CURRICULUM PLAN 2019/2020

Our Lady of Perpetual Help Catholic School, Bakersfield Call to Family, Community, and Participation

MONTH	WRITING FOCUS	GRAMMAR/ USAGE FOCUS	VOCABULARY FOCUS	READING STRATEGY FOCUS	SPEAKING & LISTENING FOCUS	HABITS of MIND/ VIRTUES in PRACTICE FOCUS
AUGUST	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) PERSONAL NARRATIVE: (K - 2) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. INFORMATIVE: (3-8) I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	PARTS OF SPEECH SENTENCES PROOFREADING MARKS CAPITALIZATION RULES	STRATEGIES: Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words	THINKING Observing closely and describing what's there Building explanations and interpretation s Reasoning with evidence Considering different viewpoints	COLLABORATIVE DISCUSSIONS:	HABIT OF MIND: • Thinking Interdependently

SEPTEMBER	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) PERSONAL NARRATIVE K-2) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. INFORMATIVE: (3-8) I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.	PARTS OF SPEECH SENTENCES CAPITALIZATION/ TITLES RULES COMMON SPELLING RULES	STRATEGIES: Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words	MONITOR COMPREHENSION: Annotating the text Taking notes Fluency Making thinking visible Rereading the text	COLLABORATIVE DISCUSSIONS: • What makes a strong discussion? • Preparing for discussions • Establishing and following procedures • Speaking productively • Listening and responding • Wrapping up your discussion	HABIT OF MIND: • Thinking interdependently VIRTUE: • Faith-believe in God and all He reveals
OCTOBER	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds)	PARTS OF SPEECH PUNCTUATION COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES:	SUMMARIZE THE TEXT: Identifying main ideas and details Writing a summary sentence or paragraph. Cornell notes 3-2-1 Bridge Headlines	GIVE PRESENTATIONS: • What does a good presentation look like? • Knowing your audience • The content of your presentation • Style of your presentation	HABIT OF MIND: • Thinking interdepende ntly VIRTUE: • Reverence-Showing deep respect

	PERSONAL NARRATIVE: (K-2) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. INFORMATIVE: (3-8) I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.			Color-symbol-i mage	Delivering your presentation	
NOVEMBER	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) OPINION/ ARGUMENTATIVE: I can write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.	PARTS OF SPEECH PUNCTUATION COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words	ANALYZING A CLAIM/OPINION Consider all viewpoints/an gles Compass Points	Types of media - audio, video, images Using presentation software Practicing your presentation	Questioning and posing problems VIRTUE: Stewardship-returning your time, talent, and treasure to God
DECEMBER	LITERARY RESPONSE	PARTS OF SPEECH	STRATEGIES:	DETERMINE	ANALYZE/EVALUATE	HABIT:

	When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) OPINION/ ARGUMENTATIVE I can write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.	SUBJECT/ VERB AGREEMENT COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	 Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotation Homophones Multiple meaning words 	AUTHOR'S PURPOSE: Determining the author's purpose for writing the text: to persuade, to inform, or to entertain	PRESENTATIONS What makes an effective presentation Analyzing a presentation Identifying a speaker's claim Tracing a speaker's argument	 Questioning and posing problems VIRTUE: Generosity - giving without counting the cost
JANUARY	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) OPINION/ ARGUMENTATIVE I can write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.	PARTS OF SPEECH PHRASES/CLAUSES COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES:	MAKE INFERENCES: • Using clues from the text to make inferences and predictions.	ANALYZE/EVALUATE PRESENTATIONS • What makes an effective presentation • Analyzing a presentation • Identifying a speaker's claim • Tracing a speaker's argument	HABIT: • Questioning and posing problems VIRTUE: • Gratitude-seeing everything as a gift and being thankful
FEBRUARY	LITERARY RESPONSE When answering a	PARTS OF SPEECH	STRATEGIES: • Context clues	DRAW CONCLUSIONS: Using the	CONTINUE PRACTICING PRESENTATIONS	HABIT: ◆ Thinking with

	question students must: Reword the question in the topic sentence (green) Answer the question (yellow) Explain and give examples from the text (2 reds) OPINION/ ARGUMENTATIVE I can write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.	COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	 Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words 	author's clues and what I already know to make sense of the text Claim-support -question	Presenting arguments in groups	flexibility VIRTUE: • Honesty-being trustworthy and true
MARCH	INFORMATIVE: (K-2) I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. Narrative (3-5) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. LITERARY ANALYSIS (6-8) Students learn to respond to	PARTS OF SPEECH COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES: Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words	READING WITH A PURPOSE • Give students a purpose for reading • Focus students' attention on what they are to learn • Help students to think actively as they read.	CONTINUE PRACTICING PRESENTATIONS	HABIT: • Thinking with flexibility VIRTUE: • Mercy- caring for those who suffer

	literature by stating a claim that is supported with reasons and text-based evidence.				
APRIL	INFORMATIVE: (K-2) I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly. NARRATIVE (3-5) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. LITERARY ANALYSIS (6-8) Students learn to respond to literature by stating a claim that is supported with reasons and text-based evidence.	PARTS OF SPEECH COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES: Context clues Greek/Latin Roots Academic Vocabulary Connotation/ Denotations Homophones Multiple meaning words	ASK QUESTIONS: Asking meaningful questions before, during, and after reading. See-Think-Wo nder Zoom In Think-Puzzle-E xplore	HABIT: • Thinking with flexibility VIRTUE: • Justice-being fair
MAY	INFORMATIVE: (K-2) • I can write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and	REVIEW COMMONLY CONFUSED WORDS	STRATEGIES:	MAKE CONNECTIONS: I can connect what I am reading to other text, to myself, and the world.	HABIT: • Remaining Open to Continuous Learning

convey ideas and information clearly. NARRATIVE (3-5) Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.	Connotation Denotation Homopho Multiple meaning	ons ones	VIRTUE: • Zeal- loving God so much that it gives you energy
LITERARY ANALYSIS (6-8) • Students learn to respond to literature by stating a claim that is supported with reasons and text-based evidence.			