Supplications and Etiquettes

(Ad'iyah and Adab)

Ages 4-7

Compiled by:

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Adʻiyah

TP

Du'a' (singular of 'ad'iyah') means a call or prayer. A servant of Allah invokes his Creator to express either his needs or his servitude to Him. This call in itself is a form of worship.

Allah is a living and permanent existence. He hears and sees and has the power to do as He desires and set the course of events in consonance with His will.

It is this firm conviction which gives rise to the urge within man to pray to Allah. When man receives inspiration from Allah, it comes to him naturally to call upon Allah for all his needs and to ask for Allah's blessings in this world as well as in the Hereafter. Allah is truly man's sustainer.

There is no time set for du'a', neither is there any prescribed method nor a separate language. Man, at any moment, in any form, and in any language can pray to Allah. If the prayer has come from deep inside one's heart, it will certainly reach Allah. Allah will hear the call without delay and will answer the suppliant's prayers.

Du'a' means seeking from Allah and this seeking from Allah has no ending. It continues eternally. Du'a' is an expression of unceasing feelings welling up inside the believer's heart for his Lord. No moment of a believer's life can be bereft of it.

In the Qur'an, the importance of du'a' is stated thus, "Say: My Lord would not care for you were it not for your prayer." Du'a' is one of the most important characteristics that distinguish a believer from an unbeliever and a significant indicator of one's faith in Allah.

Many people may think that there is no divine control over the universe and that everything is interacting independently. However, what they do not know is that every creature in the heavens and on the earth has already submitted to Allah. There is no creature whose destiny is not determined by Allah and who is not obedient to Him. The unbelievers do not understand this substantial fact. The believers, on the other hand, are aware that the only way to obtain the things they want is to ask them from the One Who controls them. They



know that Allah is the Creator and Director of all things.

However, it should also be understood that Allah's answering to prayers is not necessarily giving all that is requested from Him. For man is ignorant and he "...prays for evil as he prays for good; for man is ever hasty." So Allah responds to all our prayers, but sometimes gives what is wanted, and sometimes not, since it is in truth, 'evil'.

Du'a' should be done with humility and in private, in all sincerity, having hope but also fear of Allah in our hearts, and with deep concentration. Our prayers are actually a matter of confessing our weakness while showing our gratitude towards Allah. Abstaining from prayer shows arrogance and rebellion against Allah. Allah. Calling on Allah is both a prayer and also a great blessing. This very simple act of making a request is the key to attaining all physical and spiritual objectives.

Adab

"I was sent to perfect the best in moral characteristics and etiquette," said the noble Prophet Muhammad [s] describing his mission. The main purpose of this message is to make man live according to the highest moral standards and etiquette which he is capable of.

Each person has a duty to cultivate good and desirable qualities which are part of his natural make-up. On the other hand, each person has a duty to strive against noxious qualities and habits. Bad qualities and habits are like rust on a pure heart. The more rust accumulates, the more insensitive a person's heart will become. The covering of rust may eventually obscure all good and a person might reach a state where vice and noxious qualities become not only acceptable to him but beautiful. If there is still a spark of good left, the door for repentance or tawbah might still be open. The weeds in your garden must not be allowed to stifle and smother the flowers and the fruit.

In cultivating good qualities, it is important to remember the saying of the Holy Prophet [s] that the best deeds are those done regularly even if they are small. This stresses the need to develop good habits, whereby the practice of goodness becomes a matter of course, easy and natural.

OUTCOME OBJECTIVES

TP

- learn that *du'a'* and other such Islamic expressions assist in remembrance of Allah
- recognise that no moment of a believer's life can be bereft of du'a'
- understand that the only way to obtain the things we want is to ask them from the One Who created and controls all things
- appreciate that the various ad'iyah are instrumental in positively moulding our thoughts and actions and provide an individual with a spiritual orientation in his life
- learn that our prayers are a confession of our weakness as well as an expression of our gratitude to Allah
- learn that each person has a duty to cultivate good and desirable qualities
- understand the need to develop good habits whereby the practice of goodness becomes a matter of course



OVERVIEW

TP

BY THE END OF THESE LESSONS THE CHILD WILL HAVE HAD AN OPPORTUNITY TO:

- memorise a series of Arabic supplications, declarations of fundamental tenets and statements of doctrine
- understand their meanings
- learn the *Sunnah* etiquettes associated with the relevant supplications
- complete a series of exercises for comprehension
- learn the Islamic months of the year
- learn some important Arabic phrases used in daily conversation





Vocabulary

seek
protection
filth
impure
pardon
discomfort
granted
relief
unnecessarily
direction
relieving
dam

Du'a' when Entering the Toilet

"Oh Allah, I seek your protection from all filth and impure creatures."

