Autism and Co-Occurring Conditions

For Early Childhood Educators: Understanding the Full Picture

Autism often co-occurs with other diagnoses and conditions that impact learning, behavior, and development. Understanding these can help educators recognize and support diverse representations of autism in early childhood settings.

Neurodevelopmental Conditions

- **ADHD** Affects 50–70% of autistic individuals Source: Hours et al., 2022; Front Psychiatry
- **Apraxia of Speech** Impairs speech motor planning; affects up to 65% of autistic children *Source: AutismSpeaks.org*
- **Developmental Coordination Disorder (DCD)** Motor difficulties affect up to 86.9% of children with autism

Source: Bhat, SPARK Study, 2020

• Intellectual Disability – Often co-occurs but is distinct from autism; misdiagnosis is common Source: Emily Sohn, The Transmitter, 2020

Cognitive and Emotional Processing

- **Alexithymia** Difficulty identifying and expressing emotions; present in ~50% of autistic people Source: Kinnaird et al., Eur Psychiatry, 2019
- **Echolalia** Repetition of phrases; common communication tool, present in 75–80% of verbal autistic individuals

Source: Xie et al., Front Psychol, 2023

• **Aphantasia** – Inability to visualize mental images; more common in autistic individuals Source: Rachel King et al., Conscious Cogn, 2024

Sensory and Processing Disorders

- Auditory Processing Disorder Challenges interpreting sounds and speech patterns Source: Autism.org
- **Sensory Processing Disorder** Impacts ~90% of autistic individuals; includes hypersensitivity or hyposensitivity to light, sound, texture

Source: Passarello et al., Brain Sci, 2022

• **Central Sensitivity Syndrome (CSS)** – Includes conditions like fibromyalgia and IBS; affects 21–40% of adults with autism

Source: Al-Beltagei, 2021

• **Vision & Hearing Impairments** – Higher risk of autism in children with these impairments Source: Ludwig et al., Clin Neuropsychol, 2022

Sleep, Eating, and Physical Health

• **Sleep Disorders** – Affect 44–83% of autistic children *Source: Williams et al., J Sleep Res, 2004*

 ARFID (Avoidant/Restrictive Food Intake Disorder) – Present in 12.5–33.3% of autistic individuals

Source: Pediatrix/Blox

• **Ehlers-Danlos Syndrome (EDS)** – Joint hypermobility and connective tissue disorder highly comorbid with autism

Source: J Pers Med, 2020

• Epilepsy/Seizures – Seen in 26% of children with autism over age 13

Source: Viscidi et al., PLoS One, 2013

• Tuberous Sclerosis – Rare genetic disorder with strong ASD correlation

Source: Vignoli et al., Orphanet J Rare Dis, 2015

Mental Health Conditions

Anxiety – Affects at least 50% of autistic individuals regularly

Source: Autism.org.uk

• **Depression** – Higher prevalence in autistic people across lifespan

Source: Autism.org.uk

OCD (Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder) – Common co-occurrence; can intensify autistic traits

Source: International OCD Foundation

• Bipolar Disorder – Genetic links between autism and bipolar disorder

Source: NeurodivergentInsights.com

• Psychosis – May occur in 34.8% of autistic individuals

Source: Ribolsi et al., Front Psychiatry, 2022

• Schizophrenia – 3–6 times more likely in autistic youth

Source: Jutla et al., Autism Res, 2022

Trauma – Autistic individuals are more likely to experience trauma and may not receive

appropriate support

Source: Lobregt-van Buuren et al., Exon Publications, 2021

Gender and Identity

• **Gender Dysphoria & Gender Diversity** – Individuals are 3–6 times more likely to be autistic *Source: Dattaro, The Transmitter, 2020*

• Tourette's Syndrome - Co-occurs in 21% of children with Tourette's

Source: McPherson, Autism Parenting, 2024

Why This Matters in Early Childhood

Understanding co-occurring conditions helps:

- Recognize the diversity of autistic experiences
- Avoid mislabeling or missing signs of autism in children with complex presentations
- Improve support strategies, accommodations, and classroom inclusion
- Create a culture of acceptance that embraces neurodiversity from the start