Audited Financial Report

Year Ended December 31, 2022

Hidalgo Emergency Services District No. 3 Audited Annual Financial Report For Year Ended December 31, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
I. INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
List of Principal Officers	1
II. FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	3 - 4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
III. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	9
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds	
to the Statement of Net Position.	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues,	
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Activities and Governmental	
Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	12
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.	13 - 21
IV. REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
Budget to Actual	22
VIII. COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Financial	
Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	23
Schedule of Findings and Responses.	25
Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings.	



For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Board of Directors

Luis Flores III President

Aaron Vela Vice President

Travis C. Richards Treasurer

Gail J. Cappadona Member

Patrick Eronini Member



<u>ADRIAN WEBB</u>

Certified Public Accountant

McAllen, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 31, 2023, on our consideration of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Adrian Webb, CPA

Adrian Webb, CPA Certified Public Accountant McAllen, Texas July 31, 2023



This section of Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended December 31, 2022. Please read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$3,694,010 as of December 31, 2022.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$275,799 and \$528,448, was generated in assessments and other revenues for governmental activities resulting in a change in net position of \$252,649.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$3,260,573.

OVERVIEW FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, the basic financial statements must include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Governments must also present a Management's Discussion and Analysis, Notes to the Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. GASB Statement No. 34 provides that for special-purpose governments engaged in a single government program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements may be combined. The District has elected to present financial statements under this combined method.

Using this method, governments will present financial statements that begin with *governmental fund financial statements*, with columns for major funds (usually only a general fund). The next column is an adjustments column. It reconciles the amounts reported on the accrual basis of accounting. The final column of these combined statements shows the amounts that normally would appear in the *government-wide statements*.

Combined Financial Statements (pages 9-12)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements (first column)

Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Governmental fund balance sheet presents only current assets and liabilities. Capital assets and long-term liabilities are excluded.

Governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance report information about the inflows, outflows, and balances of current financial resources.

Government-wide Financial Statements (final column).

Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements (pages 13-21)

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (page 22)

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplementary information as required by the Government According Standards Board.

THE DISTRICT'S NET POSITION

Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. A portion of the District's net position, or \$271,481, is invested in capital assets and is not available for future spending. The remaining portion of the District's net position, or \$3,422,529, is unrestricted in nature and available for future spending.

The District's Net Position

	Government	Increase /		
ASSETS	2022	2021	(Decrease)	
Current Assets:				
Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments	\$ 3,038,658	\$ 2,760,500	\$ 278,158	
Property Taxes Receivable (net)	367,897	341,021	26,876	
Interest and Other Receivables	48,734	158	48,576	
Prepaid Insurance	1,475	1,475		
Total Current Assets	3,456,763	3,103,154	353,609	
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets (net)	271,481	353,743	(82,262)	
Total Assets	3,728,244	3,456,897	271,347	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES				
Agrregated Deferred Outflows		_		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,728,244	3,456,897	271,347	
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	34,234	15,536	18,698	
Total Liabilities	34,234	15,536	18,698	
NET POSITION				
Net Invested in Capital Assets	271,481	353,743	(82,262)	
Unrestricted	3,422,529	3,087,618	334,911	
Total Net Position	3,694,010	3,441,361	252,649	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 3,728,244	\$ 3,456,897	\$ 271,347	

Change in Net Position

	 Activ	Increase			
	2022	2021		(Decrease)	
General Purpose Revenues:	 				
Revenues					
Property Tax Revenue	\$ 497,250	\$	528,072	\$	(30,822)
Capital Contributions	26,478		-		26,478
Interest Revenue	 4,720		4,083		637
Total General Revenues	528,448		532,155		(3,707)
Governmental Activities					
Emergency Services	 275,799		330,685		(54,886)
Total Expenses	275,799		330,685		(54,886)
Net Change in Net Position	252,649		201,470		51,179
Beginning Net Position	3,441,361		3,239,891		201,470
Ending Net Position	\$ 3,694,010	\$	3,441,361	\$	252,649

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related requirements, if applicable.

