Voltage	35-37 Term. X48/2 High Temp. Limit	99-95 Temperature derate [%]
25-23 SBW Staging Delay	26-31 Terminal X42/5 High Voltage	35-42 Term. X48/2 Low Current	99-96 Overload derate [%]
25-24 SBW Destaging Delay	26-32 Terminal X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
25-25 OBW Time	26-33 Terminal X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
25-26 Destage At No-Flow	26-34 Terminal X42/5 Low Ref./Feedb. Value		
25-27 Stage Function	26-35 Terminal X42/5 Filter Time Constant		
25-28 Stage Function Time	26-36 Terminal X42/5 Filter Time Constant		
25-29 Destage Function	26-37 Terminal X42/5 Live Zero		
25-30 Destage Function Time	26-4* Analog Out X42/7		
25-4* Steging Settings	26-40 Terminal X42/7 Output		
25-40 Ramp Down Delay	26-41 Terminal X42/7 Min. Scale	99-4* Devol support	
25-41 Ramp Up Delay	26-42 Terminal X42/7 Max. Scale		
25-42 Steging Threshold	26-43 Terminal X42/7 Bus Control	99-0* DSP Debug	
25-43 Destaging Threshold	26-44 Terminal X42/7 Timeout Preset	99-00 DAC 1 selection	
25-44 Steging Speed [RPM]	26-5* Analog Out X42/9	99-01 DAC 2 selection	
25-45 Steging Speed [Hz]	26-50 Terminal X42/9 Output	99-02 DAC 3 selection	
25-46 Destaging Speed [RPM]	26-51 Terminal X42/9 Min. Scale	99-03 DAC 4 selection	
25-47 Destaging Speed [Hz]	26-52 Terminal X42/9 Max. Scale	99-04 DAC 1 scale	
25-5* Alternation Settings	26-53 Terminal X42/9 Bus Control	99-05 DAC 2 scale	
25-50 Lead Pump Alternation	26-54 Terminal X42/9 Timeout Preset	99-06 DAC 3 scale	
25-56 Steging Mode at Alternation	26-60 Terminal X42/11 Output	99-07 DAC 4 scale	
25-52 Alternation Event	26-61 Terminal X42/11 Min. Scale	99-08 Test param 1	
25-53 Alternation Time Interval	26-62 Terminal X42/11 Max. Scale	99-09 Test param 2	
25-54 Alternation Timer Value	26-63 Terminal X42/11 Bus Control	99-10 DAC Option Slot	
25-55 Alternation Predefined Time	26-64 Terminal X42/11 Timeout Preset	99-1* Heatink Readouts	
25-56 Steging Mode at Alternation	30-* Special Features	99-11 Secondary Timer at Inverter Fault	
25-58 Run Next Pump Delay	30-2* Adv. Start/Adjust	99-12 No of Current Sensors	
25-59 Run on Mains Delay	30-22 Locked Rotor Detection Time [s]	99-2* Heatink Readouts	
25-8* Status	31-* Bypass Option	99-13 Idle time	
25-81 Cascade Status	31-00 Bypass Mode	99-14 Paramdb requests in queue	
25-82 Lead Pump	31-01 Bypass Start Time Delay	99-15 Secondary Timer at Inverter Fault	
25-83 Relay Status	31-02 Bypass Trip Time Delay	99-16 No of Current Sensors	
25-84 Pump ON Time	31-03 Test Mode Activation	99-2* Heatink Readouts	
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		99-24 HS Temp. (PC5)	

5.6 Remote Programming with MCT 10 Set-up Software

Danfoss has a software program available for developing, storing, and transferring frequency converter programming. The MCT 10 Set-up Software allows the user to connect a PC to the frequency converter and perform live programming rather than using the LCP. Additionally, all frequency converter programming can be done off-line and simply downloaded to the frequency converter. Or the entire frequency converter profile can be loaded onto the PC for back up storage or analysis.

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The USB connector or RS-485 terminal is available for connecting to the frequency converter.

MCT 10 Set-up Software is available for free download at VLT-software website. A CD is also available by requesting part number 130B1000. For further information, see the Operating Instructions.

6 Application Set-Up Examples

6.1 Introduction

NOTE

When the optional safe stop feature is used, a jumper wire may be required between terminal 12 (or 13) and terminal 37 for the frequency converter to operate when using factory default programming values.

The examples in this section are intended as a quick reference for common applications.

- Parameter settings are the regional default values unless otherwise indicated (selected in *0-03 Regional Settings*)
- Parameters associated with the terminals and their settings are shown next to the drawings
- Where switch settings for analog terminals A53 or A54 are required, these are also shown

6.2 Application Examples

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	12○		
+24 V	13○		
D IN	18○		
D IN	19○		
COM	20○		
D IN	27○		
D IN	29○		
D IN	32○		
D IN	33○		
D IN	37○		
+10 V	50○		
A IN	53○		
A IN	54○		
COM	55○		
A OUT	42○		
COM	39○		

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Table 6.1 AMA with T27 Connected

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	12○		
+24 V	13○		
D IN	18○		
D IN	19○		
COM	20○		
D IN	27○		
D IN	29○		
D IN	32○		
D IN	33○		
D IN	37○		
+10 V	50○		
A IN	53○		
A IN	54○		
COM	55○		
A OUT	42○		
COM	39○		

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* = Default Value

Notes/comments: Parameter group 1-2* must be set according to motor
D IN 37 is an option.

Table 6.2 AMA without T27 Connected

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	12○		
+24 V	13○		
D IN	18○		
D IN	19○		
COM	20○		
D IN	27○		
D IN	29○		
D IN	32○		
D IN	33○		
D IN	37○		
+10 V	50○		
A IN	53○		
A IN	54○		
COM	55○		
A OUT	42○		
COM	39○		

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* = Default Value

Notes/comments: D IN 37 is an option.

Table 6.3 Analog Speed Reference (Voltage)

6

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
4 - 20mA			
* = Default Value			
Notes/comments:			
D IN 37 is an option.			

Table 6.4 Analog Speed Reference (Current)

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
4 - 20mA			
* = Default Value			
Notes/comments:			
If 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input is set to [0] No operation, a jumper wire to terminal 27 is not needed.			
D IN 37 is an option.			

