#### June 9, 2023

### CFE FINANCIAL



## Special points of interest:

- May market results were mixed—Nasdaq strength was coupled with DJIA weakness and higher rates.
- Bank sector turmoil and a decline in lending vied with tech industry profits and higher job growth.
- The debt ceiling crisis was resolved at the last minute, removing some uncertainty from stock markets.
- Resilient consumer spending and a new equity bull market may mean more Fed rate hikes—but also better prospects for stocks.

### **Inside this issue:**

The Markets in May 2023	1
The Look Ahead	1
Disclaimers	2

# May 2023 Market Update

## The Markets in May 2023

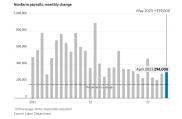
May's market results were a decidedly mixed bag. For the month, the DJIA declined 3.5% while the S&P500 index eked out a 0.2% gain. Reflecting the asynchronous nature and narrow breadth of this market, however, the Nasdaq rocketed higher by 5.8% on the backs of a few large-cap tech company stocks. Crude oil prices traded on the NY Mercantile Exchange dropped by over 11%, and gold prices fell 1.3% in the month. The 10-year Treasury yield rose from 3.45% at April's end to 3.64% by the end of May.

Why the discrepancy? In May, the Federal Reserve raised their benchmark fed-funds interest rate

# **The Look Ahead**

As I expected, the debt ceiling crisis was resolved at virtually the last minute by the weekend of June 3 with the final signing of a bill that kicks the can two years down the road. What now?

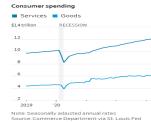
The prospect of a Fed-induced recession continues to loom over bond markets, but consumers and the stock market seem to have tuned out the message now. As of for the 10th consecutive time to a range of 5-5.25%, which further pressured fixed income yields. At this point, though, all signs point to a pause in June to re-assess where our domestic economy stands—this pause benefits the tech industry particularly, which is still growing profits even in the shadow of a potential recession.



Not all industries are so fortunate. One reason for delaying rate increases at this point is the banking sector, which continues to experience intermittent turmoil and a decline in lending. On the other hand, the Fed sees continued higher-than-expected job growth as a mixed blessing. Payrolls grew by 339k in May, surpassing economists' forecasts. The Fed's crystal ball will be cloudy!



Pressure on the banking system increased in May, even as the Fed hiked rates for perhaps the last time this year.



early June, stock markets have returned to a bull market off of last year's lows. Consumer spending has also remained resilient, with job growth numbers supporting spend levels above prepandemic trends. This will likely mean 'higher for longer' interest rates —and potentially a further rate hike or two later this summer. But it also lends credence to the idea of a 'soft landing' or a lower impact 'job-full' recession. Relatively high short-term rates are still attractive, but I think it's also time to start looking at some equity sectors again.



# Disclaimers:

This publication has been prepared by Marco Rimassa,  $CFP^{\circledast}$ ,  $CRPC^{\circledast}$ , CFA. The author certifies that the views expressed in this publication reflect the author's current personal views about the investments or market/economic conditions described in this report. The author also certifies that there has not been, is not, and will not be direct or indirect compensation from any of the sources or investments described in this publication for expressing the specific recommendation(s) and view(s) in this publication.

This publication does not constitute an offer or solicitation of any transaction in any securities referred to herein. Any recommendation contained in this report may not be suitable for all investors. Although the information contained herein has been obtained from recognized services, issuer reports or communications, or other services and sources believed to be reliable, its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed. Any opinions, estimates, or projections expressed herein may assume economic, industry, and political conditions and/or current conditions at the time of issuance, which are subject to change. Any quoted price or value is as of the last trading session unless otherwise noted.

This information is being furnished to you for informational purposes only, and on the condition that it will not form a primary basis for any investment decision. Investors must make their own determination of the appropriateness of an investment in any securities referred to herein based on the legal, tax, and accounting considerations applicable to such investors and their investing strategy. By virtue of this publication, neither the author nor any owners, employees, or affiliated personnel shall be responsible for any investment decisions based upon any of the information included herein.