Governmental Funds The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information in useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unrestricted fund balances* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a total fund balance of \$3,260,573. During the year, the fund balance of the District's governmental funds increased by \$317,133.

General Fund Budget A comparison of the general fund budget and actual results in presented as required supplementary information on page 22.

- Expenditures were budgeted on September 16, 2021, for the year 2022 at \$215,400. Actual expenditures for the year were \$193,537 which creates a positive variance of \$21,863.
- Revenues were budgeted on September 16, 2021, for the year 2022 at \$503,759. Actual revenues for the year were \$510,670, which creates a positive variance of \$6,911.
- Overall revenues over expenditures were \$317,133 which in comparison with budgeted revenues over expenditures of \$288,359, created a positive variance of \$28,774.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The District's investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2022, totaled \$271,481, (net of accumulated depreciation). No capital purchases were made during the year.

Capital Assets

	Primary Government							
				2022-2021				
	2022 202			2021	Increase/(Decrease)			
Capital Assets								
Medical Equipment and Fire Truck	\$	1,029,463	\$	1,029,463	\$ -			
Total Capital Assets		1,029,463		1,029,463	-			
Accumulated Depreciation								
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(757,982)		(675,720)	(82,262)			
Capital Asset, Net	\$	271,481	\$	353,743	\$ (82,262)			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The District's 2023 Proposed Budget calls for revenues of \$502,764 and total expenditures of \$216,450, an increase of \$1,050 compared to 2022.
- General operating fund spending budget for 2023 was prepared based on history of actual definite revenues and essential expenses to operate.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the District's business office at P.O. Box 3489 220C South 12th Street, Edinburg, Texas 78539.



HIDALGO COUNTY EMERGENCY SERVICES DISTRICT NO. 3 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet As of December 31, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Total	Ad	ljustments	atement of et Position
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Equivalents	\$	2,557,552	\$ 2,557,552	\$	-	\$ 2,557,552
Investments		481,106	481,106		-	481,106
Property Taxes, Net		367,897	367,897		-	367,897
Interest Receivable		161	161		-	161
Due From Others		48,573	48,573		-	48,573
Prepaid Insurance		1,475	 1,475		2 456 562	 1,475
Total Current Assets		3,456,763	3,456,763		3,456,763	3,456,763
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, Net		-	-		271,481	271,481
Total Noncurrent Assets		-	-		271,481	271,481
Total Assets		3,456,763	 3,456,763		3,728,244	3,728,244
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Aggregated Deferred Outflows		_	_		_	_
Total Assets and Deferred Ourflows of Resources	\$	3,456,763	\$ 3,456,763	\$	3,728,244	\$ 3,728,244
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	34,234	\$ 34,234	\$	-	\$ 34,234
Total Liabilities		34,234	34,234		-	34,234
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Property Tax Revenues		161,956	161,956		(161,956)	-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	196,191	196,191		(161,956)	34,234
FUND BALANCES						
Unassigned		3,260,573	3,260,573		(3,260,573)	 -
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,260,573	3,260,573		(3,260,573)	-
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets					271,481	271,481
Unrestricted					3,422,529	3,422,529
TOTAL NET POSITION					3,694,010	3,694,010
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	-\$	3,456,763	\$ 3,456,763			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				•		
OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION						\$ 3,728,244

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet	\$ 3,260,573
Capital assets are expensed as capital outlay in the governmental fund statement. However, they are capitalized as capital assets and reflected in the Statement of Net Position.	271,481
Property taxes will not be collected for several months after the Distric's fiscal year end, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds and are considered deferred in the	
funds, but recognized in the statement of Net Position.	161,956
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,694,010