Table 6.5 Start/Stop Command with Safe Stop Option

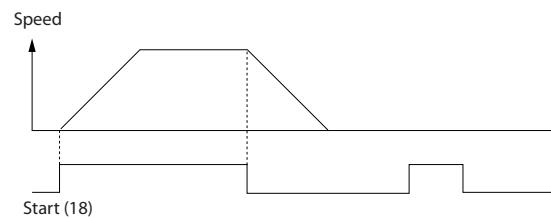


Illustration 6.1 Start/Stop Command with Safe Stop

		Parameters	
FC		Function	Setting
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
4 - 20mA			
* = Default Value			
Notes/comments:			
If 5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input is set to [0] No operation, a jumper wire to terminal 27 is not needed.			
D IN 37 is an option.			

Table 6.6 Pulse Start/Stop

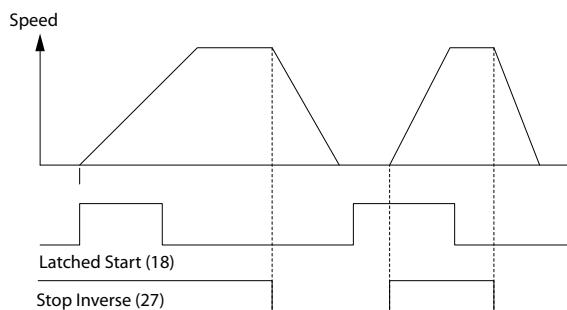


Illustration 6.2 Latched Start/Stop Inverse

		Parameters	
	Function	Setting	
FC			
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
130BB934.10			
	5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input	[8] Start	
	5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input	[10] Reversing*	
	5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	[0] No operation	
	5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input	[16] Preset ref bit 0	
	5-15 Terminal 33 Digital Input	[17] Preset ref bit 1	
	3-10 Preset Reference		
	Preset ref. 0	25%	
	Preset ref. 1	50%	
	Preset ref. 2	75%	
	Preset ref. 3	100%	
	* = Default Value		
	Notes/comments:		
	D IN 37 is an option.		

Table 6.7 Start/Stop with Reversing and 4 Preset Speeds

		Parameters	
	Function	Setting	
FC			
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
130BB928.10			
	5-11 Terminal 19 Digital Input	[1] Reset	
	* = Default Value		
	Notes/comments:		
	D IN 37 is an option.		

Table 6.8 External Alarm Reset

		Parameters	
	Function	Setting	
FC			
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
130BB663.10			
	6-10 Terminal 53 Low Voltage	0.07 V*	
	6-11 Terminal 53 High Voltage	10 V*	
	6-14 Terminal 53 Low Ref./Feedb. Value	0 Hz	
	6-15 Terminal 53 High Ref./Feedb. Value	1500 Hz	
	* = Default Value		
	Notes/comments:		

Table 6.9 Speed Reference (using a Manual Potentiometer)

		Parameters	
	Function	Setting	
FC			
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180		
D IN	190		
COM	200		
D IN	270		
D IN	290		
D IN	320		
D IN	330		
D IN	370		
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
130BB8804.10			
	5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input	[8] Start*	
	5-12 Terminal 27 Digital Input	[19] Freeze Reference	
	5-13 Terminal 29 Digital Input	[21] Speed Up	
	5-14 Terminal 32 Digital Input	[22] Speed Down	
	* = Default Value		
	Notes/comments:		
	D IN 37 is an option.		

Table 6.10 Speed Up/Down

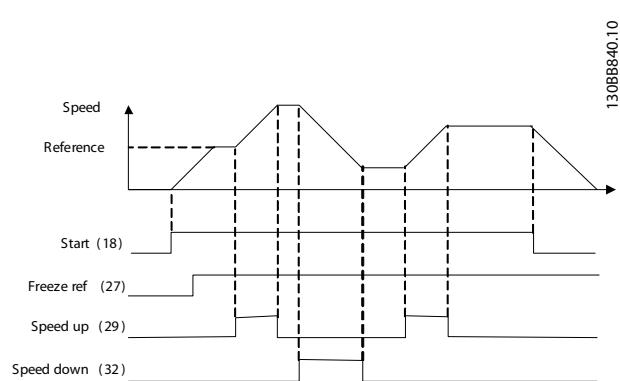


Illustration 6.3 Speed Up/Down

FC		Parameters	
		Function	Setting
+24 V	120		
+24 V	130		
D IN	180	8-30 Protocol	FC*
D IN	190	8-31 Address	1*
COM	200	8-32 Baud Rate	9600*
D IN	270	* = Default Value	
D IN	290	Notes/comments:	
D IN	320	Select protocol, address and baud rate in the above mentioned parameters.	
D IN	330		
D IN	370	D IN 37 is an option.	
+10 V	500		
A IN	530		
A IN	540		
COM	550		
A OUT	420		
COM	390		
R1	010		
	020		
	030		
R2	040		
	050		
	060		
RS-485	610		
	680		
	690		

Table 6.11 RS-485 Network Connection

CAUTION

Thermistors must use reinforced or double insulation to meet PELV insulation requirements.

Parameters	
Function	Setting
+24 V	120
+24 V	130
D IN	180
D IN	190
COM	200
D IN	270
D IN	290
D IN	320
D IN	330
D IN	370
+10 V	500
A IN	530
A IN	540
COM	550
A OUT	420
COM	390

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Notes/comments:
If only a warning is desired, 1-90 Motor Thermal Protection should be set to [1] Thermistor warning.
D IN 37 is an option.

Table 6.12 Motor Thermistor

7 Status Messages

7.1 Status Display

When the frequency converter is in status mode, status messages are generated automatically from within the frequency converter and appear in the bottom line of the display (see *Illustration 7.1*.)

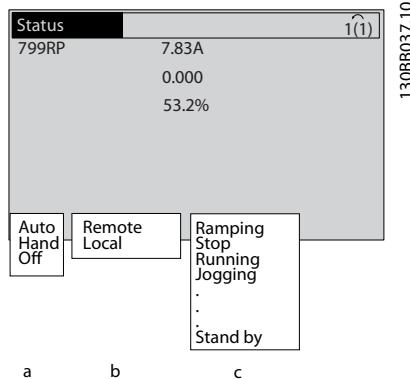


Illustration 7.1 Status Display

- The first part of the status line indicates where the stop/start command originates.
- The second part of the status line indicates where the speed control originates.
- The last part of the status line gives the present frequency converter status. These show the operational mode the frequency converter is in.

NOTE

In auto/remote mode, the frequency converter requires external commands to execute functions.

7.2 Status Message Definitions

The next three tables define the meaning of the status message display words.