Du'a' when Leaving the Toilet

وَ عَافَانِيْ

"I seek your pardon (O Allah!). All Praise be to Allah Who has removed discomfort from me and granted me relief."

Learn the following Sunnah etiquettes of the toile



- 1) Enter the toilet with the left foot.
- 2) Sit when relieving oneself.
- 3) Do not relieve yourself in sight of others.
- When in the toilet cover your head with a cap or scarf.
- 5) Do not speak unecessarily or

read in the toilet.

6) Do not face the *Qiblah* (the direction of Salah) nor sit with your back facing towards it.

7) Perform *Istinja*' after relieving yourself.

- 8) Use the left hand for Istinja'.
- 9) Wash your hands after Istinja'.
- 10)Leave the toilet with the right foot first.
- 11)Do not relieve yourself under a tree, or in a well, pool, river or dam.

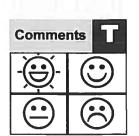


ndicate, by means of a tick, the column to which each sentence refers.

C P

ACTIVITY

	Correct Etiquette	Incorrect Etiquette
covering the head		
speaking and read- ing in the toilet		
relieving oneself in a pool		
facing away from the Qiblah		



	Correct Etiquette	Incorrect Etiquette
entering with the		
right foot		
standing and		
urinating		:
using the right		
hand for Istinja'		
relieving yourself		
in a pool		

	SU	MMARY			P
BY THE E		IIS LESSOI box if com		HILD I	HAS:
- learnt th	ed the <i>du</i> e etiquette ed a table		hension		
How does my to	eacher rate	my perfor	mance ir	this	lesson ?
<u> </u>	(C)			8	





Istinja' means washing the private parts after passing urine or stool. Istinja' is done with water and toilet -paper.

Istinja' can also be done with pebbles if no water or toilet-paper is available.

The one who does not do *Istinja'* is not *Tahir*, pure and clean.

The method of *Istinja*' and visiting the toilet is as follows:

1) Before entering the toilet recite this *du'a'* or supplication :

اَللّٰهُمَّ اِنِّي اَعُوْذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْخُبُثِ وَ الْخَبَائِثِ اللّٰهُمَّ اِنِّي اَعُوْذُ بِكَ مِنَ الْخُبُثِ وَ الْخَبَائِثِ 'Oh Allah, I seek your protection from all filth and

impure creatures."

- 2) Enter the toilet with the left foot first.
- 3) Sit down when passing urine or



Vocabulary

Istinja' private parts urine stool pebbles available method entering recite supplication filth impure seek pardon discomfort relief

stool.

- 4) Using the left hand, wipe the private parts with toilet-paper first.
- 5) Wash the private parts with water, using the left hand again. You may use soap as well.
- 6) Dry the private parts with toilet paper, again with the left hand.
- 7) Wash both hands with water and soap.
- 8) Leave the toilet with the right foot first.
- 9) Recite this *du'a'* after leaving the toilet:

غُفْرَانَكَ اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِيْ اَذْهَبَ عَنِّي الْاَذٰى فَعُورَانَكَ الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ

"I seek your pardon (O Allah!). All Praise be to Allah Who has removed discomfort from me and granted me relief."

oute mener fraction alse.	ACTIVITIES
Istinja' means washing the private parts after passing stool.	Qur'an Allah ∰ has declared:
Istinja' is done with toilet-paper only.	"There are men who love to be puri- fied, and Allah loves those who purify themselves."
Istinja' can also be done with pebbles.	"Allah does not wish to cause you dif- ficulty, but to make you clean, and to complete His favour
The one who does not do <i>Istinja'</i> is still pure and clean.	to you, that you may be grateful."
	Li-aliah
Enter the toilet with the left foot	Hadith Our beloved Prophet Muhammad & said:
first.	It is narrated by Abu Hurayrah [r] that the
When passing urine you may stand.	Holy Prophet [s] would wash with water after relieving himself.
Use the right hand to, wash the	"None of you should wash himself with his
private parts.	right hand when in the toilet."
You may not use soap when	
doing <i>Istinja</i> '.	
After Istinja' wash both hands	
thoroughly with water and soap.	
Leave the toilet with the right	

To perform *Istinja'* correctly a number of items are required, for example, a water jug, toilet-paper, pebbles if water is unavailable, soap and a towel.