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Ge	General Fund		2022		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	
					_			
\$	485,463	\$	485,463	\$	11,788	\$	497,250	
	20,487		20,487		5,991		26,478	
	4,720		4,720		-		4,720	
	510,670		510,670		17,778		528,448	
	217		217		-		217	
	149,499		149,499		-		149,499	
	2,834		2,834		-		2,834	
	28,181		28,181		-		28,181	
	6,840		6,840		-		6,840	
	1,967		1,967		-		1,967	
	4,000		4,000		-		4,000	
	-		-		82,262		82,262	
	193,537		193,537		82,262		275,799	
	317,133		317,133		(317,133)		-	
	317,133		317,133		252,649		252,649	
	2,943,440		2,943,440		497,921		3,441,361	
	3.260.573	<u> </u>	3.260.573			<u> </u>	3,694,010	
		\$ 485,463 20,487 4,720 510,670 217 149,499 2,834 28,181 6,840 1,967 4,000 - 193,537 317,133 317,133	\$ 485,463 \$ 20,487 4,720 510,670 217 149,499 2,834 28,181 6,840 1,967 4,000 - 193,537 317,133 317,133 2,943,440	\$ 485,463 \$ 485,463 20,487 20,487 4,720 4,720 510,670 510,670 217 217 149,499 149,499 2,834 2,834 28,181 28,181 6,840 6,840 1,967 1,967 4,000 4,000 	\$ 485,463 \$ 485,463 \$ 20,487 4,720 4,720 510,670 510,670 217 217 149,499 149,499 2,834 2,834 28,181 6,840 6,840 1,967 1,967 4,000 4,000 - 193,537 317,133 317,133 317,133 317,133 317,133 317,133 317,133 2,943,440 2,943,440	\$ 485,463 \$ 485,463 \$ 11,788 20,487 20,487 5,991 4,720 4,720 - 510,670 510,670 17,778 217 217 - 149,499 149,499 - 2,834 2,834 - 28,181 28,181 - 6,840 6,840 - 1,967 1,967 - 4,000 4,000 - - 82,262 193,537 193,537 82,262 317,133 317,133 (317,133) 317,133 317,133 (317,133) 2,943,440 2,943,440 497,921	General Fund 2022 Adjustments \$ 485,463 \$ 485,463 \$ 11,788 \$ 20,487 5,991 4,720 4,720 - - - 510,670 510,670 17,778 - - 217 217 - <t< td=""></t<>	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 317,133
Depreciation expense reflected in the entity wide statements, is not reflected in governmental fund statements	(82,262)
The amount of current property tax levy that has been recorded as revenue during the period and is expected to be collected within about 60 days after year-end should be included as revenue for the current period.	17,778
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 252,649



Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. General Statement

This summary of significant accounting policies of Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 (The District) is presented to assist the reader in understanding the District's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are representations of the District's management.

The District was created and organized as provided by Article III, Section 48-d, of the Texas Constitution to protect life and property from fire and to conserve natural and human resources. The District is a political subdivision of the state. A five-member fire commissioners board governs operations of the District. Members of the board are appointed by the Hidalgo County Commissioner's Court.

The accounting and reporting policies of the District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to the state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled Audits of State and Local Governmental Units by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), when applicable.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The District's financial reporting entity comprises the following:

Primary Government: Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units with a governmental reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's Codification of Governmental and Financial Reporting Standards, include whether:

- The organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name).
- The District holds the corporate powers of the organization.
- The District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board.
- The District is able to impose its will on the organization.
- The organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- There is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District.

Based on these criteria, the District is a component unit of Hidalgo County.

C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

GASB Statement No. 34 provides that for special-purpose governments engaged in a single government program, the fund financial statements and the government-wide statements may by combined. The District had elected to present financial statements using this combination method.

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all the activities of the District as a whole. Governmental activities include programs normally supported by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function of segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues includes: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D. Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are reported using the *economic resources measurements focus and the accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Revenues from taxing entities for budget assessments are recognized in the fiscal year for which the assessments apply.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures, both principal and interest, are recorded only when payment is due.

The District has the following fund:

Governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another funds.