	Operation Mode
Off	The frequency converter does not react to any control signal until [Auto On] or [Hand On] is pressed.
Auto On	The frequency converter is controlled from the control terminals and/or the serial communication.
Hand On	The navigation keys on the LCP control the frequency converter. Stop commands, reset, reversing, DC brake, and other signals applied to the control terminals can override local control.

Table 7.1 Status Message Operation Mode

	Reference Site
Remote	The speed reference is given from external signals, serial communication, or internal preset references.
Local	The frequency converter uses [Hand On] control or reference values from the LCP.

Table 7.2 Status Message Reference Site

	Operation Status
AC Brake	AC Brake was selected in 2-10 <i>Brake Function</i> . The AC brake over-magnetizes the motor to achieve a controlled slow down.
AMA finish OK	Automatic motor adaptation (AMA) was carried out successfully.
AMA ready	AMA is ready to start. Press [Hand On] to start.
AMA running	AMA process is in progress.
Braking	The brake chopper is in operation. Generative energy is absorbed by the brake resistor.
Braking max.	The brake chopper is in operation. The power limit for the brake resistor defined in 2-12 <i>Brake Power Limit (kW)</i> has been reached.
Coast	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coast inverse was selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>). The corresponding terminal is not connected. • Coast activated by serial communication

Operation Status	
Ctrl. Ramp-down	<p>Control Ramp-down was selected in <i>14-10 Mains Failure</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The mains voltage is below the value set in <i>14-11 Mains Voltage at Mains Fault</i> at mains fault The frequency converter ramps down the motor using a controlled ramp down
Current High	The frequency converter output current is above the limit set in <i>4-51 Warning Current High</i> .
Current Low	The frequency converter output current is below the limit set in <i>4-52 Warning Speed Low</i>
DC Hold	DC hold is selected in <i>1-80 Function at Stop</i> and a stop command is active. The motor is held by a DC current set in <i>2-00 DC Hold/ Preheat Current</i> .
DC Stop	<p>The motor is held with a DC current (<i>2-01 DC Brake Current</i>) for a specified time (<i>2-02 DC Braking Time</i>).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> DC Brake is activated in <i>2-03 DC Brake Cut In Speed [RPM]</i> and a Stop command is active. DC Brake (inverse) is selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i>). The corresponding terminal is not active. The DC Brake is activated via serial communication.
Feedback high	The sum of all active feedback is above the feedback limit set in <i>4-57 Warning Feedback High</i> .
Feedback low	The sum of all active feedback is below the feedback limit set in <i>4-56 Warning Feedback Low</i> .
Freeze output	<p>The remote reference is active, which holds the present speed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Freeze output was selected as a function for a digital input (parameter group <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i>). The corresponding terminal is active. Speed control is only possible via the terminal functions Speed Up and Speed Down. Hold ramp is activated via serial communication.
Freeze output request	A freeze output command has been given, but until a run permissive signal is received, the motor remains stopped.
Freeze ref.	<i>Freeze Reference</i> was chosen as a function for a digital input (parameter group <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i>). The corresponding terminal is active. The frequency converter saves the actual reference. Changing the reference is now only possible via terminal functions Speed Up and Speed Down.
Jog request	A jog command has been given, but until a run permissive signal is received via a digital input, the motor is stopped
Jogging	<p>The motor is running as programmed in <i>3-19 Jog Speed [RPM]</i>.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Jog was selected as function for a digital input (parameter group <i>5-1* Digital Inputs</i>). The corresponding terminal (for example, Terminal 29) is active. The Jog function is activated via the serial communication. The Jog function was selected as a reaction for a monitoring function (for example, No signal). The monitoring function is active.
Motor check	In <i>1-80 Function at Stop, Motor Check</i> was selected. A stop command is active. To ensure that a motor is connected to the frequency converter, a permanent test current is applied to the motor.
OVC control	<i>Ovvoltage control</i> was activated in <i>2-17 Overvoltage Control</i> . The connected motor is supplying the frequency converter with generative energy. The overvoltage control adjusts the V/Hz ratio to run the motor in controlled mode and to prevent the frequency converter from tripping.
PowerUnit Off	(For frequency converters with an external 24 V power supply installed only.) Mains supply to the frequency converter is removed, but the control card is supplied by the external 24 V.
Protection md	<p>Protection mode is active. The unit has detected a critical status (an overcurrent or overvoltage).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To avoid tripping, switching frequency is reduced to 4 kHz. If possible, protection mode ends after approximately 10 s Protection mode can be restricted in <i>14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault</i>

Operation Status	
QStop	The motor is decelerating using 3-81 <i>Quick Stop Ramp Time</i> . <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Quick stop inverse</i> was chosen as a function for a digital input (parameter group 5-1*). The corresponding terminal is not active. • The quick stop function was activated via serial communication.
Ramping	The motor is accelerating/decelerating using the active Ramp Up/Down. The reference, a limit value or a standstill is not yet reached.
Ref. high	The sum of all active references is above the reference limit set in 4-55 <i>Warning Reference High</i> .
Ref. low	The sum of all active references is below the reference limit set in 4-54 <i>Warning Reference Low</i> .
Run on ref.	The frequency converter is running in the reference range. The feedback value matches the setpoint value.
Run request	A start command has been given, but the motor is stopped until a run permissive signal is received via digital input.
Running	The frequency converter runs the motor.
Sleep Mode	The energy saving function is enabled. The motor has stopped, but will restart automatically when required.
Speed high	Motor speed is above the value set in 4-53 <i>Warning Speed High</i> .
Speed low	Motor speed is below the value set in 4-52 <i>Warning Speed Low</i> .
Standby	In Auto On Auto mode, the frequency converter starts the motor with a start signal from a digital input or serial communication.
Start delay	In 1-71 <i>Start Delay</i> , a delay starting time was set. A start command is activated and the motor will start after the start delay time expires.
Start fwd/rev	Start forward and start reverse were selected as functions for two different digital inputs (parameter group 5-1* <i>Digital Inputs</i>). The motor starts in forward or reverse depending on which corresponding terminal is activated.
Stop	The frequency converter has received a stop command from the LCP, digital input or serial communication.
Trip	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped. Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, the frequency converter can be reset manually by pressing [Reset] or remotely by control terminals or serial communication.

Operation Status	
Trip lock	An alarm occurred and the motor is stopped. Once the cause of the alarm is cleared, power must be cycled to the frequency converter. The frequency converter can then be reset manually by pressing [Reset] or remotely by control terminals or serial communication.