Draw a picture of each of these items.

foot first.



CT

Day 2+3

DU'A's & FILOUETTE

Du'a' before Wudu'

بسم الله

"In the name of Allah

Du'a' after Wudu'

اللهم المُعَلَّنِي مِنَ التَّوَّابِيْنَ وَ اجْعَلْنِي مِنَ الْمُتَطَهِّرِيْنَ

"O Allah! Make me amongst those who repent, and make me from amongst those who remain clean and pure."

Vocabulary

praise shower mercy matters aright

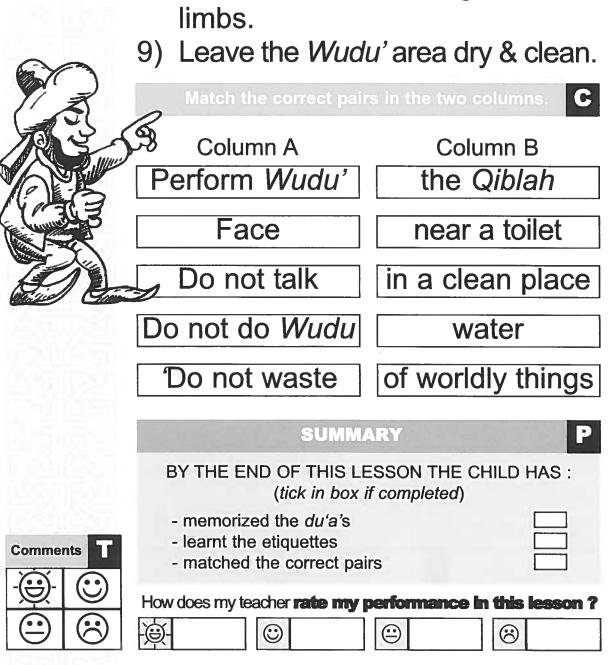
Learn the following Sunnah etiquettes of Wudu'.

T

- 1) Perform Wudu' in a clean place.
- 2) Sit on a stool to avoid water splashing up onto your clothing.
- 3) Face the Qiblah.
- 4) Do not talk of worldly matters while performing Wudu'.
- 5) Do not perform Wudu' near a toilet.
- 6) If your bathroom has a toilet



- then at least close the toilet lid before performing Wudu'.
- 7) Do not recite the *du'a'*s in a bathroom which has a toilet. Do so before entering & after leaving.
- 8) Do not waste water neither use too little when washing the limbs.



Read and explain the following and colour-in the pictures.

Wudu' means washing certain parts of the body before performing an act of worship, like Salah.

There are several steps in performing Wudu'.

We shall learn each step one by one.



Vocabulary

ablution performing commencing declare Niyyah intention recite possessor praise wrists rinse thoroughly entire forearms testimony repent

1) First recite the following Du'a':



"In the Name of Allah

2) Wash both hands up to the wrists thrice. Begin with the right hand.



3) Rinse the mouth thoroughly three times.





4) Rinse the nose thrice.



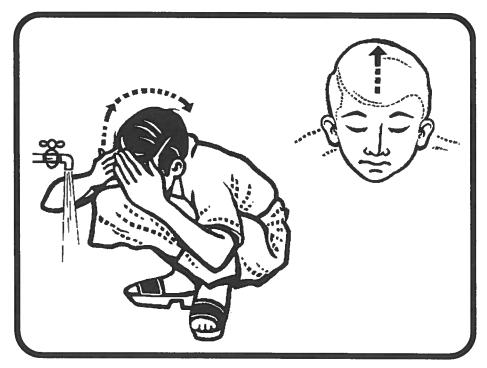
5) Wash the entire face three times.



6) Wash the forearms up to the elbow thrice. Begin with the right arm.