When the expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the District's policy to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the District that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts. In both instances, when a proposed expenditure is made with specific balances identified as the source of the funding, that specific fund balance will be used.

E. New Accounting Pronouncements

Effective date postponed by one year due to COVID-19 pandemic in accordance with GASB No. 95 (original effective date listed):

GASB Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations* ("GASB 91"), is intended to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of these statements are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The effects of implementing GASP 91 have been reflected in the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2021* ("GASB 92"), is intended to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The effects of implementing GASB 92 have been reflected in the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates ("GASB 93"), is primarily intended to address the accounting and financial reporting implications resulting from the replacement of an interbank offered rate. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The effects of implementing GASB 93 have been reflected in the District's financial statements.

Effective date postponed by 18 months due to COVID-19 pandemic in accordance with GASB No. 95 (original effective date listed):

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), is intended to require recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The effects of implementing GASB 87 have been reflected in the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnership and Availability Payment Arrangements* ("GASB 94"), is intended to address issues related to public-private and public-public partnerships arrangements. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The effects of implementing GASP 94 will be implemented by the District in fiscal year 2023 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("GASB 96"), is intended to address subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement defines a SBITA, establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability, provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The effects of implementing GASB 96 will be implemented by the District in fiscal year 2023 and the impact has not yet been determined.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans-an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statements No. 32 ("GASB 97"), is intended to increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units, mitigate cost associated with the reporting for certain pensions plans, and enhance the relevance, consistency and comparability of the accounting and financial of Section 457 plans. The requirements of these statements are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The efforts of implementing GASB 97 will be implemented by the District in fiscal year 2023 and the impact has not yet been determined.

F. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

1. Cash and Investments

The District considers cash and cash equivalents any account maturing within ninety days for financial statement reporting purposes. All investments are recorded at fair value based on quoted market prices. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if collected within 60 days after year end. Taxable property includes real property and certain personal property situated in the District. Certain properties of religious, educational and charitable organizations, including the federal government and the State of Texas, are exempt from taxation. Additionally, there are other exemptions as noted below in arriving at the total assessed valuation of taxable property. The valuations are subject to county-wide revaluation every five years. The effective rate is based upon the previous year's total assessed valuation. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service funds are based upon historical

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and included as part of the allowance for uncollectible; except for tax receivables over 20 years, the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. The District does no write-off tax receivable greater than 20 years.

3. Transactions between funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of the Governmental funds.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities' column in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical is not available. Donated assets are capital assets valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over three years of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings50YearsInfrastructure30YearsImprovements20YearsMachinery and Equipment3-15Years

5. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide, proprietary, and component unit financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance cost are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method as the amount is immaterial against the effective interest method. Unamortized bond premium and discount, issuance cost and gain or loss on refunding are not netted against the liability, but recorded in the asset portion of the financial statements. In the fund financial statements, long-term liabilities are not recorded in the governmental funds as the payment of the obligations will not be made by current financial resources. The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt as other financing resources. As of the end of the fiscal year there are no outstanding long-term obligations.

6. Net Position/Fund Equity

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified as Invested in Capital Assets-Net of Related Debt, Restricted Net Position, or Unrestricted Net Position. The three categories are described below:

- Invested in Capital Assets-Net of Related Debt: This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce this category.
- Restricted Net Position: This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position: This category represents the net position of the District which is not restricted for any project or any other purpose.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

The District adopted GASB 54 as part of its fiscal year end December 31, 2011. The intention of the GASB is to provide a more structured classification of fund balance and to improve the usefulness of fund balance reporting to the users of the District's financial statements. The reporting standard establishes a hierarchy for fund balance classifications and the constraints imposed on the uses of those resources. GASB 54 provides for two major types of fund balances which are non-spendable and spendable.