Table 7.3 Status Message Operation Status

8 Warnings and Alarms

8.1 System Monitoring

The frequency converter monitors the condition of its input power, output, and motor factors as well as other system performance indicators. A warning or alarm may not necessarily indicate a problem internal to the frequency converter itself. In many cases, it indicates failure conditions from input voltage, motor load or temperature, external signals, or other areas monitored by the frequency converter's internal logic. Be sure to investigate those areas exterior to the frequency converter as indicated in the alarm or warning.

8.2 Warning and Alarm Types

Warnings

A warning is issued when an alarm condition is impending or when an abnormal operating condition is present and may result in the frequency converter issuing an alarm. A warning clears by itself when the abnormal condition is removed.

Alarms

Trip

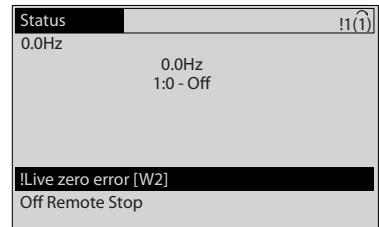
An alarm is issued when the frequency converter is tripped, that is, the frequency converter suspends operation to prevent frequency converter or system damage. The motor will coast to a stop. The frequency converter logic will continue to operate and monitor the frequency converter status. After the fault condition is remedied, the frequency converter can be reset. It will then be ready to start operation again.

A trip can be reset in any of 4 ways

- Press [Reset] on the LCP
- Digital reset input command
- Serial communication reset input command
- Auto reset

An alarm that causes the frequency converter to trip-lock requires that input power is cycled. The motor will coast to a stop. The frequency converter logic will continue to operate and monitor the frequency converter status. Remove input power to the frequency converter and correct the cause of the fault, then restore power. This action puts the frequency converter into a trip condition as described above and may be reset in any of those 4 ways.

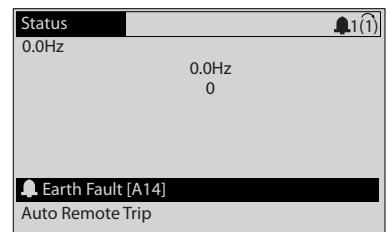
8.3 Warning and Alarm Displays



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Illustration 8.1 Warning Display

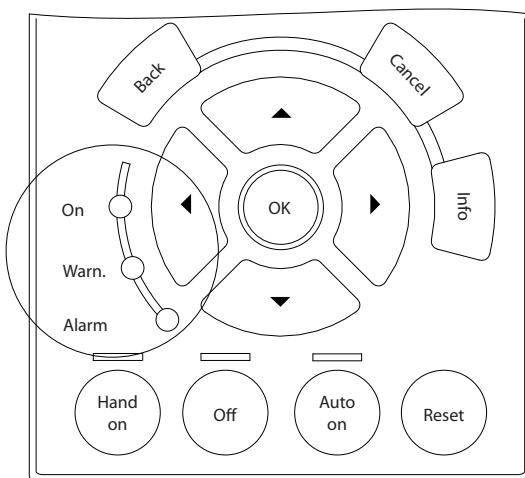
An alarm or trip-lock alarm will flash on display along with the alarm number.



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Illustration 8.2 Alarm Display

In addition to the text and alarm code on the frequency converter LCP, there are three status indicator lights.



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Illustration 8.3 Status Indicator Lights

	Warning LED	Alarm LED
Warning	On	Off
Alarm	Off	On (Flashing)
Trip-Lock	On	On (Flashing)

Table 8.1 Status Indicator Lights Explanations

8.4 Warning and Alarm Definitions

Table 8.2 defines whether a warning is issued before an alarm, and whether the alarm trips the unit or trip locks the unit.

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
1	10 Volts low	X			
2	Live zero error	(X)	(X)		6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function
4	Mains phase loss	(X)	(X)	(X)	14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance
5	DC link voltage high	X			
6	DC link voltage low	X			
7	DC over voltage	X	X		
8	DC under voltage	X	X		
9	Inverter overloaded	X	X		
10	Motor ETR over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
11	Motor thermistor over temperature	(X)	(X)		1-90 Motor Thermal Protection
12	Torque limit	X	X		
13	Over Current	X	X	X	
14	Earth (Ground) fault	X	X	X	
15	Hardware mismatch		X	X	
16	Short Circuit		X	X	
17	Control word timeout	(X)	(X)		8-04 Control Timeout Function
18	Start Failed		X		1-77 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM], 1-79 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip, 1-03 Torque Characteristics
23	Internal Fan Fault	X			
24	External Fan Fault	X			14-53 Fan Monitor
25	Brake resistor short-circuited	X			
26	Brake resistor power limit	(X)	(X)		2-13 Brake Power Monitoring
27	Brake chopper short-circuited	X	X		
28	Brake check	(X)	(X)		2-15 Brake Check
29	Drive over temperature	X	X	X	
30	Motor phase U missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
31	Motor phase V missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
32	Motor phase W missing	(X)	(X)	(X)	4-58 Missing Motor Phase Function
33	Inrush fault		X	X	
34	Fieldbus communication fault	X	X		
35	Out of frequency range	X	X		
36	Mains failure	X	X		
37	Phase Imbalance	X	X		
38	Internal fault		X	X	

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
39	Heatsink sensor		X	X	
40	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 27	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-01 Terminal 27 Mode
41	Overload of Digital Output Terminal 29	(X)			5-00 Digital I/O Mode, 5-02 Terminal 29 Mode
42	Overload of Digital Output On X30/6	(X)			5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)
42	Overload of Digital Output On X30/7	(X)			5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)
46	Pwr. card supply		X	X	
47	24V supply low	X	X	X	
48	1.8V supply low		X	X	
49	Speed limit	X	(X)		1-86 Trip Speed Low [RPM]
50	AMA calibration failed		X		
51	AMA check U _{nom} and I _{nom}		X		
52	AMA low I _{nom}		X		
53	AMA motor too big		X		
54	AMA motor too small		X		
55	AMA Parameter out of range		X		
56	AMA interrupted by user		X		
57	AMA timeout		X		
58	AMA internal fault	X	X		
59	Current limit	X			
60	External Interlock	X			
62	Output Frequency at Maximum Limit	X			
64	Voltage Limit	X			
65	Control Board Over-temperature	X	X	X	
66	Heat sink Temperature Low	X			
67	Option Configuration has Changed		X		
69	Pwr. Card Temp		X	X	
70	Illegal FC configuration			X	
71	PTC 1 Safe Stop	X	X ¹⁾		
72	Dangerous Failure			X ¹⁾	
73	Safe Stop Auto Restart				
76	Power Unit Setup	X			
77	Reduced Power Mode				
79	Illegal PS config		X	X	
80	Drive Initialized to Default Value		X		
91	Analog input 54 wrong settings			X	
92	NoFlow	X	X		22-2*
93	Dry Pump	X	X		22-2*
94	End of Curve	X	X		22-5*
95	Broken Belt	X	X		22-6*
96	Start Delayed	X			22-7*
97	Stop Delayed	X			22-7*
98	Clock Fault	X			0-7*
201	Fire M was Active				
202	Fire M Limits Exceeded				
203	Missing Motor				
204	Locked Rotor				
243	Brake IGBT	X	X		
244	Heatsink temp	X	X	X	
245	Heatsink sensor		X	X	