7) Pass wet hands over the head, from front to back, once only.







8) Wipe the ears, inside and out, once.



9) Wash the feet up to the ankes thrice. Begin with the right foot.





Then recite the following *Du'a'*:

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِيْ مِنَ التَّوَّابِيْنَ وَ اجْعَلْنِيْ مِنَ الْمُتَطَهِّرِيْنَ

"O Allah, make me amongst those who repent, and make me from amongst those who are clean and pure."



recite the *Kalimah Shahadah* (Testimony of Faith).

اَشْهَدُ اَنْ لَّا اللهَ اللَّا اللهُ وَ اَشْهَدُ اَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَ رَسُوْلُهُ

Comments T

"I testify that there is no god but Allah, and I testify that Muhammad is His Servant and Messenger."



Du'a' when Greeting a Muslim

"May the peace and mercy of Allah be upon you."

Vocabulary

peace mercy blessings gesturing approaching gathering

Du'a' in Reply to a Greeting

"And may the peace and mercy of Allah be upon you, and His blessings too."



- 1) Always be the first to greet.
- 2) Do not respond to a greeting by simply gesturing with a finger or the hand.
- 3) Greet those you know as well as those whom you do not know.
- 4) The one who is walking should greet the one who is sitting.
- 5) The one who is riding should greet the one who is walking.
- 6) A small group should greet the

larger one.

- 7) The younger person should greet the older one.
- 8) When approaching a gathering greet all who are present, not just some.
- 9) Before entering a room or house always greet aloud first.
- 10) Always face the person greeting.

Colour-in the correct word/s in green

C P

ACTIVITY

Always be the first last to greet.

Greet only those you know those whom you do not know as well.

The younger older person should greet the younger older one.

Before After entering a room or house always greet aloud.



Comments

BY THE END OF THIS LESSON THE CHILD HAS: (tick in box if completed) - memorized the du'a's - learnt the etiquettes - completed a word selection exercise How does my teacher rate my performance in this lesson?



To our brothers and sisters, on this Earth, who may have different countries of birth, who may live in different cities and towns, of all skin colours - pinks, whites or browns.

To our brothers and sister, big and tall, of all different sizes, some short and small. To all of those who we never meet or see. Yes, to all of you, wherever you may be.

To our brothers and sisters, we say salaam and make a dua to protect you from harm and make a dua to put love in the heart and that this Ummahs' problems depart.



السالخ الخيم



5 RIGHTS

Abu Huraira narrates: the Prophet (PBUH) said that a Muslim has five rights over his Muslim brother:

- 1. To answer when he says salaam (we reply by saying Wa-alykum salaam);
- 2. To visit him when he is ill;
- 3. To be present at his funeral (Janazah prayer);
- 4. When he invites you, you should accept his invitation; and
- 5. To answer him when he says alhamdulillah, when he sneezes (we reply by saying 'yar humukallah')



The Prophet (Peace be upon him) said;

"None of you is a true believer until he loves for his brother what he loves for himself"

SAUM MUSLAM

We learn, from this Hadith, the status of our Muslim brothers and sisters. Whatever good they have, they share it with each other.