- *Non-spendable*—Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in a non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted—Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of the District Charter, the District Code, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.
- *Committed*—Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action by Board Members ordinance or resolution.
- Assigned—Amounts that are designated by the President of the Board for a particular purpose but are not spendable until a budget ordinance is passed or there is a majority vote approval (for capital projects or debt service) by the Board Members.
- *Unassigned*—All amounts not included in other spendable classifications.

7. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates by management. An estimate is used for the allowance for uncollectible Taxes, which is calculated by management in accordance with policy and is based on prior year's results of collectability.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budget Basis of Accounting

The District prepares its annual budget on a basis (budget basis), which differs from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP Basis). The budget and all transactions are presented in accordance with the District's method (budget basis) in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General fund to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between budget and GAAP basis are stated in the statement and schedules associated with the analysis of actual results to the budgeted expectations.

B. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures", violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None	Not Applicable

C. Committed Fund Balance/Restricted Net Position

This year, the District's Board of Directors committed the fund balance towards the following projects:

None

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS

A. Deposits

District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract and investment policy pursuant to state statute. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with its agent approved pledged securities authorized by Chapter 2257 Collateral for Public Funds of the Government Code in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

As of December 31, 2022, the bank balance amount of the District's deposits was \$2,557,552. The District has one depositary account which is with Lone Star National Bank.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District has a policy of maintaining contact with the trust department of its depository agency to eliminate all custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the District's actual bank balance of \$2,557,552 was not exposed to custodial credit risk and was fully insured or collateralized by Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) for up to \$250,000 and with pledged securities.

B. Investments

The District is required by Government code Chapter 2256, the public Funds Investment Act ("Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must be written, primarily emphasize safety of principal and liquidity, address investment diversification, yield, and maturity and the quality and capability of investment management and include a list of the types of authorized investments in which the investing entity's funds may be invested, and the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment owned by the entity.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as part of the audit of the general purposes financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establish appropriate policies. The District has adopted, implemented and publicized an investment policy as of December 31, 2022.

The District has certificate of deposit investments as of December 31, 2022, with Lone Star National Bank in the amount of \$480,135. The funds are available without penalty at their maturity dates of May 25, 2023, and July 3, 2023. They are not considered as cash equivalents because they have maturities of 3 months or more as of the end of year.

Lone Star National Bank fully secures the District's deposits and investments with pledged securities and FDIC Insurance. The depository account and the cert///ificates of deposit totaled at year end were fully collateralized. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks:

	Carrying	Bank
Account Type	Amount	Balance
Checking Account	 2,557,552	2,557,552
Total	\$ 2,557,552	\$ 2,557,552

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk. By limiting the exposure of its investments, the District reduces its risk to the rising or decreasing interest rates.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS - Continued

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits and investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by the depository insurance and the deposits and investments are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District money was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was exposed to concentration of credit risk, but highly collateralized. The District was in compliance with its diversification investment guidelines.

Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investments as of December 31, 2022, consisted of the following certificates of deposit:

	Maturity	Balance as of			Balance as of
	Date	January 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	December 31, 2022
LSNB CD #45141942	May 25, 2023	157,584	355	-	157,939
LSNB CD #45141934	May 25, 2023	103,204	233	-	103,437
LSNB CD #45200156	July 3, 2023	219,347	383	-	219,730
Total Investments		480,135	971	_	481,106

C. Tax Receivables

Receivables for the District as of December 31, 2022, were as follows:

			Allo	owance for			
General Fund	Re	Receivebles		ollectables	Total (Net)		
Property Taxes	\$	385,846	\$	(17,949)	\$	367,897	
	\$	385,846	\$	(17,949)	\$	367,897	

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022, was as follows:

Government Activities	Beginning Balance as of 1/1/2022			Additions		Retirements		Ending Balance as of 12/31/2022	
Capital Assets									
Medical Equipment	\$	1,029,463	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,029,463	
Total Capital Assets		1,029,463		-		-		1,029,463	
Less Accumulated Depreciation									
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(675,720)		(82,262)		-		(757,982)	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	353,743	\$	(82,262)	\$	-	\$	271,481	

Depreciation expense was \$82,262, for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS - Continued

E. Deferred Inflow of Resources

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the year, the deferred inflows of resources reported in the fund financial statements were as follows:

F. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of December 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

G. Litigation

There is no known litigation pending against the District as the date of the report. The management of the District is unaware of any pending or threatened litigation, assessments, or unasserted claims against the District.

H. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (FASB ASC 825-10) required disclosure of the fair value information about financial instruments, whether or not recognized in the balance sheet. In case where quoted market prices are not available, fair values are based on estimates using present value or other valuation techniques. Those techniques are significantly affected by the assumptions used, including the discount rate and estimates of future cash flows. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

In the regard, the derived fair value estimates cannot be sustained by comparison to independent markets and, cases could not be realized in immediate settlement of the instruments. Certain financial instruments and all non-financial instruments are excluded from these disclosure requirements. Accordingly, the aggregate fair value amounts presented do not represent the underlying value of the District.

The following methods and assumptions were used by the District in estimating its fair value disclosure for financial instruments:

Cash and Cash Equivalents: The carrying amount reported on the balance sheet for cash and cash equivalents is the fair value.

Time deposits: Fair values of certificates of deposit are at cost plus accrued interest.

Accounts Receivable: The carrying amount approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Payable and Accruals: The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity period.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON FUNDS - Continued

	C	arrying			
Financial Assets:	A	mount	Fair Value		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,557,552	\$	2,557,552	
Investment		481,106		481,106	
Property Taxes Receivable (net)	36	7,897 161		367,897	
Interest Receivable		48,573		161	
Due From Others		1,475		48,573	
Prepaid Insurance				1,475	
Financial Liabilities:					
Accounts Payable	\$	34,234	\$	34,234	

I. Commitments and Contingencies

None.

J. Subsequent Events

For the purposes of reporting subsequent events, management has considered events occurring up to July 31, 2023. The date the report was available to be issued. There are no additional subsequent events as of the date of the report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.
Governmental Accounting Standards, but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Original Budget		Final Appropriated Budget		Budgetary Basis Actual		Variances Favorable (Unfavorable)	
REVENUES		8						
Property Tax Revenue	\$	498,259	\$	498,259	\$	485,463	\$	(12,797)
Property Taxes - Penalties and Interest		=		-		20,487		20,487
Interest Revenue		5,500		5,500		4,720		(780)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	503,759	\$	503,759	\$	510,670	\$	6,911
EXPENDITURES								
Advertising		500		500		217		283
Ambulance Service		164,000		164,000		149,499		14,501
Annual Assessment		5,200		5,200		2,834		2,366
Attorney Fees		30,000		30,000		28,181		1,819
Emergency Services Retirement		7,000		7,000		6,840		160
Insurance		2,200		2,200		1,967		233
Professional Fees		6,500		6,500		4,000		2,500
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		215,400		215,400		193,537		21,863
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER								
EXPENDITURES		288,359		288,359		317,133		28,774
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		288,359		288,359		317,133		28,774
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		2,943,440	2,943,440		2,943,440		-	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	3,231,799	\$	3,231,799	\$	3,260,573	\$	28,774



ADRIAN WEBB, CPA

Certified Public Accountant McAllen, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Hidalgo County Emergency Services District No. 3's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Adrian Webb, CPA

ADRIAN WEBB, CPA McAllen, Texas July 31, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Responses For Year Ended December 31, 2022

71. Summary of Muditor Sixesu	A.	Summary	of A	uditor'	S	Resul	ts
-------------------------------	----	---------	------	---------	---	-------	----

1.	Financial Statements
	Type of Report Issued:

<u>UNMODIFIED</u>

Internal Control over financial reporting:

One or more material weaknesses identified?

NO

One or more significant deficiencies identified

that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

NO

B. Financial Statement Findings:

None

C. Prior Year Findings

None