No.	Description	Warning	Alarm/Trip	Alarm/Trip Lock	Parameter Reference
246	Pwr.card supply		X	X	
247	Pwr.card temp		X	X	
248	Illegal PS config		X	X	
250	New spare parts			X	
251	New Type Code		X	X	

Table 8.2 Alarm/Warning Code List

(X) Dependent on parameter

1) Cannot be Auto reset via 14-20 Reset Mode

The warning/alarm information below defines each warning/alarm condition, provides the probable cause for the condition, and details a remedy or troubleshooting procedure.

WARNING 1, 10 Volts low

The control card voltage is below 10 V from terminal 50. Remove some of the load from terminal 50, as the 10 V supply is overloaded. Max. 15 mA or minimum 590 Ω.

This condition can be caused by a short in a connected potentiometer or improper wiring of the potentiometer.

Troubleshooting

Remove the wiring from terminal 50. If the warning clears, the problem is with the customer wiring. If the warning does not clear, replace the control card.

WARNING/ALARM 2, Live zero error

This warning or alarm only appears if programmed by the user in 6-01 Live Zero Timeout Function. The signal on one of the analog inputs is less than 50% of the minimum value programmed for that input. Broken wiring or faulty device sending the signal can cause this condition.

Troubleshooting

Check connections on all the analog input terminals. Control card terminals 53 and 54 for signals, terminal 55 common. MCB 101 terminals 11 and 12 for signals, terminal 10 common. MCB 109 terminals 1, 3, 5 for signals, terminals 2, 4, 6 common).

Check that the frequency converter programming and switch settings match the analog signal type.

Perform Input Terminal Signal Test.

WARNING/ALARM 4, Mains phase loss

A phase is missing on the supply side, or the mains voltage imbalance is too high. This message also appears for a fault in the input rectifier on the frequency converter. Options are programmed at 14-12 Function at Mains Imbalance.

Troubleshooting

Check the supply voltage and supply currents to the frequency converter.

WARNING 5, DC link voltage high

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is higher than the high voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING 6, DC link voltage low

The intermediate circuit voltage (DC) is lower than the low voltage warning limit. The limit is dependent on the frequency converter voltage rating. The unit is still active.

WARNING/ALARM 7, DC overvoltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage exceeds the limit, the frequency converter trips after a time.

Troubleshooting

Connect a brake resistor

Extend the ramp time

Change the ramp type

Activate the functions in 2-10 Brake Function

Increase 14-26 Trip Delay at Inverter Fault

If the alarm/warning occurs during a power sag the solution is to use kinetic back-up (14-10 Mains Failure)

WARNING/ALARM 8, DC under voltage

If the intermediate circuit voltage (DC link) drops below the under voltage limit, the frequency converter checks if a 24 V DC backup supply is connected. If no 24 V DC backup supply is connected, the frequency converter trips after a fixed time delay. The time delay varies with unit size.

Troubleshooting

Check that the supply voltage matches the frequency converter voltage.

Perform input voltage test.

Perform soft charge circuit test.

WARNING/ALARM 9, Inverter overload

The frequency converter is about to cut out because of an overload (too high current for too long). The counter for electronic, thermal inverter protection issues a warning at 98% and trips at 100%, while giving an alarm. The frequency converter cannot be reset until the counter is below 90%.

The fault is that the frequency converter has run with more than 100% overload for too long.

Troubleshooting

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with the frequency converter rated current.

Compare the output current shown on the LCP with measured motor current.

Display the Thermal Drive Load on the LCP and monitor the value. When running above the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter increases. When running below the frequency converter continuous current rating, the counter decreases.

WARNING/ALARM 10, Motor overload temperature

According to the electronic thermal protection (ETR), the motor is too hot. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm when the counter reaches 100% in 1-90 *Motor Thermal Protection*. The fault occurs when the motor runs with more than 100% overload for too long.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded

Check that the motor current set in 1-24 *Motor Current* is correct.

Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 through 1-25 are set correctly.

If an external fan is in use, check in 1-91 *Motor External Fan* that it is selected.

Running AMA in 1-29 *Automatic Motor Adaptation* (AMA) tunes the frequency converter to the motor more accurately and reduces thermal loading.

WARNING/ALARM 11, Motor thermistor over temp

Check whether the thermistor is disconnected. Select whether the frequency converter issues a warning or an alarm in 1-90 *Motor Thermal Protection*.

Troubleshooting

Check for motor overheating.

Check if the motor is mechanically overloaded.

When using terminal 53 or 54, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 53 or 54 (analog voltage input) and terminal 50 (+10 V supply). Also check that the terminal switch for 53 or 54 is set for voltage. Check 1-93 *Thermistor Source* selects terminal 53 or 54.

When using digital inputs 18 or 19, check that the thermistor is connected correctly between either terminal 18 or 19 (digital input PNP only) and terminal 50. Check 1-93 *Thermistor Source* selects terminal 18 or 19.

WARNING/ALARM 12, Torque limit

The torque has exceeded the value in 4-16 *Torque Limit Motor Mode* or the value in 4-17 *Torque Limit Generator Mode*. 14-25 *Trip Delay at Torque Limit* can change this from a warning only condition to a warning followed by an alarm.

Troubleshooting

If the motor torque limit is exceeded during ramp up, extend the ramp up time.

If the generator torque limit is exceeded during ramp down, extend the ramp down time.

If torque limit occurs while running, possibly increase the torque limit. Make sure that the system can operate safely at a higher torque.