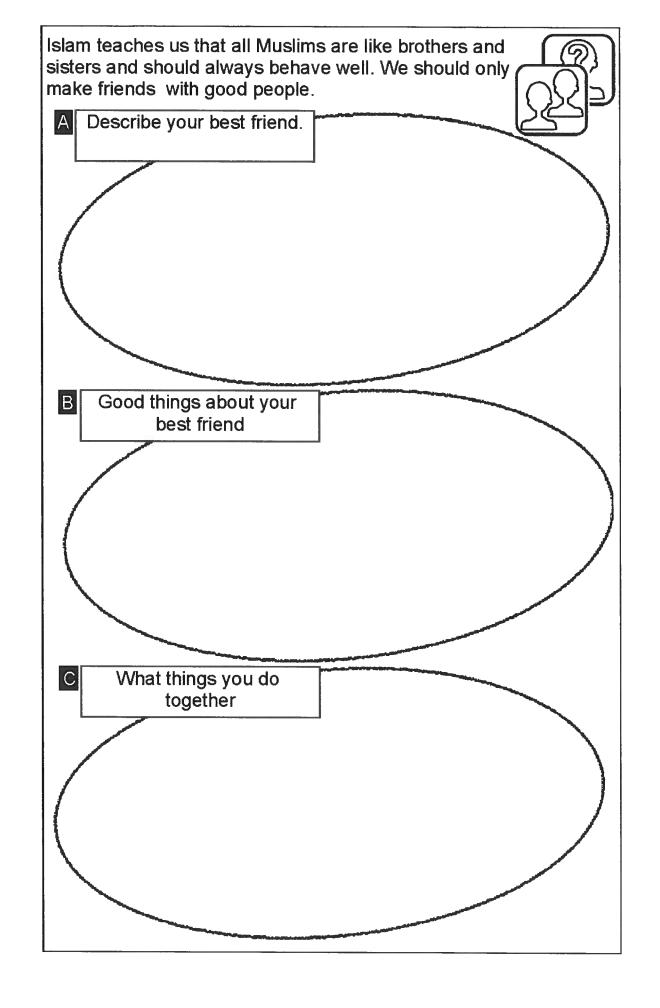
A good example is after Hijra. Prophet Muhammad (peace be upon him) created a brotherhood between the Makkans and Madina Muslims. They shared everything and looked after each other.

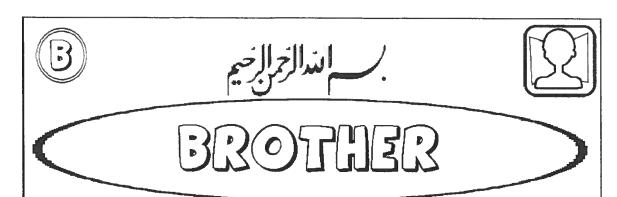
The hadith is saying that this brotherhood is an important part of Islam. In fact, caring for the needs of his brother is a sign of iman.

anterestand facts

We have thousands of ahadith which have been preserved and passed down. The sanad (chain of narration) is the part of the hadith that helps us judge how accurate a hadith is. It also helps us to rule out any false hadith, thus safeguarding our deen from falsehood.

The Sanad is the source from which the Hadith came.





A Muslim is a brother to another Muslim. We should look after each other and make sure everyone is well.

Allah made all humans equal - it does not matter what colour or how rich they are. We are all the same.

Allah created us from a single male and a female. Mankind is sometimes called 'the children of Adam'.

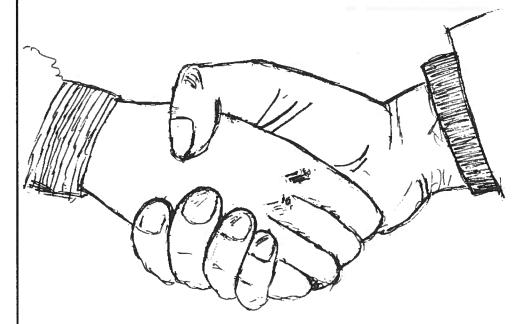
We should be grateful for the many blessings and pray that Allah rewards others with similar blessings.

Allah does not reward you for your beauty or wealth, only for your actions.

Allah has made us all into one Ummah. We are one Nation, it is our duty to look after and help each other.

BROTHER





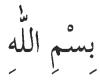
Muslims are one brotherhood and this is understood, from the teachings of the Quran. A guidance from Allah to man.

We all came from Adam and Eve so all racism we should leave. Humans are like one big family, a family that includes you and me.

So when we meet our brother, we say salaam to each other. We are always helpful and kind, respect and love you will find.



Du'a' before Eating



"(I begin) in the name of Allah."

Vocabulary

praise gratitude intention derive energy criticize

Du'a' after Eating

اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ الَّذِيْ اَطْعَمَنَا وَ سَقَانَا وَ جَعَلَنَا مِنَ الْمُسْلِمِيْنَ

"All praise and gratitude is due to Allah Who has fed us and given us drink, and Who has made us Muslims."

Learn the following Sunnah etiquettes of eating

5

- 1) Wash the hands before eating.
- Eat with the intention that you derive energy and strength through the food to do good deeds.
- 3) Eat sitting on the floor.
- 4) Eat with the right hand.
- 5) Do not sniff the food nor blow

into it.