Check the application for excessive current draw on the motor.

WARNING/ALARM 13, Over current

The inverter peak current limit (approximately 200% of the rated current) is exceeded. The warning lasts about 1.5 s, then the frequency converter trips and issues an alarm. This fault can be caused by shock loading or quick acceleration with high inertia loads. It can also appear after kinetic back-up if the acceleration during ramp up is quick. If extended mechanical brake control is selected, trip can be reset externally.

Troubleshooting

Remove power and check if the motor shaft can be turned.

Check that the motor size matches the frequency converter.

Check parameters 1-20 to 1-25 for correct motor data.

ALARM 14, Earth (ground) fault

There is current from the output phases to earth, either in the cable between the frequency converter and the motor or in the motor itself.

Troubleshooting:

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the earth fault.

Check for earth faults in the motor by measuring the resistance to ground of the motor leads and the motor with a megohmmeter.

ALARM 15, Hardware mismatch

A fitted option is not operational with the present control board hardware or software.

Record the value of the following parameters and contact your Danfoss supplier:

15-40 FC Type

15-41 Power Section

15-42 Voltage

15-43 Software Version

- 15-45 Actual Typecode String
- 15-49 SW ID Control Card
- 15-50 SW ID Power Card
- 15-60 Option Mounted
- 15-61 Option SW Version (for each option slot)

ALARM 16, Short circuit

There is short-circuiting in the motor or motor wiring.

Remove power to the frequency converter and repair the short circuit.

WARNING/ALARM 17, Control word timeout

There is no communication to the frequency converter. The warning is only active when 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is NOT set to [0] Off.

If 8-04 Control Word Timeout Function is set to [5] Stop and Trip, a warning appears and the frequency converter ramps down until it stops then displays an alarm.

Troubleshooting:

- Check connections on the serial communication cable.
- Increase 8-03 Control Word Timeout Time
- Check the operation of the communication equipment.
- Verify a proper installation based on EMC requirements.

ALARM 18, Start failed

The speed has not been able to exceed AP-70 Compressor Start Max Speed [RPM] during start within the allowed time. (set in AP-72 Compressor Start Max Time to Trip). This may be caused by a blocked motor.

WARNING 23, Internal fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in 14-53 Fan Monitor ([0] Disabled).

For the D, E, and F Frame filters, the regulated voltage to the fans is monitored.

Troubleshooting

- Check for proper fan operation.
- Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.
- Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 24, External fan fault

The fan warning function is an extra protective function that checks if the fan is running/mounted. The fan warning can be disabled in 14-53 Fan Monitor ([0] Disabled).

Troubleshooting

- Check for proper fan operation.
- Cycle power to the frequency converter and check that the fan operates briefly at start-up.

Check the sensors on the heatsink and control card.

WARNING 25, Brake resistor short circuit

The brake resistor is monitored during operation. If a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and the warning appears. The frequency converter is still operational but without the brake function. Remove power to the frequency converter and replace the brake resistor (see 2-15 Brake Check).

WARNING/ALARM 26, Brake resistor power limit

The power transmitted to the brake resistor is calculated as a mean value over the last 120 seconds of run time. The calculation is based on the intermediate circuit voltage and the brake resistance value set in 2-16 AC brake Max. Current. The warning is active when the dissipated braking is higher than 90% of the brake resistance power. If [2] Trip is selected in 2-13 Brake Power Monitoring, the frequency converter trips when the dissipated braking power reaches 100%.

WARNING/ALARM 27, Brake chopper fault

The brake transistor is monitored during operation and if a short circuit occurs, the brake function is disabled and a warning is issued. The frequency converter is still operational but, since the brake transistor has short-circuited, substantial power is transmitted to the brake resistor, even if it is inactive.

Remove power to the frequency converter and remove the brake resistor.

WARNING/ALARM 28, Brake check failed

The brake resistor is not connected or not working. Check 2-15 Brake Check.

ALARM 29, Heatsink temp

The maximum temperature of the heatsink has been exceeded. The temperature fault will not reset until the temperature falls below a defined heatsink temperature. The trip and reset points are different based on the frequency converter power size.

Troubleshooting

Check for the following conditions.

- Ambient temperature too high.
- Motor cable too long.
- Incorrect airflow clearance above and below the frequency converter.
- Blocked airflow around the frequency converter.
- Damaged heatsink fan.
- Dirty heatsink.

ALARM 30, Motor phase U missing

Motor phase U between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase U.

ALARM 31, Motor phase V missing

Motor phase V between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase V.

ALARM 32, Motor phase W missing

Motor phase W between the frequency converter and the motor is missing.

Remove power from the frequency converter and check motor phase W.

ALARM 33, Inrush fault

Too many power-ups have occurred within a short time period. Let the unit cool to operating temperature.

WARNING/ALARM 34, Fieldbus communication fault

The fieldbus on the communication option card is not working.

WARNING/ALARM 36, Mains failure

This warning/alarm is only active if the supply voltage to the frequency converter is lost and *14-10 Mains Failure* is NOT set to [0] *No Function*. Check the fuses to the frequency converter and mains power supply to the unit.

ALARM 38, Internal fault

When an internal fault occurs, a code number defined in *Table 8.3* is displayed.

Troubleshooting

Cycle power

Check that the option is properly installed

Check for loose or missing wiring

It may be necessary to contact your Danfoss supplier or service department. Note the code number for further troubleshooting directions.

No.	Text
0	Serial port cannot be initialised. Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.
256-258	Power EEPROM data is defective or too old. Replace power card.
512-519	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.
783	Parameter value outside of min/max limits
1024-1284	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or the Danfoss Service Department.
1299	Option SW in slot A is too old
1300	Option SW in slot B is too old
1315	Option SW in slot A is not supported (not allowed)
1316	Option SW in slot B is not supported (not allowed)
1379-2819	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.
2561	Replace control card
2820	LCP stack overflow
2821	Serial port overflow
2822	USB port overflow

No.	Text
3072-5122	Parameter value is outside its limits
5123	Option in slot A: Hardware incompatible with control board hardware
5124	Option in slot B: Hardware incompatible with control board hardware
5376-6231	Internal fault. Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

Table 8.3 Internal Fault Codes

ALARM 39, Heatsink sensor

No feedback from the heatsink temperature sensor.

The signal from the IGBT thermal sensor is not available on the power card. The problem could be on the power card, on the gate drive card, or the ribbon cable between the power card and gate drive card.