- 6) Do not criticize the food.
- 7) Do not waste any food.
- 8) If some food falls from the plate, pick it up, clean it and eat it.
- 9) Eat together and not by yourself 10) Wash the hands after eating.

10) Wash the hands after cating.	
Complete the sentences using the list below C P ACTIVITY	
wash hand pick food hands right blow	
Wash the before eating. Eat with the hand. Do not waste any Do not into the food. If some food falls from the plate, it up, it and eat it. the hands after eating.	
SUMMARY	
BY THE END OF THIS LESSON THE CHILD HAS: (tick in box if completed) - memorized the du'a's - learnt the etiquettes - completed sentences for comprehension	
How does my teacher rate my performance in this lesson?	



Du'a' when Sneezing

ا الحَمْدُ لله

"All praise be to Allah."

Vocabulary

praise shower mercy matters aright muffle

Du'a' in Response to the Sneezer

يَرْحَمُكَ الله

"May Allah shower His mercy upon you."

Du'a' to the Respondent

يَهْدِيْكُمُ اللَّهُ وَ يُصْلِحُ بَالَكُمْ

"May Allah guide you and set all your matters aright."

Learn the following *Sunnah* etiquettes of sneezing



- 1) Cover your face when sneezing.
- 2) Try your best to muffle the sound.
- 3) Do not sneeze into another persons face.



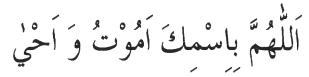
Cover your face when sneezing.
Try your best to muffle the sound.
Do not sneeze into another persons face.
SUMMARY P
BY THE END OF THIS LESSON THE CHILD HAS : (tick in box if completed)
- memorized the <i>du'a's</i> - learnt the etiquettes - read & rewrote inverted sentences
How does my teacher rate my performance in this lesson?







Du'a' before Sleeping



"O Allah! In Your name I die and come to life again."

Vocabulary

DU'A'S & ETIQUETTE

resurrection bedding

Du'a' when Awakening

الْحَمْدُ لله الَّذِيْ اَحْيَانَا بَعْدَ مَا اَمَاتَنَا

وَ الَّيْهِ النُّشُورُ

"All praise be to Allah who has given us life after causing us to die, and to Him is our final resurrection."

Learn the following Sunnah etiquettes of sleeping

- ū
- 1) Perform Wudu' before sleeping.
- 2) Brush your teeth with a *miswak*, a toothstick , before sleeping.
- 3) Perform 'Isha salah before sleeping.
- Dust the bedding before lying on it.
- 5) Sleep on the right side of the

 body. 6) Sleep with the right cheek resting on the right palm. 7) Do not sleep on the stomach. 8) Do not sleep with an open lamp or fire still burning in the house. 	
Do not perform Wudu' before sleeping. Brush your teeth with a miswak before sleeping. Dust the bedding before lying on it. Sleep on the left side of the body. Sleep lying streched out on the stomach.	
BY THE END OF THIS LESSON THE CHILD HAS: (tick in box if completed) - memorized the du'a's - learnt the etiquettes - completed a True & False exercise How does my teacher rate my performance in this lesson?	

Muslims often use Arabic words and phrases in their daily conversation. Even if we don't speak Arabic, we use many Arabic terms.

These phrases help us to remember Allah. They remind us of Allah's Power over His creation as well as His Compassion.

They assist in moulding thoughts and actions into the natural mould of 'ibadah or worship of Allah and provide a person with a spiritual climate and orientation.

Memorise the following important phrases

CT

When Starting Anything



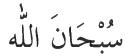
"(I begin) In the Name of Allah."

When Expressing Gratitude or Admiration

الحَمْدُ لله

"All praise be to Allah."

When Expressing Astonishment or Alarm



"Glory be to Allah" or "Allah is Perfect and Pure."



Vocabulary

expressing gratitude admiration astonishment alarm elation apprehension intend achieve well wishing remorse

When Expressing Elation or Apprehension

الله أكبر

"Allah is the Greatest."

When Intending to Do Something

ان شَاءَ الله

"If Allah so wills."

Having Achieved Something

مَا شَاءَ الله

"As Allah has willed."

When Wishing Well to Others

بَارَكَ الله

"May Allah bless you."

When Expressing Remorse

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّه

"I seek Allah's pardon."