WARNING 40, Overload of digital output terminal 27

Check the load connected to terminal 27 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-01 Terminal 27 Mode*.

WARNING 41, Overload of digital output terminal 29

Check the load connected to terminal 29 or remove short-circuit connection. Check *5-00 Digital I/O Mode* and *5-02 Terminal 29 Mode*.

WARNING 42, Overload of digital output on X30/6 or overload of digital output on X30/7

For X30/6, check the load connected to X30/6 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-32 Term X30/6 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

For X30/7, check the load connected to X30/7 or remove the short-circuit connection. Check *5-33 Term X30/7 Digi Out (MCB 101)*.

ALARM 45, Earth fault 2

Earth (ground) fault on start-up.

Troubleshooting

Check for proper earthing (grounding) and loose connections.

Check for proper wire size.

Check motor cables for short-circuits or leakage currents.

ALARM 46, Power card supply

The supply on the power card is out of range.

There are three power supplies generated by the switch mode power supply (SMPS) on the power card: 24 V, 5 V, ±18 V. When powered with 24 V DC with the MCB 107 option, only the 24 V and 5 V supplies are monitored. When powered with three phase mains voltage, all three supplies are monitored.

Troubleshooting

Check for a defective power card.

Check for a defective control card.

Check for a defective option card.

If a 24 V DC power supply is used, verify proper supply power.

WARNING 47, 24 V supply low

The 24 V DC is measured on the control card. The external 24 V DC backup power supply may be overloaded, otherwise contact the Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 48, 1.8 V supply low

The 1.8 V DC supply used on the control card is outside of allowable limits. The power supply is measured on the control card. Check for a defective control card. If an option card is present, check for an overvoltage condition.

WARNING 49, Speed limit

When the speed is not within the specified range in 4-11 *Motor Speed Low Limit [RPM]* and 4-13 *Motor Speed High Limit [RPM]*, the frequency converter shows a warning. When the speed is below the specified limit in 1-86 *Trip Speed Low [RPM]* (except when starting or stopping) the frequency converter will trip.

ALARM 50, AMA calibration failed

Contact your Danfoss supplier or Danfoss Service Department.

ALARM 51, AMA check U_{nom} and I_{nom}

The settings for motor voltage, motor current and motor power are wrong. Check the settings in parameters 1-20 to 1-25.

ALARM 52, AMA low I_{nom}

The motor current is too low. Check the settings.

ALARM 53, AMA motor too big

The motor is too big for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 54, AMA motor too small

The motor is too small for the AMA to operate.

ALARM 55, AMA Parameter out of range

The parameter values of the motor are outside of the acceptable range. AMA will not run.

ALARM 56, AMA interrupted by user

The user has interrupted the AMA.

ALARM 57, AMA internal fault

Try to restart AMA again. Repeated restarts can over heat the motor.

ALARM 58, AMA internal fault

Contact your Danfoss supplier.

WARNING 59, Current limit

The current is higher than the value in 4-18 *Current Limit*. Ensure that Motor data in parameters 1-20 to 1-25 are set correctly. Possibly increase the current limit. Be sure that the system can operate safely at a higher limit.

WARNING 60, External interlock

A digital input signal is indicating a fault condition external to the frequency converter. An external interlock has commanded the frequency converter to trip. Clear the external fault condition. To resume normal operation,

apply 24 V DC to the terminal programmed for external interlock. Reset the frequency converter.

WARNING 62, Output frequency at maximum limit

The output frequency has reached the value set in 4-19 *Max Output Frequency*. Check the application to determine the cause. Possibly increase the output frequency limit. Be sure the system can operate safely at a higher output frequency. The warning will clear when the output drops below the maximum limit.

WARNING/ALARM 65, Control card over temperature

The cutout temperature of the control card is 80 °C.

Troubleshooting

- Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits
- Check for clogged filters
- Check fan operation
- Check the control card

WARNING 66, Heatsink temperature low

The frequency converter is too cold to operate. This warning is based on the temperature sensor in the IGBT module.

Increase the ambient temperature of the unit. Also, a trickle amount of current can be supplied to the frequency converter whenever the motor is stopped by setting 2-00 *DC Hold/Preheat Current* at 5% and 1-80 *Function at Stop*

ALARM 67, Option module configuration has changed

One or more options have either been added or removed since the last power-down. Check that the configuration change is intentional and reset the unit.

ALARM 68, Safe Stop activated

Loss of the 24 V DC signal on terminal 37 has caused the filter to trip. To resume normal operation, apply 24 V DC to terminal 37 and reset the filter.

ALARM 69, Power card temperature

The temperature sensor on the power card is either too hot or too cold.

Troubleshooting

Check that the ambient operating temperature is within limits.

Check for clogged filters.

Check fan operation.

Check the power card.

ALARM 70, Illegal frequency converter configuration

The control card and power card are incompatible. Contact your supplier with the type code of the unit from the nameplate and the part numbers of the cards to check compatibility.

ALARM 80, Drive initialised to default value

Parameter settings are initialised to default settings after a manual reset. Reset the unit to clear the alarm.

ALARM 92, No flow

A no-flow condition has been detected in the system. 22-23 *No-Flow Function* is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 93, Dry pump

A no-flow condition in the system with the frequency converter operating at high speed may indicate a dry pump. 22-26 *Dry Pump Function* is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 94, End of curve

Feedback is lower than the set point. This may indicate leakage in the system. 22-50 *End of Curve Function* is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 95, Broken belt

Torque is below the torque level set for no load, indicating a broken belt. 22-60 *Broken Belt Function* is set for alarm. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

ALARM 96, Start delayed

Motor start has been delayed due to short-cycle protection. 22-76 *Interval between Starts* is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 97, Stop delayed

Stopping the motor has been delayed due to short cycle protection. 22-76 *Interval between Starts* is enabled. Troubleshoot the system and reset the frequency converter after the fault has been cleared.

WARNING 98, Clock fault

Time is not set or the RTC clock has failed. Reset the clock in 0-70 *Date and Time*.

WARNING 200, Fire mode

This warning indicates the frequency converter is operating in fire mode. The warning clears when fire mode is removed. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 201, Fire mode was active

This indicates the frequency converter had entered fire mode. Cycle power to the unit to remove the warning. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 202, Fire mode limits exceeded

While operating in fire mode one or more alarm conditions have been ignored which would normally trip the unit. Operating in this condition voids unit warranty. Cycle power to the unit to remove the warning. See the fire mode data in the alarm log.

WARNING 203, Missing motor

With a frequency converter operating multi-motors, an under-load condition was detected. This could indicate a missing motor. Inspect the system for proper operation.

WARNING 204, Locked rotor

With a frequency converter operating multi-motors, an overload condition was detected. This could indicate a locked rotor. Inspect the motor for proper operation.

WARNING 250, New spare part

A component in the frequency converter has been replaced. Reset the frequency converter for normal operation.

WARNING 251, New typecode

The power card or other components have been replaced and the typecode changed. Reset to remove the warning and resume normal operation.

9 Basic Troubleshooting

9.1 Start Up and Operation

Symptom	Possible cause	Test	Solution
Display dark/No function	Missing input power	See <i>Table 3.1</i>	Check the input power source
	Missing or open fuses or circuit breaker tripped	See open fuses and tripped circuit breaker in this table for possible causes	Follow the recommendations provided
	No power to the LCP	Check the LCP cable for proper connection or damage	Replace the faulty LCP or connection cable
	Shortcut on control voltage (terminal 12 or 50) or at control terminals	Check the 24 V control voltage supply for terminals 12/13 to 20-39 or 10 V supply for terminals 50 to 55	Wire the terminals properly
	Wrong LCP (LCP from VLT® 2800 or 5000/6000/8000/ FCD or FCM)		Use only LCP 101 (P/N 130B1124) or LCP 102 (P/N 130B1107)
	Wrong contrast setting		Press [Status] + [▲]/[▼] to adjust the contrast
	Display (LCP) is defective	Test using a different LCP	Replace the faulty LCP or connection cable
	Internal voltage supply fault or SMPS is defective		Contact supplier
Intermittent display	Overloaded power supply (SMPS) due to improper control wiring or a fault within the frequency converter	To rule out a problem in the control wiring, disconnect all control wiring by removing the terminal blocks.	If the display stays lit, then the problem is in the control wiring. Check the wiring for shorts or incorrect connections. If the display continues to cut out, follow the procedure for display dark.
Motor not running	Service switch open or missing motor connection	Check if the motor is connected and the connection is not interrupted (by a service switch or other device).	Connect the motor and check the service switch
	No mains power with 24 V DC option card	If the display is functioning but no output, check that mains power is applied to the frequency converter.	Apply mains power to run the unit
	LCP Stop	Check if [Off] has been pressed	Press [Auto On] or [Hand On] (depending on operation mode) to run the motor
	Missing start signal (Standby)	Check 5-10 Terminal 18 Digital Input for correct setting for terminal 18 (use default setting)	Apply a valid start signal to start the motor
	Motor coast signal active (Coasting)	Check 5-12 Coast inv. for correct setting for terminal 27 (use default setting)..	Apply 24 V on terminal 27 or program this terminal to No operation
	Wrong reference signal source	Check reference signal: Local, remote or bus reference? Preset reference active? Terminal connection correct? Scaling of terminals correct? Reference signal available?	Program correct settings. Check 3-13 Reference Site. Set preset reference active in parameter group 3-1* References. Check for correct wiring. Check scaling of terminals. Check reference signal.

Symptom	Possible cause	Test	Solution
Motor running in wrong direction	Motor rotation limit	Check that 4-10 Motor Speed Direction is programmed correctly.	Program correct settings
	Active reversing signal	Check if a reversing command is programmed for the terminal in parameter group 5-1* Digital inputs..	Deactivate reversing signal
	Wrong motor phase connection		See 3.7 Check Motor Rotation in this manual
Motor is not reaching maximum speed	Frequency limits set wrong	Check output limits in 4-13 Motor Speed High Limit [RPM], 4-14 Motor Speed High Limit [Hz] and 4-19 Max Output Frequency.	Program correct limits
	Reference input signal not scaled correctly	Check reference input signal scaling in 6-0* Analog I/O Mode and parameter group 3-1* References. Reference limits in parameter group 3-0* Reference Limit.	Program correct settings
Motor speed unstable	Possible incorrect parameter settings	Check the settings of all motor parameters, including all motor compensation settings. For closed loop operation, check PID settings.	Check settings in parameter group 1-6* Analog I/O mode. For closed loop operation, check settings in parameter group 20-0* Feedback..
Motor runs rough	Possible over-magnetization	Check for incorrect motor settings in all motor parameters	Check motor settings in parameter groups 1-2* Motor Data, 1-3* Adv Motor Data, and 1-5* Load Indep. Setting.
Motor will not brake	Possible incorrect settings in the brake parameters. Possible too short ramp down times	Check brake parameters. Check ramp time settings	Check parameter group 2-0* DC Brake and 3-0* Reference Limits.
Open power fuses or circuit breaker trip	Phase to phase short	Motor or panel has a short phase to phase. Check motor and panel phase for shorts	Eliminate any shorts detected
	Motor overload	Motor is overloaded for the application	Perform startup test and verify motor current is within specifications. If motor current is exceeding nameplate full load current, motor may run only with reduced load. Review the specifications for the application.
	Loose connections	Perform pre-startup check for loose connections	Tighten loose connections
Mains current imbalance greater than 3%	Problem with mains power (See Alarm 4 Mains phase loss description)	Rotate input power leads into the frequency converter one position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	If imbalanced leg follows the wire, it is a power problem. Check mains power supply.
	Problem with the frequency converter	Rotate input power leads into the frequency converter one position: A to B, B to C, C to A.	If imbalance leg stays on same input terminal, it is a problem with the unit. Contact the supplier.
Motor current imbalance greater than 3%	Problem with motor or motor wiring	Rotate output motor leads one position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	If imbalanced leg follows the wire, the problem is in the motor or motor wiring. Check motor and motor wiring.
	Problem with the frequency converters	Rotate output motor leads one position: U to V, V to W, W to U.	If imbalance leg stays on same output terminal, it is a problem with the unit. Contact the supplier.

Symptom	Possible cause	Test	Solution
Acoustic noise or vibration (e.g. a fan blade is making noise or vibrations at certain frequencies)	Resonances, e.g. in the motor/fan system	Bypass critical frequencies by using parameters in parameter group 4-6* <i>Speed Bypass</i> Turn off over-modulation in 14-03 <i>Overmodulation</i> Change switching pattern and frequency in parameter group 14-0* <i>Inverter Switching</i> Increase Resonance Dampening in 1-64 <i>Resonance Dampening</i>	Check if noise and/or vibration have been reduced to an acceptable limit

Table 9.1 Troubleshooting